The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LIII.—NO. 249. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1894—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

WALL STILL A BOSS.

He Secures Peck's Renomination in Wisconsin.

MACHINE WINS THE DAY.

Its Slate Is Ratified on All the State Offices.

FIGHT ON PARTY TRAITORS.

Gorman and Brice Are Denounced in the Platform.

SENATOR VILAS MAKES A SPEECH.

Governor.....GEORGE W. PECK
Lieutenant-Governor.....A. J. SCHMITZ
Secretary of State.THOS. J. CUNNINGHAM
State Treasurer.....JOHN HUNNER
Attorney-General....JAMES L. O'CONNOR
Supt. of Public Instruction....W. S. SCHULZ
Railroad Commissioner.GEO. C. PRESCOTT
Insurance Commissioner.OLAF A. SKAAR

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Wisconsin Democrats today for the third time nominated George W. Peck for Governor, The opposition to him was unable to unite on any candidate. Although a majority of the delegates protested loudly against the "third term idea," the disorganization in their ranks made it impossible to defeat the machine. As a result Ed Wall is given a new lease of power as boss.

Senator Vilas was Chairman of the convention and made a long speech in defense of Cleveland at the morning session.

The fight of the day was on the report of the Committee on Resolutions. The report said nothing denunciatory of the Senatorial "traitors" to the party. After a heated struggle, in which Col. Knight appeared as champion of Gorman and Brice, an amendment was passed scoring the recalcitrant Bourbons in language of the most vigorous sort.

When Mr. Vilas rapped the convention to order at 4:15 there was a much better attendance than at the first session. The Democrats preferred to see the convention at work rather than listen to the campaign literature of the "Senior Senator from Wisconsin."

Louis Lang of Fond du Lac introduced a resolution that in all future State conventions the State Central committee act as a committee on credentials. The motion created a storm of opposition. Garret Thorn, a delegate from the Eighth District, who bears a striking resemblance to Abraham Lincoln, denounced, it as an attempt to usurp and centralize power and that it was certainly undemocratic and he wanted Mr. Lang to state his reason for introducing the resolution. Several other objections to it were heard and Mr. Lang arose and withdrew the resolution, saying: "I introduced it at the request of the Chairman of the State Central committee."

Row Over the Resolutions.

The Committee on Resolutions was not ready to report. There was a red-hot row in the committee. Chairman Wall had prepared a platform for the committee, but after a warm debate it refused to adopt the principles enunciated by the Wall-Vilas crowd, which condemned in unmeasured terms the Democratic Senators who went back on the administration and sold themselves to the sugar trust. The news of the fight in the committee had spread rapidly and every one who could squeeze into the hall came to hear the fight on the floor. Robert B. Kirkland, the Chairman of the committee, read the report and was listened to with attention.

There was a plank commending Cleveland and one commending the Wisconsin Senators and Representatives, but not a word denunciatory of the Senators who had betrayed the party.

Every one was on tiptoe to see what effect the resolutions would have. Mr. Kirkland had hardly finished when Judge David S. Rose of Milwaukee arose. There was a hubbub from all parts of the house, which subsided as he began to speak. He said: "We concur in the resolutions reported by the majority of the committee, but we recommend the following as an addition thereto:

"We brand as treasonable to Democratic pledges the action of those Senators who were elected as tariff reformers, but who deserted the principles of our party and allied themselves with our enemies to thwart the expressed will of the people demanding wholesome and effective tariff legislation."

As soon as Judge Rose had finished a half dozen delegates struggled for the floor, but the Chair recognized John H. Knight of Ashland, who said: "I do not know how many have signed that minority report, but I protest against its adoption. I cannot see and the committee could not see what good could be accomplished by the adoption here in this convention of any denunciatory paragraph of any Democrats and particularly of those Senators who are supposed to be included in that resolution.

Knight Defends the "Traitors."

"Those Senators referred to are just as patriotic and just as sincere in their desire for tariff reform as most of the Democrats throughout the country. It was simply a question there of schedules, and that was all there was in it. They accuse such men as McPherson and Smith and Gorman and Gibson of begging money from these trusts, which are supposed to have been benefited by the bill that was adopted by the Senate. Now I presume there are few in this convention who have compared the schedules of the Senate bill with the schedules of the Wilson bill. How is it that the steel trusts and other trusts were not condemned as well as to condemn the duty on iron ore and soft coal? Mr. Cleveland, in his letter to Mr. Wilson and to Mr. Catchings, based the whole of that tirade upon these Senators upon those two single articles. He adopted as his platform and gave his approval to the sugar tariff and to the 58 per cent tariff to the steel trust, and to almost every trust, but based his opposition to it wholly upon placing a duty upon soft coal and iron ore. Now, gentlemen of this convention, there is no product in the whole metal schedule that pays out as much for labor in proportion to the amount of yield and the product as the producers of iron ore pay to their laborers." The point of order was then raised that this discussion of the details of the tariff question was not in order.

The Chairman—I am of the opinion that the discussion of the resolution is in order.

Judge Rose—I rise to a point of order. There is no question before the house. The motion has not been put.

The Chairman—The point is not well taken.

Member from Ashland—I move the adoption of the minority report.

Col. Knight—I would like to know how much benefit this plank is going to be to the Democratic party of this country? No man in this convention will go further in tariff reform than I will. I stated to Mr. Wilson that the schedules provided by his bill were entirely too high, and I say so now; but my position was this, that inasmuch as we have to resort to the abominable and unjust principle of raising national revenues by tariff taxation we will always differ as to the schedules. There never will be an agreement between the Democrats of this country upon the schedules of any tariff bill, and why should we attempt to bring out here or elsewhere a division of sentiment merely on schedules?

Col. Knight was frequently interrupted during his address by derisive howls from some of the spectators and the delegates after the struggle to shut him off.

He was replied to by Judge David S. Rose, who delivered one of the most forcible speeches which have ever been heard in a convention in this State.

Judge Rose said:

"About one year and a half ago the gentleman who has just taken his seat was a pronounced and prominent candidate for an office, one of the most exalted that lies within the gift of the people of this State, and if I may take the text of what he has said as inspiration I congratulate the Democracy of this State that he was not elected to the United States Senate. [Applause].

"Now, Mr. President, with what are we confronted? Our sneering, cunning adversaries meet us openly upon the street and charge that we have been unfaithful to the pledges that we have made, and that those pledges were made in insincerity. What is this revolution to accomplish? It is to spread broadcast to the Democracy of the nation the fact that the Democrats of Wisconsin are not cast in the mold of the traitors who deserted us in the hour of our need. [Great applause.] I insist as a free Democrat, standing upon the pledges we have made to the people, that the Democrats of Wisconsin in one voice pronounce the words of denunciation that are fitting to the acts of these recreants."

Judge Rose was frequently interrupted by applause and when he sat down the convention cheered and applauded for several seconds. There was another struggle among the delegates for the floor. Thomas F. Frawley of Eau Claire finally obtained the floor and moved the previous question. Garrett Thom wanted the minority report laid on the table. There was a storm and Chairman Vilas had to rap several times for order. The previous question was carried, only twenty-four delegates standing by Knight in his fight for the Senators who had sold out to the trust.

As soon as the fight was settled the convention got to the business of naming a ticket, for which it had assembled. When the First District was called Lewis Bomerich of Kenosha nominated Gov. G. W. Peck in a two minute speech in which he praised the administration for the work it had done and asked that it be continued in power.

Robert B. Kirkland seconded Mr. Peck's nomination.

H. J. Granon of Platteville placed John F. Winans in nomination. He complimented the State administration, but said he believed in the good Democratic doctrine, "two terms and out," and he presented Mr. Winans as a typical Democrat, broad enough to take in all parties and nationalities, and a man worthy of becoming the standard of Democracy.

Winans Seconds Himself.

John Winans took the floor, and thanking the gentleman for placing him in nomination, said he was not in the convention as a candidate seeking the nomination or antagonizing any one, but he was there looking for the success of the Democratic party in November. If it was the sentiment of the convention to give a third term to the present good Democratic administration he would say "amen" to it, but if the convention would choose him he would gladly accept the nomination. Mr. Winans' effort in seconding his own nomination was well received.

Thomas F. Frawley of Eau Claire, in a short speech, placed "Honest John Hunner" men. Samuel H. Jones nestled himself down in a seat well toward the front. All the State officers, with their clerks, were present, ready and willing to furnish the enthusiasm for the occasion. The hall was draped with flags galore and pictures of distinguished Democrats were hung in conspicuous places. Over the Speaker's stand was a crayon of Clayton E. Crafts, flanked by Grover Cleveland and Gov. Altgeld. To the right was a whopping big portrait of Henry Raab, and over on the other side was a finely executed pastel of the head of the militia, Gen. Alfred Orendorff.

Procession and Band in Evidence.

A procession headed by the band wended its way through Springfield streets in the early evening. At intervals of a minute or two huge rockets were fired from the front of the State House, accompanied by blue fire and red fire and "tin squawk horns." This was done by way of warming up the crowd, which, by the way, wasn't out of the ordinary in point of numbers. Some excursion trains had been run in over the railroads, but the conductors thereof did not complain of overwork occasioned by taking up the tickets.

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RALLY GETS A CHILL.

SPRINGFIELD SLIGHTLY MAKES UP FOR PEORIA'S COLDNESS.

Candidate MacVeagh Tells a Gathering of Democrats at the State Capital What a Good Senator He Would Make and Gov. Altgeld Presides and Introduces the Speaker—Old Straw Rethrashed with Few New Points Brought Out—Senator Palmer Takes a Fall Out of Mason.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Peoria did not do itself proud yesterday. It is not often the candidate of a great party for the Senate of the United States goes a-visiting over Illinois. When such things do occur, however, the cities honored by the compliment rise up and do the proper thing.

LOG HOUSE AT MISSION CREEK IN WHICH FORTY PEOPLE SAVED THEMSELVES.

Peoria was not up in its lines. Mr. MacVeagh was not accorded the proper reception as those things go. This was probably owing to the fight among the Democrats over there. The afternoon meeting at Peoria was sparsely attended. The audience at night was satisfactory, but the whole affair lacked ginger and wasn't in keeping with the importance of the event.

Mr. MacVeagh got a peaceful night's sleep and came over to Springfield this afternoon. Postmaster Reddick Ridgely, Henry Davis Jr., and a few more of the faithful met the morning trains in anticipation of his coming. They had carriages and horses and committees with blue and gold badges and were quite up to snuff. Their friends were made happy during the afternoon when Mr. MacVeagh arrived. The gentleman was with beaming effect escorted through the streets to the St. Nicholas Hotel, where the local committee had made arrangements for his entertainment. The occasion had been duly billed and advertised under the efficient management of Capt. Brand Whitlock, the press agent of the day. Christian County sent over a small delegation, but aside from that the country did not appear to take much interest in the event.

MacVeagh's Shoes Not the Proper Red.

Some of Mr. MacVeagh's visitors were from the rural districts. One old hayseeder from out near Pleasant Plains looked at the candidate of the Democratic party for a long time and then remarked:

"He's got on red shoes, and if he will take my advice he will shake them quick. They ain't the right kind of red shoes. I was running a brickyard over near Galesburg wunst when Craig wuz a runnin' fur Supreme Judge, and Craig he cum out to my brickyard when the campaign opened and spent a whole afternoon there a-dopin' of his boots with brick clay. That's the way to do it. My brick clay stuck to Craig's boots all through the campaign and he wuz elected on that self-same account, as I verily believe my brick clay did the work."

With the rising of the sun this morning "Sweet William" Springer came to town. He hasn't been here since last November and he returns to look after a reelection. William Springer is in hard lines and is in great danger of being defeated. Of course, Mr. Springer does not believe this. He is of a buoyant nature and naturally exceedingly sanguine. He will not be in Sangamon for any length of time before he appreciates the fact that he is in some trouble.

Springfield did exceedingly well by Mr. MacVeagh, who was received in good style and with becoming decorum. The meeting was held at night in the Hall of Representatives, and the audience was an exceedingly good one. The galleries were reserved for women and their escorts. They were preempted long before the meeting was formally opened. The main floor was filled with the

ROUNDHOUSE, TANK, AND COAL SHEDS THE ONLY BUILDINGS LEFT AT HINCKLEY.

THE GRAVEL PIT EAST OF HINCKLEY WHERE THE INHABITANTS WHO ESCAPED TOOK REFUGE.

J. W. Maxwell, Chairman of the Populist State committee, came in, closely followed by James A. Connolly, who has been nominated by the Republicans as a Congressional candidate against Mr. Springer. Presently there came up a yell from the outside, giving evidence that the serious business of the evening was about to begin. Judge W. J. Allen, Bernard J. Ciaggett, Henry Raab, Ben Caldwell, who stands a good show of being beaten for the Senate by David T. Littler, Collector Willcox, and United States Marshal Brinton got in prominent position near the Speaker's stand. In came Gov. Altgeld, Mr. MacVeagh, Senator Palmer, Mr. Springer, and Gen. John A. McClernand, escorted by Thomas Wilson, Chairman of the Central committee of Sangamon County.

Altgeld as Presiding Officer.

Without more ado Mr. Wilson introduced Gov. Altgeld as the presiding officer of the evening. The Governor said:

"As this is going to be a campaign of education on the part of the Democrats we will have a song by the Glee club," and the Glee club warbled feebly. When this was done Gov. Altgeld continued:

"For more than thirty years before the beginning of the present Federal administration one of the great political parties of the country shaped all the important legislation that went upon the statute books. It shaped every policy that affected the welfare of our people; all laws relating to shipping, relating to the tariff, to taxation and the demonetization of silver were enacted by it, and during that time there was scarcely a sound, economic principle but what was violated, and human ingenuity, craft, and cunning vied with each other in inventing schemes for the enrichment of the few at the expense of the many. These schemes crystallized into laws framed by a partisan Congress and signed by a partisan President, and for nearly ten years now the American people have been reaping the harvest that has grown out of this thirty years of sowing. [Cheers.] They have been reaping a harvest of falling prices, of feverish business, of tremendous trusts, and of great corruptions; a harvest of panics, of annual financial disturbances, and of idle workmen; a harvest of Homestead riots and of strikes and lockouts, and for a year now the country has witnessed the remarkable spectacle of a great political party that had guided the destiny of the nation for a third of a century trying to disown its offspring. One of the questions involved in this campaign is whether or not this great political party shall be permitted to lay its scrofulous children upon a neighbor's doorstep. Now, my fellow citizens, you will hear the political issues of the day discussed tonight by a man who in the varied walks of private life has made himself one of the most distinguished citizens of this Republic, a scholar in business, a man of conscience and of principle in affairs, a man whose voice has ever been heard in behalf of a better public service and whose influence has always been cast in favor of the highest and best interests of the country. [Cheers.] I have the pleasure of presenting to you, ladies and gentlemen, the next United States Senator for Illinois, Franklin MacVeagh." [Cheers.]

Mr. MacVeagh Vies with a Bat.

Gov. Palmer sat on the platform. He carried a big hickory stick in his hand. A huge bat flew around the hall distracting the attention of the audience. Some folks of a superstitious nature regarded this as an ill omen. Mr. MacVeagh began at once. He said the Central committee had thought it appropriate that he should first speak in Chicago. Although he had been invited by Gen. McClernand and others to open the campaign here, Chicago had been courteous to Springfield and allowed her to have two United States Senators without complaint. After this year Springfield would have but one. [Cheers.] The Republican press would be disappointed to find the Governor of Illinois introducing in a loyal manner the candidate of his own party. No Democrat ever doubted Gov. Altgeld's loyalty to party in this or any other year. [Cheers.] The Governor, the candidate for the Senate, and all other public men in the Democratic party were in perfect accord. The nomination was in this respect at least a fortunate one. It was made in demand of no faction, nor could it produce a faction. He desired to say neither before, after, nor since his nomination had any public man of the Democratic party, or who bore any relations to the party asked him to promise anything for support. If finally elected he should have no temptation to be anything but the Senator of the people and of the Democratic party of Illinois. It was not his success. It was the triumph of a Democratic idea. He then referred to Gen. Palmer as the champion of Senatorial nominations in Illinois.

Fling at His Opponents.

The Republicans made a flat refusal to nominate a candidate for the Senate. [Applause.] The Republican party had left its moorings long ago and was no longer the party of Lincoln. It was sacrilege to call it the party of Lincoln. It was the duty of Springfield to see that he was not charged with having been the leader of the present Republican party. He would not be its leader. [Cheers.] The organization was devoted to Cullom, and for the time being it owned the party organization in Mr. Cullom's interest. They cannot escape the inference that the real Republican leader in the campaign is Senator Cullom. The Democrats would like to see a Republican leader who could show his credentials. [Laughter.] No man now mentioned for the Senate other than Cullom could be elected if the Republicans got the Legislature. Shelby M. Cullom was only the leader for this campaign. While Mr. Cullom was the leader he was by no means out of the woods. The Republican caucus might be carried by a man who would buy it. These other men who had been mentioned could have no idea of carrying the caucus. Surely that young Napoleon, Mr. Mason, who popped up all over Illinois, a man who merited success and could never attain it, met his Waterloo in this hall. Mr. Mason ought to be eating out his heart on a rock in mid-ocean like the other Napoleon. Mr. Billy Mason was not in this fight. [Laughter.]

To Be a Year of Fight.

Mr. MacVeagh said, having disposed of the Republican candidates for the Senate, he would tell the audience this was going to be a year of fight. He went over the same ground in this particular as at Peoria, and said the Democracy believed in tariff reform which led to free trade. Mr. MacVeagh referred to the tariff bill in the same line as he did at the Central Music Hall.

A man got up and said: "The Democratic party has been victimized by the leaders in the Senate. The Republicans never had any leaders there."

Mr. Wilson subdued the man as best he could Mr. MacVeagh told the man who made the interruption he was right so far as his first proposition was concerned. Then he denounced the Democratic Senators of protection ideas, and the individual who broke in on him led the applause, shouting: "You're right! You're right!"

"The Democratic party," Mr. MacVeagh continued, "favored free sugar and it had to come. [Applause.] The declaration of the Secretary of the Treasury that the sugar revenue had to come shut the mouths of the tariff reformers. Some other way would be devised to bring this about and Gov. Palmer would have the privilege of voting for free sugar before the expiration of his first term."

Senator Cullom and Charles Ridgely were

[Continued on seventh page.]

PRODS FOR THE LAZY.

CIVIC FEDERATION HOT AFTER CHICAGO GARBAGE CONTRACTORS.

Special Sanitary Inspectors in Their First Report Show Great Laxity to Obtain Among City Employes—Some Residents Even Taxed by Salaried Men for Removing Refuse Stuff—Mayor and Supt. Schofield Insist Upon Performance of Contracts or Discharge.

The three Civic Federation sanitary inspectors made their first report to the City Hall authorities yesterday on the sanitary condition of the wards inspected the last ten days. They seem to have discovered more bad spots worthy of special complaint than the whole force of over thirty city inspectors have reported in the last six months. The first three or four days was spent in going over the whole city in a general way to find what wards were in the worst condition. Then the wards were taken singly and each alley inspected separately. Whole alleys were found without garbage boxes. All the refuse is thrown on the ground loosely and allowed to rot there. Many cases have been discovered where the scavengers cheat the city and fail to fulfill their contracts. Many of the contracts call for three trips a week, but no scavenger has been found who claims to make over two trips, and the majority do fewer than that.

In the Second Ward a number of scavengers drawing pay from the city sandbag the residents out of a snug sum by charging 25 cents a box for all garbage removed. These men, it is said, will be discharged at once. A number of alleys are reported where over 75 per cent of the garbage boxes are without covers of any kind. Some of the scavengers take the garbage out of the boxes and scatter it in the alleys to save a trip to the dump. The worst conditions are said to result where, according to contract, the scavengers should make two or three trips weekly. Many city and contract scavengers besides those in the Second Ward demand and receive pay from the citizens for their work. The worst conditions thus far discovered result from the negligence of the city inspectors. Every ward is supposed to have at least one resident inspector. These, with but few exceptions, the federation inspectors have been unable to find. Several of these men have been specially criticised and will no doubt be discharged. Some of them have been notified by the Mayor to clean up their districts or resign.

Mrs. A. Emmagene Paul is the federation inspector for the North Side. Through her offices the Twenty-third Ward contractor was informed that the city would clean the ward at his expense, and the work has already begun. Mrs. Paul's report to Mr. Schofield saddles the blame for bad places upon the city employés and in many cases upon careless citizens.

Inspectors Valerio and Cone of the West and South Sides also made a report on their districts. The Fifth and Twenty-ninth Wards are the worst yet inspected on the South Side. On the West Side the Eighteenth Nineteenth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, and Eleventh have been completely inspected. All of these are in bad shape. The Nineteenth is the worst. Inspector Valerio describes the condition in these wards as filthy almost beyond belief. The scavenger service is almost worthless. The work of the city inspectors is of even less value. Mr. Valerio has seen but two city inspectors in the last ten days. Garbage is found on the ground by the ton. There are few garbage boxes and the majority of these have no covers. There are 158 boxes on the front streets in the Eighteenth Ward that are without covers of any kind. Many of these are badly broken and useless

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BULLETIN OF The Daily Tribune.

CHICAGO, FRIDAY, SEPT. 7, 1894.

Weather for Chicago today:
Showers, cooler, south winds.

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STOPS CLOCKS AT DEATH'S TIME

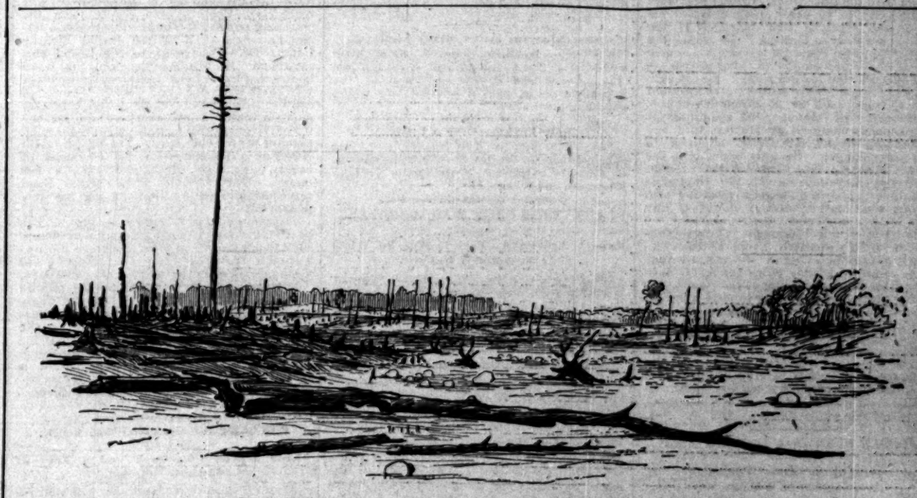
Pathetic Circumstances Surround the Passing of Man and Wife.

In a little room in the rear of Henry Oberbeck's shoe store, No. 199 Clybourn place, were two white-shrouded forms lying side by side. They were the remains of Charles Ebert and his wife Sofia, who died within twenty-two hours of each other. In the little sitting-room which adjoins the shoe store are two old-fashioned clocks. They were stopped by Mrs. Oberbeck. The hands of one clock point at 2:20, the time when Charles Ebert died Tuesday afternoon, and the other at 11:40, the hour of Mrs. Ebert's death Wednesday morning. The couple had been married thirty years and had lived in Chicago twenty-six years. Charles Ebert was a thrifty old German, and he always told his children death would overtake him before it did his wife. He was 76 years old and his wife was three years younger. His prediction came true. He passed away before his wife, who was unconscious of his death. This afternoon at 2 o'clock a double funeral will be held from the son's residence. The husband and wife will be placed in one hearse and conveyed to Graceland, where they will rest side by side.

BARTENDER STABBED BY WAITER.

William Patterson May Die as the Result of a Quarrel and Fight.

William Patterson, a bartender in William N. Bryant's saloon at No. 1234 Wabash avenue, was stabbed twice in the abdomen and fatally injured early this morning by a waiter employed in the saloon, who is known as "Joe." The affair occurred in the café attached to the saloon in the second story of the building and was the result of a quarrel between the two men. The waiter escaped arrest.



PRESENT APPEARANCE OF THE MARSH OR BOG NEAR HINCKLEY WHERE SO MANY PEOPLE PERISHED.

LAST EDITION.

INDIANS DIE BY FIRE

Twenty-three of Them Burn in a Hunting Camp.

CHIEF WACOUTA'S END.

Perilous Ride of a Messenger from Lac Mille Lacs.

FLAMES ARE DYING AWAY.

Terrible Experiences of Pokegama's Two Hundred Inhabitants.

HURLEY'S FATE IN THE BALANCE.

POKEGAMA, Minn., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The bodies of twenty-three Chippewa Indians, bucks, squaws, and pappooses, lie upon the baked sands between here and Onstead, a small settlement on the eastern shores of Lac Mille Lacs. They are scattered over ten miles of country and will in all probability prove food for buzzards, wolves, as the country where they died is too far from civilization for burial ceremonies.

Such is the story brought by a courier, who for three days and nights has been forcing his way through the tangled skein of charred logs, trunks, and roots. He passed through the Mille Lacs reservation and encountered many small blazes, which are destroying what the fiery cyclone of Saturday left. The Indians left their reservation two months ago and built a hunting lodge along one of the forks of Shadridge Creek. Chief Waucouta was the "big chief" of the party and he perished with his followers. The first body found by the courier was that of an infant barely a year old. Then came those of two squaws and five children. They had evidently turned west when the flames swept through the forest. A ride of a mile brought him to a pile of ashes, which marked the site of the hunting camp. There was one tepee, the shriveled raw hide thongs marking the place where it stood. Around it were the ruins of a half dozen birchwood bark shanties and protuding from the ashes were the fused barrels of rifles and shotguns. Then for five miles the pathway was lined with charred bodies. The courier counted twenty-three.

Fire Dies Away.

Last night, away off to the west, a ruddy glow hung in the sky which at 2 o'clock this morning died away. It was a token that the blaze which started from the shores of the Lake of a Thousand Lakes had reached the pathway of the fire which laid Pokegama and Hinckley low, and, having come to a barren waste, had died away.

Following is a list, supplementary to that sent yesterday, of those persons who lost everything at Pokegama, where the total loss was $75,500:

Dr. C. A. Kelsey, wife, and three children, house, furniture	$ 800
C. W. Kelsey, wife, and five children, hay, timber, house, and furniture	2,500
W. N. Carver, wife, and two children, hotelkeeper	1,100
W. W. Braman and wife	500
Alex Burga, storekeeper, wife, and four children, stock of general merchandise, household furniture, and house	3,000
Joseph Frame, wife, and seven children, stock, house, and furniture	1,200
H. Supers, wife, and four children, house, goods, and cash	800
S. Misel, wife, and two children, furniture, etc	600
Hans Nelsen, wife, and five children, house and furniture	1,200
John Biatty, wife, and four children, household goods	400
Charles Collier, wife, and two children, household goods and timber	2,200
Bennett Finer, wife, and two children, household goods and timber	2,400
A. Shifman, wife, and five children, house and goods	800
Benjamin Raifel, wife, and four children, goods and house	1,600
A. Rosenberg, wife, and three children, house and goods	800
Jake Greenburg	800
Henry Ward, wife, and one child, timber, hay, and household goods	1,500
Gus Elterson	200
Will Thompson, h	1,500
Frank Lettengarter	1,200
Joseph Goneya, wife and seven children, J and household goods	1,400
Mark Seymour, wife, and two children	200
Batty & Seymour, sawmill	5,000
G. Orenstenick, wife, and five children, hay and household goods	1,400
John Powers	1,100

Following is a list of those who lost only a part of their belongings:

Kelsey & Markham & Co., loss on timber, lumber, wood, and hay	$20,000
Joseph Coblein, lost hay and timber, his house the only one left in the settlement	1,400
Charles Smith, wife and four children; lost hay and timber	800
Thomas Racine, boarding-house and timber	1,400
Jean Busche	400
A. Walkerhauer, wife and five children; lost timber	1,200
B. Finseth, timber	1,200
M. Cohen, wife and three children; timber	1,200
I. Cohen, wife and three children; timber	1,000
John Johnson, wife and three children; timber	800
Lund Taft, wife and two children; timber	1,400

The bodies buried yesterday were those of Mrs. Molander and her two children, Mr. and

Mrs. Raymond and three children, Charles Anderson and three children, Mr. Whitney and Mr. Goodsels The latter were found today. They were lying along the right of way, two miles from Pokegama.

That the 200 people of the village were not all burned is the only thing that surprises the men and women who passed through the ordeal. The heat was so intense that every well in town was licked dry by the flames. Not over ten minutes' warning was given, but in that time the panic-stricken residents found their way to a pond forty feet wide and twenty feet deep in the middle. To the north was a railroad bridge forty feet high, to the west an immense pile of logs, and to the south a mass of sawmill refuse. The refuse caught first and burned with a heat so intense that it was only possible to keep one's head above the water for two or three seconds. Carefully feeling their way so as not to get beyond their depth the men and women, all with one or more children in their arms, crept around to the north. The bridge caught fire and they moved again.

Then the logs took fire. The flames formed a complete circle around the pond and a can-

THE ONLY HOUSE LEFT BETWEEN PINE CITY AND MISSION CREEK.

opy over the heads of the half suffocated people. The fish came to the surface and died, but the hand of Providence was seemingly with the human beings who stood in that hole, for not one was seriously injured. Ears and noses were burnt, hair was singed, and nearly all the children suffered from inhalation of smoke and hot air, but that was all. That night the survivors slept in a box car filled with lath and the next in one loaded with brick. Substantial aid has since been received from St. Cloud and Minneapolis.

HURLEY'S FATE DEPENDS ON THE WIND.

If It Begins to Blow the Town Will Be Burned.

ASHLAND, Wis., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Forest fires in the vicinity of this city have died down considerably during the last twenty-four hours. They continue to burn with an unpleasant vigor, however, along the lines of the Northern Pacific and the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railway, especially in the neighborhood of Iron River. Railroad men also report that the pine forests to the south of Hurley were burning badly late this afternoon.

Herman Dow, a homesteader who lived ten miles from Iron River, arrived here today. He said the fires in the vicinity from which he came were burning harder today than they had at any time since Sunday. He was driven from his home this morning and with his family came here. Everything he had was burned. A dozen other homesteaders, he said, were burned out this morning. They remained at Iron River.

H. C. Hope, Superintendent of Telegraph for the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Omaha road, received encouraging reports from the towns along that road. The towns of Drummond, Clayton, Perley, Cumberland, and Mason, which were reported to him last night as being in great danger, were taking matters comparatively easy today. The people of Drummond, however, had had a hard struggle. A sudden change in the wind aided them in checking the progress of the fire. The Omaha road was open today for traffic for the first time since Sunday. Last night a large number of section men were kept at work fighting fires between Mason and Ashland Junction. Another gang of section men fought the fires off a bridge near Forest City.

Men Charged with Arson Discharged.

The six men arrested on the suspicion that they took part in the incendiarism Sunday night have been released. The authorities were unable to obtain evidence against them to warrant holding them longer. Ashland people have responded liberally to the proclamation issued by Mayor Hubbell yesterday asking for aid for the suffering homesteaders. Two hundred dollars in cash and a large amount of clothing was received today and many of the refugees were relieved from want for the present. Children's clothing is in great demand and little of it has been received.

In view of the continued destruction of cities and railways from forest fires in this region John F. Scott, Fire Marshal of the city, has made a proposition which is meeting with great favor, especially among the lumber companies. Mr. Scott would have ten men stationed at each of the cities in the territory threatened. A large steam fire engine capable of throwing eight streams would be stationed at Ashland on a flat car, and in case of a serious fire in any of the cities of the district would start for the fire, picking up the crew at each town. The engine could easily be placed on a boat in case of a fire in the lumber yards or at Washburn or Bayfield. The towns that might be included in this fire district are Phillips, Prentice, Winchester, Collidge, Fifield, Park Falls, Butternut, Glidden, Mellen, Highbridge, Plummer, Ironwood, Hurley, Gile, Saxon, Odanah, Mason, Sanborn, Marengo, Sedgwick, Iron River, Rayfield, Washburn, Ashland Junction, Bridges, Benoit, Pratt, Drummond, Cable, and Hayward, and a number of small places on the Northern Pacific.

Ready for Action at Hurley.

S. E. Hume, a dealer in sawmill supplies, arrived here tonight from Hurley and says that that city is in great danger from the fires to the south of that place. "If the wind should start to blowing," he said, "I doubt if the town could be saved. Of course there is no serious danger so long as there is no wind. For the last four days the people have had from 2,500 to 3,000 feet of hose laid ready to begin work at a moment's notice. Mr. Osborn, the Manager of the Montreal River Lumber company at Hurley told me this evening that he considered the town to be in grave danger. His only hope lay in the absence of wind. Everything in that region is as dry as tinder and should the thousands of smoldering fires once get a headway with a strong wind back of them I doubt if any human power could check their progress."

The agent of the Wisconsin Central railroad received a dispatch from Phillips tonight saying it had begun to rain at that point. Phillips is sixty miles south of Ashland. The rain, according to the report, was moving northward. Similar reports were received from points along the line of the Chicago and Northwestern road. Should this rain extend as far north as Ashland and last for a few days it will prove a great relief to the inhabitants of Northern Wisconsin. The soil in the pine regions is like peat and it burns almost as readily as the trees. It smolders and burns slowly until a wind rises, then it sets the whole forest ablaze.

TWO MEN BURN IN A LOGGING CAMP.

Their Companions Save Themselves by Jumping in a Well.

GRANTSBURG, Wis., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Frank Keen, a lumberman, came to town today and reported that two of his men were burned to death at his lumber camp. The others saved their lives by jumping into a well. A four-horse team hitched to a loaded wagon perished. All his camps, dams, and logging outfit burned. On his way down today he saw the carcasses of seven deer that had been burned to death. Hors es and oxen lie dead all through the woods. The exact amount of losses will not be known for some time.

FARMS FOR THE HEADS OF FAMILIES

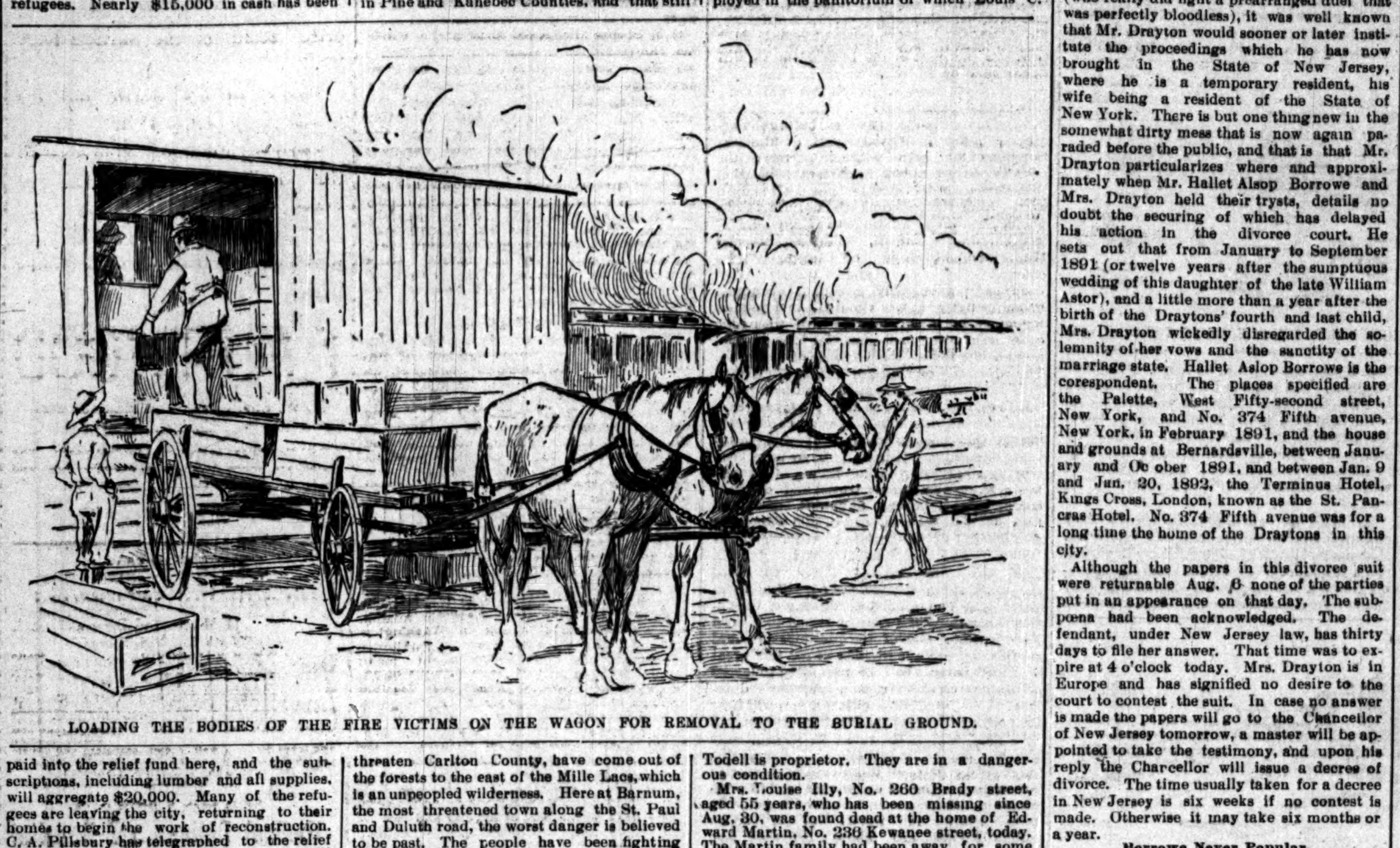
Relief Commission Trying to Assure the Future of the Burned District.

DULUTH, Minn., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Gov. Nelson, C. A. Pillsbury, Kennett Clark, H. H. Hart, Mr. Norton of Winona, and C. H. Graves of this city, members of the State Relief committee, came here tonight and held a meeting. Mayor Eustis represented Minneapolis. The future of the burned district was discussed, as it is impossible that lumbering, which has been the chief industry, will ever amount to much again. The commission will ascertain if there is any chance of any of the sawmills being rebuilt. If not it is planned to rebuild Hinckley as a farming town and junction of the two roads. All the territory burned over is ready for the plow, and it was the opinion of the commission that all heads of families can be given farms of generous proportions, and the St. Paul and Duluth road's representatives tonight offered to give farms to all who do not now own them. It was further outlined that the women and children refugees who are here will be provided for in this city until the fathers can put up temporary buildings in the burned district. Lumber and material for these buildings will be sent on at once. The State or individuals must provide funds for necessities of life over winter, and to ascertain the amount needed a full and complete census will at once be taken. Single men will be urged and aided to seek work elsewhere, and an effort will be made to have the orphans adopted into worthy families. Those not so cared for will be maintained in State institutions. The commission will look over the situation at Hinckley and other points.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND IN CASH IN DULUTH.

Citizens Feed and Shelter 1,300 Refugees and Care for the Injured.

DULUTH, Minn., Sept. 6.—Since the arrival of the first party of refugees from the awful Hinckley fire last Saturday Duluth has cared for 1,300 people. Hospitals have been established, and every public building and hundreds of private residences are sheltering refugees. Nearly $15,000 in cash has been paid into the relief fund here, and the subscriptions, including lumber and all supplies, will aggregate $20,000. Many of the refugees are leaving the city, returning to their homes to begin the work of reconstruction. C. A. Pillsbury has telegraphed to the relief committee here that the State committee will be in Duluth tonight to meet and confer with the local relief committee. Two hundred refugees are in West Superior. Money and supplies are still coming in freely, and there is an abundance for present needs.



LOADING THE BODIES OF THE FIRE VICTIMS ON THE WAGON FOR REMOVAL TO THE BURIAL GROUND.

CHICAGO CITIZENS ARE CONTRIBUTING.

"The Tribune" and Controller Ackerman Receive Money and Supplies.

THE TRIBUNE received a check for $63.50 yesterday from the Western Planing and Manufacturing company to go to the relief of the sufferers from the forest fires in Minnesota. This is one of the first contributions offered in Chicago for the fire victims. The check will be sent to Gov. Knute Nelson of Minnesota.

Contributions in response to the proclamation of Mayor Hopkins began to come in to the City Controller yesterday. The contributions for the day were: Wyatt McGaffey, $3; Mrs. Jerome Beecher, $25; Mrs. M. M. J., $5; H. R. Hobart, $2; J. O. W., $2; W. K. Ackerman, $10; Mrs. M. M. J., one package of women's clothing. The money and food and clothing will be sent to the towns devastated in a few days.

Flames Along the Sault Rapids.

RAT PORTAGE, Ont., Sept. 6.—The forest fires along the Sault Rapids swept with fury on both sides of the Rainy River. Millions of feet of pine were destroyed. All crops, buildings, horses, and cattle are gone. No loss of life occurred on the American side, but the fire is still raging. Hannaford was safe at last reports. Fort Francis had a narrow escape. Twelve families at Grassy River road lost everything and are in want. Rainy Lake City is safe.

Devising Relief Means at Eau Claire.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Mayor Cameron met the clergymen of this city this afternoon to devise means of gathering supplies for the fire sufferers. The city hall was selected as the general depot for contributions. A collection will be taken in all the churches.

Timber Around Negaunee Is Afire.

NEGAUNEE, Mich., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Forest fires have started on the north and east side of this city. The damage has been confined to standing timber and farm crops, but a strong breeze is blowing and the fire is spreading rapidly.

Searching for Rainy River Victims.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, Sept. 6.—Rainy River advices state that a large number of settlers are still missing and friends are searching the burned district in hopes of securing their bodies or finding them alive.

New-Yorkers Give a Little.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—The *Evening Post* today acknowledges the receipt of $125 subscriptions for the relief of sufferers by the fires in Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin.

PLANKINTON BANK WAS INSOLVENT.

Expert Accountant Says It Was So When It Accepted a Deposit.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—When the new case against the Plankinton Bank officials was called in the Municipal Court today Robert A. La Follette took a seat behind District Attorney Hammel as associate counsel. Albert E. Fletcher testified that he, as agent of William Plankinton, assignee, had charge of the securities, papers, and accounts of the bank. He identified the deposit slip made by August Burkhardt May 31, 1893, with which he deposited $125. He said the bank was being run as usual that day and he gave a list of the officers under whom the employés operated. The assets of the bank the morning of June 1, 1893, were $1,846,841 and the liabilities $1,430,343. Albert Wiebe, Deputy Clerk of the Courts, identified the schedules and report of W. H. Moinsen, assignee of F. T. Day, filed with the court; and then W. J. Burke, expert accountant, took the stand to show that the bank was insolvent at the time it received Burkhardt's deposit. Mr. Burke testified that the bank had as assets $1,715,980 in loans, discounts, and overdrafts, secured and unsecured. Among them, however, were accounts aggregating $995,818, which were not first-class, as follows: Benedict company, $105,000; Buffalo Mining company and F. Schlesinger, $143,000; Chicago, Milwaukee and Lake Superior Telegraph company, $17,256; F. T. Day, $309,379; F. A. Lappen & Co., $285,588; Lehigh and Franklin Coal company, $35,593.75; Milwaukee Brass and Copper works, $100,000. Mr. Burke also mentioned a number of other questionable accounts, involving sums ranging from $22,000 down to a few hundred dollars each.

Liquor Men Adopt Resolutions.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 6.—At the second day's session of the National Retail Liquor Dealers' Association reports from State organizations were read, showing an increase in growth during the year. W. H. Soale of Terre Haute, Ind., advised the association to yield to the laws regulating the liquor traffic. Resolutions were adopted declaring for personal liberty and that a political party will never meet with our opposition so long as it does not surrender to our enemies.

MESABA RANGE BURNS

MINE-OWNERS HEAR OF THEIR PROPERTY'S DESTRUCTION.

Afraid to Venture Into the Fire-Swept Wilderness to Ascertain Their Losses—Singed Bears and Other Wild Animals Roaming Over the Country—Fires That Threatened Barnum Strike the Old Trail of Flame and Die Out—Beginning the Work of Rebuilding Hinckley.

BARNUM, Minn., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Fires still scourge the pine lands away to the north. Off in the Mesaba country in the northern end of Itasca and St. Louis Counties there is nothing but fire. The region is a wilderness unthreaded by railroads and thinly settled. No details of the plague of flame have come into the railway towns. People here in Barnum who have mining claims in the Mesaba range have heard that their property is destroyed, but none of them cares to venture up that way to make sure.

Most of the fires that have consumed towns in Pine and Kanebec Counties, and that still threaten Carlton County, have come out of the forests to the east of the Mille Lacs, which is an unpeopled wilderness. Here at Barnum, the most threatened town along the St. Paul and Duluth road, the worst danger is believed to be past. The people have been fighting fire desperately since Sunday. Every man in the village is utterly exhausted. Last night there were two fires hovering over the village, one to the northeast and the other to the northwest. Half the people staid from their beds all night watching them. In every house the valuables and the lighter furniture were packed up ready for instant flight towards Bear or Hanging Horns Lake. The slightest veering of the wind to the north would have worked another Hinckley horror.

Singed Wild Beasts at Large.

The fires have driven many wild beasts into the settlements. At Cloquet, a town of 3,500 people, on the St. Louis River, twenty-five miles from Duluth, there have been seen a number of singed badly scared bears. The woods north of the river are full of them. One man, the owner of a merry-go-round, who follows the country fairs, killed six bears near Cloquet in two days. Some of them are big ones and weigh, dressed, over 400 pounds. The whole region is full of the half-burned carcasses of deer, moose, bears, and even eagles and partridges. How many corpses of men and women there are in the charred desert to the north and west of here is pure conjecture.

At Hinckley people are settling down to a full realization of the awful calamity that has befallen them. Up to this evening 233 bodies or scraps of bodies have been dumped in the trenches in the Hinckley cemetery. No more came in today. That is because all those now found by the searching parties are being hastily put away in the baked clay wherever they are picked up. They are in no condition to be carried into Hinckley.

At the millpond just north of Hinckley, where anywhere from fifteen to seventy-five people are supposed to have been drowned, they are making preparations for a thorough search. The surface of the pond is covered with partially consumed sawlogs. The sawdust shores have burned down to the water's edge. By tomorrow it will be possible to make a search of the pond. The waters are being drained off slowly through the sluicegates and the people sent for rakes and grappling hooks with which to drag the slimy bottom.

Death List Will Reach 700.

Dr. Cowan, Coroner of Pine County, believes that the dead list in this county will reach 700. Reports come slowly from the searching parties. It is impossible to give a correct statement even of the bodies already found. Dr. Cowan went to Sandstone this afternoon. He will have the eighty or more bodies that have been temporarily covered with earth there dug up, closely examined, and properly buried in the little cemetery near the town. Another serious problem for the survivors in this neighborhood is the disposal of the dead animals. The region about Hinckley is littered with the carcasses of horses, cows, hogs, deer, and even a few moose. The terrible stench from them promises to breed pestilence among the few people left.

The rebuilding of Hinckley has begun. The St. Paul and Duluth road put up a pine shanty for a depot today and other workmen finished a rough barracks where the refugees will sleep instead of in the army tents now used. The railway company also started to rebuild the coaling stations and set up a steam pump from which a heavy stream of water was thrown all day upon the huge heap of blazing coal that marks the place of the old coaling station. Plans for one or two boardinghouses and hotels are under way, but it is doubtful if the Village of Hinckley is ever entirely rebuilt. There is nothing in this country to support a town now.

CONRAD'S BUSINESS HOUSES BURN.

Three Blocks Consumed and a Loss of $50,000 Inflicted.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The thriving town of Conrad, Grundy County, was devastated by fire this morning. Flames were first discovered in the wareroom of Tapps' grocery store and quickly spread to adjacent buildings extending a block south, west, and north. Tapps' grocery store and harness shop, Krumrodt's harness shop, G. H. Baker' shoe store, Schroeder & Baird's meat market, the Bank of Conrad, Stark Bros.' general store, Wheeler's drug store, Frazer & Leibsle's grocery and hardware, William Moore's barber shop, M. A. Field's billiard hall, John Baxter's barber shop, Dr. Penfield's office, and a few small concerns were completely burned. The loss will exceed $50,000 and the insurance aggregates $18,000. Stark Bros. lose $20,000 and have only $6,000 insurance. Tama City was telegraphed for aid, but it arrived too late. The origin of the fire is unknown.

SAN RAFAEL, Cal., Sept. 6.—The Larkspur Inn, a magnificent summer hotel near here, on the line of the North Pacific railway, was destroyed this afternoon by a fire. The hotel cost $75,000 and was insured for $30,000. The loss on the contents is estimated at $40,000, partly covered by insurance. The flames spread to the dry grass on the hills back of the hotel and threatened the destruction of the little settlement of Larkspur.

WAUPUN, Wis., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Fire in the State prison workshop this evening burned out Shops 11 and 12, entailing a probable loss on stock and machinery of the contractors, M. D. Wells & Co. of Chicago, of $15,000.

MAY REMOVE SMALLPOX PATIENTS.

Judge Johnson of Milwaukee Renders an Important Decision.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Judge Johnson today decided that the law permitting the health authorities to remove smallpox patients is constitutional. In his decision he says: "The charter provides for the appointment of the Health Commission and authorizes the city to make all needful rules for the protection of the public. A court of equity has no power to interfere with the health authorities in the discharge of their duties, unless their proceedings are unauthorized or exercised partially, maliciously, or oppressively."

Pipeman Adolph Meyer of Engine company No. 2 was killed almost instantly this noon by the explosion of a portable chemical tank while he was at work on a fire in the upholstering shop of Wagner & Baider, No. 313 Poplar street.

A can of gasoline exploded in the basement of the Loan and Trust Building on Grand avenue this morning. Ignatz Kadowski, aged 28 years, No. 882 Racine street, badly burned about the face; Edward Becker, aged 15, No. 310 Fifth street, was seriously burned on his body; Fred Soper, No. 318 Jackson street, was seriously burned. The victims were employed in the panitorium of which Louis C. Todell is proprietor. They are in a dangerous condition.

Mrs. Louise Ilty, No. 260 Brady street, aged 55 years, who has been missing since Aug. 30, was found dead at the home of Edward Martin, No. 236 Kewanee street, today. The Martin family had been away for some time and when Mr. Martin returned today he found the remains. It is believed she committed suicide.

TRAPPERS' STRIKE PROVES SERIOUS.

Boys Charge Bad Faith on the Part of the Mine Managers.

SPRING VALLEY, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The trappers' strike was settled last night and the mines resumed this morning, but the trouble is not yet over. The settlement was misunderstood by the boys, as they thought they were to receive a five cent raise, when the company says the raise affected only boys who were doing certain kind of work, and not all of them. The boys will not enter the mines in the morning unless they all get the district price, which General Manager Dalzell refuses to give. The trappers' strike affects all of the miners, because the mines cannot be operated without them. When the boys first went out the company asked the drivers to trap, but they would not. Many were discharged in consequence. The old diggers who had boys working with them were asked to allow their sons to take the places of the striking trappers, but they refused and for their refusal some of them have lost their jobs. This has produced a feeling of intense hatred toward the coal corporation.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 6.—The break in the ranks of the mill owners is widening. A number of them favor a compromise with the strikers and it is understood steps to this end have been taken. The manufacturers' proposition is to start up at a reduction of 5 per cent instead of 10 per cent, the cut to be restored when the cloth market reaches three cents. This proposition, it is understood, the operatives have rejected, claiming that when the market reaches three cents the time will come for an increase in wages rather than the restoration of a reduction. A number of directors and stockholders are beginning to be dissatisfied with the present condition of affairs and want the help taken back at the old schedule, saying that the mills can then make money.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Sept. 6.—The indications are becoming stronger that a majority of the striking mill operatives here will resist the reduction in wages until cold weather at least.

HE DOES NOT THINK IT CHOLERA.

Surgeon-General Wyman Scouts the Idea of the Scourge Being Here.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 6.—A telegram was received today by Surgeon-General Wyman of the Marine Hospital Service from Health Officer Duke of Cumberland, Md., announcing the death there last night of John P. Walther, a German immigrant, with symptoms of Asiatic cholera. Dr. Wyman wired the officer to hold a post-mortem and report the results. Dr. Wyman said: "I do not believe that this man died of Asiatic cholera. There is no cholera in Bremen, the port from which he is said to have come. There has been no disease found among the other men from the Elbe now detained at Pittsburg, being held for further developments."

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 6.—The emigrant car from which a suspected victim of cholera was taken at Cumberland, Md., last night is side-tracked at Shauer Station, a few miles from here on the Baltimore and Ohio. Nine immigrants are confined in the car. Health officers examined the suspects today. They think the man who died was suffering from cholera morbus or cholerine. To avoid any risks, however, the car will be kept in quarantine for another twenty-four hours.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Gustav Schwab, agent for the North German Lloyd Steamship company, on whose steamer, the Elbe, John P. Walther who died in Cumberland, Md., of supposed Asiatic cholera, was a passenger, scouts the idea that Walther was a victim of that disease.

BURGLAR OVERLOOKED NOTHING.

Lafayette Thompson Confesses to a Big Batch of Crimes.

MUNCIE, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The arrest of Lafayette Thompson in this city two weeks ago on the charge of burglary was a good catch. Today the young man recognized his dangerous position and confessed. He told how he and William Cox broke into the stores of Rowlett & McKinley, J. D. Murray, and Frank Thomas, and of the attempt to get in Bryan Bros.' store, when a dog "legged" them. He told the articles taken and directed the officers where the booty was concealed and it was found. There is evidence the same crowd robbed the post-office and store of H. D. Hartley at Oakville and stores at Selma and Honey Creek. Thompson threatens if Hartley prosecutes him, he will cause Hartley's brother to go to prison for stealing a box of hats from a car at Cambridge City recently. The confessed burglar has been out of prison but a few weeks.

Hugh Porter Kills Himself.

LEADVILLE, Colo., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Hugh Porter of Bridgeport, Conn., committed suicide this evening by shooting himself through the heart. No cause was given for the deed.

SHOCK TO HIGH LIFE.

MRS. COLEMAN-DRAYTON THE DEFENDANT IN A DIVORCE SUIT.

Definite Charges Against the Daughter of William Astor, with Hallet Alsop Borrowe Named as Corespondent—Revival of Scandal of Two Years Ago—Cordage Sells at Auction Below Its Price on Stock Exchange—Standard Oil Has Had No Negotiations with Russians.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The publicity given the fact that J. Coleman Drayton has filed papers at Trenton, N. J., instituting a suit for absolute divorce from Charlotte Augusta Drayton, née Astor, on the statutory grounds has caused little or no excitement in society or club circles. It was a foregone conclusion, and the straw of the scandal had been well thrashed two years ago, then the stories of Mrs. Drayton were first brought to the surface. Ever since the Drayton-Borrowe dueling episode, with its accessories of Milbank and Fox (who really did fight a prearranged duel that was perfectly bloodless), it was well known that Mr. Drayton would sooner or later institute the proceedings which he has now brought in the State of New Jersey, where he is a temporary resident, his wife being a resident of the State of New York. There is but one thing new in the somewhat dirty mess that is now again paraded before the public, and that is that Mr. Drayton particularizes where and approximately when Mr. Hallet Alsop Borrowe and Mrs. Drayton held their trysts, details no doubt the securing of which has delayed his action in the divorce court. He sets out that from January to September 1891 (or twelve years after the sumptuous wedding of this daughter of the late William Astor), and a little more than a year after the birth of the Draytons' fourth and last child, Mrs. Drayton wickedly disregarded the solemnity of her vows and the sanctity of the marriage state. Hallet Aslop Borrowe is the corespondent. The places specified are the Palette, West Fifty-second street, New York, and No. 374 Fifth avenue, New York, in February 1891, and the house and grounds at Bernardsville, between January and October 1891, and between Jan. 9 and Jan. 20, 1892, the Terminus Hotel, Kings Cross, London, known as the St. Pancras Hotel. No. 374 Fifth avenue was for a long time the home of the Draytons in this city.

Although the papers in this divorce suit were returnable Aug. 6 none of the parties put in an appearance on that day. The subpœna had been acknowledged. The defendant, under New Jersey law, has thirty days to file her answer. That time was to expire at 4 o'clock today. Mrs. Drayton is in Europe and has signified no desire to the court to contest the suit. In case no answer is made the papers will go to the Chancellor of New Jersey tomorrow, a master will be appointed to take the testimony, and upon his reply the Chancellor will issue a decree of divorce. The time usually taken for a decree in New Jersey is six weeks if no contest is made. Otherwise it may take six months or a year.

Borrowe Never Popular.

Young Borrowe, who is a son of Samuel Borrowe, Vice-President of the Equitable Life Insurance company, has never been a popular man. Until this scandal brought him into notoriety in 1891 he had never done anything to distinguish him from his associates, a rather insipid class of young clubmen. The affair of the challenge to a duel, and its bloodless outcome on theory advanced by two expert codists, that Mr. Borrowe could not honorably fight with Mr. Drayton, are well remembered by the public. It was then asserted and never disproved that Mr. Drayton's letter to young Borrowe accusing him of having "inflicted upon him the most grievous injury one man may inflict upon another" was given to the press by Borrowe himself. So far as is known the Draytons have never met since they parted in 1892. Mr. Drayton made an attempt, it is said, to obtain divorce papers in England, but suddenly abandoned the process.

Although Mrs. Drayton was disinherited by her father's will, her brother, the present John Jacob Astor, has taken her under his protection and has handsomely provided for her and her four children, whom she has retained possession of during the two years of separation from her husband. The eldest child is now 14 years of age. John Jacob Astor has tried repeatedly to reëstablish Mrs. Drayton in the social set, but without success, and only this summer his mother had her for awhile at Newport, where an elaborate summer campaign was planned and as suddenly abandoned. A gentleman who formally knew both parties intimately said today: "If not for the sake of his wife, then for that of the children, Mr. Drayton should have allowed himself to be persuaded. The most liberal offers of accommodation were made to Mr. Drayton, but he is implacable. But his case is not impregnable by any means, and able counsel will try to show that he has taken a slight aberration from strict behavior for the blackest crime. It is not at all probable that with his present evidence the husband can win his case."

Before Mrs. Drayton sailed for Europe she was strongly tempted to fight for her honor in open court. Mrs. William Astor and John Jacob Astor had hard work to persuade her that she would fare as well in the hands of a Master in Chancery, while the notoriety of the case would be much diminished. This latter argument naturally had weight with her

Easily Drifted Apart.

Drayton and Miss Astor married in 1879 and began soon to drift apart. Drayton cared nothing for society and everything for books and study. His wife cared everything for society and nothing for books or study or the quiet of domestic life, the ideal life of Drayton, as his Philadelphia folks taught him. Drayton noticed he had let his way diverge widely from hers. He purchased a place near Bernardsville, N. J. He and his wife and his children went there to live. That was the beginning of the end. Down in the country they were thrown together all the time and their opposing notions clashed. She was wretched and did not conceal it from him. They quarreled a good deal and he spent much of his time away from home. She cast about for amusement. She presently found it, but rarely has a woman been so horribly unlucky.

Borrowe got acquainted with the Draytons, visited them often, and was on close terms with the wife. People began to say it was a shame the way the good, quiet ex-Philadelphian was having dust thrown in his eyes. The servants were winking and gossiping. The drunken coachman was pounding the village bars and roaring that he wasn't afraid of being discharged, "for he knew too much." Everybody in Bernardsville knew all about the situation except Mr. Drayton. But he found out. There was a council of the Astor family and in some way he was pacified. It is certain he and his wife drew up some sort of an agreement. They were to live apart, and she was to keep away from Borrowe. According to one clause in the agreement, says one of Borrowe's friends, the wife had an income of $30,000 per annum. She retained one-half. The other half should be placed with trustees, $5,000 of which should be paid to the husband and $12,000 to herself for maintenance of the children. Out of the moneys she received the wife was to keep up an establishment for her husband and family. The husband's $5,000 was for personal expenses. The wife agreed, should she hold any verbal or written communication with Borrowe, that the $12,000 for the children should be paid to the husband and he should have control of the same and the children. This afterwards became famous as the "monetary agreement," but Drayton's friends denied it. Drayton has a small income of his own, and since the separation he has been ostentatiously careful it should be seen that he lived upon it alone. Early this summer Mrs. Drayton began to make efforts to get the custody of her children. Mr. Drayton absolutely forbade her admittance to them. She determined to seek what she wanted in the courts. Mr. Drayton wrote warning her what he would do, and when his warnings had no effect he consulted his lawyer.

Borrowe, the corespondent, is now Superintendent of a division of the road of the Consolidated Traction company of New Jersey, operating street car lines in Newark. His office is in the car house in what is called the "neck" of Newark, a region of cable line buildings and general disorder. An endeavor was made to talk with him today, but he sent out word he was too busy to see callers.

SAYS GAMBLING IS SUPPRESSED.

Supt. Byrnes Reports to the Police Board on Enforcement of Law.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Supt. Byrnes today, at a meeting of the Police Board, submitted a report made in compliance with a resolution passed three months ago directing him to investigate the condition and efficiency of the police force. Supt. Byrnes tells the Commissioners the laws to suppress crime and disorder are well enforced with the exception of the excise law. He shows that the fact that this law is continually violated is due to the great difficulty encountered by officers in their efforts to procure evidence against offenders. "As to gambling," continues the report, "my investigations show there is no public gambling in this city at the present time. There may be isolated cases where gambling is carried on behind bolted and barred doors."

Regarding the suppression of houses of ill-fame Supt. Byrnes says: "If the law was such that the police were required to drive prostitutes from the city prostitution, while it could not even then be entirely eradicated, would be greatly diminished, but these women, regardless of their character, have rights under the law and they cannot be banished or exiled from our midst; they have the right to live in this community, and living here will of necessity take all possible chances to ply their illicit callings." The Superintendent recommends that the Legislature deal with the matter this winter in such manner as it deems fit.

As to the discipline of the force Supt. Byrnes says it is as good as could be expected. He suggests the reorganization of squads and that standard of height and physique be strictly adhered to, and that members of the force be prohibited from joining political clubs.

QUEER DEALING IN CORDAGE STOCK.

Wall Street Interested in an 'Auction Sale at $9 a Share—Worth More on 'Change.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Wall street was interested in discussing a transaction at an auction sale of securities yesterday when 1,380 shares of United States Cordage 6 per cent guaranteed stock sold at $9 a share. In the New York Stock Exchange at the same time the stock was 50 bid, and closed 50 bid, offered at 58. If the buyer had taken his stock direct to the Stock Exchange he could have sold it at $56.99 profit on his investment. In some quarters it was thought the stock was simply bought in and that the transaction was a purely nominal one. In fact a statement was authorized that the stock had been sold by a trust company for the purpose of clearing its title, and was bid in by one of the trust company clerks. This explanation, however, is not considered satisfactory by people interested in Cordage securities. Attention was called by the transaction to the fact that on each 100 shares sold a charge of $28 was made by the auctioneers, while for less than half that commission five times more money could have been realized if the shares were sold on the regular Stock Exchange. Another curious thing about the transaction is that three bids were made on the stock, the bidding starting at $5 per share, and when it reached $9 some of the best posted buyers of securities ceased bidding. The auctioneers today declined to give the name of either the seller or buyer, but said it was a bona fide transaction, and the stock had been paid for and delivered.

CONTRACTORS SIGN AN AGREEMENT.

Demands of Brotherhood of Tailors Granted —Strike of Knights Spreading.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The strike inaugurated by the Brotherhood of Tailors seemed tonight to be on the high road to success. As a result of a conference held in the afternoon at No. 200 East Broadway between a committee from the contractors' association and another from the body of strikers the former agreed to all the demands of their old employés. Tonight twenty-five of the contractors met the representatives of the brotherhood and signed a contract, in accordance with the wishes of the strikers, and furnished bonds to guarantee fulfillment. Ten hours will hereafter constitute a day's labor. The workers will be paid Friday. Fifty-nine hours a week of six days is all that will be asked of the men, overtime to be paid extra. The scale of wages was agreed upon as set forth in the circular of the contractors given out last Wednesday night, only that it is made without conditions. It is expected all of the large contractors will sign the contract tomorrow morning.

The agreement does not affect the action of the Knights of Labor, 12,000 of whom struck today for the same concessions demanded by the Brotherhood of Tailors. It is expected that by noon tomorrow between 16,000 and 17,000 Knights of Labor in the tailor trade in this city, Brooklyn, and Brownsville, L. I., will be out.

DENIES DEALING WITH RUSSIANS.

Manager Waring Says the Standard Oil Had Never Entered Into Negotiations.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Manager Waring of the Standard Oil company said today there was no truth in the published report that there had been a hitch in the deal between his company and a Russian oil syndicate. "There could not be a hitch," said Mr. Waring, "because the Standard Oil company has never entered into any negotiations with Russians nor any other foreigners seeking to control the petroleum market of the world. It is true Mr. Rockefeller is now in Europe. He went there for his health and nothing else. He has paid no attention to business at all since he went away and he did not visit Russia. Neither has he met any Russians interested in the oil market. Mr. Rockefeller has regained his health and will sail for home Sept. 15."

It was said the Russian Government, through whose agents negotiations were conducted in behalf of the oil interests of that country, is much displeased with the independent attitude of the Standard company and it has just shown its feeling on the subject by cutting freight rates on oil 50 per cent and by reducing the export duty from 34 to 24 kopecks a pood.

GENERAL NEWS OF NEW YORK.

Pope Is Preparing an Encyclical to Bishops and People of the United States.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—A dispatch dated Rome says the Pope is preparing an encyclical letter addressed to the Bishops and people of the United States. The document has been under consideration ever since the visit of Archbishop Ireland to Rome, and it will shortly be issued. The letter will announce the absolute supremacy of the apostolic delegate in church matters in the United States, with the simple right of appeal to the Pope. The apostolic delegate will take the place of the Propaganda Fide in directing religious affairs in the United States. The encyclical will not deal with scholastic questions.

After the Tobacco Trust.

The taking of testimony was begun today at the offices of Einstein & Townsend in an action brought by Attorney-General Stockton of New Jersey to annul the charter of the American Tobacco company, on the ground that it was operating as a trust against the laws of New Jersey. The first witness called was J. B. Duke, President of the American Tobacco company.

Dr. Burtsell's Instructions.

The new instructions which Dr. Burtsell has brought to Mgr. Satolli will bring peace and unity to the archdiocese of New York. Archbishop Corrigan said: "I trust most sincerely that we shall have no further appearance of ecclesiastical politics that savors of the wardman and pantata stamp brought out by the Lexow committee."

Turned Over to Chicago Officers.

The four "badgers" from Chicago, William and Kitty Raymond and Charles and Annie Belmont, were turned over to the officers from that city today and the party started back on an evening train. Tomorrow the prisoners will be produced before Gov. Flower in Syracuse.

Stephenson Found Guilty.

Police Captain John T. Stephenson was today found guilty of bribe-taking and dismissed from the force.

Druggists in Convention.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 6.—Today's session of the convention of the American Pharmaceutical Association was spent in listening to technical papers. Officers for the scientific section were elected today for next year as follows: A. R. L. Dohme, Baltimore, President; George A. Kauffman, Columbus, Secretary. The visitors and their wives were entertained at a banquet at the Kenilworth Inn.

Burglary Under the Nose of the Police.

Henry Melenbecker's saloon, next door to the Chicago Avenue Police Station, was broken into by burglars who stole $35 and some cigars and liquors.

TIGER IS IN DANGER.

KEYNOTE SOUNDED IN NEW YORK TO ANTI-TAMMANY CAMPAIGN.

Ex-Mayor Hewitt Makes the Chief Speech of the Evening, Showing the Necessity of Concerted Action Against the Rule of the Ring—Many Factions Represented and a Strong Address to the People Is Formulated—Return from Europe of Dr. Parkhurst.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—There was a free and enthusiastic expression of anti-Tammany sentiment at the Madison Square Garden tonight. The Chamber of Commerce called the meeting, and more than 500 of the most prominent men of New York responded and many of them engaged in the proceedings. The speeches were dignified and earnest. The gathering was for the purpose of devising some method of improving the municipal government, and ex-Mayor Hewitt struck the keynote. He said:

"If Tammany should conclude that the opposition will thus unite, its leaders will order the nomination of some citizen of high character and undoubted qualifications for the office. They will do this because, being strongly intrenched in public office, they can afford to tolerate the nominal control of an honest Mayor, whose election will have preserved their prestiges and their patronage. He will be powerless, as I was, to dislodge their influence, and from the fact of having accepted a Tammany nomination he will be bound in honor to limit such appointments as he may have to make to those who are in sympathy with the organization. He will be unable to effect any radical reform or to administer the government on non-partisan lines. The conclusion is that if the people really desire to reform the city government they must unite in opposition to the Tammany candidate, and the more reputable the man the more stern and earnest must be the opposition to his election."

An address to the people was formulated pledging "active coöperation with all other organizations of this city holding the same purposes and aims; recognizing that only through a combined and well-organized effort of all citizens who desire good government can that object be attained."

It was decided to select a committee of seven to confer with all anti-Tammany organizations and take action. This meeting represented good government clubs, the German-American Union, Republicans, Democrats, the Citizens' Alliance, and so on. The men who participated embraced: Hugh N. Camp, the Treasurer of the St. Joseph Lead company, Joseph Larocque, the lawyer, John P. Faure, William H. Webb, Ernest P. Wheeler, Anson Phelps Stokes, ex-Assemblyman Otto Kempner, ex-Assemblyman Alfred Conklin, and Gustav H. Schwab, to whose indefatigable labor was largely due the whole affair.

PARKHURST RETURNS FULL OF FIGHT.

The New York Pastor Who Is Fighting Tammany Arrives on the Germanic.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst, who arrived at quarantine tonight on the steamer Germanic, comes home full of fight. He said on board the steamer he was heartily glad to hear of the fate of Capts. Cross, Devery and Stevenson. Devery, he said, was a man whom the whole police force, root and branch, had rallied to support, and he was astonished as well as gratified that his punishment had overtaken him. The doctor had spent most of his time in Switzerland, taking a complete rest, and returned, as he put it, "with renewed zeal to prosecute the fight he had begun."

FOR INTERNATIONAL PIGEON SHOOT.

Crack Shots of America, England, France, Belgium, Germany, and Holland to Meet.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Negotiations are now on foot which will, without doubt, end in the establishment of an international pigeon shooting contest to be held annually. The undertaking is such a great one and one of such immense importance in the world of amateur sport that the plan both in the whole and in detail had been kept from the public. Today the first announcement is made. The crack pigeon shots of this country, England, France, Belgium, Germany, and Holland are planning to arrange an annual meet. The Gun club of London, the Cercle des Papineurs of France, together with the leading clubs in this country, are interested in the movement. Just how the first formal step will be taken is not yet decided upon. America may invite the representatives of other countries over here to compete as a start, or it may be mutually arranged. They probably will have the first contest in this country, then one in London, and the next one in Paris.

NO ANSWER FROM CHAUNCEY DEPEW.

Strife in New York and Kings Counties Preceding the Primaries.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Until the primaries choose delegates to Saratoga, called for next week, there is going to be the fiercest sort of strife between the friends and enemies of Thomas C. Platt. Today the Union Leaguers, who have besought Chauncey M. Depew to cable his willingness to lead a rebellion against Platt's candidate, Levi P. Morton, awaited a reply. Much to their disgust none had arrived up to a late hour tonight. Chairman Brookfield and John Sabine Smith at once sounded people about the availability of Warner Miller and Cornelius N. Bliss. Neither of these gentlemen appears to have set the party aflame with enthusiasm.

ROBERT HOLLAND IS OVERDUE.

Possibility That the Steamer May Have Gone to the Bottom.

Anxiety is entertained over the long passage of the steamer Robert Holland from South Manitou Island to Manitowoc, Mich., near the foot of the lake. The Holland left the Island Monday night. The distance is 100 miles, and it should have been reported the next day at its destination. The Holland was on Big Bear Point, on the east side of the lake, and had been released. A steam pump was put aboard to keep down the water in the hold as the steamer had several bad leaks caused by its mishap. A inrush of water may have proved too much for the pump, or it may have broken down in the passage. The Holland carried a crew of eleven men, who could escape in lifeboats. It belongs to Bigelow Bros., a Chicago lumber firm. The owners say that the boat may not have left the Manitous when it was supposed to have gone.

LAMONT IS AT BUZZARD'S BAY.

With the President and Dr. Bryant He Makes a Fishing Trip.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Secretary of War Lamont and Mrs. Lamont, accompanied by Mrs. W. D. Bryant, arrived at Gray Gables this morning. President Cleveland, Secretary Lamont, and Dr. Bryant went on a fishing trip today down to Minister's Ledge on the fishing boat Ruth. The yacht Oneida, with Mr. and Mrs. Benedict on board, arrived just before noon and the new-comers were welcomed to Gray Gables by Mrs. Cleveland. President Cleveland has neither refused nor accepted the invitation to speak in Congressman Wilson's district.

BABY SHOOTS HIMSELF TO DEATH.

Fourteen-Months-Old Philadelphia Baby Meets a Horrible Fate.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Leroy Smith, the 14-months-old son of Baker Winfield Scott Smith, found a revolver today and while playing with it shot himself dead.

Frank Hathaway Found on the Track.

AVILLA, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The mutilated remains of a man were found on the Lake Shore railroad at Kessler's siding this morning. By papers found on the body it is learned the man was Frank Hathaway of Chicago, aged

IS LIKE CRONIN CASE.

DR. W. A. CONKLING OF CASSOPOLIS, MICH., DISAPPEARS.

Called to His Office by Two Men Tuesday Night and Has Not Been Seen Since—Evidence of a Conflict—Mysterious Wagon in the Case—Confession at Elkhart of a Murder Committed Thirty Years Ago—State of Michigan Discharges Employes for Celebrating Labor Day.

ELKHART, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—This section is worked up over the disappearance of Dr. W. A. Conkling of Cassopolis, a village just over the Michigan line north of this city. All the indications are that he has been "Croninized." The circumstances are as follows: Tuesday night near midnight Dr. Conkling, whose wife is an invalid, was called to his door by two men, who said they desired his services at his office, which is some distance from his residence. His wife for some reason was apprehensive and endeavored to dissuade him from going, but was unsuccessful. A few minutes after his departure with the men Mrs. Conkling heard a wagon pass the house at breakneck speed and was then more alarmed than ever. Two hours passed and the physician did not return. Unable to bear the suspense longer Mrs. Conkling caused a man to be sent to the doctor's office, where everything was found in the utmost confusion, the furniture overturned and smashed, and the evidence of a fearful struggle on every hand. The doctor was nowhere to be found. The village was aroused and search made in every direction, but to no purpose. Stone Lake was visited, but nothing could be discovered that tended to clear up the mystery. The lake has been dragged, but with no success, nearly everybody in that part of the country giving aid. Dr. Conkling's brother from Manchester, Mich., has arrived at Cassopolis and is doing everything possible to ferret out the mystery. He says his brother was a prominent witness in a murder case that is to be tried in the eastern part of Michigan and he ascribes his disappearance to that fact. For several days previous to the mysterious disappearance two strange men had been hanging about the place. It has not been discovered where the men obtained the team and wagon with which they evidently made their escape and with which they took away the doctor either dead or alive. Dr. Conkling was a man of means and much prominence.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' MONUMENT.

Corner-stone Laid at Des Moines with Masonic Ceremonies.

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The corner-stone of the Iowa Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument was laid today with imposing ceremonies. The monument is being built on the hill just south of the State House ground, on the spot made historic by the first State House in Des Moines. Rain somewhat interfered with the exercises. The first division in the parade was made up of G. A. R. men under State Commander Newman, with uniformed staff, and several companies of National Guard and Sons of Veterans; the second division, of the Monument Commission, State officers, and officers of the Woman's Relief Corps; third division, the Masonic Order, under whose auspices the stone was laid, escorted by uniformed Knights Templar. Three bands were in line. At the exercises Gov. Jackson presided and introduced as the orator Senator James Harlan, who was a member of one of Lincoln's Cabinets. Mr. Harlan reviewed the growth of Iowa with especially reference to the patriotic burst of 1861 to 1865, when Iowa sent more than twice as many soldiers into the field as was its population in 1843, when he came to Iowa. The other speakers were Commander Newman of the Grand Army of Iowa, who spoke for the old soldiers, and Thomas B. Hedge of Burlington. The articles deposited in the hermetically sealed box, the list of which was read by Secretary Parvin of the Masonic order, is as follows:

Copies of the Adjutant-General's report for the State of Iowa for the years during the war and for the years 1889 to 1893 inclusive, containing a complete roster of all Iowa soldiers; list of all Iowa soldiers who participated in flag day exercise Aug. 10, 1894, together with the names of commanders and color bearers; list of the ex-soldiers, sailors, and marines living in this State in 1886; complete set of the reports of the proceedings of the G. A. R. for Iowa; history of the G. A. R.; Barnes' history of the United States; photograph of Mrs. Harriet Ketcham, designer of the monument; last copies of the Des Moines *Daily News*, *Daily Capitol*, *Register*, *Leader*, Muscatine *Journal*, Iowa City *Republican*, CHICAGO TRIBUNE and *Inter-Ocean*, containing articles of the life and notices of the death and funeral services of War Gov. Samuel J. Kirkwood, and copies of the G. A. R. advocate of this city; all school laws of Iowa; Capitol Commissioners' report; assessment of the railway property of the State for 1894; one bronze (hardened copper) knife; copies of the reports of Iowa educational institutions; proceedings of the Grand Lodge A. F. and A. M. for 1894; complete directory of the Masonic bodies of Des Moines for 1894.

HEAVY RAINS FALL IN THE NORTHWEST.

Stop Forest Fires and Clear the Atmosphere of Smoke in Wisconsin.

OTTAWA, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—During the last three days it has rained here almost continuously, but the greatest rainfall that occurred in Ottawa for the last forty years happened between 11:30 and 2 o'clock today. In a short period over three inches of water fell. Sewers through the town were unable to carry off the water. The basements of several business houses are flooded to depths ranging from six inches to three feet. The damage to the sewers, street paving, etc., will reach well into the thousands. The Fox and Illinois Rivers have risen several feet and considerable corn planted in the bottom lands between here and Utica is under water.

GALENA, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The first good soaking rain that has visited this vicinity since last May fell today.

ELGIN, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—A heavy rain fell today, making the fall over five inches since Monday.

MINONK, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—This city was visited by a downfall of rain this noon that was almost equal to a cloud-burst.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—A deluge of rain fell last night and today.

MARSHFIELD, Wis., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—A rain visited this section this afternoon entirely putting out the forest fires. The atmosphere is cleared of smoke tonight for the first time in weeks.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—A shower fell this afternoon and evening. It is only the third rainfall here in a hundred days.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Light showers fell here during the day, but this evening a steady rain is coming down, with promise of an all night rain. It is badly needed for fall plowing and seeding.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The finest rain since last June fell this morning.

CARRIED SECRET JUST THIRTY YEARS.

One Robert Karney Leaves a Note Saying He Killed Harding in 1864.

ELKHART, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—On the night of Sept. 4, 1864, a well-known Elkhart man named Charles Harding disappeared under peculiar circumstances, and, as no clew to his whereabouts was ever obtained, the belief prevailed he had been made away with. Today what is apparently a bona fide confession was found. It reads as follows:

ELKHART, Ind., Sept. 4, 1894.—I hereby confess to the murder of Charles Harding in the City of Elkhart Sept. 4, 1864. When this is found I will be a corpse in Simonton Lake. The body of Harding is buried in the big woods west of the city. ROBERT KARNEY.

Immediate steps will be taken to investigate the authenticity of the confession. Police Officer John Martin, Philip Christian, and others recall the disappearance of Harding and say the confession is undoubtedly authentic. No one can be found who has any recollection of the man who signs himself Robert Karney. A request was written on the envelope that the confession be handed to the police authorities.

WANT COL. INGERSOLL TO BE PRESENT.

Regiment with Which He Served Closes Its Reunion and Plans for Next Year.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The reunion of the survivors of the Eleventh Illinois Cavalry came to an end today with the election of the following officers: President, William Forbes of Elmwood; Vice-President, Capt. G. W. Odell, Peoria; Secretary, S. A. Murdock, Havana. It was decided to hold the next reunion at Elmwood Sept. 11 and 12, 1895. A committee was appointed to correspond with Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, with a view to his presence at the next reunion, as this is the regiment to which he belonged.

ELGIN, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Illinois Infantry held its twenty-fifth annual reunion here today. Aurora was selected for the meeting next year.

DECATUR, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Judge G. S. Robinson of the Iowa Supreme Court and W. F. Calhoun of Decatur were the principal speakers at the joint reunion of the One Hundred and Fifteenth and One Hundred and Sixteenth Regiments, held at Riverside Park. Over 100 veterans were present.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The ninth annual reunion of the Seventy-third Indiana Volunteers adjourned tonight to meet at Lowell next September. George S. Clark of Lowell was elected President; Maj. William Krimbal, Crown Point, Vice-President; and E. K. Barnhill, Plymouth, Secretary and Treasurer.

HE CHARGES BIG PINE LAND FRAUDS.

State Senator Dedon of Minnesota Promises to Reveal Corruption in High Places.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 6.—State Senator W. S. Dedon of the Senatorial committee which is investigating the frauds against the State in the cutting of pine on school lands, has just returned from extensive cruising through the country where the frauds are alleged to have been committed. He said:

We are now ready with the evidence necessary to begin suits aggregating $500,000 against various lumber firms of the State. Up to date we have uncovered frauds which will amount to a million dollars. The investigation has cost the State $6,000. One firm that has cut over a section settled with the State on the basis of only 674,000 feet. Our scale from the stump shows that over 7,000,000 feet were actually cut and the true figure is probably nearly 9,000,000. That is a sample case. After it was cut an employé was instructed to burn it over and make a clean job of it. Our report to the next Legislature will reveal corruption in high places that has not been dreamed of. We shall not deal in glittering generalities, but in cold, hard facts.

DESIRE TO CONTROL PRICE OF WHEAT.

Minneapolis Millers and Elevators Think Cash Out of Proportion to Futures.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 6.—There is a proposition under consideration by millers and elevator men to unite on a daily price for wheat and thus bring cash wheat into line with futures. The plan would provide for an agent for the combined milling and elevator companies who would name the price to be paid for No. 1 Northern wheat every day, the price for No. 1 hard to be one cent above this price and the price for No. 2 Northern to be one to one and a half cents below. Then the several buyers for the companies would bid this price and no more. There is a strong sentiment against the plan among members of the Chamber of Commerce who remember the odor the old millers' association brought to the Minneapolis grain trade. There is opposition to the plan and there is no certainty its operation will be attempted.

DAVIES ABSCONDS AT MICHIGAN CITY.

Manager of Central Union Telephone Company Takes the Pay-Roll.

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Arthur E. Davies of Indianapolis, who was installed two months ago as manager of the Central Union Telephone company's office, absconded yesterday with $565 of the company's money. The amount was received by him in the form of drafts, with which he was instructed to pay off employés. Getting the drafts cashed he went to La Porte. He boarded a west-bound Lake Shore train with a ticket for Chicago, saying he was going to Mexico. He is also short in his accounts. W. L. Hill of Chicago, the company's Traveling Auditor, came down today to investigate.

LET OUT FOR CELEBRATING LABOR DAY.

State of Michigan Discharges Employes Who Did Not Report for Work.

HOUGHTON, Mich., Sept. 6.—The State of Michigan discharged laborers because they celebrated Labor day—a legal holiday. Prof. Kidwell, in charge of the repair work at the State Mining school during the absence of Director Wadsworth, discharged seven workmen Tuesday because they failed to come to work on Labor day. The work was not urgent and much indignation is felt. The matter will be laid before Gov. Rich.

Defaulting Deputy Treasurer Located.

KOKOMO, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special Correspondence.]—Mont. Armstrong, who, with his brother Calvin, Deputy Treasurers of Tipton County, a year ago blew in $43,000 of the public funds on the race track, has been located at Santa Mazetta, Mexico. J. K. Armstrong, the Treasurer, and his son Calvin are serving a term for the embezzlement, but Mont. escaped, his whereabouts being discovered through a lost letter written home. He is penniless and asks for aid.

Loomis Sent to the Asylum for Life.

KOKOMO, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special Correspondence.]—Horace Loomis, who last week killed his cousin James Gregory, has been ordered to the insane asylum. Loomis has been taken to the asylum by every Sheriff of the county since 1878, each time being dismissed as cured. This time he will be confined for life.

Hog Cholera at Kokomo.

KOKOMO, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special Correspondence.]—Hog cholera of the worst type has broken out in this county. Two farmers lost their whole herds of about eighty hogs each inside of four days. The loss already amounts to many thousand dollars, and the ravages have just commenced.

Second Trial of Mrs. Bennett Begun.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The second trial of Mrs. Emily Bennett for the murder of Anna Wiese began in District Court today. Contrary to expectations a jury was secured this evening and the introduction of testimony will commence tomorrow afternoon.

Militia Pay-Roll Discounted 1 Per Cent.

MOLINE, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Company F, Sixth Regiment, I. N. G., last night voted to accept the offer of the Moline National Bank to cash the pay-roll, amounting to $1,918.70, due for service at Chicago, at a discount of 1 per cent.

Good Templars Meet at Decatur.

DECATUR, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The Illinois Grand Lodge of Good Templars will meet in Decatur Sept. 11, 12, and 13. The reunion of the Ohio Veterans' Association will be held here Oct. 3 and 4.

Northwest Notes.

There are five cases of black diphtheria at the infirmary in Elyria, O.

The W. C. T. U. convention of the Fifteenth District is being held in Urbana, Ill. Nearly 100 delegates are present.

The regular annual reunion of the survivors of Minnesota infantry will be held in the Chamber of Commerce at St. Paul this morning.

The Minnesota Thrashing company at Stillwater will cease to employ convict labor after Oct. 1, on which date its contract with the State expires.

The body of Fred Moser, a wagonmaker of Caseyville, was taken from the river near the Illinois shore at St. Louis. The police believe Moser was robbed and murdered by highwaymen.

Application was made yesterday to the State Auditor for a charter for the State Bank of Rock Falls, Ill. The incorporators are A. C. Stanley, Truman Culver, D. D. Stone, and N. C. Vansant.

BANQUET IN HONOR OF RESCUERS.

Happy Conclusion of the Cook Arctic Excursion at Sydney, C. B.

SYDNEY, C. B., Sept. 6.—The Cook Arctic excursion was concluded by a banquet last night at Sydney Hotel, given as the menu announces "in honor of Capt. William T. Farrell of the steamship Miranda and Capt. George W. Dixon of the American schooner Rigel, for their gallant conduct in saving the passengers of the Miranda and bringing them safely to Sydney." James B. Dewell of New Haven acted as toastmaster. Among the speakers were: Prof. William H. Brewer of Yale, Prof. B. C. Jillson of Pittsburg, Dr. J. A. Valle of St. Louis, Dr. R. M. Cramer of New York, and Dr. Cook. There were songs by a quartet of Yale boys and an orchestra. The party will break up today. About a dozen will go home by train; the others will take the steamer St. Pierre from here to Halifax and the Portia thence to New York.

FOR FREE SUGAR BILL

DEMOCRATIC SENATORS TO WAGE AN AGGRESSIVE FALL CAMPAIGN.

Senator Blackburn Proposes to Call the Committee on Rules Together Immediately After the Elections and Take Some Action That Will Enable a Bill to Be Passed—Indian Contractors Are Meeting Their Match at Last—General News from the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Senator Joe Blackburn of Kentucky returned here from the seashore today and began work on repairing his political fences in the Blue Grass State. He was closeted today with one or two leading members of the Committee on Rules, and it leaks out tonight that despite the fact that the Senate refused permission to the committee to sit during the recess of Congress Senator Blackburn proposes to call together the committee in the fall immediately after the elections and frame some rules that will enable the administration Democrats in the Senate to get through a free sugar bill, as per the agreement that was made between the two Houses, in which Senator Blackburn acted as mediator and messenger. The Kentucky Senator feels keenly the humiliation of the Senate's failure to carry out the agreement he arranged, and he proposes to redeem himself and strengthen his position in Kentucky by another attack on the sugar trust immediately upon the reassembling of Congress.

The story of how the Kentucky Senator acted as spokeman for a half dozen leading Senators in submitting terms by which the House of Representatives came to accept the Senate bill, even though it represented "party perfidy and dishonor" according to the President, is well known; but the fact that Senator Blackburn was himself duped and now finds himself in rather an embarrassing position in the eyes of his constituents in not succeeding in carrying out his promises to the House conferrees is not so well known. Indeed, Senator Blackburn now openly states he was authorized by Gorman, Brice, and others to conduct negotiations with Gen. Catchings and Speaker Crisp which led them to surrender to the Senate on the guarantee that the pop-gun bills would be voted on in the Senate before an adjournment was had. This was not done because the Murphy resolution declaring it was not expedient to have any more tariff legislation passed the Senate with the help of some of the men who had agreed to stand by Blackburn and his agreement with the House people. Further than this, the Kentucky Senator is angry because he has been duped and because Senator Blanchard of Louisiana was instrumental in having permission of the Senate refused the Committee on Rules to sit during the recess because of fear that a closure proposition might be reported.

Senator Blackburn said today he intended to see to it that his part of the contract with the House would yet be carried out, even if it were necessary to change the rules of the Senate to do so. Senator Harris of Tennessee also intimated something would be done to correct the situation in which the Democrats find themselves in the Senate. The Kentucky Senator said that the Committee on Rules would get together early in November, when Senator Aldrich stated he would return from Europe and would try and fix up a code of rules that would serve to head off the sugar trust.

***

The Indian Bureau of the Interior Department is getting some interesting reading these days in the reports from Assistant Indian Commissioner Frank C. Armstrong, who is making a personal inspection of the tribes. Assistant Commissioner Armstrong is well qualified for this work, as he was born in the Choctaw Nation. His father, Maj. William Armstrong of the old army, was a Tennesseean and a personal and military friend of Gen. Jackson, who, in 1833, made him agent to the five tribes just then settled in the Indian Territory. There the present Assistant Commissioner was born and learned to speak Choctaw, Cherokee, Chickasaw, and Creek, as well as English. He is the only Indian official of his rank the government has ever had who could talk to five different tribes in the vernacular of each.

The question Commissioner Armstrong has found the most difficult to adjust is that of furnishing beef rations to the Indians. The contractors have usually declared there were from 25 to 33 per cent more Indians than really existed. Take the case of the Cheyennes and Arapahoes as an example. Certain beef contractors said there were 5,000 Indians on the reservations. No census could be taken because the contractors told the head men this was just a plan to reduce their meat, bread, and sugar. On the basis of 5,000 souls the cattle contractor could feed all the red men there were and still make 75 per cent on those not in existence but that were supposed to be. How to settle this question without trouble Gen. Armstrong did not see. Finally he tried the following: Every Indian entitled to draw rations had a little square brass tag attached to his clothing. "No one without the tag can get any beef, sugar, or bread," he announced. The contractors were furious but the agent happened to be an army Captain. He enforced the order. The Indians were all lined up and then numbered tags put on. Instead of 5,000 there were between 3,300 and 3,400. Then the danger was that the live beef ration would be reduced in weight. But the agent has a sturdy Sergeant superintending the cattle-weighing and he keeps the keys to the scales. So now it has really come to pass that the contractors for the tribes thus far inspected are doing what they gave bond to do, and doing it, too, in an honest fashion.

Only the Southern Indians, those of the Indian Territory and along the Southern route—the Comanches, Lipous, Arapahoes, and Cheyennes, and the tribes farther to the Southwest, the Navajoes, and Uncomphagre Utes, have been thoroughly inspected. Gen. Armstrong has changed many things. The Indian trader is not now permitted to sell ammunition at all times and wherever he likes for the gentle savage to murder the white settler with. All this question of ammunition selling is carefully regulated. As for whisky it is not allowed to be sold at all. If found among a trader's stock it is destroyed and the trader's license to live among the Indians revoked, and he is compelled to leave at once.

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Ex-Senator A. J. O'Connor of La Salle, Ill., came on from Illinois this afternoon. Mr. O'Connor is at present receiver of the Consolidated Bank of San Diego, Cal., having been appointed by Controller Eckels about a year ago. Mr. O'Connor said he came down to Washington for a few days to see Mr. Eckels on a little business pertaining to banking affairs in California. Speaking of the political situation in Illinois he said:

"I have been away from Illinois for nearly a year and have almost lost track of the way things are running in the State. I have been in Illinois nearly six weeks, however, and during that time I have come to the conclusion that the Democrats are in a pretty bad way. I think MacVeagh is the best man the Democrats could have nominated for Senator and I am sure he will make a better race than Gen. Black would. He is in my opinion the ablest man in Cook County."

"Don't you think Mayor Hopkins is the leader of the Democracy in Cook County?"

"He thinks he is the leader, but he is mistaken. I will not be a candidate for reëlection this fall, owing to the fact that I am not sufficiently improved in health to get out into the district and make a personal fight, and that is what is needed in a district like the one I have been representing. I think, however, if a good Democrat is nominated and makes a personal canvass of the district he will be elected. I had a majority of 1,200 two years ago, but I don't think the district will give any Democrat a majority like that this fall."

"What do you think the chances are for Democratic success in Illinois this fall?"

"You can't tell, it all depends upon the labor vote. The laboring class of people are dissatisfied, from what I can learn, and there is no telling what ticket they will vote."

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Col. Adelbert R. Buffington, Ordnance Department, has been ordered to proceed from Rock Island, Ill., to Fort Riley, Kas., on official business pertaining to the examination of the carriages of the light batteries stationed at that post and upon the completion of this duty will return to his proper station.

By direction of the Acting Secretary of War Private John H. Jones, Troop C, Third Cavalry, now with his troop at Fort Riley, Kas., having enlisted under false pretenses, will be discharged without honor from the service of the United States on receipt of the order by the commanding officer of his station. Under the regulations he is not entitled to pay or allowance and the final statements, except for deposits or detained pay, will not be furnished him.

Capt. Stanhope E. Blunt, now at Springfield Arsenal, and Capt. James Rockwell Jr., now at Watervliet Arsenal, have been ordered to change places.

Capt. MacNutt, Ordnance Department, has been ordered to inspect the armor-piercing shot now being made at Reading, Pa. Charles B. Stivers, who was appointed Captain of infantry in pursuance of a special act of Congress, is retired as of date Dec. 30, 1864.

Leaves and extensions have been granted to Lieut.-Col. James Henton, Twenty-third Infantry; Capt. Thomas K. Smith, Twenty-third Infantry; Capt. Paul Clendenin, Assistant Surgeon, and Lieut. Eugene L. Loveridge, Fourteenth Infantry. First-Lieut. Millard F. Waltz, Twelfth Infantry; Second-Lieuts. John S. Winn, Second Cavalry; Solomon P. Vestal, Fifth Cavalry; Charles A. Hedekin, Third Cavalry; Bard P. Schenck, Twelfth Infantry; Samuel A. Smoke, Eighteenth Infantry; Frank H. Albright, Ninth Infantry; Frederick D. Evans, Eighteenth Infantry; James Baylies, Fifth Infantry; William C. Neary, Third Infantry; George A. Detchmendy, Sixth Infantry; Earl C. Carnahan, Twelfth Infantry; Walter L. Taylor and Archibald Cabaniss, Twentieth Infantry, and Alexander L. Dade, Tenth Cavalry, have been ordered to Fort Leavenworth to take their examinations for promotion. The board meets Sept. 26.

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Pensions were granted to Illinoisans today as follows: Original—Jehu Buckingham, Chicago; Lydia A. Wilson (nurse), Wenona. Supplemental—John Flaherty, Princeville. Restoration and reissued—Thomas Sutherland, Carterville. Renewal—Silas E. Payne, Mattoon. Increase—John Mingles, Keithsburg. Reissued—Sumner B. Knox, Aledo; William Naughton, Edwardsville; Edward L. Price, Bloomington. Original, widows—Bridget Hilgert, Galena; Jane Noble (mother), Volo.

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Fourth-class Postmasters were appointed in Western States today as follows: Illinois—Exeter, E. H. Perry. Michigan—Wallaceville, S. E. Wallace. Ohio—Batson, F. O. Kranz; Dawes, William Beaver; Fillmore, A. H. Knowles. Wisconsin—Pike Lake, Anton Milanowsky.

GENERAL NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

White House and Grounds Being Repaired During Cleveland's Absence.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The White House and grounds are undergoing some much needed repairs during the stay of the President and Mrs. Cleveland at Gray Gables. The old stone side walk leading from Pennsylvania avenue to the front entrance of the White House, which has been down for nearly half a century and had got so full of holes that it was almost dangerous to walk on a dark night, is being taken up and replaced with the finest kind of New Hampshire granite. The work is being done under the supervision of Col. Wilson, Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds.

Statement as to Sugar Imports.

Consul-General Williams of Havana has forwarded to the State Department a statement showing the exports of sugar and molasses from Cuba for the six months ending June 30, 1894. During that period there has been exported 828,311 tons of sugar, of which 792,394 tons were sent to the United States. The molasses exported for the same was 31,675 tons, of which 26,569 tons were sent to the United States. The United States has taken 95.56 per cent of the sugar crop of Cuba. The increased export for 1894 over 1893 was 273,479 tons.

Change in Military Stations.

A War Department authority says David's Island will not be a recruiting rendezvous, but simply an artillery station, all recruits east of Columbus, O., being collected there. Columbus is to be a full regimental post and a large rendezvous besides. Present indications point to the Seventeenth Infantry as the regiment to be stationed there. Gen. Schofield refuses to discuss the matter except to say it was known changes were under contemplation.

Dishonest Postal Officials Arrested.

The arrest of Peter de Yo, Assistant Postmaster at Moriah Center, N. Y., charged with rifling registered letters, was reported to the Postoffice Department today. Inspector-in-Charge McMechen has also caused the arrest at Greeley, Colo., of Clem Duvall for postal thefts. Duvall pleaded guilty at a preliminary examination, and has been held in $500 for the grand jury.

Washington Briefs.

The cash balance in the Treasury today was $127,091,584, of which $55,887,347 was gold.

The United States dispatch boat Dolphin, with Secretary of the Navy Herbert and party on board, left its anchorage at the Charlestown Navy Yard early today, bound for New London. On the trip Secretary Herbert will stop at Gray Gables and visit Grover Cleveland.

GERMAN METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Officers and Committees Named and Addresses Made.

The first session of the Chicago German conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church was held yesterday at the Centennial German Methodist Church, Sheffield avenue and Wellington street. Bishop Vincennes made the opening address. Next came the celebration of the Lord's Supper, at which Bishop Vincennes was assisted by the three Presiding Elders of the conference, B. Lambert, A. H. Lomke, and J. Berger. The three Elders made brief reports of the work in their respective districts. The following officers were appointed:

Bishop Vincennes, Chairman; C. F. Morf, Secretary; J. Hubert, Conference Treasurer; and C. Apfelbach, Missionary Treasurer.

The committees were appointed as follows:

Sunday Schools—C. F. Albert, W. Weber, W. Rogge.
Education—J. E. Miller, F. Ruider, and C. Qweal.
Tract Cause—J. Schott, A. H. Kapplin, Schnekae.
Bible Cause—A. Drescher, J. Bemert, H. F. Schmidt.
Temperance—A. Peter, F. Karnopp, A. F. Ludwig.
Orphan Asylums—P. Ruh, A. Furstenau, W. Keller.
German Publications—J. F. Romoser, Dr. C. A. Leeber, C. Roehl.
Traveling Expenses—W. J. Weber, H. F. Muller, S. Maddsick.
Freedman's Aid—A. C. Keyser, A. H. Flinger, W. Karnopp.
Postoffice—A. Held, S. Maddsick, C. Kuk.
Resolutions—A. Furstenau, W. Esslinger, A. H. Kopplin.
Conference Relations—B. Becker, G. L. Limper, J. E. Mueller.
Church Extension—H. Meyer, W. Weber, S. F. Fritz.
Public Worship—Presiding Elders of Chicago District and preachers in Chicago churches.
Sabbath Observance—A. N. Wieting, A. Meixner, H. Loeppert.
Epworth League—F. C. Gruetzmacher, H. Meyer, J. Muk.
Deaconess' Cause—J. Schaeffer, J. Beinert, J. A. Mulfinger.
Claims of Book Concerns—H. Karnopp, A. M. Wieting, F. F. Kleugky.
New York Book Concern—W. Esslinger, J. A. Mulfinger.

In the afternoon there were a number of committee meetings and an address by Dr. Hart of the Church Extension Society on behalf of that organization. The Educational Society met in the evening and was addressed by a number of speakers.

MANY PICTURES IN COLORS FRAMED.

Supplements of "The Sunday Tribune" Which Adorn Many Homes.

If any evidence were needed of the popularity of THE CHICAGO SUNDAY TRIBUNE and of the beauty of the pictures in colors which are given with the paper it could be found in the reports of the sales of frames for the pictures made by five Chicago houses—The Fair, Siegel, Cooper & Co., Mandel Bros., A. H. Revell, and Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. These houses have the frames specially made for the pictures and the sales of frames since the colored supplements were first issued, several months ago, exceed in number 130,000. This great number represents only the frame sales of five houses and does not take it into account the tens of thousands framed elsewhere nor the hundreds of thousands that have been laid away in portfolios. The most popular picture yet issued by THE TRIBUNE was apparently that of Aug. 26, Murillo's "Magdalene." The sale of frames for that picture by the five houses named was phenomenal, reaching in ten days the number of 20,450. Those in charge of the sales at the different stores in the order mentioned—Messrs. Nichols, Kessner, Schwartz, Delevan, and Goodrich—said the "Magdalene" picture was popular without precedent, the calls for frames being incessant. The picture of the "Brave Old Kearsarge" was a great favorite. There was a sentiment aroused when the ship went down on Roncador Reef and people wanted a handsome and lasting memorial of one of the last and most famous of the wooden ships of war. They went in crowds to get the frames of the striking picture of the sea.

SMOKE BELCHES OUT.

WHILE THE INSPECTOR IS AWAY THE NUISANCE IS HERE.

Mr. Adams Is in Washington, Where He Is Said to Be Preparing for Great Reforms—In the Meantime, However, There Is No Chance for the Pall to Be Lifted from Unfortunate Chicago—River Tugs the Worst Offenders—Smokeless Fuel Ideas.

While Inspector Adams is in Washington getting pointers, the smoke nuisance goes along as if nothing had ever been done to stop it. This fact applies more particularly to the tug boats than any other smoke-making industry. It is noticeable in them because only a short time ago, as nearly everybody has occasion to remember, inventors came along with newly discovered remedies that were simply going to revolutionize matters at once and give the people relief. Since the first splurge they seem to have dropped out of sight.

G. S. Spring introduced some sort of chemical compound for wetting down coal, and a Mr. Harris was around talking up the great advantage he had found in an article called "smokeless soft coal." The experiment with Mr. Spring's chemical invention was made Aug. 3 on the tug Mollie Spencer and the fuel used was hard coal screenings. It was first treated to a solution of the compound, then thrown into one of the boat's furnaces, while an equal quantity of soft coal slack was put into the opposite furnace. When the latter had burned down the chemically treated screenings were making a hot fire and hardly any smoke, which fact caused the vesselmen to look with some favor upon the scheme. Since then no further tests have been made.

Tests on Engines.

The smokeless coal was given a trial by Inspector Adams and Superintendent of Machinery Riley of the Michigan Central on an engine between Chicago and Michigan City, and, according to such reports as were made of it, proved fairly successful. The same fuel was also tested on the tug Protection of the Vessel-Owners' Towing company, and while neither Mr. Adams nor the tug owners were satisfied with the coal as a smokeless fuel for tugs the former at that time thought its adoption would go a long way toward abating the nuisance. So far as can be ascertained, since the test nothing has been done toward putting this coal into general and practical use.

Attention seems to have been drawn away from it to the question of introducing oil as a clean and comparatively cheap fuel for tugs. And it is this question that Inspector Adams, so his assistant says, is now in Washington looking after. He went there to counteract any plea the tug-owners might make against using oil. If it should finally be accepted by the Inspector as the most feasible solution of the smoke problem and tugmen should be compelled to substitute the oil for coal, of course it would be necessary for them to equip their boats with oil burners in the place of coal burners. This they don't want to do if such a thing can be avoided. And it probably will be, for at a conference held Aug. 31 between Mayor Hopkins and Prosecutor Asay on the part of the city and six of the tug-owners, with Kickham Scanlan, their attorney, the Mayor agreed with them that the use of oil had not proved to be practical. He admitted the experiments of Inspector Adams with oil as fuel for use on tugs had not been satisfactory and agreed to continue the present cases for violation of the smoke ordinance brought against the owners by Mr. Adams and Prosecutor Asay. The owners said, however, it might be shown in the future that oil is practical, and when this is done they will be ready to adopt it without delay.

Will Look Up Coke.

While in the East Mr. Adams will also make some investigations on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, where coke is said to be in successful use as an excellent smokeless fuel for locomotives. He wants to find out whether this article would answer the purpose as well on tugs, where the nuisance seems much harder to abate than anywhere else in the city. It was said at his office yesterday that until he returns matters will be allowed to rest.

It is not known, therefore, and probably won't be known for some time whether the Harris smokeless coal and the Spring chemical compound are failures or successes. The brief tests they had were of course on the dress parade order and under the most favorable conditions. On the tug trial this coal was not exactly smokeless, but Inspector Adams said it was certainly 60 per cent better than the ordinary coal used by the towing companies. Every time the boilers were fired a heavy volume of smoke would roll out of the stack from thirty to forty seconds. But it was not of the dense black variety, consequently not nearly as offensive as the kind that comes from ordinary soft coal. Temporarily, therefore, the smoking goes on as usual. At the Smoke Inspector's office great things are promised upon his return.

Low Rate Excursions.

On Sept. 11 and 25 and Oct. 9 the Northwestern line will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to points west, north, and northwest at exceedingly low rates. For tickets and full information apply at No. 208 Clark street or passenger station, Wells and Kinzie streets.

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Kenyon Military Academy, Gambier, O.

Mr. H. N. Hills, Regent, will be at the Leland Hotel, Chicago, Tuesday, Sept. 11th, from 3 to 5 p. m., where he will be glad to meet any one desiring information about the Academy, and to arrange for the admission of pupils for the ensuing school year.

Kenwood Institute.

Day and Boarding School for Girls. 5001 Lake-av. (Kenwood), Chicago. AN AFFILIATED ACADEMY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO. This institute will enter upon its ninth year Wednesday, Sept. 26, 1894. Graduates from this school are received WITHOUT EXAMINATION at Madison University, Ann Arbor, Mich., Vassar, Smith, and Wellesley Colleges. For catalogue and information address MISS A. E. BUTTS, Principal.

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CHANGE IN SENTIMENT

WHEAT MAKES A SHOW OF INDEPENDENT STRENGTH.

A Full Cent Advance Scored in the Active Future—Corn Makes Twice the Gain on Near-by Deliveries—Receipts Smaller All the Way Around—Talk About Forthcoming Government Report Makes Corn Shorts Nervous—Wheat Feeding Stories Having Their Effect on Market.

For the first time in a number of days sufficient strength was developed in wheat to influence corn. Corn has long been the dominant factor, with wheat responding feebly to advances and breaking sharply on corn reactions. The elements in the wheat situation have not changed materially, but the local scalpers who have been bearish, finding the market did not give under them, shifted their position. The great drought was known and thoroughly discussed for a month before it started the professional shorts to cover. The "tip" that the September government report would show a decline in condition of 10 points has been out for a week, but was not taken seriously in the market until Tuesday. Professionals have been showing the same indifference to wheat feeding advices and to features favorable to wheat at the present low prices. The turn in the wheat sentiment was not developed until well along in the day. The opening was a shade better than the close of the day before on the strength shown in corn and the prospect was for another day of sympatetic markets. The routine news in the aggregate was favorable to better prices. Primary points had 916,700 bu, Chicago contributing 249,600 bu, Minneapolis 247,200 bu, and Duluth 148,300 bu. To offset this clearances equivalent to 633,000 bu in wheat and flour were reported. The flour exports amounted to 76,611 brls.

Local receipts were 306 cars, against an estimate of 340, and the estimate for today was light at 214. There are plenty of supporters of the theory that we have experienced the big end of the wheat movement and that receipts will soon show a falling off. The estimate of today's car lots of wheat, corn, and oats was only 624, and with such receipts the elevator people ought to be able to turn themselves. The out-inspection was unimportant, but wheat is being worked for shipment and a few charters were reported. Northwestern car lots overran last year's figures by 147 cars. Continental cables were firm and British cables showed little change. Berlin quoted wheat 1¼ marks higher, Paris wheat 20 centimes and flour 40@80 centimes higher. There was some selling by Northwestern interests, but only against receipts there. New York tried to scalp on the short side, and was anything but successful. Trading was quite well distributed, but increased in volume toward the close when wheat became for the time strong independent of corn movements, and in fact aided in an upturn in the coarse grain. Seaverns was supposed to be an extensive buyer, and some good-sized short lines were covered through brokers with some effort made to hide the identity of the holders. December wheat sold up to 57c early, toned up ⅜c on the late whirl, and closed at top figures. May sold up from 62@62⅛c at the close.

May Corn Closes at 56c.

There was a big speculative interest in corn and the day's advance of 2c for October and September and of 1⅜c for May indicates the feeling among traders. Top prices were registered right at the close with good covering by shorts. The selling was by local longs and by country holders, most of the stuff put out having a good profit in it. Local receipts at 345 cars overran the estimate by 20 cars. Primary points had 396,600 bu, Chicago with 341,800 bu getting the lion's share of it. No receipts were reported at St. Louis and only 31,200 bu at Peoria. The receiving, shipping, and elevator people, who are nearest the cash stuff, were credited with the buying along with the discomfited shorts. May corn opened above the previous close and advanced to 55⅝c. The selling of a big line by a house supposed to be operating for outside people held the market down for some little time, but the final upturn, with the show of strength in wheat, carried the future to a close at 56c, with sales an ⅛c higher. The market is hinging on the forthcoming crop report, and the estimates being made are anything but reassuring to shorts. Closing public cables quoted Liverpool futures ½@¾d higher. Rains were reported in Kansas, Illinois, and Missouri, and more is predicted by the Washington forecast for Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, and Kansas, but fair in Iowa and Nebraska. Rains are not helping the crop condition at this late date, and at some points where heavy are said to be detrimental to the maturing grain. At any rate they are interfering to some extent with farmers' deliveries of corn. September corn closed 58⅜c, or ⅛c above the October delivery.

Hog receipts were 20,000, as against an estimate of 25,000, with the market fairly active and 5c higher on good lots. Products were easy, however, on continued sales by packers. The only strength in the provision market was developed toward the close on the strength in grain. January deliveries opened full up to or above the close of Wednesday. These figures were not sustained and the improvement at the close, with a few exceptions, carried prices little over the opening. September pork, which opened at $13.95, sold up to $14.25 at the close. January pork closed at $14.02½, lard at $8.15, and ribs at $7.15. The week's packing is placed at 190,000 hogs, against 220,000 last year.

Oats Following Corn at a Distance.

Oats plodded on up the hill following corn, although the market did not respond to the lead of the latter to an extent that some of the bulls thought it ought to. An advance of ⅛@⅜c had been scored up to within a few minutes of the close, when more liberal offerings rendered the feeling about ⅛c easier. The sentiment among the corn shorts proved somewhat contagious among oats shorts, and a fair amount of covering lifted the price. The firmer tone of cash stuff also had its influence. Receipts at 206 cars were about as expected, and the expectation for today is 185 cars. Irwin-Green were the prominent sellers. Withdrawals from store were 50,000 bu, and charters were made for 65,000 bu to Buffalo. September ranged at 29⅞@30⅛c, resting at 30⅛@30¼c, or ⅜@½c higher. October sold down to 30⅜c, up to 31⅛c, and ended at 31c bid, an advance of ⅜c. May sold at 35¼@36c, resting at 35⅞c, ⅜c up.

Rye partook of the better feeling in wheat and corn. Arrivals were again meager at four cars and sellers had the advantage. The shipping demand was tame, but that from other quarters was good. No. 2 to go to store went at 47c, an advance of ½c. Samples of No. 2 ranged at 47½@48c. Buyers of futures were present and raised their bids ¼@½c, but offerings were not forthcoming to any extent. For September 47¼c was bid, October 48½c, and December sold late at 51c, or 1c higher. Receipts are coming forward so slowly that shorts seem disinclined to put out lines at present prices.

Cash barley acted just a trifle heavy, although the range of prices were about the same as Wednesday. Receipts was much lighter at 63 cars, 19 cars being No. 2. No. 2 sold by sample at 56½c, and some extra quality went at 57c. No. 2 sold on the regular market at 55@56½c. No. 3 ranged at 52@56c, and No. 4 at 50@52c. The softness of the cash market was not reflected in futures. The demand for the latter was good and October gained ⅜c, selling early at 55c, and closing with 54⅞c bid and 55c asked.

Flaxseed advanced 1½c for cash and ¼@1⅛c for futures. Receipts continued moderate at 76 cars, rendering holders firmer in sentiment, with a prospect of rainy weather making receipts lighter. Business was moderate at the advance. A few cars of No. 1 Northwestern seed sold at $1.25. There were no transactions in Southwestern. The nominal figure was $1.24. September sold sparingly at $1.24 and ended with sellers at that, an advance of 1½c. October was $1.25 bid or 1c higher, and December advanced ⅜c, being wanted at $1.27, with $1.27½ asked. Shipments were 17,946 bu.

Timothy seed was in good demand and firm, prices ruling a shade higher. September sold at $5.30, an advance of 10c over former bids. October was quotably $5.20@5.25, or 5@10c up. Common to fair cash ranged at $4.75@5.15 and good to choice at $5.20@5.25. Prime was nominally $5.25.

Little was done in cloverseed, due to a scarcity of offerings. A few bags of good country seed sold at $8.40. Country prime was nominally $8.50, and October unchanged at $8.65.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

There are some well-informed people who claim to see manipulation in both corn and wheat. They say that the advance in wheat was engineered to form a foundation for an advance in corn on which some longs can unload handsomely. The corn market has been going up gradually and dragging wheat after it. According to this theory the corn bulls saw an opportunity to reverse this and make wheat help its neighbor in turn. An advance well maintained in the broader market of wheat would justify a further advance in corn. The corn holdings could then be sold out and later the wheat end of the deal cleaned up. The reported late wheat purchases of a man who has been one of the conspicuous corn bulls was cited as evidence corroborative of the theory outlined.

Price Current summary was as follows:

Last week has not essentially changed corn or wheat crop features. Drought conditions moderately modified in portions of West, but autumn seeding still considerably retarded. Any change in average indications of corn crop suggests reduction in total yield. Wheat not been offered freely.

Transactions in puts and calls were large and a considerable activity was manifested. Partridge sold a heavy quantity of puts on December wheat. These sold from 57⅛@57½c. Calls opened at 58⅝c, sold down to 58⅜c, up to 58⅞c, and ended at 58⅜c. Puts on May corn ranged at 55¼@55½c, resting at the outside. Calls went from 57c up to 57½c, back to 57c, and again up to 57⅜c.

The buyer for one of the largest glucose and sirup factories in the country says: "We are consuming fully double the amount of corn now that we were last year, and in spite of the advance in the raw material there is a fair profit in the output. Stocks of everything have been run down to a minimum and the people must have the goods."

F. G. Logan & Co. say: "With the strength in corn the small advance in wheat has been a disappointment. Reports from all over the country, including the Pacific coast, are that the use of wheat for cattle feed has become general. With this new avenue of consumption it should not take long to make a sixty pound bushel of wheat worth more than a fifty-six pound bushel of corn."

According to Adam Smith's "Wealth of Nations" the present price of wheat in England is the lowest since the year 1593.

Lake freights were firmer with a good demand for vessels at 1½c for wheat, 1⅜@1⅝c for corn, and 1⅛c for oats to Buffalo. Charters were made for 100,000 bu wheat, 391,000 bu corn, and 65,000 bu oats.

Baltimore advices stated that the best bid for wheat received by the largest exporter on wheat was 3c below the Baltimore market for cash wheat. No bids on corn were received.

A. C. Buell & Co. reported the sale of 10,000 bu No. 1 Northern wheat grading about No. 3 spring at 58c f. o. b. to mill.

Estimated receipts for today: Wheat 244 cars; corn, 265 cars; oats, 185 cars; hogs, 18,000.

Business in the Sample Crowd.

Cash oats were in good demand and firm. Late prices, after most of the samples had been sold, were quotably ⅛c higher. Provisions ruled steady to a shade easier. The shipping demand was only fair.

Quotations follow:

Winter wheat—In store and to go to store—No. 2 red, 53⅞@54⅛c; No. 3 red, 51⅞@52½c; No. 2 hard, 53@53½c; No. 3 hard, 51c.

On track—No. 3 red, 52@52½c; No. 2 red, 54c; No. 3 hard, 51⅛@51½c; No. 2 hard, 53½c; No. 3 white, 51c.

Free-on-board, switched, and delivered—No. 4 red, 46@49c; No. 3 red, 50@50½c.

Spring wheat—In store and to go to store—No. 2, 10,000 bu 1c over September. No. 1 Northern, 10,000 bu at 4c over September.

Corn—In store and to go to store—No. 2, 56⅝c, No. 2 yellow, 56½@58c; No. 2 white, 56⅝@58c; No. 3, 56; No. 3 yellow, 55¼@57c; No. 3 white, 56c.

On track—No. 4, 56c; No. 3, 56c; No. 3 yellow, 56⅝c; No. 2, 56⅝c; ears 60c.

Free on board and switched—No. 4, 54¼@55½c; No. 3, 56c; No. 3 yellow, 56c; No. 2, 56¾@57c; No. 2 yellow, 56c.

Billed through—No. 3, 54c; No. 3 yellow, 55c; No. 2, 54⅝c; No. 2 yellow, 55@55½c.

Oats—In store and to go to store—No. 3 white, 31⅞@32¼c; No. 2, 29⅞@31⅝c; No. 2 white, 32½c.

On track—No. 3 white, 32½c; No. 2, 30@31c; No. 2 white, 32¼@32⅜c.

Free on board and switched—No. 3, 29⅛@31c; No. 3 white, 31¼@32½c; No. 2, 31⅛c; No. 2 white, 32½@32⅞c.

Country point—No. 2 white, 31c; not graded, 31c.

Billed through—No. 3, 29⅝c; No. 3 white, 31c; No. 2, 28⅝@31c; No. 2 white, 31¼@32⅛c.

Mess pork—157 brls heavy on p. t., 850 brls at $14.05. Lard—750 tcs choice at $8.62½, 500 tcs do at $8.65, 85,000 lbs loose at $8.27½, 85,000 lbs do at $8.30, 85,000 lbs do at $8.40. Green shoulders—25,000 lbs New York cut, average 10@12 lbs, at 6⅝c. Sweet pickled bellies—25,000 lbs, average 10@12 lbs, at 9c. Short rib sides—50,000 lbs., av. 45@50 lbs., at $7.72½; 20,000 lbs., av. 49@52 lbs., at $7.75; 150,000 lbs., av. 50 lbs. or under, on p. t. Short clear sides—200 boxes, 8@10 pieces, at $18.15. Extra short clear sides—25,000 lbs., av. 30@35 lbs. at $7.75; 25,000 lbs., av. 35 lbs., at $7.82½.

PRICES ON 'CHANGE.

The following table shows the range of prices on grain and provisions:

	Closed Wednesday.	Price range yesterday.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Sept. 7, 1893.
WHEAT.				
Sept...	53⅝	53⅞@ 54⅜	54⅜	65¾
Dec...	56⅞	56⅞@ 57⅞	57⅞	69⅝
May...	61⅜	61⅝@ 62⅞	62⅞	......
CORN.				
Sept...	56⅝	56⅝@ 58⅜	58⅜	38¾
May...	54⅝	54⅝@ 56⅝	56	42⅞
OATS.				
Sept...	29⅞	29⅞@ 30⅛	30⅛	24¼
Oct...	30⅜	30⅜@ 31⅛	31	24⅞
May...	35⅜	35⅜@ 36	35⅞	30⅜
MESS PORK.				
Sept...	14.00	13.95 @14.25	14.25	14.30
Jan...	13.95	13.87½@14.05	14.02½	13.00
LARD—PER 100 LBS.				
Sept...	8.62½	8.57½@ 8.65	8.65	8.20
Jan...	8.12½	8.07½@ 8.17½	8.15	......
RIBS—BOXED 25 CENTS MORE THAN LOOSE.				
Sept...	7.65	7.62½@ 7.72½	7.72½	7.10
Jan...	7.12½	7.00@ 7.15	7.15	......

GRAIN INSPECTION.

The following grain was inspected as received in the city Wednesday by carloads:

	Contract grades.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Tot'l.
Winter wheat...	197	98	10	305
Spring wheat...	1	....	....	1
Corn...	293	49	3	345
Oats...	159	47	....	206
Rye...	2	2	....	4
Barley...	19	43	1	63
Totals...	671	239	14	924

By canal: 44,600 bu corn and 22,000 bu oats.

Inspected out: 25,000 bu wheat, 138,236 bu corn, and 50,000 bu oats.

The following shows the receipts and shipments of the articles named for 24 hours ending at 6 o'clock Wednesday evening and the corresponding day a year ago:

ARTICLES.	RECEIPTS. 1894.	RECEIPTS. 1893.	SHIPMENTS. 1894.	SHIPMENTS. 1893.
Flour, brls.	21,410	10,401	23,042	12,940
Wheat, bu.	249,674	115,271	66,177	24,425
Corn, bu.	341,830	422,131	97,946	558,994
Oats, bu.	292,380	368,327	237,580	301,967
Rye, bu.	2,600	4,659	1,300	1,300
Barley, bu.	67,800	2,418	12,488	1,890
T. seed, lbs.	332,480	481,975	215,698	518,495
C. seed, lbs.	24,230	52,650	42,606	30,319
Oth. s'd, lbs.	......	24,000	46,680	......
F. seed, bu.	51,203	22,365	10,657	49,937
B. corn, lbs.	......	15,175	1,330	19,716
Cheese, lbs.	97,745	168,350	175,780	189,530
Butter, lbs.	299,929	287,040	190,030	361,130
Hides, lbs.	183,375	237,645	611,050	469,100
Wool, lbs.	50,337	28,730	678,093	21,280

OTHER FARM PRODUCE.

Cheese Weaker—Eggs Rule Firm—Supply of Michigan Fruits Lighter.

Cheese was heavy. Cheddars and young Americas declined ⅛c. There is practically no demand for export and jobbing orders are light. The egg market was still firm. Fresh stock is somewhat scarce and all receipts are running small. Good quantities of fine stock are coming out of cold storage. While arrivals of potatoes were increased the demand was brisk enough to take everything at a slight advance. Receipts of Michigan fruits were not so heavy. They were reported 84,100 fifth bushel baskets, 9,205 half bushel baskets, 3,300 bushel crates, 800 bushel baskets, 280 kegs, and 1,400 barrels.

Among the sales of butter reported were the following: Creameries—25 and 30 tubs extras at 23⅝c; 30 tubs do at 23⅝c; 15, 25, 44, 18, 23, 30, 30, 10, 33, and 41 tubs do at 23½c; 18 and 10 tubs firsts at 23c; 15 tubs at 22½c; 10 and 11 tubs at 22c; 16 tubs at 21½c; 100 tubs seconds at 20c; 20 tubs at 19½c; 15 and 20 tubs at 19c; 13 tubs do at 17½c; 30, 50, and 10 tubs thirds at 17c; 23, 34, and 50 tubs at 16c; 13 tubs at 15c; 27 tubs at 14½c. Cold storage—10 tubs, country stored, strong, at 17c; 100 tubs, city cooler, at 20c; 88 tubs do at 21c. Dairies—12 tubs firsts at 16c; 24 tubs firsts at 17c. Ladles—15 tubs firsts at 14c. Packing stock—24 pkgs at 12c; 37 pkgs at 12½c; 30 pkgs at 13c.

The following quotations are for round lots of merchantable quality and usually from first hands:

BUTTER—Creamery: Extra separator, 23½c; firsts, 21½@23c; seconds, 17½@20c; thirds, 14@16c; Junes, 19@21c. Dairies—Fancy (Cooley's), 20c; firsts, 16@18c; seconds, 13@15c; packing stock, 12@12½c.

BUTTERINE—Extra fancy creamery, 15c per lb; fancy creamery, 14c; best dairy grades, 11c; roll and small pails, ½c additional.

BERRIES—Blackberries, 60c@$1.00 per 16 qt case; blueberries, $1.00@1.25; cranberries, $10.00 per brl.

CHEESE—New makes—Finest full-cream cheddars, 9c per lb; twins, 9⅝c; Young Americas, 10c; slightly skimmed, 7½@8c; Swiss cheese, new, 9@9½c; brick cheese, new, 8@8½c.

DRIED FRUITS—Peaches, 11c; blackberries, 7@8c; raspberries, 20½c. California dried fruits—Raisins, 90c@$1.40 per box; loose, 3½@4½c per lb; prunes, 4⅞@8⅝c, according to size; apricots, 10@12c.

CALIFORNIA GREEN FRUITS—Oranges, $3.50@4.50 per box; plums, 75c@$1.25 per 20-lb box; pears, Bartletts, $1.10@1.40 per 40-lb box; grapes, Tokays, $1.00@1.25 per half case; Muscats, $1.00@1.25; peaches, 50@70c per 20-lb box.

EGGS—Fresh candled stock 15@15½c.

GREEN FRUITS—Apples, good to choice, $1.25@2.25 per brl; fancy Duchess and Johnathans, $2.00@2.50 per brl; bananas, common to fair, 40@75c; good to choice, $1.00@1.25; grapes, Concords, 12@16c per 8-lb basket; Michigan peaches, 10@25c per 1-5 bu basket; plums, 20@30c per 1-5 bu basket; pears, 35@50c per ⅓ bu basket; watermelons, $75.00@80.00 per car; muskmelons, gems, 15@20c per ⅓ bu basket; lemons, common to choice, $3.60@4.50 per box; fancies, $5.00@6.00; Siberian crabs, 50c per bu.

HAY—Receipts, 1,018 tons; shipments, 83 tons. Supply large and consists mostly of common and medium grades for which there is very little demand. Strictly choice hay wanted and market firm. Sales were: On track—No. 1 timothy, 2 cars at $10.00, 1 car at $10.25, 3 cars choice at $10.50, 2 cars fancy at $10.75, 2 cars at $11.00. Prairie hay—2 cars Illinois at $7.00, 4 cars Indiana at $6.50, 5 cars at $7.00, 2 cars choice at $7.50, 3 cars at $8.00, 1 car Kansas at $8.50, 2 cars at $9.00, 1 car choice at $10.00, 2 cars very fancy at $10.75, 1 car Iowa at $8.00, 1 car at $9.00, 2 cars choice at $10.00, 3 cars fancy at $10.50. Free on board and switched—Prairie hay—3 cars Indiana at $8.00, 1 car Kansas at $10.00, 3 cars fancy at $10.50.

HIDES—No. 1 green salted, 4¼c per lb; No. 2 do, 3¼c; No. 1 calfskins, 8c; No. 2 do, 6½c; No. 1 kip, 5⅝@6c; No. 2 do, 4½@5c; No. 1 country tallow, 5c per lb; No. 2 do, 4½c.

POULTRY—Old hens, 7½c per lb; springs, 9@9½c; roosters, 4½c; turkeys, 6@8c; ducks, 7@8c; geese, full-feathered, $4.00@6.00 per doz.

POTATOES—Rose, 70@72c per bu; Hebrons, 70@75c per bu. Sweet potatoes—Jerseys, $3.25@3.50 per brl.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, home grown, $1.00@1.25 per crate; beets, 75c@$1.00 per brl; cucumbers, home grown, 8@10c per doz; parsley, 10@15c per doz; watercress, 25c; celery, 75c@$1.25 per box; radishes, 20@25c per doz; lettuce, 90c per case; string beans, green and wax, 50c@$1.00 per sack; tomatoes, home grown, 40@60c per bu baskets; cauliflower, fancy, 75c@$1.00 per doz; onions, home grown, $1.75@2.00 per brl; sweet corn, 50c per sack.

WHISKY—Firm on the basis of $1.33.

PETROLEUM—Dull; united closed 82⅞c. At Oil City, Pa.—Oil opened at 82⅞c; highest, 83c; lowest, 82⅞c; closed, 83c. Sales, 3,000; clearances, 52,000; shipments, 77,083; runs, 85,068.

PRODUCE MARKETS EAST AND WEST.

Prices and Movements of Grain and Provisions.

New York, Sept. 6.—GRAIN—Wheat—Exports, 161,120 bu; receipts, 383,400 bu. Spot quiet, but prices well sustained, exporters taking 6 loads, chiefly No. 2 red, f. o. b. at 2c under December. Futures fairly active and stronger. The exports of wheat today from the four chief Atlantic ports were 288,140 bu, against 412,655 bu a year ago.

Corn—Exports, 742 bu; receipts, 7,000 bu. Spot scarce and held higher, but quiet. Sales, 12,000 bu f. o. b. afloat at 66c; do in store, quoted at 65c; do afloat, 65½@66c. Futures fairly active and higher.

Oats—Exports, 100 bu; receipts, 226,600 bu. Spot active and stronger. Sales 40,000 bu No. 2 white, 36⅝@37c in elevator and 38c afloat; September do, 36⅛c; October do, 37½c; 5,000 bu No. 3 do, 36@36½c; 80,000 bu No. 2 mixed, 33⅞@34¼c in elevator and 34½c afloat; 33,000 bu ungraded, 37@41c for white and 34@35c for mixed. Futures were active and stronger. Rye nominal. Official sales:

Months.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.	Last night.
WHEAT.					
September	58 1-16	58⅝	57 15-16	58⅝	58
December	61⅛	61 11-16	60 15-16	61⅝	61
May	......	66½	66	66½	65⅞
CORN.					
September	63	64¼	63	64½	62⅞
October	62⅞	64¼	62⅞	64¼	62⅞
November	62⅛	63⅞	62⅛	63⅞	61⅞
December	59½	61	59 3-16	61	58⅞
May	58½	60	58⅞	60	57⅞
OATS.					
September	34⅛	34⅜	34	34⅜	34
October	35	36⅜	34 15-16	35⅝	35
November	......	36⅝	36	36⅝	36
December	37½	37⅝	37	37⅝	37
May	40⅛	40⅜	40⅛	40⅜	40

BUTTER—Best, 24c.

CHEESE—Large fancy, 10¼@10⅝c.

EGGS—Steady at 17½c.

SUGARS—Raws remain firm at 3⅜c for 96° test centrifugals, 3⅛c for 89° test muscovado, and 2⅞c for 89° test molasses sugar. Refined fairly active and steady.

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 6.—WHEAT—The receipts of wheat were 247,230 bu today. Shipments, 17,760 bu. The market was not particularly active at first and the range of quotations was narrow for futures but strength developed later. Prices advanced ½c to ⅝c at the close above yesterday's closing prices. The advance was purely sympathetic and moved up with the corn. Local conditions showed no important changes. Farmers were marketing freely in the country and receipts at terminal points in the Northwest continue large. Further accumulation is going on in country elevators as the weather is good for moving wheat and farmers are disposed to sell freely at present prices, although considerable wheat is being stored by them in country elevators to hold for a few days for possible advances. Mills are running freely, though not so heavily as a week ago, and were grinding at the rate of 160,000 bu for the twenty-four hours. The market closed: September, 54⅛c; December, 55⅛c; May, 59⅞c. Old September sold at 56⅝c; old hard, on track, 58⅞; No. 1 Northern, 57c. New wheat on track was about 2c under the price of old. The tendency from this time forward, it is supposed, will be towards a narrowing of the premium of old wheat, as some of the new wheat is getting into condition to use. There was moderate selling for December by interior elevator companies, although they are trying to move out their wheat about as fast as received, if it is possible, as cash wheat and December wheat are very near the same price, a condition which seldom exists. Flour was firm in sympathy with wheat and millers asked from $3.20 to $3.45 for patents; $2.00 to $2.25 for bakers'. The production was estimated at 39,000 brls. for the twenty-four hours; shipments were 38,638 brls.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 6.—GRAIN—Wheat steady; spot and month, 55⅝@55⅞c; October, 56⅝@56⅞c; December, 58⅛@58⅞c; May, 54@54½c; steamer, No. 2 red, 53@53⅛c. Receipts, 50,408 bu; shipments, 62,000 bu; stock, 1,043,467 bu; sales, 64,000 bu; milling wheat, by sample, 56@56½c. Corn—Dull; spot and month, 59⅛c bid; year, 56⅛c bid. Receipts, 664 bu; stock, 39,727 bu; sales, 1,000 bu; Southern white corn, 59c; do yellow, 60@61c. Oats—Quiet and steady; No. 2 white Western, 35⅛@36c; No. 2 mixed, do, 33⅛@34c. Receipts, 13,517 bu; stock, 193,408 bu. Rye—Firm and steady; No. 2, 51c. Receipts, 663 bu; stock, 14,356 bu.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 6.—GRAIN—Wheat higher; No. 1 hard, cash, and September, 55⅛c; No. 1 Northern, cash and September, 56⅝c; December, 57c; May, 61⅛c; No. 2 Northern, cash, 53⅛c; No. 3, 50⅛c; rejected, 47⅛c. To arrive—No. 1 Northern, new, 55⅝c; old, 56⅛c. Rye—45c. Flax—$1.22. Oats—No. 2, 31⅛c; No. 3, 31c. Car inspection today—Wheat, 388; oats, 2; flax, 18; barley, 12; rye, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 148,364 bu; barley, 9,879 bu; flax, 6,195 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 315,098 bu.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 6.—GRAIN—Wheat active; No. 2 hard, 47c; No. 3 hard, 46c; No. 2 red, 46½@47c; No. 3 red, 45@46c; rejected, 43@44c. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed, 52½@53c; No. 2 white, 52½c. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed, 30⅞@31½c; No. 2 white, 35c. BUTTER—Firm; creamery, 19@23c; dairy, 16@18c. EGGS—Weak, steady; strictly fresh, 12c. Receipts—Wheat, 35,500 bu; corn, none; oats, 2,400 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 13,400 bu; corn, none; oats, none.

Toledo, O., Sept. 6.—GRAIN—Wheat—Active, higher; No. 2 cash and September, 54c; October, 54⅝@54½c; December, 57⅛c; May, 62c. Corn—Dull, firm; No. 2 mixed, 56⅛c; No. 3 yellow, 56½c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 mixed, 30c; No. 2 white, 33½c. Rye—Dull; cash, 47½c. Receipts—Wheat, 115,000 bu; corn, 3,500 bu; oats, 9,500 bu; rye, 3,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 44,500 bu; corn, 2,000 bu.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 6.—GRAIN—Corn—Steady; No. 2, 55½c; No. 3, 54⅜c. Oats—Firm, higher; No. 2 white, 30⅞@31⅛c; No. 3 white, 30⅞@31c. Rye—None. WHISKY—Firm; highwines basis, $1.33. Receipts—Corn, 31,200 bu; oats, 27,500 bu; barley, 1,400 bu. Shipments—Corn, 1,950 bu; oats, 40,700 bu; barley, 3,500 bu.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 6.—GRAIN—Wheat—Gained ⅝c forced on by corn; No. 2 red cash, 50⅛c; September, 50⅝c; December, 54⅛c; May, 60c. Corn—Gained 1⅝c on crop prospects; No. 2 mixed, cash, 55½c; September, 56⅛c; October, 56c; December, 51⅝c; May, 52⅝@52⅞c.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 6.—GRAIN—Wheat—Good buying; No. 2 red, 55⅛@56c; No. 1 white, 60c. Corn—Small receipts; market strong; No. 2 yellow, 61c; No. 3, 61½c; No. 2 corn, 60½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 34⅝c; No. 3 white, 34c; No. 2 mixed, 32c.

Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 6.—RESIN—Firm; strained, 85c; good, 90c. SPIRITS—Firm, 26c bid. TAR—Steady, $1.05. TURPENTINE—Quiet; hard, $1.00; soft, $1.60; virgin, $1.90.

FOREIGN PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat at Liverpool Steady and Corn Firm, with Demand Poor.

Liverpool, Sept. 6.—BREADSTUFFS—Wheat steady, demand poor; No. 2 red winter, 4s 4d; do spring, 4s 7d. Corn firm; demand poor; new mixed, spot, 5s 1¾d; futures firm; demand moderate; September, 5s 1½d; October, 5s 1½d; November, 4s 11½d. Flour steady; demand poor; St. Louis fancy winter, 5s 9d. PROVISIONS—Lard steady; demand poor; spot, 48s 9d; futures, no demand. Pork firm; demand moderate; prime mess, Western, 72s 6d; do medium, 65s. Beef firm; demand moderate; extra India mess, 77s 6d; prime mess, 62s 6d. Hams dull; demand poor; short cut, 54s 6d. Bacon firm; demand fair; Cumberland cut, 45s; short ribs, 43s; long clear, 45 lbs, 42s; long and short clear, 55 lbs, 41s 6d. Shoulders firm; 37s 6d. Cheese firm; demand moderate; finest white and colored, 50s. HOPS—At London (Pacific coast), steady; demand falling off; £2@£2 10s.

Canalboat Run Down.

The steam canalboat Imperial was sunk in the river below Rush street yesterday morning by the steamer Wyoming of the Lackawanna line. The crew of the canaler escaped without injury by jumping on the dock. The Imperial was lying in Slip B of the Illinois Central, with its bow just overlapping the end of the dock. The Wyoming came along without a tug, bound up the river, but was headed off by the steamer George T. Burroughs backing out of the next slip in front of it. The Wyoming backed hard to avoid the collision and escaped sinking the Burroughs, but sank the canalboat by crushing it against the dock.

Edward Kelly Is Missing.

Edward C. Kelly of Evanston disappeared from his home Monday, Aug. 20, and nothing has been since heard of him. He was 23 years old, was 5 feet 7 inches high, had black hair, and a sandy mustache. Mr. Kelly was married to Miss Polly Agnew of Chicago avenue last Christmas, the young couple eloping to Kenosha. They never lived together, and Kelly's wife has entered suit for divorce, claiming force and fraud was used in getting her to marry Kelly.

Prof. Ruifrok Goes to Valparaiso.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Prof. Henri W. J. Ruifrok, graduate of the Leipsic Musical Conservatory, Leipsic, Germany, and a member of the Gottschalk Musical Conservatory of Chicago, has been selected as director of the musical department of the Northern Indiana Normal School in place of Prof. R. A. Heritage, resigned.

Caused by a Cigaret.

FOND DU LAC, Wis., Sept. 6.—This morning William McMann and his wife of Saginaw, Mich., were very badly burned by the explosion of a can of gasoline. Mrs. McGann was cleaning clothing when her husband lighted a match for a cigaret, which caused the explosion. It is thought McMann will lose his life and his wife is in a dangerous condition.

PUT OUT MORE BONDS.

LAKE STREET ELEVATED NOW HAS $8,900,000 BONDS REGISTERED.

They Have Been Taken by the New Management to Fund the Floating Debt and to Provide Money for the Wabash Avenue Extension—Edison Company Starts Up Its New Plant—Damage to Diamond Match Company by Forest Fires—Irregular Stock Market.

The Lake Street Elevated company has made additional issue of $2,400,000 first mortgage bonds since the present management took possession. There are now registered $8,900,000 of these bonds. At the time the control of the road passed into the hands of the Louderback interest the outstanding bonds aggregated $6,500,000. This additional issue of $2,400,000 has been used in part to fund the floating debt, which amounted to $1,200,000, and in part to raise money for the Wabash avenue extension. The money is now in the bank, it is declared, to build that extension. The management of the road is not heralding the fact that these additional bonds have been issued, but the Registrar's books show that they have. The bonds were taken by the same interests that control the majority of the stock. It is not possible to say at what price they were sold for, but it is probable that the company transferred them at about the present market price of 57. At 60 the $2,400,000 bonds would have yielded $1,440,000. If $1,200,000 cash was used to retire the floating debt there would be left $240,000 to provide for the Wabash avenue extension. Contracts for building that extension will be let in a few days. Contractors were making estimates on the specifications yesterday. It will be remembered that the mortgage securing the Lake Street bonds does not put a limit on the aggregate issue. Bonds may be issued up to any amount at the rate of $850,000 per mile, and in addition to that bonds can be sold for other purposes specified in the mortgage.

The Chicago Edison company yesterday abandoned its Adams street station and all lights will hereafter be operated from the new Harrison station. The engines were first started in that station about a week ago and the machinery is now working smoothly. The company has just sold a large part of the plant in the Adams street building to a Cincinnati electric company. The new plant on Harrison street will, according to the design, be the most extensive electric light plant in the world. It will eventually have a capacity of 400,000 lamps burning at one time. The capacity of the works as they stand at present is 125,000 lights. The management has high hopes of economical production in this new plant. Oil is used for fuel and the most improved type of machinery and engines has been put in. The company looks forward to the reduction in the price charged consumers before a great while, and with the cheapened production and the great increase in capacity it is believed that much greater profits can be made with a lower scale of prices. The methods of the Chicago Edison company in meeting competition are not perhaps such as to excite admiration for their justice, but they are effective in getting the company an almost complete monopoly of the field. The company cuts down prices in the territory of any new company to a point that simply does not permit the new company to live. There have recently been several failures of small companies on the South Side, and the Coöperative Electric Light company, the assets of which were purchased by the Edison people not long ago, was never permitted to run at a profit because the Edison people put in rates in the territory that the Coöperative company supplied to so low a point that lights could not be furnished profitably. The Edison company has a ninety-nine year lease of its Adams street property at $8,000 a year without revaluation. That lease will now be sold.

Diamond Match stock broke sharply on fear of losses sustained by the company in forest fires. The officers of the company make light of this damage and take the exceedingly cheerful view that the company has been benefited rather than injured because the fire has only burned off the bark from the trees and that will save the company the expense of removing the bark. One insider who spends much time trying to convince Stock Exchange operators that Diamond Match should always advance became so enthusiastic yesterday in denying these rumors of fire loss that he declared that if all the timber the Diamond Match company owns and all its plants should be burned up the profits of a single year would replace the loss. The annual profits of the company are about $1,350,000, and it would be unkind to think this statement is correct, putting as it does the assets of a company with $9,000,000 stock outstanding at so low a figure. There was inside support in the market yesterday afternoon at 126, and the stock did not go below that figure.

Alley Elevated stock again made a new record yesterday, dropping to 5. It reacted slightly and closed at 5½. The stock seems to be without friends and without hope for the future. There is scarcely any one on the floor of the exchange who has a good word for elevated securities these days, and the only thing that can be seen in Alley Elevated is a possible assessment in a reorganization scheme. It is getting low enough to gamble in, however, and the exchange is not without people who are willing to gamble when their loss is limited to $5 a share at the outside. Lake Street stock was inactive, but rather heavy.

Calumet Dock continues decidedly strong. It jumped two points yesterday, selling up to 58½, and was strong at that quotation. Some of the recent buying has been by insiders, so they claim there is nothing special in the situation to produce an immediate advance. It is remembered, however, that the company now has no liability ahead of the common stock, and that as soon as money enough has accumulated dividends may be paid. Any large sale might immediately be followed by a dividend and even without any sales the money coming in from deferred payment may be equal before a great while to warrant a dividend payment.

West Chicago Street railroad stock was active, but in spite of the exceedingly bullish opinions expressed by the President of the company it failed to advance. Jamieson was a heavy buyer, and he was buying ostensibly for Philadelphia. It is said that Philadelphia is full of bull tips on the stock, and that the public is coming in some there. The Chicago public is still leaving the stock severely alone, and Mr. Yerkes' loyalty to the property does not stir up any interest among investors. The investors generally have pretty well made up their minds that they had best wait and see what the outcome of the introduction of electric motive power and the opening of elevated competition will be. It is not improbable that the market will see little real investment in the stock before some definite data on those questions can be obtained.

There seems to be a good many differences to harmonize before any combinations can be made among the independent breweries. Some progress is being made with the brewers' agreement, but that simply undertakes to limit the output and advance the price of beer. The scheme for merging the independent breweries into a new company is received with a good deal of doubt, however. It seems certain that English investors cannot be induced to put more money into Chicago breweries, and if any scheme of this kind is to be carried through it will have to be carried through with Chicago money.

Distillers' stock was weaker in New York yesterday. All the prominent people connected with it were in New York attending a meeting, and Wall street was prepared for unfavorable develpments.

Sterling rates continue heavy. Posted rates were reduced yesterday and quotations were lower all along the line. Closing prices were as follows:

	Sixties.	Demand.
Actual	485	486½
Posted	484¾	486
Documentary	483½	485

A statement of the Union National Bank for Aug. 31 is as follows:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$4,819,618.45
United States bonds at par		50,000.00
Other stocks and bonds		244,833.94
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures		114,841.58
Due from banks (sight exchange)	$1,712,323.94	
Cash and clearing-house checks	1,275,539.15	
Due from United States Treasurer	2,250.00	
		2,990,113.09
Total		$8,219,407.06

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$2,000,000.00
Surplus fund		500,000.00
Undivided profits		133,118.11
Dividends unpaid		954.00
Circulation		34,050.00
Deposits { Individ'al	$2,229,272.13	
Deposits { Banks	3,321,012.82	
		5,550,284.95
Total		$8,219,407.06

Sales at the Stock Exchange were as follows:

SALES FIRST CALL—10:30 A. M.

200 Chi & S S R T Co. 7	150 W Chi St R R act.132
25 Dia M Co Ill....128¾	25 do 131⅞
100 N Y Biscuit Co... 53¾	350 do act 132
150 W C St R R act..132⅞	25 do 131⅞
50 do act 132⅛	20 do 131⅞
350 do act 132	25 Cal & Chi C & D.. 58
50 do act 131⅞	

SALES BETWEEN CALLS.

50 W C St R R act..131⅞	50 W Chi St R R act.131⅞
50 do act 131⅞	100 do act 131⅞
50 do act 131⅞	40 do 131⅞
50 do 131⅞	10 Dia M Co, Ill....127
8 do 131⅞	50 do 126¾
50 do b k 131⅞	100 N Y Bis Co s 3... 54
100 do act 131⅞	100 do 54⅛
250 do act 131⅞	
50 do act 131⅞	

BONDS.

$800 C C Ry 5 20 4½s.100⅛	$1000 N Chi C Ry 4½s 100

SALES SECOND CALL—2 P. M.

100 Cal & Chi C & D.. 58⅛	2 C P & P Co pfd.. 51
50 W Chi St R Ract.131⅞	50 C & S S R T C act 6¾
25 do 131⅞	50 do act 6
100 do act 131⅞	50 do act 5⅞
10 Dia Mat Co Ill....126	50 do act 5

BONDS.

$3000 Chicago City Railway 5 20 4½s....100¼

SALES AFTER CALLS.

100 W Chi St R R act 131⅛	5 C & S S R T Co.. 5⅞
250 do act....131	100 do act....5⅞
100 do act....130⅞	100 Cal & Chi C & D.. 58⅛
400 C & S S R T C act 5	50 L St El R R act.. 16⅞
100 do act....5⅞	

BONDS.

$1000 Consumers Gas 5....80⅞

Clearings at the principal cities of the United States yesterday and a week ago were:

	Sept. 6.	Aug. 30.
New York	$85,104,418	$68,332,541
Chicago	17,753,000	12,269,000
Boston	12,756,305	10,926,435
Philadelphia	9,440,830	7,810,335
St. Louis	3,912,726	2,444,942
Baltimore	2,430,044	1,586,926
New Orleans	773,956	690,387

New York exchange was quoted as follows yesterday: Chicago, 50c discount; St. Louis 25c discount.

SUGAR AND WHISKY THE FEATURES.

Speculative Interest in Wall Street Centers on These Stocks.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The speculative interest today centered largely in American Sugar Refining and Distilling and Cattle Feeding, the former figuring for 83,183 and the latter for 37,616 in a total for the whole list of 234,512 shares. Sugar was manipulated on the strength of rumors in regard to the forthcoming dividend. On a story that the rate for the current quarter would be cut in half the stock ran off 2, then 102½, while later the price was run up to 106 on a report that the directors would meet Tuesday next for the purpose of declaring the usual 3 per cent, or at the rate of 12 per cent per annum. It is to be said that the buying was for the account of those who are intimate with the powers that be, and that wagers were offered with the odds decidedly in favor of the bulls on the dividend question. While the stock has been practically boycotted by conservative traders, there are many operators or gamblers who are fascinated by the rapid movements, which furnish quick returns pretty much the same as are afforded by the gaming table. The stock is under complete control, and outsiders who venture in it are mere puppets in the hands of those who know all about the contemplated moves on the speculative chessboard.

Distillers sold off from 18⅞ to 16, and there is little doubt that a batch of long stock was closed out. The decline also forced offerings on "stop" orders. Chicago was a seller and it was reported that certificates had been delivered bearing the name of Nelson Morris. The deal in distillers, like that in sugar, is altogether too deep for the average trader to contend with, and the circle of speculators in both is narrowing all the time. The general market ruled firm during the morning at an advance of anywhere from ⅜ to 1 per cent, but the grangers were afterwards subjected to a good deal of pressure, and a decline of ¼ to ⅜ from the highest ensued. The net changes for the day in a majority of instances were merely fractional either way and the undertone of speculation is undeniably firm.

The improvement in railway traffic returns and the favorable outlook for general business imbue holders of securities as well as the commission houses with confidence, and the feeling in the main is bullish on the market. The Subtreasury is making only small exchanges of small notes for large. The supply of small notes at the disposal of the Treasury is temporarily exhausted, and further supply will have to be obtained from Washington. The demand among the banks is not very large and is chiefly for the South.

Money on call easy at 1 per cent. Last loan, 1. Closed 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange dull and heavy with actual business in bankers' bills at 485⅞@486 for demand and at 484⅝@485 for sixty days; posted rates, 485½@486½ and 487½; commercial bills, 484@484⅛. Silver certificates, 64⅞c.

Government bonds strong. State bonds dull.

SALES AND QUOTATIONS ON THE N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing—Sept. 6	Closing—Sept. 5
Atchison	2,600	7⅞	7⅛	7⅛	7⅞
Amn. Cot. Oil	300	34	33⅞	33⅞	34
Do pfd	100	78	78	78	77⅞
Amn. Sugar	82,300	106	102½	105⅛	104⅜
Do pfd	1,100	98⅛	97½	98	98
Amn. Tobacco	1,500	104½	103	103½	104⅛
Am. Ex.	20	112	112	112	112
Amer. Cable	220	90	90	90	......
Am. Dis. Tel.	100	46	46	46	44
A. & P.	50	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	......
C. & A.	53	142	142	142	......
C., B. & Q.	14,600	78	76⅛	76⅞	77⅞
C. & N. W.	1,200	106⅞	106⅛	106⅛	106⅞
Do pfd	60	141½	141½	141½	......
C., M. & St. P.	18,400	67⅞	66⅞	66⅞	66⅛
Do pfd	600	122⅛	122⅛	122⅛	......
C., R. I. & P.	2,700	66⅛	65⅞	65⅞	66⅛
C., St. P., M. & O.	200	38⅜	38⅜	38⅜	38
Canada So.	200	53	53	53	52⅞
Ches. & Ohio	2,400	21	20⅞	20⅞	21⅛
C., St. P., M. & M.	15	105	105	105	......
C., C., C. & St. L.	700	40⅞	40⅛	40⅞	41
Do pfd	60	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	......
Columbus & H. V.	100	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	......
Do Coal & I.	100	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	......
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	100	123	123	123	123⅛
Chicago Gas	13,000	75⅛	74⅛	74⅞	74⅞
D., L. & W.	900	168⅞	168⅛	168⅛	168⅞
Del. & Hud.	900	135	134⅞	135	135
D. & R. G. pfd.	300	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞	36
Dist. & C. F. Co.	37,400	18⅞	16	16⅛	18⅞
Edison	25	105	105	105	......
East Tenn.	300	12	12	12	11⅞
Do 2d pfd	500	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	......
Gen. Elec.	900	41⅛	40⅛	40⅞	41⅜
G. B., W. & St. P.	100	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	......
Iowa Cent.	20	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	......
Do pfd	40	33	33	33	......
Lake Shore	500	136	135⅞	135⅞	137
Louis'& Nash	4,600	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛
Long Island	269	88	87½	88	......
L. E. & W.	600	19	18⅞	18⅞	19⅛
Do pfd	900	73⅞	73	73½	72⅞
L., N. A. & C. pfd.	37	25	25	25	......
Long Island Trac.	300	15⅛	14⅞	14⅞	14⅜
Laclede Gas pfd	100	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞	72
M., K. & T.	100	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	15
Do pfd	100	23⅜	23⅞	23⅞	24
Manhattan	200	120	120	120	120
Mob. & Ohio	100	21	21	21	21
Mo Pac	1,200	30⅞	30⅛	30⅞	30⅛
N. Y. & N. E.	1,000	27⅛	26⅛	26⅛	27⅞
Nor. Pac	800	5⅞	5⅜	5⅞	5⅞
Do pfd	1,300	21⅞	21	21	21⅞
N. Y., L. E. & W.	900	16⅞	16⅜	16⅜	16⅞
N. Y. Cent.	500	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅞
Norfolk & W.	2,100	8⅜	8⅜	8⅞	9
Do pfd	400	26⅞	26½	26½	26⅛
N. Y., Sus. & W.	200	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
North Amn. Co.	1,200	4⅛	4⅞	4⅛	4⅛
N. Y., Ont. & W.	300	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅞
Nat. Lead	3,200	44⅞	43½	44	43⅞
N. Y., C. & St. L.	100	28	28	28	......
Ogn. S. Line	200	7⅞	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
Ogn. Impvt	200	18	17⅞	18	18⅞
Phila. & Reading	700	21⅛	21⅜	21⅛	21⅞
Pullman	100	159	159	159	160
P., D. & E.	600	4⅛	4	4⅛	4⅛
P., C., C. & St. L.	1,700	20⅞	20	20⅞	20⅛
Do pfd	600	53⅞	52½	52⅜	52⅞
Rich. Term.	6,200	19⅞	18⅞	19	19
Southern Ry.	1,800	14⅛	14	14⅛	14⅛
Do pfd	1,000	42⅜	42⅜	42	42⅜
So. Pac.	600	21	20⅞	20⅞	21
St. L. & S. W.	650	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5
Do pfd	700	10⅞	10	10	10
Tex. Pac.	1,100	10⅞	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
U. S. Ex.	100	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	......
Union Pac	400	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	14⅜
U. S. Cordage	700	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜	19
U. S. Leather pfd.	800	63⅛	62⅞	62⅞	63⅞
W. & L. E.	200	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
Do pfd	500	46⅛	45⅞	46	46⅜
Wabash	300	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
Do pfd	1,700	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞	17
Western Union	4,500	91⅝	90⅞	91⅝	91⅜
Wis Cent.	200	4½	4½	4½	......

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams....148	Fargo....116
American....110	United States....50

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 5s, reg. 119	U. S. 4s, reg....114
U. S. 5s, coup....119	U. S. 4s, coup....115

BOND TRANSACTIONS

10 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

50000 Va 6s dfd tr... 8¼@8⅜	5000 NP c tr n....19¾
6000 ACO8s....114¾@114¾	25000 NP&M Is....37@38⅝
58000 Atch 4s....72⅛@72⅝	1000 OSList....93
5000 B&O 5s 1885-1925 ..114	31000 Or Im cn 5s....60@60⅝
25000 C&Ogn4½s.... 76⅞@77⅛	8000 OSL6s....87
1000 C&O-R&Ad 1st cn cn 4s....91⅛	3000 P&E inc....18
14000 CB&Q c 1s. 120¾@121¼	5000 P&R 2d pf in....25⅛
5000 CB&Q Nebex 4s.... 89@89⅛	1000 P & R 3d....20⅛
1000 CB&Qdb5s....99⅛	1000 P&Rgm4s....79⅞
1000 CSP M & O cn....124⅛	7000 P of M 1s4s. 98⅛@99⅛
20000 CM4s....25⅛@26	5000 P&W1st....84
12000 C & N P 1st tr 5s. 45½@46	30000 R T 5s tr....33@35⅛
5000 CIStL&C 4s....95	8000 R T 6s....68@68⅛
5000 C&El gen 5s....100⅛	1000 R&D 6s....116
3000 C & IC 1st....100	1000 RW&Ocn....116⅛
10000 CRI&Pex5srg....99⅛	3000 SL&IM 2d....106
5000 Edison E5s....107⅞	4000 SL&IM 5s....79
10000 E T V & G c g 5s..104⅛	1000 SL&IM 5s gt....79
9000 FW&DC 1st. 76⅛@77	21000 SL&SW1st....60@60⅛
10000 GH&SAM&Pdb5s 91⅛@91⅞	21000 SLSW2d inc.. 19@19⅛
26000 IllC4s-1953.... 99⅞@99⅛	3000 SL&SFgm5s....84
11000 I&GN1sts....113	8000 SPM&M2d..118⅞@119
5000 K P 6s of 1895....103⅞	8000 SA&AP4s....56⅛
1000 KP6s-DD asst....106	2000 SV&NE4s....75
22000 La Gas 5s... 88⅛@88⅛	6000 SLS & E 1st tr....50
1000 L&N con....111⅞	20006 So Ry 5p.... 88⅞@89
10000 LI1st....112	13000 TexP 1st5s.. 87⅛@87⅞
5000 LNA&C con....96	5000 TexP2d in....27⅛
4000 MK&T1st4s. 80⅛@80⅛	43000 UE1 1st....91⅛@93⅛
10000 MK&T2d....44⅞	7000 U SC1st....80⅞@81
46000 MK&T6s.... 73@74	5000 US L 6s....109
10000 MLS&W ex 5s....108	13000 UE1 1st....91⅛
10000 M&SL1st-Equp6s124	2000 UP of '96....105
1500 M&Ogm.... 64⅛@64⅞	4000 U P 1st of 1898....106
7000 NYO&Wrf4s 86⅞@87	2000 UP exsf 8s....98
20000 N&W g m....116	3000 UPL&C1st....45
19000 NM 1st....103⅞@103⅛	2000 UPD&G1st....41
5000 NP1st cp....112	5000 UP sf....79
3000 N P 2d cp....89	1000 VM gm stpd....94⅞
42000 NP3d cp.... 62⅛@63⅛	5000 WNY& P 2d tr....25⅞
35000 N P co tr....30	1000 Wab db-SrB....27
111000 NPcon 5s.... 32@32⅞	23000 Wab1st5s....105⅞@105⅛
	10000 Wab2d5s....73@73⅞
	9000 WS gt 4s ..104⅛@104⅛
	1000 WSgt 4s rg....102⅛
	10000 Wis C 1st.... 58⅛@58⅛

2 TO 3 P. M.

1000 AD&I 5s....113	5000 N Y C& St L4s...101⅞
30000 Atch 4s.... 72⅛@72⅛	1000 NYLE&Wn 2d cn-D & M ctfs....77
20000 Atch 2d.... 24⅞@25	4600 NYO&Wrf 4s 86⅛@86⅞
3000 B&O5sof1885.1925.112	10000 NP 2d cp....88⅛
2000 B & 7th1st cons..110	10000 NP3d cp tr.. 62⅞@63
4000 CRI&Pdb5s....99	23000 NP con 5s.. 31⅞@32
1000 D&RG4s....79⅞	10000 NP col tr n....79⅛
5000 E T&G con gd5s..104⅛	8000 P of M 1st 4s 98⅞@99
1000 I&GN 2d mg....67	3000 R T col tr 5s tr.... 33⅛@33⅞
1000 LNA&C cons....95⅛	5000 StL&IM5s....80
1000 Mex Int 1st 4s 70⅛@70⅛	6000 SP of C 5s cn....92
1000 MK&T4s....80	9000 T&P 2d.... 26⅞@27
5000 MK&T of 5s....73⅛	10000 TP&W4s....71
13000 MP1stC5s.... 68@70	21000 Wab 1st 5s....105⅞
1000 NYC1st cp....127	
10000 NYC1st rg....127	

BOSTON.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 6.—Stock sales and quotations:

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Atchison	1,275	7¾	7⅞	7⅛	7⅛
Amn. Sugar	14,600	104	105⅜	102⅞	105⅛
Do pfd	325	98	98⅜	98	98⅜
Bell Tel.	25	202	202⅛	202	202
C., B. & Q.	3,500	77⅝	78	76⅞	76⅞
Chi. Junct. Ry. pfd.	100	100	100	100	100
Genl. Elec.	50	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝
Oregon S. Line	350	8	8	7⅞	7⅞
Westingh'use Elec	3,100	35⅞	36	35⅝	35⅝
Do pfd	125	52⅞	53	52⅝	53
Wis. Cent.	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾

BONDS.

$5,000 Atch. 2ds....25 | $1,000 C. B. & Q. conv..102

MINING STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Chollar, 15c; Crown Point, 65c; Consolidated California and Virginia, $3.75; Deadwood, 50c; Gould and Curry, 60c; Hale and Norcross, 55c; Homestake, $13.50; Mexican, 95c; Ontario, $6.00; Ophir, $2.00; Plymouth, 10c; Sierra Nevada, 90c; Standard, $1.15; Union Consolidated, 60c; Yellow Jacket, 50c; Iron Silver, 10c; Quicksilver, $1.50; Quicksilver preferred, $14.00; Bulwer, 15c.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 6.—Allouez Mining Co., $50.00; Atlantic, $10.50; Boston and Montana, $26.50; Butte and Boston, $10.00; Calumet and Hecla, $290.00; Centennial, $50.00; Franklin, $9.25; Kearsarge, $6.00; Osceola, $23.00; Quincy, $88.00; Tamarack, $160.00.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 6.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows: Alta, 23c; Belcher, 82c; Best and Belcher, $1.35; Bodie consolidated, $1.50; Bulwer, 17c; Chollar, 22c; Consolidated California and Virginia, $4.25; Crown Point, 75c; Eureka consolidated, 25c; Gould & Curry, 19c; Hale & Norcross, 69c; Mexican, $1.15; Mono, 30c; Mount Diablo, 10c; Ophir, $2.30; Potosi, 65c; Savage, 65c; Sierra Nevada, $1.05; Union consolidated, 71c; Utah, 6c; Yellow Jacket, 70c.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS IN EUROPE.

Profit Taking Continues, but Prices Still Hold Their Own.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—Profit taking continues and the public for the moment has returned to the investment markets. Still prices hold their ground wonderfully and recover after each relapse. An adverse feature is the fall of silver on sales from America. This is unfortunate, because the general rise in prices had been helped by the firmness of silver and Eastern exchanges. South Americans are still rising and the gold premium there falling.

The Bank of England's return today was featureless. The coin and bullion decreased £72,000, although £147,000 were imported during the week. The state of the balance was due to cash gone into circulation at the end of the month. The gold movements for the week were £90,000 in bars bought, £170,000 imported from Australia, and £120,000 exported to Egypt.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—Three per cent rentes 104f 25c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 18½c for checks.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France issued today shows the following changes as compared with the previous account: Notes in circulation, decrease, 1,025,000 francs; treasury account current, decrease, 116,500,000 francs; gold in hand, increase, 3,400,000 francs, bills discounted, decrease, 101,550,000 francs; silver in hand, decrease, 2,675,000 francs.

LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Best Grades of Cattle and Hogs Rule Strong and Higher.

Chicago receipts and shipments of live stock for dates mentioned:

Dates.	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Receipts—				
Monday, Sept. 3	25,658	1,411	24,765	9,596
Tuesday, Sept. 4	5,823	703	14,019	13,395
Wednesday, Sept. 5	18,097	1,065	22,997	9,453
Thursday, Sept. 6	13,000	800	20,000	8,000
Week thus far	62,576	3,979	81,781	40,444
Same per'd last w'k	55,917	4,570	80,278	41,711
Same period 1893	54,902	5,295	100,124	53,967
Shipments—				
Monday, Sept. 3	3,513	17	6,865	......
Tuesday, Sept. 4	3,194	8	8,476	724
Wednesday, Sept. 5	4,151	191	8,444	......
Thursday, Sept. 6	3,500	......	9,000	1,000
Week thus far	14,358	217	32,785	1,724
Same per'd last w'k	17,296	311	34,995	2,803
Same period 1893	12,196	187	33,242	5,021

Today's receipts are estimated at 7,500 cattle, 18,000 hogs, and 8,000 sheep.

CATTLE—The best grades of cattle ruled strong to a shade higher, while the commoner grades were no better than steady, and grassy natives hard to sell. Sixty-eight 1,574@1,685-lb steers sold at $6.00; some averaging 1,530 lbs at $5.95; and 1,040@1,875-lb natives at $2.90@5.90; bulk, $4.50@5.60. Ten 1,875-lb steers sold at $5.15; some averaging 1,734 lbs at $5.85; and 1,312 lbs at $5.85. Western rangers sold at $2.00@3.50 for cows and $2.80@4.65 for steers. Through Texas steers, 743@993 lbs, $2.55@2.90; native cows and heifers, $1.00@3.10; bulls, $1.25@3.60; veal calves, $2.50@5.25; stockers and feeders, $1.90@3.50.

HOGS—The best heavy grades ruled strong to 5c higher and other grades weak to 5c lower. Trade was fairly active and the finish weak, with 8,000 common hogs left in the pens. Heavy sold at $5.40@6.50, bulk $5.75@6.25; mixed and butchers', $5.50@6.35, bulk $5.85@6.15; light, $5.50@6.30, bulk $5.90@6.20; pigs, $3.50@5.75.

SHEEP—Trade was active and the better grade of lambs sold 10c higher. A lot of 913 Montana sheep, averaging 122 lbs, sold at $3.15; native sheep, 74@124 lbs, $1.00@3.50, bulk $2.65@3.10; lambs, 38@84 lbs, $1.50@4.40, only two lots above $4.15 and the bulk at $3.85@4.00.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS ELSEWHERE.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 6.—CATTLE—Receipts, 4,800; shipments, 4,500. Market strong to 10c higher. Texas steers, $2.10@3.05; beef steers, $2.75@5.80; native cows, $1.00@3.00; stockers and feeders, $1.65@3.40. HOGS—Receipts, 5,200; shipments, 3,500. Market opened strong to 10c higher, closed weak and slow. Bulk of sales, $5.50@5.95; heavies, $5.75@6.10; packers, $5.70@6.10; mixed, $5.00@5.80; lights, $5.20@5.80; pigs, $3.25@5.40. SHEEP—Receipts, 2,200; shipments, 400. Market active and strong. Good to choice natives, $2.50@3.00; good to choice Westerns, $2.00@2.50; common and stockers, $2.00@2.50; good to choice lambs, $3.00@4.00.

New York, Sept. 6.—BEEVES—Receipts, 402; none on sale. European cables quote American steers at 11@11⅝c dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 8½@9c. Exports today none. Calves—Receipts, 650; veals very stead; other calves weak. Veals, poor to prime, $5.00@7.00; buttermilk calves, $2.50@2.75; grassers, $2.25@2.35; light Western calves, $5.00. SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 6,907; on sale, 30 cars. Sheep firm; lambs ⅛c lower. Sheep, poor to fair, $2.00@3.25; lambs ordinary to prime, $4.00@4.75. HOGS—Receipts, 2,609; 8 cars on sale; steady; ordinary to good hogs, $6.20@6.35.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 6.—CATTLE—Receipts, 3,800 head; general market steady; exporters, $5.20@5.30; good native shipping steers, $4.00@5.25; Texas steers, $2.60@3.30; cows, $1.75@2.30. HOGS—Receipts, 4,000; quality not good; market 10@15c lower; heavy, $6.10@6.25; mixed, $5.80@6.15; light, $5.90@6.10. SHEEP—Receipts, 1,300; market firm.

Sioux City, Ia., Sept. 6.—HOGS—Receipts, 2,300; yesterday, 1,930; shipments, 915; slow, weak; sales, $5.30@5.90; bulk, $5.40@5.65. CATTLE—Receipts, 400; yesterday, 219 shipments, 227; steady.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 6.—CATTLE—Receipts, 2,500. Market strong. HOGS—Receipts, 5,100. Market steady with yesterday's close. Light, $5.25@5.65; mixed, $5.40@5.70; heavy, $5.75@6.05.

MR. WORTHY ANSWERS MR. YERKES.

The Latter's Criticism of Metropolitan "L" Affairs Taken Up.

The criticism of the Metropolitan West Side Elevated railroad by Mr. Yerkes which was printed in THE TRIBUNE of yesterday has stirred up the indignation of the officials of that company. The charge that the building of the road was a fraudulently and dishonestly conducted enterprise was indignantly denied by John Worthy, President of the road. "Mr. Yerkes' statements are too silly to deserve notice," said Mr. Worthy. "He has been talking nonsense. Everybody knows there never was any enterprise of the kind originated and carried out in the City of Chicago that bore more decided evidence of good faith on its face that the Metropolitan 'L.' It has been pushed with marvelous rapidity notwithstanding the many apparently insurmountable obstacles that have been thrown in its way. Mr. Yerkes knows something about those things. It must be remembered we had to purchase every foot of our right of way and had lengthy condemnation suits to prosecute before we could secure it. I do not think Mr. Yerkes' talk will have any effect on the value of our securites. He says the road was built for the sole purpose of selling securities. If he had taken the trouble to inform himself he would have discovered there is not, nor has there been, any considerable amount of our securities on the market. In talking about the earnings of the road Mr. Yerkes would do well to wait until it is in operation."

MONTH'S WORK OF HUMANE AGENTS.

Report of Investigations and Prosecutions by the Illinois Society.

The Illinois Humane Society acknowledges the receipt of $145 from the contributors for the month of August. A written acknowledgment is sent from the office to each contributor. If any person who has contributed has not received such acknowledgment please notify the office at once. The society reports its work for the last month as follows: Investigated 422 complaints; rescued and remedied the condition of forty-three children; surrendered ten children to institutions by court on petitions; placed thirty children in institutions temporarily; prosecuted one for cruelty to children; prosecuted ten for cruelty to animals; laid up forty-four horses unfit for service; removed nine disabled animals by ambulance; killed thirty-one incurable and abandoned animals; reprimanded ninety-two teamsters and others; and imposed $299 in fines.

Bicycle Dealer Is Missing.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 6.—Howard White, the leading bicycle dealer of Trenton, is missing and his store is in the hands of officers on an attachment served against him as an absconding debtor. He is said to be indebted to one Western firm to the amount of $2,700.

PLENTY OF PEACHES.

MICHIGAN CROP THROWN ON THE MARKET IN ABUNDANCE.

Crop Not Unusually Large, but the Hot Weather Is Ripening the Fruit All at Once—Prices Are Low—Immense Boatloads Arrive—California Peach Trade Slow at Present—Michigan Article as Good for Cooking and Canning Purposes—Busy on South Water Street.

Great quantities of peaches are coming into Chicago these days, and dealers on South Water street say there never was a time when this particular kind of fruit sold so cheaply. At present the large shipments come from St. Joseph, Benton Harbor, South Haven, Saugatuck, Douglas, Ganges, and other points in Michigan, along the east shore of Lake Michigan. Monday's receipts from those places were: 75,000 small or one-fifth bushel baskets, 5,400 half bushel baskets, and 700 bushel baskets. These receipts are almost double those of any one day last week and the indications now are that the next few days will witness still greater shipments.

It is said that owing to the continuous hot weather in that generally favored peach belt the fruit is ripening very fast and unless it can be marketed right away much of the crop, which is heavy and of fairly good quality, will spoil on the growers' hands and be lost. The wholesale prices ranged from 15 to 25 cents a basket for the one-fifth bushel baskets, from 35 to 50 cents for the half bushels, and from 75 cents to $1 for the bushels. All but 17,000 baskets, which were brought by the Michigan Central railroad, came in by boat from Benton Harbor, St. Joseph, South Haven, Saugatuck, and Douglas. The docks of Graham & Co., O'Connor, and the Lake Michigan and Lake Superior Transportation company were closely crowded with boat loads of the product waiting to be carted away. The stores and the sidewalks in front of fruit dealers on South Water street were packed so full of peach baskets one could hardly make his way along the street. Michigan peaches had the call, with grapes a close second.

"Prices are terribly low, but we must sell the stuff," said J. C. Scales as he accepted an offer of 15 cents a basket for fifty small baskets of peaches.

Crop Not Unusually Large.

"The crop is not an unusually large one," continued Mr. Scales, "but it seems to be coming in all at once. Therefore prices range much below what they were last year. Nearly everything on the market now seems to be from Michigan. Owing to this fact California shipments have fallen off and only a limited quantity of California fruit is being handled. I look for the rush to continue until the middle of next week."

A. McDonald, who has been doing business on the street for twenty-seven years, said he did not remember ever having seen the peach market so demoralized as it is right now. "Continued hot and dry weather," he went on, "has caused the Michigan peach belt crop to ripen a little earlier than usual and all at one time. Take, for instance, the Crawfords, a variety we never received before the middle of September. They are coming in now along with the earlier varieties. Heretofore the trade has continued in an even sort of way up to the latter part of October, but this year the bulk of it will be over with by the middle of the present month. Furthermore there never was a time when Crawfords sold at 25 cents."

Mr. McDonald exhibited a half bushel basket of Crawfords, a particularly fine and select article, marked 40 cents, which he stated sold readily last year at $1. He thinks that if the people want cheap peaches now is the time to get them and at almost their own prices. One dealer was ready to wager a man could go over into Michigan orchards and buy all he wants to handle at 25 cents a bushel.

The total receipts from Michigan last week were 360,000 baskets. It is already predicted that this week the number will easily reach 500,000, and may go considerably above that figure. A. McDonald & Co., J. C. & C. R. Scales, C. F. Love, Parker Bros., and M. George are among the largest handlers of the Michigan crop. They average from 5,000 to 7,000 baskets apiece a day. Others handle from 500 to 3,000. Of course every firm on the street that handles fruit at all is in the swim to the extent of its room capacity now.

While the quality of these peaches averages good it is not quite up to the standard of former years. That is said to be due to the fact that the hot, dry weather caused them to ripen a little too quickly and before they had fully developed. However, dealers say the growers are uniformly particular in selecting only the best specimens for this market. As a result every basket stands the ordeal of close inspection.

California Peach Trade Slow.

As a result of the appearance of this great local crop on the market the California peach trade is rather slow at present. Porter Bros. & Watson, who make Pacific slope products a specialty, reported the receipts of California peaches had fallen off since the Michigan rush commenced about one-half. Daily receipts now are only six and seven carloads, whereas in ordinary times it requires from twelve to fourteen cars a day to supply the demand. Then again the California peaches are so much more expensive than those grown in this section that only a few people care to buy them as long as they can get the others so much cheaper. They come to the market in boxes of twenty pounds each, and sell at from 50 to 75 cents a box. This is nearly double what the Michigan half-bushels bring. For cooking and canning purposes consumers don't consider the California article worth so much more than the article raised nearer home. For this reason the demand for California is off. But the dealers say it will be on again just as soon as the local rush subsides.

A few carloads are coming in from Northern Ohio, but not enough to cut much of a figure. No one on the street says anything about Ohio peaches. It is all Michigan. The big receipts from various points by boat yesterday were: At Graham & Co.'s docks, from Benton Harbor and St. Joseph, 6,000 small baskets, 1,400 half-bushel baskets.

O'Conner's dock, from Benton Harbor and St. Joseph, 7,400 small baskets, 2,200 half-bushels.

From South Haven, 16,500 small baskets and 600 half-bushels.

From Saugatuck, Douglas, and Ganges, 11,400 small baskets and 1,200 half-bushels.

The receipts yesterday were about 100,000 baskets. The manifest sheets made out and sent around to each merchant shortly after noon every day scheduled a total of 60,000. This did not include 20,000 baskets that came in on the Michigan Central road and after the statement was made up one or two boat loads arrived. It was known, however, that they brought some 20,000 baskets. One footing showed a grand total of 103,500 baskets.

Indian Crops.

India has 27,000,000 acres in rice, 18,000,000 in wheat, 75,000,000 in other food grains, 1,800,000 in sugar cane, 251,000 in tea, 300,000 in tobacco.

GLOBE SAVINGS BANK
Dearborn and Jackson-sts.
4%
INTEREST
PAID ON SAVINGS
DEPOSITS.
SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS.
Boxes $3 and Upward per Year.

FOR RENT.
...STORE...
The 6-story and cellar building, 50x100 ft., on northwest corner of Franklin and Quincy-sts., from Oct. 1. Elevator, steam warming, etc.
B. W. THOMAS & CO.,
154-156 Lake-st.

LAMSON BROS. & CO., Commission Merchants
Grain, Provisions, Stocks, and Cotton. 6 Board of Trade, Chicago. PRIVATE WIRES.

WALL STILL A BOSS.

HE SECURES THE NOMINATION OF GOV. PECK IN WISCONSIN.

Machine Proves Too Strong to Be Beaten—Opposition to a Third Term Fails to Unite on Any Candidate—Hot Fight in the Convention Over Denouncing the Senatorial "Traitors" in the Platform—Supt. Wells Defeated for His Contest with Ely.

[*Continued from first page.*]

of Eau Claire before the convention as a candidate for Governor. This closed the nominations. It was noticeable that Peck's nomination was seconded by some one in almost every district. The petty officeholders and public papsuckers were everywhere and worked for the administration.

Peck Leads from the Start.

The informal ballot showed that Peck had strength and that Wall is still in the ascendancy. It was:

Peck	167	Judge Lees	12
Hunner	98	Gustave Wollaeger	4
Winans	71		

The formal ballot showed the Governor had a growing power, as the vote stood:

Peck	171	Winans	91
Hunner	92	Wollaeger	3

Several motions were made to adjourn during the taking of these two ballots, and after this ballot, at 7:15 o'clock an adjournment was taken for an hour.

It was after 8:30 o'clock when the convention was called to order. During the recess the Peck forces were united and on the first ballot he was again chosen to lead the Democracy of the State. The vote stood:

Peck	186	Hunner	53
Winans	119		

Gov. Peck was brought before the convention. He said: "Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention: I thank you from the bottom of my heart for this new evidence of your friendship for me. I confess that it was rather unexpected. Any man can justly feel proud to have been three times honored with the nomination for Governor of this great State. I cannot express my feelings. In 1890 the hostiles needed to be wiped out and I was chosen to lead the Democrats in their fight and the hostiles were driven to their reservation. Two years later a new chief led the young men from the reservation and I was again chosen leader and once again we drove them back on the reservation. Now a new chief is again leading the hostiles from the reservation and I am again chosen your leader. I believe the result will be the same and that they will be driven back again. The Democracy in Wisconsin is invincible, as the paper bullets and smokeless powder of public opinion have proved in the past. Again I thank you, gentlemen, for the honor you have conferred on me."

The ticket was then completed by nominating A. J. Schmitz of Manitowoc for Lieutenant-Governor, Thomas J. Cunningham for Secretary of State, John Hunner for Treasurer, J. L. O'Connor for Attorney-General. The only contest was on Superintendent of Public Instruction. The fight made by Supt. Wells on Prof. Ely cropped out. John W. Hume of Oshkosh said: "Four years ago I placed a man in nomination for this office whom I believed capable to fulfill the duties of the office, but recent developments show there are many things in which he has been found wanting, and I now desire to nominate Edward McLaughlin of Fond du Lac."

Owen Wells seconded the nomination of McLaughlin, saying he was a good campaigner and not a quarreling pedagogue. Abraham Weise nominated William H. Schulz of Baraboo. E. J. O'Malley of Oconto placed Oliver E. Wells, the present Superintendent, in nomination. His name was received with a storm of hisses. After a wrangle a recess was taken for ten minutes to give the delegates time to confer. After the recess Mr. McLaughlin of Fond du Lac withdrew his name, and the nomination of W. S. Schulz for Superintendent was made by acclamation. During the recess Oliver E. Wells was scored for the Ely incident and delegates on all sides declared if he was nominated they would bolt the nomination. T. E. Ryan presented the name of George C. Prescott of North Greenfield for the office of Railroad Commissioner. It was seconded from all sections of the State and he was nominated by acclamation.

When the convention was called to order there were not over 300 people outside of the delegates in the hall. The mighty defender of the national administration did not draw the "large crowd" that Press Agent Wall's advance notices promised. Chairman Wall called the convention to order a few minutes after 12 o'clock and announced the secretaries to be C. M. Cleary of Grant County, A. F. Worden of Winnebago, and John B. Gruger of Dunn County. He then introduced Senator William F. Vilas as the Temporary Chairman. He was greeted with applause, and for over two hours he expounded Democratic doctrine.

Senator Vilas' Speech.

Senator Vilas said in part:

Since the Democrats of Wisconsin last assembled in State convention public affairs have been full of interest and importance, as also heavy laden with trials, both to the people and their servants in office. The principles of Democracy have not only been triumphantly approved at the election but have been wonderfully, though grievously, vindicated by the misfortunes visited upon our country in the certainty of our prophecy, but in even greater severity than had been predicted.

He then referred to the difficulties imposed upon those in charge of national affairs during the last eighteen months and the still greater strain placed upon the public at large, and continued:

While they have been anxiously laboring to effect relief the air was being rent and public temper irritated by the false clamor of partisan adversaries seeking to cover their conscious responsibility for their afflicting evils. It has happened more than once in the old days of power and splendor that the Democratic party has suffered temporary reverses through some fever of irritation skillfully engendered in the "off year" between Presidential elections only to be strengthened for the victory of the succeeding contest. The adversaries of Democracy, in hopes of plucking a similar advantage from the fickleness of political fortune, have already cackled over their prospects as if the mischief were already done and the public interests were again their prey. Finding the good sense of the people not so easily overturned the fervor of their expectancy has cooled and their ardor abated. Conditions have changed in the last half of the century; means for quick popular understanding are far superior to those of the early days, and people keep pace with events as never before in history. It is to this intelligence and sober judgment that the Democracy makes its appeal.

Forebodings of the present disastrous conditions were apparent in 1884 when President Arthur sought the help of Hugh McCullough, soliciting him to take charge of the Treasury. Mr. McCullough replied that the most he could do was to postpone the evil day until after the close of the Arthur administration. This he did and handed over his portfolio to his successor with freely confessed relief. Daniel Manning, earning the gratitude of the whole country, had sacrificed his life under the burden that he had assumed. Almost from the first hour the good of the measure he adopted for strengthening the Treasury and reducing expenses was apparent, and the happiest period of business prosperity, development, and success in all directions marked the closing year of the Cleveland Administration.

This prosperity was carried over in its effects into the succeeding administration of President Harrison. The latter had an abundant revenue, with appropriations so limited by the preceding Democratic Congress that an abundant surplus for the year would ensue. The expenses of the government were provided for up to July 1, 1890, and, stated after their methods, a cash balance remained on hand of $183,827,029. This was the inheritance of thrift and management the Republicans took from the Democrats when President Harrison assumed the Presidential office in March, 1889. Never came heir more happily to a rich estate from wise and prudent ancestor. During the first two years of their administration, out of the money left them by the prudence of their predecessors, the Republicans reduced the public debt $236,627,666.10, but even this was less by nearly $105,000,000 than the reduction by Democrats.

In September, 1891, the 4½ per cent bonds fell due, but there was no money to pay them and it became necessary to effect an extension of over $20,000,000, which is still unpaid. The national bank redemption fund was turned into the Treasury to increase its account and even the silver change was counted to swell the showing. The policy of postponing liability and deferring payments was inaugurated and the business of the country was forced to contemplate the perils of a weakened Treasury, with the chances of its gaining strength growing weaker as the administration drew to a close and was enabled to deliver its burden to its successor.

Blames Republicans for Evils.

The evils that had fallen upon the country Senator Vilas attributed to the Fifty-first or so-called Billion-Dollar Congress, with all its misdeeds, its silver-purchasing law, its McKinley protection act, and its unexampled extravagance, not only in direct appropriation, but it entailing obligations yet to be discharged. The Cleveland administration had expended $878,395,116.97, exclusive of the expense of the postal department and the reduction of the public debt; the Harrison administration expended $1,202,542,771.29, thus increasing the expenditures in four years $323,847,654.42, a sum equal to the entire expenditures of the government for the four years next before the Republican party came into power. Not only this, but the Fifty-second Congress was obliged to provide $175,736,816 and the Fifty-third Congress, in the session just closed, $65,723,642 to meet the obligations imposed upon the country by the Fifty-first Congress. Here, Mr. Vilas claimed, was the cause of the national distress of 1893. A nation could no more squander its substance in riotous living and escape the penalty than any prodigal spendthrift.

Taking up the tariff question Senator Vilas said:

By the McKinley act, with its perfect prohibitions and the deliverance of protected articles made in this country by the manufacturers and trusts, although the levies made upon the people were greater than ever, the share of the government was less; favorites waxed fat, but the public Treasury was lean, and the lessened receipts from customs duties raised the increasing menace of coming bankruptcy. From $229,668,584.57 in 1890, the last complete year before McKinleyism began, the customs revenues fell to $177,452,964.15 in 1892—a presage of coming disaster—and though from special causes there was a better result in the year ending with June, 1893, the fatal drop continued during the year just past and but $132,294,242.43 had been collected at the customs houses. Thus, though every rate of duty was increased on goods of Republican favorites, the government's share of the increased taxation was reduced over $97,000,000 between the last year before McKinleyism and the last year that folly endured.

Against this falling off in revenues of the government the speaker again referred to the increased burden placed upon the country by the Fifty-first Congress and used it as an argument to show why in the year just gone bankruptcy had almost seemed to impend before new and sufficient revenue could be provided.

Takes Up the Silver Question.

The Sherman law was next taken up. The Senator said:

The National Democratic convention of 1892 accepted the designation giving it by the Democrats of Wisconsin and declared it a cowardly makeshift to ward off the loss of the Electoral votes of the Western silver States. The latter first made a demand for free coinage of silver at the old ratio of sixteen grains of silver to equal one of gold, while excessive production and other causes had continually increased the value of the white metal until in 1889 it required twenty-two grains of silver to buy one of gold, with a further fall in prospect. The proposition that the government should coin dollars at sixteen to one and give them to the mineowners who furnished the bullion implied that the value of the dollar should fall to the value of the silver in it, or if the government's credit was to support it that the government should give the silver producer the gains of coining, some 35 per cent or more. The Fifty-first Congress, equally fearing to grant or reduce this demand, devised a compromise equally pernicious, by which the government was compelled to purchase 150 tons of silver bullion a month which it had no use for, thus forcing the issue of Federal promissory notes at the rate of $4,000,000 a month. By this means the Western Republican silver States were furnished a customer at the expense of the people of the whole country.

The inevitable consequences followed. The government was set to work inflating and impairing the currency of the country. Distrust crept into the channels of business; capitalists abroad quietly pushed their American securities upon the market and gold began taking its way to foreign lands. It was another triumph of greenbackism. The silver dollar was made a legal tender, yet silver continued to decline in the market. A thousand million dollars of silver certificates had been issued which the government practically bound itself to redeem in gold, because if it redeemed them in silver it dropped the currency at once to a basis of silver monometallism, while their redemption in gold would not only impose a ruinous loss, but it was practically impossible.

Mr. Cleveland, on his return to the Presidential office, was confronted with a Treasury with $60,000,000 less of money in it; with deferred and accumulated demands to be met and appropriations to be paid during the ensuing sixteen months $75,000,000 greater in amount than there was revenue to meet them, in place of the fair prosperity and universal confidence he had left behind him; a rising distrust, a disordered currency, with a law commanding a monthly increase of its risks; gold disappearing from the country; financiers taking alarm and the storm already gathered and ready to burst. The President and the Democratic party, entering upon their trusts under such circumstances, should have had the support of all patriotic citizens.

Praises the Income Tax.

Senator Vilas then reviewed at length the difficulties that have been placed in the way of repealing the pernicious causes of the disasters by the Republican minority in Congress, beginning with the Sherman act, down to the McKinley law. The Wilson bill had required but moderate amendment to have made it an efficient measure of reform. There was so much in it, however, to give rejoicing that it had become a law notwithstanding the successful assaults that had been made upon it by the protectionists. The income tax stands most acceptable among its particular provisions and all men are compelled to confess its justice.

Senator Vilas continued:

The most grievous thing manifested in the battle for tariff reform was the power displayed by trusts and combinations—the natural enemies of Democracy—and the discovery of their hold upon some within the ranks of the Democratic party. Tariff reform will be achieved in the full measure of justice and right. It is but delayed, not defeated. A good start has been made toward retrenching expenses entailed by the Fifty-first Congress. In the salary list over 600 offices have been abolished and $700,000 annually saved thereby, while the appropriations are $28,835,989 less than those made at the last session of the preceding Congress and $50,555,491 less than those of the last session of the Fifty-first Congress.

Senator Vilas then reviewed the history of the Republican party to show that it had long ago filled its mission of usefulness and was now merely a party of opposition without any definite or controlling principle. It was willing to consort with the Populists of Alabama or the bigoted A. P. A. of Wisconsin in the desperation of its decaying life. He urged the convention to present candidates for popular choice who would honor it by faithful discharge of duty.

Edward C. Wall was made Chairman of the State Central committee.

Platform of Badger Democrats.

The platform adopted is as follows:

First—We, the Democrats of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, reaffirm the principles of the National Democratic platform of 1892.

Second—The present financial distress under which the country has suffered and is still suffering is the logical and necessary consequence of Republican class legislation and mismanagement.

Third—The new tariff law affords the country substantial relief and is a broad stride in the direction of accomplishing the results that the Democratic party has so long contended for.

Fourth—By the repeal of the Republican measure known as the Sherman silver law the money of the country is restored to a sound basis, and no proposed legislation should be entertained which does not provide that every dollar issued by the government should be of equal intrinsic and interchangeable value.

Fifth—The Constitution forbids discrimination based on religious tests. The A. P. A. and like societies violating this fundamental principle find their natural place in the ranks of the Republican party who are careless of constitutional rights, and will meet with the same rebuke at the hands of the people as the kindred movement which found expression in the Bennett law, and the Democratic party is unalterably opposed to the principles of the so-called American Protective Association and kindred un-American organizations.

Sixth—We emphasize the fact that labor has the same right to legal organization and protection as capital, and that provision should be made by arbitration or otherwise for equitable and peaceable adjustment of the difference between the wage-earner and his employer.

Seventh—We denounce as unjust and oppressive the system of maintaining Pullman stores practiced by the employers of labor, and recommend the enactment of stringent prohibitory laws calculated to prevent a continuance thereof.

Eighth—The income tax feature of the tariff bill meets our approval.

Ninth—The administration of President Cleveland has been wise, patriotic, and courageous and commends itself to the Democracy of the State.

Tenth—The action of the Democratic Senators and Representatives of Wisconsin has our hearty approbation.

Eleventh—The Democracy of Wisconsin has completely fulfilled its pledges to the people in its business-like management of State affairs. It has returned to the Treasury of the State the sum of $427,902 of the money unlawfully taken by Republican ex-Treasurers and has put into judgment the further sum of $181,015, making a total of $608,918, thus evidencing its intention that no rights of the people be relinquished. It has reduced the State tax for the present year in the sum of $742,570, or over 75 per cent, an accomplishment heretofore unheard of in the history of any State, and doubly welcome in these hard times, induced by Republican misrule. It has paid into the treasury as interest received on public funds deposited in banks the sum of over $100,000. By wise and judicious investments and permitting no selfish interests to come in conflict with duty it has increased the earnings upon the school funds since it has been in power in the sum of $161,364 over the earnings of the preceding four years of Republican management. It has shown its devotion to "the little red schoolhouse" by expending in the advancement of our educational interests $1,174,785 more than the Republican administration expended for the same purpose in the preceding four years. It has levied by way of taxes $447,345 less than the Republicans levied from 1887 to 1890. Of this magnificent record every Democrat of the State may feel justly proud.

SUGAR PLANTERS OUT

SEVER A LIFE-LONG ALLEGIANCE TO THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Convention at New Orleans Turns Into a Succession of Public Bolts to the Party of Protection—A Democratic Elector, State Officials, and Ex-Government Officials Among Those Who Join the Republican Ranks—Mason Scores MacVeagh in a Speech at Rockford, Ill.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The State convention of sugar planters this afternoon at Hotel Royal was a political sensation. With one or two exceptions all the 250 planters present have been lifelong Democrats and the majority of them are men of great political power at their homes. Every parish in the First, Second, and Third Congressional districts was represented and the men socially and financially are the cream of the sections whence they come. From the outset the convention proved political and a bitter anti-Democratic sentiment manifested itself. Individual announcement of a turn in political faith was greeted with tumultuous applause. The Chairman of the convention was Henry P. Kernochan, a personal friend of President Cleveland, and was naval officer at this port during Mr. Cleveland's first term. He made a bitter attack on the party of which he has been so long a member, called for outspoken action, and closed by declaring amid applause that hereafter he was a National Republican. Col. Henry McCall, a Cleveland Elector; Mr. John N. Pharr, State Senators Pugh and Estopinal; Mr. Horace Wilkinson, brother of Collector of Customs Wilkinson, who is Chairman of the Democratic State Central committee, and others made strong speeches advocating an alliance with the Republicans. State Senator Avery, Representative Dymond, and the two Schaefer brothers of Terrebonne Parish were the only men out of the 250 planters present who raised their voices in favor of a continuance in the Democratic party.

Mr. Howell of Assumption said the time had come for men to be men and not call themselves Democrats when they were no longer so. The negro scare fell flat today, for as long as the white race existed white supremacy would continue. The time had come for the sugar-planter to ally himself with the party of protection.

Mr. Richard McGall said: "I have only to choose between my State and my family and my party. I am going to decide against my party. Gentlemen you can understand what it costs me, a life-long Democrat, to take this attitude. You have, I have no other choice."

Senator Pugh placed himself on record by advising all sugar men at the next Congressional election to support candidates who would advocate protection.

"Sugar protection—in plain English," said the speaker, "let us vote for the Republican ticket."

The convention decided to establish a permanent sugar bureau of seven members to keep official record of sugar produced this season with the object of securing the bounty for 1894. The resolutions adopted by the convention contained a recital of the ill-treatment received by the sugar people from the Democratic party, and declared their interests hereafter lay with the party of protection. They provided for another convention to be held in this city Sept. 17 to take steps toward putting protection candidates in the field. The *City Item* says this evening:

The people of Louisiana cannot afford to let theories govern them in their material affairs. Theories are beautiful to contemplate and applied to general principles are all right, but how can a man of sense permit them to govern him in his business when they are shown to be diametrically opposed to his best interests? Four districts in Louisiana are largely interested in the sugar industry. They should select as representatives to Congress men who will stand upon the platform of their people's rights and interests and not those who succumb to the party whip as curs to that of the master. With this idea kept steadily in view we can expect to have men in the National Legislature who will truly represent us. As in city politics we can with perfect propriety break from party so in material affairs can we do the same thing.

All the other papers express considerable surprise at the action of the sugar planters, who are usually a conservative body, but in view of the fact that the sugar element controls the political situation in four of the State's Congressional districts they declare the crisis is grave.

MASON SCORES FRANKLIN MACVEAGH.

In a Speech at Rockford He Says the Candidate Is Ultra English.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—This was "Republican day" at the county fair and William E. Mason of Chicago addressed 15,000 people in the great national amphitheater at the fair grounds. Mr. Mason remarked in beginning that if Republicanism had ever been vindicated it was in the present year and if Republicans ever had a right to a day and a hearing it is now.

Referring to MacVeagh's speech last Saturday night at Central Music Hall, Chicago, Mr. Mason said it contained five lines devoted to the tariff and two columns devoted to English politics. "My wife is a fine student of the English language," remarked the speaker, "and she tells me that MacVeagh's speech is a model of faultless English. I don't know so much about that, but I do know that the politics of that speech were English pure and simple." Mr. Mason called attention to MacVeagh's statement that the Wilson bill reduced the cost of sugar and said it was like the conundrum the answer to which was that "The boy lied."

Extensive reference was made to MacVeagh's characterization of Grant, Logan, and Conkling as bosses, and the fling at Grant as a corruptionist, and these men, whom he characterized as born leaders and men of spotless honor, were contrasted with the Democratic candidate for Senator, whom he characterized as an English dude. Mr. Mason laughed at the claim of MacVeagh to have been selected by the people as a candidate, saying he was selected by one man—Hopkins.

TO SETTLE HENDERSON-MAYO MUDDLE.

Congressional Committee Meets at Streator Today—New Convention Probable.

STREATOR, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Committeemen and delegates are arriving here to attend the conference of the Congressional District committee, which convenes tomorrow to consider the Henderson-Mayo difficulty. They express themselves as favoring a new convention to let the people pass on the matter. There is a strong undercurrent of feeling among county candidates and political leaders that both Henderson and Mayo should retire and allow the people to choose a new man.

Ex-Senator Torrance says Livingston County is overwhelmingly in favor of another convention as the only means of settling the controversy which is growing bitter and acrimonious with them. If Mr. Mayo is the choice of the people they will accord him a cordial support. But if a new convention be not called they will insist on Gen. Henderson's claim to the nomination. As the matter now stands neither of the candidates can secure a certificate of nomination, hence positive action by the committee is imperative.

MINONK, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Republicans and the public generally are taking a lively interest in what will be the move on the Congressional checker-board at Streator tomorrow. D. H. Perry, the member from this county, will attend the meeting of the Congressional committee.

ONE LESSON OF VERMONT'S ELECTION.

Indications That the Next House Will Be Safely Republican.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The result of the Vermont election has proved very gratifying to the Republican Congressional committee, as it bears out its estimates as to the landslide expected next November. Vermont shows a gain of about 25 per cent, of which 23 per cent came from the Democrats. Vermont Democrats are of the old rock-ribbed variety, and it is assumed that a change of heart with them is a fair example of what is taking place all over the country. The Republican committee figures out that in something over 100 districts Democrats were elected to the present Congress on majorities of 500 or less. In a district where there are 25,000 voters it would take a Republican gain of only 2 per cent to rescue the district. In a general way it is estimated that gains throughout the country of only 6 per cent will make the next House safely Republican.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Sept. 6.—Additional returns from all the towns in the State except fifteen show that the majority for Woodbury, Republican, for Governor will be nearly if not quite 30,000.

MAXWELL ASKS FOR A MANDAMUS.

Populist Chairman Seeks to Get His Party's Nominations Filed.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Chairman A. L. Maxwell of the Populist State Central committee today applied to the Circuit Court for a writ of mandamus to compel the Secretary of State to certify to the County Clerks of the counties composing the Forty-fifth Senatorial District the names of the Populist candidates for State Senator and Representative, respectively: Jackson L. Jessup of West Liberty, Jasper County, and Charles E. Palmer of Noble, Richland County. Secretary Hinrichsen in refusing to recognize the nomination papers directed a letter to Mr. Maxwell assigning as his reasons for refusing to accept the nomination, save by petition, that the People's party in the judicial election in 1893, the "last general election," failed to cast 2 per cent of the total vote. The petition for a writ of mandamus is based on the ground that the judicial election referred to was not a general election as applied to the present case, and that the right to have the nominations certified does not depend on the vote cast at said election for these reasons:

That at the last State election the People's party cast more than 2 per cent of the entire vote; that at the last election for members of the General Assembly in the territory covered by the Forty-fifth Senatorial District it cast more than 2 per cent of all the votes cast; that the territory covered by the two districts (the Judicial and Senatorial) is not the same, and that in the present case the Secretary of State has no discretion in the matter, there being no objections filed.

BRECKINRIDGE MAY BE LAST MAN.

Indications Are That Both Owens and Settle Will Lead Him in Primaries.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The leaders of Owens and Settle respectively held their final conference in this city this afternoon. The Owens meeting was a surprise to the public and was held behind closed doors. There were in attendance about twenty prominent politicians. One of Owens' leaders said after the conference adjourned: "There is no doubt of Mr. Owens' nomination, and by an overwhelming majority. He will carry at the very lowest six out of the eight counties." The Settle meeting was largely attended by the friends of that gentleman, and on the outside they are claiming his nomination. It is now generally believed, however, that Settle will get more votes than Breckinridge and be second in the race.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 6.—A movement has been organized among the Kentucky turfmen at Latonia to go against Breckinridge for all they are worth. The night of Sept. 14 a special train will leave the Latonia race track to take the Owens men to their homes to vote against Breckinridge. It is said they have promised $25,000 to the campaign fund to beat Breckinridge should he get the nomination.

POPULISTS GIVE WAITE A PLATFORM.

Its Planks Indorse "Bloody Bridles" and Favor Free Silver Coinage.

PUEBLO, Colo., Sept. 6.—The Populist State convention adjourned at 2:30 a. m. today after completing the State ticket by the nomination of J. Warner Mills of Denver as Supreme Judge and adopting the following platform:

Standing for equal and exact justice to all, regardless of race, sex, or religious or political affiliations: the People's party of Colorado heartily indorses the principles of the Omaha platform; indorses the State administration of Colorado and the Congressional work of John C. Bell and Lafe Pence; demands the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1; protests against the issuance of government bonds in times of peace; insists that the National Government have exclusive control of all money issued by its authority; and demands the adoption of the methods of initiative and referendum and proportions to representation as a means of securing all reforms in harmony with the will of the people, whose will should be law.

MAY TRADE WITH THE POPULISTS.

South Dakota Democrats Name a Ticket Which May Be Withdrawn.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Sept. 6.—In the Democratic State convention today the proposition to fuse on Congressmen with the Populists was defeated and nominations were made as follows: W. A. Lynch of Huron, Andrew F. Connor of Hot Springs. James A. Ward of Sioux Falls was nominated for Governor. This ticket may be withdrawn later in order to aid the Populists.

YANKTON, S. D., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The nomination of James A. Ward for Governor on the Democratic State ticket at Sioux Falls today is considered equal to an admission of a trade with the Populists whereby the Democrats will at the proper time withdraw their State ticket, in return for which the Populists will help elect a Democratic United States Senator. Ward is Chairman of the State Central committee and has advocated this arrangement.

BARR OF BLOOMINGTON IS NAMED.

Democrats of the Thirteenth Illinois District Nominate Him for Congress.

URBAN, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The Democratic Congressional convention of this district met in this city today. Some of the delegates wanted to indorse Bennett, the Populist candidate, but the convention on motion of S. K. Busey nominated A. J. Barr of Bloomington by a unanimous vote. The following Congressional committee was selected: J. T. Hefferman, McLean County; A. S. Scott, Champaign; B. F. Holder, Ford; Robert Cox, Douglas; G. H. Hughes, Dewitt; H. O. Gaston, Piatt.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Dr. W. G. Eggleston, single tax candidate for Congress, has challenged George O. Barnes, the Democratic nominee, to a joint discussion, one speech to be delivered in each county seat. The challenge is the result of certain portions of the speech delivered here yesterday by Mr. Barnes.

GOV. LEWELLING STARTS A NEW ROW.

He Reopens the Leavenworth Police Muddle by Removing a Commissioner.

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Gov. Lewelling opened another row in Leavenworth police circles by removing J. B. Welch as Commissioner and appointing C. D. Coleman in his stead. Welch wrote a private letter, which was printed here Sunday, finding fault with Mrs. Blackman's management of police affairs and saying she was hurting the Populist party. Mrs. Blackman, who is stumping the State with Gov. Lewelling, showed him the letter and had her new enemy fired on short order. C. D. Coleman, the new Commissioner, is a bachelor and he probably knows enough to do as Mrs. Blackman dictates without saying or writing anything.

Montana Republicans Name a Ticket.

HELENA, Mont., Sept. 6.—The Republican State convention met here today. It was largely attended and very harmonious. There was no opposition to the renomination of Congressman Hartman and his selection was greeted with great applause. For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, Judge W. H. Hunt of Helena was nominated on the first ballot. The platform declared for the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1, independent of the action of other nations.

Mason Will Reply to MacVeagh.

The Republican meeting at Central Music Hall tomorrow evening will be under the auspices of the Cook County Republican Marching club. Ex-Congressman William E. Mason will reply to Franklin MacVeagh's Saturday night speech.

Flower and Harter Speak at Auburn.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 6.—Democratic day at the county fair brought a good attendance. Gov. Flower and Congressman M. D. Harter of Ohio were the orators.

Congressional Nominations.

Dist.	Name.	Pol.
13th Ill.	A. J. Barr	Dem.
1st N. H.	C. A. Sulloway	Dem.
6th Miss.	W. M. Denn	Dem.
9th Pa.	Atwood Pierson	Pop.
25th N. Y.	J. S. Sherman	Rep.
24th Pa.	W. A. Sipe	Dem.
6th Ky.	T. B. Matthews	Rep.
Montana	C. S. Hartman	Rep.

RAISING A BIG FUND.

DEMOCRATIC HOPES IN COOK COUNTY REST ON "BOODLE."

Heavy Assessment Being Levied on All Officeholders and Law-Breakers Who Are Enjoying the "Protection" of the City Government—E. D. Cooke Favored by the Citizens of the Sixth District for Congress—Hopkins-Ryan Ticket Falling to Pieces—General Political News.

It is apparent the Democratic managers have come to the conclusion that if they carry Cook County this fall and elect their county ticket it must be by the free use of money. The amount now on hand is larger than any sum ever collected before to carry an election in Cook County. The campaign managers freely confess they have assessed the city, county, and government employés heavily, and the gamblers are constantly complaining to friends in confidence that they have been forced to give up large sums at regular intervals. It is not understood that all the money which is turned over to "Paddy" Ryan is intended for the campaign fund, but a large per cent of it is landed there, according to reports. How this money is to be expended is worth the attention of reform organizations and even the grand jury before the election.

Even with this vast sum to aid them some of the Democratic managers fear the landslide will be so great it will overcome any advantage that may be gained through fraud. Some encouragement, however, has come to them during the last week or two on account of what they term "overhopefulness" on the part of the Republicans. They feel an honest expression of sentiment at the polls will elect the Republican ticket by a small plurality, and it is this plurality they expect to overcome by the use of money.

The colonization of voters has been arranged on different lines this year than ever before. Just as the gambling-houses have been scattered all over the city to prevent public attention from being concentrated on the down-town districts colonization will be resorted to in territory where the Republican committee is least likely to notice it. Due regard will be given, however, to establish colonization strongholds in Senatorial districts where votes are most needed.

Mayor Hopkins is giving his personal attention to every detail and not a move is made without first consulting him. The city has been divided into seventeen districts. It is claimed this was done for the purpose of organizing the party, but no good excuse was ever given out for not following regularly established geographical lines. The enemies of Mayor Hopkins in the Democratic party say this move was made for the purpose of separating them in order that they could not make a united stand against him on any proposition. Localities where they were strong were split in two and they were not given representation in the organization. In this way a march was stolen on the supporters of Gov. Altgeld.

The Chairman of the Executive committees in the various districts met yesterday and compared notes. The managers claim to be fairly well satisfied with the results thus far. Close tab is being kept on Republicans who seem to be dissatisfied and schemes will be adopted to prevent their voting the Republican ticket.

A lot of attention is to be given to getting out the full Democratic vote this fall, and a large portion of the money in the campaign fund will be spent in this way. Democrats will be fairly dragged to the polls if they show any inclination to stay at home.

EDWARD D. COOKE LEADS FOR CONGRESS

Has the Best Republicans Back of Him in the Sixth District.

Edward D. Cooke seems to be the choice of the representative Republicans and businessmen for Congress in the Sixth District. He is a lawyer, is able, and the Republicans who do not attend conventions often, but always vote and desire the district well represented, are for the most part for Mr. Cooke. "Billy" Eisfeldt, Dr. Bluthardt, and N. M. Plotke are also candidates for the place. Each has a following confined chiefly to the politicians. Justice E. C. Hamburger is also mentioned, but his candidacy, it is claimed, is opposed by many of the residents in the eastern part of the district. His main strength seems to be that he has the support of one or two influential men who are likely to have friends in the convention on account of the patronage at their disposal.

SCRAMBLE TO GET OFF THE TICKET.

Hopkins-Ryan Deal Seems to Be Falling to Pieces.

The Hopkins-Ryan ticket seems to be going to pieces. The candidate for County Clerk wrote the following to Mayor Hopkins' agent, J. J. Ryan, yesterday:

I noticed through the press that my name was placed on your ticket at Bricklayers' Hall Sept. 1, 1894, for Clerk of the Criminal Court, which I respectfully decline. I am entirely satisfied with the ticket nominated at Uhlich Hall convention, including my old friend, Dan F. Gleeson, candidate for Clerk of the Criminal Court on the People's-Party ticket. I have had all the honors of the ups and downs of a trades-unionist with the exception of being jailed. United we stand, divided we fall. Yours respectfully,
CHRISTOPHER M. LARSON.

J. J. Finnegan and James Conroyd, two of the candidates on the Commissioners' ticket, withdrew the day before. District Assembly No. 24, Knights of Labor, has adopted the following:

WHEREAS, A convention manipulated by unsavory elements of labor organizations has seen fit to pose as a People's party assemblage with a view of misleading and confusing reputable members of labor organizations,

Resolved, That District Assembly No. 24, Knights of Labor, hereby unanimously ratifies the ticket nominated by the convention of the People's party Aug. 24 at Unlich Hall and pledges itself and affiliated assemblies to support that ticket.
EDWARD J. LINDHOLM,
District Master-Workman.
A. W. SAMPSON, Secretary.

Henry D. Lloyd formally announced yesterday that he would not accept the Seventh District Congressional nomination.

Ryan's Executive Committee of Twenty-one met last night in Dick Powers' saloon, at Fifth avenue and Randolph street, and selected from a list of over 100 names the following committeemen:

First Congressional District, James Connors; Second, P. Scully; Third, Lee M. Hart; Fourth, Frank Murray; Fifth, James Nugent; Sixth, James Burns; Seventh, not selected.

First Senatorial District, Dr. Francis McNamara; Second, John McLauchlam; Third, Thomas Connors; Fourth, Horace Dowe; Fifth, George E. McDonald; Sixth, J. H. Winn; Seventh, William Schneider; Ninth, John C. Faylor; Eleventh, William Newman; Thirteenth, John P. Dugan; Fifteenth, James Kelly; Seventeenth, James Kennedy; Nineteenth, J. W. Kinnear; Twenty-first, Thomas Smith; Twenty-third, James Swarsons.

The committee will meet again tomorrow night, when the question of making the ticket strictly conform with the Hopkins ideas will be determined upon.

WOMEN DECIDE TO WORK IN HARMONY.

Protest Against an Organization Other than a Delegate One.

There was a lively meeting of the Woman's Republican Educational League at the Grand Pacific Hotel yesterday. Mrs. H. W. Crane of the Thirty-first Ward Women's Republican club questioned the right of a few women in Chicago to form an organization and set themselves up as the State organization. She insisted a State committee and even the county organization to push the campaign for the election of Mrs. Flower must be a delegated one from the localities. Mrs. A. A. Abbott, President of the league, and Miss Mary Krout were the leading speakers in attempting to reconcile the Thirty-first Ward club to adherence to the league. Miss Krout said the league was indorsed by Chairman Tanner as the official State central body, and Mrs. Crane replied that Mr. Tanner also indorsed the plan of the Thirty-first Ward club. The refractory organization agreed to furnish the league with the names of all the Republican women in the ward, and as this was all the league asked harmony prevailed. The work of the league was devoted to securing the names of willing workers in the various wards to push the ward organization and to canvass for the names of all women who will register and vote the Republican ticket.

The women of Democratic proclivities will meet in the south parlor of the Auditorium Hotel Monday to organize a Campaign committee.

A meeting of the Cook County, Englewood, and Eighteenth Ward Suffragist Associations was held at the Grand Pacific yesterday. Mrs. Brinkman of the Englewood Association presided and Miss Mary Bennett of the Eighteenth Ward was Secretary. It was deemed advisable to recommend the members to work for the election of their respective party candidates. "If we vote for all three candidates and make a fight for them," said Mrs. Hanchell, "no political party will ever nominate another woman," a sentiment which received unanimous approval.

DOCTRINE OF POPULISTS EXPOUNDED.

Twelfth Ward Meetings Will Hereafter Have Music Accompaniments.

A meeting of the Twelfth Ward Populists was held at No. 1003 West Madison street last night, Dr. Greer presiding. The purpose of the gathering was the expounding of the platform of the party, which was done at considerable length by O. A. Bishop and F. Turner. Most of those present signed their names to a petition to have the party ticket printed on the official ballot, as a precaution against the possible refusal of the Election Commissioners to recognize the Uhlich Hall convention. The platform of the party as defined at the Omaha National convention was read for the information of new-comers and afterwards that of the State convention at Springfield. It was decided that this reading of the platform should form a regular part of the business of each weekly meeting. It was also decided to enliven the proceedings at future meetings by adding musical features to the program. A. Erseman read an original poem explaining some of the salient points of Populist doctrine, and followed with a speech. From Mr. Turner's speech it appeared he didn't support all the Omaha planks, as he was an old-time protectionist and saw no reason for change; but was zealous in his advocacy of free silver and urged that the principal effort should be concentrated on that issue.

PARTIAL TICKET IS MADE UP BY A. P. A.

Leading Places Are Filled but Refusals Prevent a Completion.

The American Protective Association ticket has been partially completed. As far as made up it is as follows: For Treasurer, Samuel Biddison; for Sheriff, R. M. Johnson; for County Clerk, Dr. Carlsteen; for Criminal Court Clerk, Charles Rennecker; for Probate Court Clerk, Chris Pantz. A committee waited upon Joel M. Longenecker and asked him to accept the nomination for County Judge, but he declined. E. W. Adkinson also refused to allow the use of his name.

Waller Not a Candidate for State Senate.

R. A. Waller, ex-Commissioner of Lincoln Park, is not a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Senator in the Twenty-first Senatorial District. He said yesterday he will not accept a political office of any kind. It has been reported Mayor Hopkins induced Mr. Waller to become a candidate. The announcement created some talk among politicians and was considered to mean the relations between the Mayor and the Governor were becoming more strained. Mr. Waller says the Mayor has not even mentioned the matter to him.

For People's Party Nominations.

At a meeting of the Executive committee of the People's Party County Central committee at No. 121 Fifth avenue last night it was decided to hold the Congressional and Senatorial conventions not later than Sept. 18. It was decided to empower the subcommittee of the County Central committee to issue the call and make the basis of representation, and that committee, aided by the resident members of the State Central committee, will meet this evening for the purpose.

New Hampshire Democrats Nominate Kent.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 6.—Col. Henry O. Kent was unanimously nominated for Governor by the Democratic State convention today. The platform reaffirms the principles of the Chicago platform and congratulates "the party and the national administration upon the substantial redemption of their pledges to the country upon which the last national election was won." It indorses President Cleveland.

Want Their Share of the Spoils.

Louis Rothschild, President of the German-American Democratic club of the Twenty-fourth Ward, was at the City-Hall yesterday looking for Mayor Hopkins. He carried a petition signed by 600 members of the club. It set forth that the club had not been recognized in the distribution of the city patronage, and demanded that some offices be dealt out to it. He did not get to see the Mayor.

McLean County Republicans Active.

Ex-Gov. Fifer and ex-Lieut. Gov. Ray were callers at Republican headquarters yesterday. Mr. Fifer said the Republicans in McLean County were taking hold of the work of organization with more vim than he had seen in ten years. M. O. Williamson, Chairman of the Knox County Republican committee, had a conference with Chairman Tanner in reference to meetings in Knox County.

Dates for Republican Rallies.

Senator Cullom will speak at Robinson Sept. 12 and Republican day at the Warren County Fair at Monmouth Sept. 14. William E. Mason will also speak at Monmouth Sept. 14. Mr. Mason will probably speak at Rock Island Sept. 11, Cable Sept. 12, Keithsburg Sept. 13, Geneseo Sept. 15, and Joliet Sept. 22.

Political Notes.

There will be a meeting of the Ninth Ward Republicans at Schubert's Hall, Twelfth and Loomis streets, this evening.

The Eleventh Ward Republicans have opened headquarters at No. 544 West Madison street. The rooms will be open in the evenings.

The Swedish American Republicans of the Twenty-second Ward will meet this evening at Concordia Hall, Clybourn and Cleveland avenue.

The German-American Republican and Social club of the Second Ward will hold a meeting at Freiberg's Hall, No. 182 Twenty-second street, this evening.

The regular meeting of the Twentieth Ward Republican club will be held this evening at Northwest Turner Hall, Clybourn and Southport avenues.

At a meeting of the Cook County McKinley club the following officers were elected: A. M. Taylor, President; Charles Winter, Vice-President; Charles Weese, Treasurer; M. A. Hess, Secretary.

The Cook County Republican marching club will meet this evening at No. 146 West Madison street. Arrangements will be made to attend the William E. Mason meeting at Central Music Hall tomorrow evening.

MISCELLANEOUS SPORTING NEWS.

Work of the Racing Board.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The official work of the Racing Board of the League of American Wheelmen follows: John D. Kress, Mitchell, S. D., has been appointed additional handicapper for District No. 9. W. M. Steuber, Detroit, Mich., has been suspended from all track racing for sixty days, from Sept. 1, 1894, for competing without a permit in Canada. W. F. Anderson, Nashville, Tenn., is given permit for private record trials Sept. 20 to Sept. 30, 1894; Waltham Track, private record trials, Sept. 10 to 29; Associated Cycling clubs, to use pacemakers in trial heats, Sept. 22. The National Circuit meet, scheduled for Sept. 6 at Waltham, has been relinquished.

Hatley, Mussey, and Hersh Again Tied.

The third of the games in the roomkeepers' three-cushion carom tournament for the Brunswick-Balke-Collender company's emblem was played last night at the Superior Billiard Hall between Hatley and Mussey. The men kept close together throughout. Mussey won by a score of 50 to 42. The result makes another tie between Mussey, Hersh, and Hatley. The three men will play off in a single game of 50 points tonight at Harry Rhines' room. The score was:

Mussey—50; innings, 98; high run, 5.
Hatley—42; innings, 97; high run, 3.

Smith Ahead of Time at Rochester.

A. E. Smith, the Chicago letter-carrier, reached Rochester, N. Y., yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. In a telegram to Supt. Stoll Smith said he had 100 miles to go on the railroad ties on account of muddy roads. He was eight hours ahead of Stanwood's schedule when he reached Rochester. The Postmaster at New York has telegraphed to Postmaster Hesing that Smith will be given an enthusiastic reception when he reaches that city. Chicago carriers are already making preparations for a celebration in honor of their companion when he returns home.

Tennis Results in Denver, Colo.

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The third day in the tennis tournament witnessed the doubles well out of the woods, play in the semi-singles having been concluded. The summary:

Doubles—Wales and Gamble beat Whitehead and Canby, 6—1, 6—3, 6—0. McLeod and Ballou beat Pulling and Moore, 6—3, 5—7, 6—1, 8—6.

Singles—Wales beat Rogers, 6—2, 6—2, 6—0. Whitehead beat Brown, 6—3, 6—3, 6—2. Berger and Gamble (unfinished), 6—3, 8—6, 4—6, 3—6.

South Side in Semi-Darkness.

One-half the electric lights on the South Side shed no light during the early hours of this morning. At the power-house it was said that the trouble, somewhere in the circuit, had not been traced.

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Boys' Fashionable Attire in Readiness For Your Coming.

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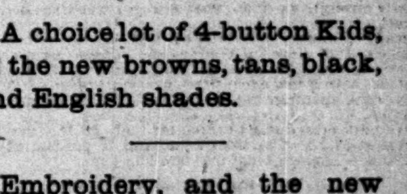

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Persons leaving the city during the summer can have "The Tribune" forwarded to them to any place in the United States or Canada without extra charge. The address may be changed as often as desired.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1894.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Travelers who may have difficulty in getting THE TRIBUNE from agents of the Union News company after Sept. 1 are requested to communicate with the publication office. Please mention date and train particularly. These complaints, when duly verified, will be forwarded to the proper railroad officials and action will be asked for. Agents of the Union News company now exact 300 per cent profit on the Chicago papers, and also insist upon returning 50 per cent of all the papers they take, although many of those returned have been sold and read once or oftener. This unfair policy THE TRIBUNE will no longer tolerate.

AND now Secretary Morton is in danger of being drowned in effigy by the irrigationists.

IF the people of Colorado deliberately re-elect Gov. Waite they don't deserve any sympathy.

ANARCHIST MOST is to go on the stage. In case of failure to elevate it by that method he can put a bomb under it.

KANSAS CITY has a paper called *The Other Side.* Its principal mission, in all probability, is to provide for the editor's inside.

THE political freshets that will raise Salt River to a good boating stage for the Democratic craft will come a little later in the season.

SIGNS are not altogether wanting that the South is preparing to get down off the saddle and hoof it to prosperity along with the procession.

MR. MACVEAGH is now engaged in demonstrating that a campaign conducted by an educated man is not necessarily a campaign of education.

EDITOR COCKRILL of the New York *Advertiser* is going South for his health. There are some places down there where it might not be healthy for him, so to speak.

THE press of Tennessee condemns in unmeasured terms the recent lynching affair near Kerrville. The Governor has offered a large reward for the apprehension of the murderers, and it looks as if Tennessee had become aroused to the enormity of such outrages against law and order. It is time.

THE death of Gen. Stoneman, ex-Governor of California and a conspicuous officer in the Union army, calls attention to the fact how rapidly the heroes of the War of the Rebellion are passing away. Gen. Stoneman's name concludes a list of thirteen Generals who have died this year—namely: Gens. Horace Brooks, Lewis Richmond, Jacob Ammen, E. F. Hincks, R. H. Cameron, J. L. Otis, H. W. Slocum, F. W. Butterfield, James B. Fry, A. J. Pleasanton, N. P. Banks, and O. L. Shepherd.

NEW YORK stocks were active and lower. The local market was irregular, features being an advance in Calumet Dock and a decline in Rapid Transit. Sterling rates were lower. New York exchange sold at 50 cents discount.—The leading produce markets were active and stronger. As compared with the latest prices of the previous day December wheat closed 1 cent higher, May corn 1⅜ cents higher, September oats ⅜ cent higher, rye ⅛ cent higher, barley steady, flaxseed 1⅛ cents higher, pork 7½ cents higher, lard 2½ cents higher, and ribs 2½ cents higher.

THE Mayor has issued his proclamation calling for relief for the sufferers by the terrible forest fires in Wisconsin and Minnesota. It is needless to recount the details of this great calamity or to describe the wretchedness of those who have survived it. Thousands have lost all they possess and must be helped to get on their feet again. The people of Chicago know what a great conflagration means. They have been through such a calamity and they have known what philanthropy and generosity mean in such a case. It is one of those instances where he who gives quickly will give twice. A quick and lavish reply should be made to the Mayor's proclamation. The contributions may be sent to Controller Ackerman who will see that they reach the proper destination. Let Chicago do her part in this noble work of helping the unfortunate sufferers in the Northwest.

AND now another scandal comes to the surface from the very center of the Four Hundred. It is not a new scandal, but it is public property for the first time. Mr. J. Coleman Drayton brings suit for divorce from his wife, Charlotte Augusta, daughter of the late William Astor, to whom he was married in 1879. His bill alleges infidelity at various periods in 1891 with Hallett Alsop Borrowe, both in New York and London, the corespondent being the party who was challenged by Drayton in 1892 because of his attentions to Mrs. Drayton. The latter has made no answer to the writ, though the time expires today. Should she make none it is possible the suit will come to an end without much further publicity—a consummation devoutly to be wished—but it only goes to show once more that money cannot purchase connubial bliss. The Four Hundred seem to be in much trouble. Even its leader, Mr. Ward McAllister, is afflicted, his son having been sued by an actress for breach of promise.

THE Pullman strike was unofficially at an end some weeks ago. Officially it was declared off by Chairman T. W. Heathcote day before yesterday, and his act has been indorsed by the officials of the local unions. Well may these leaders ask themselves what good the strike has been to them. They and their followers have lost thousands of dollars. Some of them have got back to their places, others have lost them. Some have moved away and others will do so when they can get the money. Those who have been fortunate enough to get work are approaching a hard winter with less resources to meet it than they would have had had they not given up their places. Chairman Heathcote himself, who has been their leader, Wednesday was appealing to the directors who have strike matters in charge for three dollars that he might be enabled to search for work. Meanwhile Debs, the sympathetic strike leader, is on trial for violating and encouraging others to violate the mandates of the Federal courts. Well may all these leaders, as they contemplate the trouble into which they participated their dupes and the miserable outcome of their action as it affects themselves, ask the question—"Has it paid?"

MACVEAGH ON THE SUGAR QUESTION.

The "scholar in politics," alias MacVeagh, told the Peoria Democrats that "sugar had not advanced in price since the tariff bill went into effect." He ought to know, because sugar is one of the articles in which he deals. But in addition to telling them that sugar had not gone up since the 28th of last month, when the new law went into effect, why did not he inform them that it had risen a cent a pound prior to that time? Why did not he tell them that when the trust became satisfied, along in June, that the new schedule would go into force it began putting up the price of sugar an eighth and a quarter of a cent at a time, until the man who could buy twenty-five pounds of sugar with his dollar a few months ago can buy only twenty pounds now. That rise of 1 cent a pound means a tax of 63 cents per head on each man, woman, and child in the United States.

As that sugar which is selling now for 5 cents paid no duty and cost the trust no more than the sugar which it was selling a few months ago for 4 cents the trust is pocketing every mill of that extra cent, and will continue to do so till it has worked off the raw sugar it had on hand when the new law became operative on the 28th of August. On every hundred pounds it will make nearly a dollar extra over and above its ordinary profit.

As a "scholar in politics" Mr. MacVeagh may be ignorant of these facts. As a wholesale grocer he is intimately acquainted with them. Why did not the scholar part of him get from the grocer part of him all the information as to the recent rise in sugar and tell what the advance in price had been and that it took place because of the certainty of the passage of the new tariff law.

Mr. MacVeagh said also: "Sugar today is actually selling for less money than it did a year ago under the McKinley bill." If he had been talking as a wholesale grocer, fully informed as to the causes which influence the price of sugar, he would have gone on to say that that had no bearing on the question, because the price of refined sugar is governed by that of raw sugar, and that in August of 1893 raw cane sugar cost nearly a cent a pound more than in August of this year. If the tariff bill had been passed a year ago last month, when raw sugar was so high, the price of the refined would have been a cent and a quarter higher than it was then.

As a wholesaler Mr. MacVeagh knows these things. Why did he keep them from the "scholar" MacVeagh and permit the latter to fall into that suppression of the truth which is equivalent to making a false statement? Was it strictly honest to tell half the truth and suppress the remainder, to make his hearers believe that the rise in the price of sugar, which all of them knew had happened, had nothing to do with the trust legislation of the Democracy? It seems as if dealing in sugar on a rising market blunted the moral perceptions.

Sugar has gone up a cent a pound because of the new tariff bill and the trust and the men who had stocks of sugar on hand are pocketing that cent. That is the fact which the Republican speakers and papers must press home on the sugar consumers of Illinois. And it would do no harm for some of Mr. MacVeagh's hearers to interrogate him in his capacity of wholesale grocer and get him to admit, as he will have to do, the truth of the statements made above.

WHY JONES TURNS POPULIST.

Senator Dubois of Idaho says the action of Senator Jones of Nevada in leaving the Republican party and allying himself with the Populists "is not to be criticised," and that "his motives were honest." Senator Jones alleges three reasons or motives for his course. These are, first, that the Republican party is unalterably opposed to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, or at all except with the consent of foreign governments and at a ratio to be dictated by them; second, that the supply of money has got to increase all the time concurrently with that of population and business; and third, that there is an artificial fall in the prices of commodities because of the scarcity of money, in other words, because "money is becoming dearer."

Where does Mr. Jones find proof for his allegation that money is scarce or that present low prices are due to the scarcity of money? The fact that in this market wheat sold yesterday at 54⅛ cents and corn at 58⅛ cents per bushel does not prove it. Wheat is cheap because it is believed to be plentiful, and corn is dear because it is thought to be scarce, not on account of scarcity of money. Even Senator Jones will admit there was no scarcity of money prior to about eighteen months ago when prices were high and remained so till the incoming of a Democratic administration was regarded as presaging legislation in the direction of free trade. We then had about 1,600 millions of all kinds of "money" in circulation, while at the beginning of this month the amount was nearly 1,647 millions, or an increase of not far from 3 per cent. And so far from there being a scarcity, several hundred millions of this are lying idle in the banks and elsewhere. Why is this? Any man who has property to sell, or sufficient collateral to secure the repayment of money borrowed, can get all the money he wants up to the value of the property to be sold or pledged. But the money remains idle because of the uncertainty of being able to use it at a profit. The introduction of Democratic policies tending in the direction of free trade has introduced so much of doubt in regard to ability to sell goods to advantage that manufacturers have been discouraged from borrowing money with which to pay for the processes of production. That is why so much money is lying idle, and to double the amount would not increase the inducement to use it for the employment of labor. In reality we have a great deal more money at command now, as measured by its purchasing power, than we had eighteen months ago, when Senator Jones will not deny we had an abundance. Supposing we then had one-twentieth as much money as there was property to be handled by means of it, the increase of 3 per cent in money and decrease of 25 per cent in selling values make the money one-fourteenth part of the property to be handled. In other words, the money volume now is 7 per cent of the property to be transferred in course of business, while eighteen months ago it was only 5 per cent. And as the 5 per cent then was equal to all requirements of business, the existence of 7 per cent now sufficiently explains the fact that so much money is lying idle because of lack of demand for it.

The purchasing power of money has increased in that time not because money is scarce, but for the reason that the Democrats discouraged enterprise, and therefore lessened the demand for money to be used. In that way money has become more plentiful. Under this state of things what does the sapient Jones propose to do? To make money more plentiful when already it is superabundant? None but a fool would think so. For the proposition of Jones is to get more money by driving out of circulation all of the 500 millions of gold now in the hands of the people, except so much of it as was wanted to pay the bills on imported goods. He insanely proposes to take away one-third of all the money in order to make the rest plentiful.

Senator Jones might have suggested as a remedy for this alleged scarcity of money to coin more gold out of what we dig from the earth or to buy on a smaller scale the goods which are paid for with gold to be taken out of the country. He has not sense enough to suggest either of these, but simply prates of "free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1," though if he had any financial sense at all he must know that the adoption of such a "remedy" would drive away from circulation the 500 millions of gold now in the hands of the people or their bankers and take out of existence 550 millions of purchasing power from the 1,100 millions of silver and paper that now are circulating as money. Having thus reduced to 550 millions the 1,600 millions of money now in use he would proceed to pour in more half dollars at the rate of 100-millions a year or so, with the idea that this was going to make things better by adding to the supply of money. But how would that make it plentiful? If it did so after the lapse of many years it would be after the money famine thus artificially produced had made the interim the worst time in the history of the people. On the first application of the alleged "remedy" every one of them who had a deposit in the savings bank, a policy of life insurance, or a pension certificate, or who had lent money at interest, would lose half of the amount by the cheapening of the currency unit to half its present purchasing power. In addition to this the wageworkers would find business paralyzed by a similar cutting down of the wage fund. And Jones recommends this frightful assault upon the prosperity of the whole country!

Senator Jones of Nevada has left the Republican party because it will not agree to plunge the people into this slough of misery and despair. He has the impudence to take the ground that in so doing he is acting on the defensive, whereas the truth is that he and all with whom he now proposes to act are on the aggressive, trying to change things, aiming to upset and abolish the standard of values which has existed ever since the Constitution of the United States was adopted, and when not allowed to have his way he sniveling]y complains that he has been trampled on. THE TRIBUNE refuses to believe that Senator Jones has assigned the real reasons he has for swinging over to the Populists. The real motive for his change of base is a desire to keep his place as Senator, which he thinks would not be possible without his taking an out and out stand for silver monometallism.

ARGUMENTS OF DEBS' LAWYERS.

The act passed in 1890 to "protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies" makes every "conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce among the several States illegal," and declares that every person who shall be engaged in any such conspiracy shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. The law says also that—

> The several Circuit Courts of the United States are hereby invested with jurisdiction to prevent and restrain violations of this act; and it shall be the duty of the several District-Attorneys of the United States in their respective districts, under the direction of the Attorney-General, to institute proceedings in equity to prevent and restrain such violations. Such proceedings may be by way of proceedings setting forth the case, and praying that such violation shall be enjoined or otherwise prohibited.

Under this last provision of the law a bill in equity was filed in the United States court here for an injunction to restrain Debs and others from interfering with inter-State commerce and the carrying of the mails. Debs et al. were arrested for contempt of court in disobeying that injunction and are having their hearing now.

Judge Tuley takes the position that the Congressmen who voted for this law meant it to apply solely to conspiracies of railroad managers and not of railroad employés or others. But the language of the law, which covers all conspiracies and not those of any one set of individuals, is what the court must be governed by, and not the assumed intention of the men who voted for the act.

The lawyers who are looking after Debs' interests make this same point, but they go further and allege that—

> For a Judge to issue an injunction restraining persons from committing crimes for which the statutes provide penalties, and then, in the event that the offense be committed, to summon the offender before him and send him to jail for contempt of the injunction, is a subversion of the law. As well, they assert, might a court send out an injunction against burglary, and then, the burglary having been committed and the culprit caught, the Judge should send him to jail for contempt instead of trying him before a jury for the crime of burglary. The adoption of this doctrine would, it is claimed, do away with jury trials altogether and vest all power in the court.

Debs' lawyers also deny the allegation of the bill that the American Railway Union was engaged in a conspiracy. They claim that it was a lawful organization peaceable in its purposes, and that—

> Should the practice of injunctions and contempt inaugurated in the Federal courts during the late strike be sustained by the Supreme Court labor organizations would be crushed out of existence by courts complacent to the wishes of the railway or other corporations, and would make the United States Judge an unspeakable despot, with arbitrary and practically irresponsible power.

Should Debs be found guilty of contempt then his case and all the questions raised in connection with it will be carried to the Supreme Court, there to be settled finally. The highest tribunal will decide whether it is or is not in the power of Congress to authorize a Judge to warn a man against committing an offense and to punish him for contempt of court if he disregards that order.

The ordinary citizen who has been taught to believe that the object of the law is the prevention as well as the punishment of crime is unable to see what there is so terrible and so subversive of the liberties of the people in giving a court authority to notify individuals that certain acts are illegal in their nature and that they must refrain from doing them or they will become amenable to the law. It seems to most persons that in the case of the recent Debs strike the injunction was a kindly act. Many of the persons engaged in that strike did not know that they were acting illegally, and had no conception of the penalties to which they were making themselves liable. Every man knows that arson or robbery is wrong. No one argues himself into a belief that they are right. So injunctions would be wasted on offenders of that kind, especially as they do not announce their purpose in advance.

People are very well acquainted with the practice of binding men to keep the peace. One man fears that another is going to attack him. He goes before a magistrate, states his case, and the man he fears has to give bonds to keep the peace or is locked up. That is much better than to wait till the assault has been committed and then punish the assailant. That does not heal the wounds of the man who was beaten. In the Debs case the people were the ones who were threatened. They had good reason to fear that it was Debs' intention to deprive them of the use of their roads. They cannot for the life of them see what harm there was in the court telling Debs to let those roads alone at his peril and in punishing him for disobeying that injunction. Lawyers may be horrified at the idea of a court of chancery doing such a remarkable thing. Ordinary people will ask "Why not do it?"

Debs' lawyers say that if a man sets out to commit an act which is a criminal one it is wrong for a court to warn him to desist and to notify him of the risks he is incurring, and if he disregards that warning to punish him for doing so. These lawyers say he ought to be allowed to go ahead and commit his crime and be duly punished for it by a jury of twelve men. They say that "labor organizations will be crushed out of existence" if courts are permitted to tell them that they are straying into criminal paths and that they ought to stop before it is too late. One would imagine that the welfare of labor organizations would be promoted if, besides having false friends who advise them to violate the law, they had true friends who tell them what the law is and order them not to break it.

The common sense of the community is disgusted by this assertion that when a court sees a man going wrong or about to do so it cannot, in his own interest and that of the innocent people he is assailing, tell him to stop, but must wait for him to commit a crime before it can have any dealings with him. It has been thought hitherto that to prevent a crime was more meritorious than to punish a crime, and that it was a kindly act to warn a man or a set of men by the injunction of a court or the proclamation of a Mayor not to commit a certain wrongful act. Debs' lawyers hold otherwise and say also that if a man is enjoined, disobeys, and is brought up for contempt he must have a jury trial. To deny him one on a charge of contempt is, they say, a violation of the Constitution. The sooner these questions reach the Supreme Court and are settled by it the better.

THE REMOVAL OF MAYORS.

A correspondent asks: "Cannot the Mayor of Chicago be impeached for malfeasance in office for not enforcing the laws and stopping gambling?" The statutes provide that—

> In case the Mayor or any other municipal officer shall at any time be guilty of a palpable omission of duty, or shall willfully and corruptly be guilty of oppression, malconduct, or misfeasance in the discharge of the duties of his office he shall be liable to indictment in any court of competent jurisdiction, and on conviction shall be fined in a sum not exceeding $1,000, and the court in which such conviction shall be had shall enter an order removing such officer from office.

Supposing some organization should collect evidence showing where and by whom gambling is carried on in this city and were to lay it before the Mayor and he were to pay no attention to it, but were to allow the gamblers to go on unmolested. Clearly the Mayor would be guilty of a palpable, unquestioned omission of duty, for which he could be indicted.

But supposing he were, what would it amount to? There is no provision for a summary hearing. A change of venue would be asked for. Continuance would be asked for and granted. The State's-Attorney would not press a case against an eminent Democrat. If a trial were had before the Mayor's term expired, and the gamblers did not get a man on the jury, and the verdict was "guilty," there would be an appeal to the Supreme Court. A proceeding begun near the commencement of a two years' term could be protracted till its close, and after the term had expired no one would take an interest in the case.

Owing to the beauties of the criminal jurisprudence of this State the law relative to the removal of officers who neglect their duty is not worth the paper it is printed on. A city may find itself saddled with the most shiftless, neglectful, or incompetent of Mayors, but there is no way in which it can get rid of him without his consent. The moral is that it is much better to elect good men than it is to elect bad ones and then swear at them.

If Swift had been inaugurated Mayor last December instead of Hopkins there would have been only the minimum of inevitable hidden gambling instead of the maximum of open gambling. The garbage contractors would have been made to live up to their contracts. There would have been no knuckling down to Debs. The police would have nipped his strike in the bud. But fraud and foolish voting elected Hopkins, and he has to be endured till April. Whether he will be defeated when he runs for reëlection then depends on the intelligence of the people.

AGAIN TORN-UP STREETS.

Cottage Grove avenue from Thirty-ninth to Twenty-second street and State street north from the latter thoroughfare are to be invaded by another set of gas mains. The "Universal" will set its gangs of men to work at tearing up the pavement, digging deep trenches, laying mains and pipes, and filling in the earth again. Presumably this will be done on the plan hitherto pursued by the gas companies, unless the managers of the "Universal" are compelled to do their duty by the taxpayers and other residents along the route. That plan is to throw in the earth loosely, flood it with water under the pretense that this is sufficient to pack the earth together, and then place the paving blocks on top to be left to settle at leisure. How much of this settling is done and the resulting disaster to the pavement may be known by any one who will take the trouble to look at the road surface along Cottage Grove avenue. He can trace without difficulty the location of the gas mains along the whole line, this being shown by an irregular, gutter-like depression due to the sinking in of the earth. In these gutterings the water has lain at intervals so long that the wooden blocks have rotted, the surface being too uneven to admit of being cleaned, and the passage of vehicles has ground these rotted blocks into mud or dust. The pavement has been ruined in less than half the time it would have lasted if let alone or treated properly by the main layers.

It is not impossible the officers of the new company will assume to act on the theory that the pavements being spoiled already they will owe to the public no duty to put the street into fair condition after having torn it up this fall. This would not be justice to the taxpayer, but whether the position be taken or not the companies responsible for the present horrible condition of Cottage Grove avenue ought to be made to pay part of the expense of putting down the pavement in as good shape as it would have been in now but for their utterly unjustifiable conduct. The proposition to make them pay for the repair of streets ruined by them was entertained seriously by the municipal administration about a year ago, and probably would have been insisted upon but for the assassination of Mayor Harrison. It now ought to be taken up and enforced. There is no known reason why Mayor Hopkins should hesitate to bring the companies to time and make them pay towards renovation of the pavements which they have destroyed. If not deemed feasible to cause them at once to undertake the work all over the city they ought not to be permitted to stand idly by and witness the performance of a second slipshod process for which theirs is adduced as an apology, with no movement towards obtaining at least a partial redress for the suffering taxpayers.

SENATOR DUBOIS' THREAT.

Senator Dubois of Idaho in an interview asserts that he and at least six other Senators from the Rocky Mountain States will join Jones in his secession from the Republicans to the Populists unless the Republican party declares for the free coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1. Mr. Dubois thus politely serves notice upon the Republicans that if they do not take a given action to suit himself and certain others they will pack their trunks and go over to the Populists.

Well, the Republicans have never been inclined to stand bulldozing, even from a large aggregation of political talent. Is it not too much to expect that the Republican party of the United States will allow itself to be bulldozed into doing a certain thing by a handful of people out in the Rocky Mountain States, the entire group of which does not equal the State of Illinois in population, though their Senatorial strength is greater because of the unequal basis of representation? Here are a few people talking to the great Republican party and threatening it with their displeasure and the ultimate loss of their precious individualities unless it concedes a certain thing—namely: the free coinage of silver, which is practically obnoxious to all Republicans as well as to a large proportion of Democrats.

The objection of the Republicans and of all honest money Democrats as well to this proposition is that looking at it from a business point of view they do not see the good of it. They see that it would drive out half a billion of gold from the country; that it would diminish by one-half the purchasing power of one billion one hundred millions of silver; that it would cut in two the deposits in savings and other banks, pensions, life and fire insurance, and credits in all forms. They see that it would be equivalent to taking one-half the credits from those to whom they belong and giving them to others. The Republicans are unable to see the morality or the business policy of this proposition and therefore they will not consent to be bulldozed into doing anything of the kind. And they are the more unwilling to do it because they know it would be of no advantage to the people who want it done. These Rocky Mountain silver producers think that the result of free coinage would be to put up the value of their bullion for a time above its real market value and that during that time and before it would resume its normal value they would be able to clean up a big profit. The Republicans believe they are mistaken in that, but even if the silver producers did make the profit they anticipate it would be no equivalent for the immense damage they would inflict upon the business-men and workingmen of the rest of the country. They do not see, therefore, why the rest of the producers and consumers should be called upon to immolate themselves in the interests of a little handful of people.

If Senator Dubois and those of his kind desire to argue this question with the Republicans they will be accommodated. If they can convince them that none of the evils set forth will happen, well and good; but bulldozing will not do. If Mr. Dubois be in earnest and if he and six other Senators propose to divorce themselves, bed and board, from the Republican party in case it refuses to knock the country down from a gold to a monometallic silver standard then they will have to go. The country was on a gold basis when these mountain States were made into Territories and Republicans are not going to consent to its relinquishment merely to gratify Senator Dubois and his little crowd. They will have to join Jones, and, like Jones, once in the Populist ranks they will have to keep step with that cranky procession shouting for moonshine money. While the Republicans may regret their loss they will not be inconsolable, for the loss can be borne a million times more easily than the dreadful calamity which would happen to the country were Mr. Dubois and his friends given what they ask. But in any event there will be no bulldozing. Dubois et al. will have to accept the policy of the party or leave it if they so elect, and much as their departure might be regretted the pangs of separation would not be a tithe as dreadful as would the consequences of accepting the conditions they name as the price of staying in the party.

"WE are now approaching a minimum sun spot period, which experience proves is coincident with a period of mild winters." This statement is made by Stuart Jenkins in an article in the *Popular Science Monthly,* in which he discusses the subject of arctic exploration. He thinks the next five years will be particularly favorable for this work. He calls attention to the facts that the last sun spot minimum was in 1888, a year of extreme heat and drought, followed by a winter of unusual mildness; that eleven years previously the winter of 1877-'78 was so mild that wild geese remained on the Georgian Bay throughout the winter, while the Collingwood steamers were plying the first week in April, a month earlier than usual, and that the winter of 1882-'83 was exceptionally severe and occurred during a time of maximum for sun spots. It is well known that these phenomena have a cycle of about eleven years, and if it be established that at a particular part of this cycle the arctic winters are unusually mild the fact ought to be regarded as valuable to be considered in selecting times for trying to approach the north pole. Mr. Jenkins says Parry's three voyages, extending from 1819 to 1825, appear to have been undertaken during a minimum period. Dr. Kane, on the contrary, was out at the close of a maximum period of exceptional length and severity, and he experienced the lowest mean temperature on record. It was during this very same period that the ill-fated Franklin and all with him were lost, the Erebus and Terror being abandoned after nineteen months' imprisonment in the ice.

THE Springfield *State Register* has read Mr. MacVeagh's declaration that he is a "fighting bimetallist" and comments on it thus:

> If Mr. MacVeagh is elected Senator, and we believe he will be, he will begin to fight at once for the restoration of silver to free and unlimited coinage. He is as yet somewhat timid in his opinion of how this will be brought about, but thinks it must be carried out by a concerted action among the nations: a single government acting by itself he fears would not be able to accomplish the desired result. The *State Register* would remind its distinguished friend that we need not cross the Atlantic Ocean to find these nations; and that if the two Americas and Western Asia unite, as they can easily be led to do, they can crack the whip over the backs of the Shylocks of Europe and bring them to terms. A "fighting bimetallist" will not wait for an invitation from the effete monarchies of Europe to make an advance on the outposts of the goldites.

Does this represent Mr. MacVeagh's ideas? Does he think that if the United States joins with the effete republics of South and Central America and the effete despotisms of Asia there will be no danger in the experiment of free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1? Are Mexico, China, Nicaragua, Peru, etc., the nations from whose concerted action Mr. MacVeagh looks for such good results? The effete monarchy of Britain is worth them all put together a hundred times over. Will Mr. MacVeagh pick out his favorite nations or will he let the *State Register* do it for him?

A BRUSSELS paper, during the progress of the Debs strike in this city, made the novel statement that Gov. Altgeld had called out the militia of New York to quell the disturbances in California. This displays a sufficient ignorance of the situation, but the following astonishing statement, contained in the *Star of Bethlehem,* a religious paper printed at Leeds, England, shows an ignorance which is simply phenomenal:

> A big revolution is now going in the United States of America and there is little doubt that the government will be defeated. The dictator, Debs, has been driven from his palace and he and his mistress are now hiding in the mountains. The greatest trouble has been experienced in the capital of Chicago, where Grover Cleveland has obtained complete control. The railroad at that place has been torn up and thrown into the Mississippi River, and the stock-yard has been razed to the ground.

The editors of the *Star of Bethlehem* must belong to that faction of the Christian Scientists which flourishes at Burlington, Ia., and which recently demanded of the School Board it should suppress the study of geography because it recognizes a material body. The *Star of Bethlehem,* to whichever sect it may belong, may take the prize for picturesque and utter ignorance and for ingenuity in the compounding of crass absurdities.

IT is doubtful whether there is another city in this country where the streets are in as bad a condition as are some of those in Chicago. A state of affairs which would not be tolerated in Tammany-ridden New York exists here. North Clark street is one of the chief thoroughfares. Its condition above North avenue is frightful. The pavement is about half gone and whenever there is a rain some more goes. The wrecked condition of some of the cross streets, like Illinois near Cass, is noticed by comparatively few, but the crowds that go to Lincoln Park have excellent opportunity to admire the negligence of the city authorities. Is it intended to leave a street like North Clark unpaved all this coming winter and spring? It would seem so. The cost of paving has been less this year than ever before. Why was not advantage taken of this to repave some of the streets which are in such a condition that whenever there is a heavy rain the loose blocks float around in the puddles?

IT looks as if the Single Tax movement had moved away from Henry George.

A MANUFACTURER of table sauce sold out his interest in the business the other day for $500,000. On the same day a meat canning establishment in the East went into bankruptcy. Fate is sometimes ironical.

MAYOR HOPKINS started yesterday for Peoria for the purpose, it is conjectured, of resting the sore foot that was too tired to go to Peoria the day before.

THE Viking ship has been raised, but the entire sum of money needed to defray the expenses of handing it down to posterity has not yet been raised. Let the hat be passed. The object is a worthy one.

IT will be eight months tomorrow, Mr. Higinbotham, since those French exhibitors lost their goods in the fire at the Manufactures Building.

THE President of the West Side "L" intimates that Mr. Yerkes is a worse humbug than the "L." And there you are.

IN consequence of the rain many of the policemen at the Griswold Park picnic yesterday were compelled to fly for shelter to the nearest saloons.

THE Astors appear to have served notice on whomsoever it may concern that the Vanderbilts can't monopolize the scandal market this season.

WE find it hard to believe that Mr. MacVeagh went to Peoria wearing a "suit of black and a pair of tan shoes." It isn't good form, and Mr. MacVeagh makes a mistake if he underrates the culture and up-to-dateness of Peoria.

SOME much-needed rain fell yesterday. That is, it was much needed last week.

WHEN one thinks of the fifty miles of new gaspipe about to be laid in the streets of this town how can one help indulging in a calamity shriek?

WICHITA, KAS., is about to spend $10,000 boring for coal or gas. The money will be well invested. It is worth something to any enterprising town to know what is at the bottom of a $10,000 hole in the ground.

IN A MINOR KEY.

To Be Sure.

Banks—"Here's a queer fashion item. It says 'baggy-kneed trousers are coming to the front.'"
Rivers—"Where else could they come?"

Its Own Reward.

Managing Editor—"Mr. Allabout, what reporter wrote that account we published this morning of the torchlight parade down the avenue last night?"

City Editor—"It was Hawkers. Is there any bad break in it?"

Managing Editor—"There's something missing. He failed to say: 'Preceded by a brass band playing the enlivening strains of the Washington Post March the procession moved,' etc. Mr. Allabout, raise that young man's salary $5 a week."

Unfortunate Figure of Speech.

"Gentlemen," said the Chairman of the Anarchist meeting, "in my judgment the time has not yet come for action in this matter. If you resolve to go ahead, gentlemen, I wash my hands of the whole bus——"

It was at this point the disturbance took place, and when the police had restored order there was seen a large, jagged hole in the window back of the platform, through which the Chairman had retired from the scene, head first.

PERSONALS.

Teresita Canzio, the daughter of Gen. Garibaldi, is writing the story of his life in its most intimate details.

Ex-President Harrison will make no campaign speeches this fall with the exception of one or two in Indiana.

Gov. McKinley and ex-Speaker Reed have been invited to make campaign speeches in Texas, but it is not likely that they will thus fool away their time.

John D. Rockefeller is said to have given his daughters to understand that they are not to be great heiresses. The bulk of his property will go to a number of public institutions.

Prof. Goldwin Smith is opposed to woman suffrage. It would, in his judgment, be a backward step in civilization, and would knock into smithereens the entire political and social fabric.

Dr. Roberts, Republican candidate for Congress in the Eighth Kentucky District, says he never made a speech in his life and is too old to begin now. He should be elected unanimously.

Prof. Wilson, whose name was once connected with a tariff bill, enveloped in chagrin and permeated with disappointment, has sailed away for England, and may the Lord have mercy on him!

Ex-Congressman Budd, Democratic candidate for Governor of California, is a native of Janesville, Wis., and 43 years of age. He ran against and defeated Horace F. Page for Congress in 1882.

Mr. Marvil, who is running for the Governorship of Delaware, is a manufacturer of peach baskets. It is also a marvel how peach baskets have gradually shrunk in size under a series of early frosts.

Senator Hoar wears his gold bowed spectacles far down on his nose, and his trousers a little too far up. He is genial and a warm handshaker until the interviewer tackles him, when he grows colder than the winter ice on the Kennebec River. He also stands on etiquette, and remarks in a frigid tone of voice: "Have I ever been introduced to you?"

Prof. W. A. Eddy estimates that bodies suspended 1,000 feet in the air exert at the earth's surface a pull equal to fifteen times their own weight. Campaigning outfits should include a balloon for the use of candidates.

Sir Edwin Landseer's house in St. John's Wood road is about to be torn down to make way for a new railroad. It was built from the artist's own designs, and the walls of the studio and the door panels are covered with paintings by his hand.

Charles W. Silver, a leading Prohibitionist of Ohio, is out for the Republican ticket this year. He has seen a great light and says truthfully: "The Prohibition party alone never closed a saloon nor saved a soul. As a party it has no moral right to exist under existing circumstances."

Lord Rosebery says that as soon as the story of his sleeplessness got into the newspapers, after he entered Gladstone's Cabinet, he was deluged with cures. One of the first, and what seemed to him the easiest, was to sip before going to bed a tumbler of hot water. He tried it, and since has had no further trouble of the kind.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

A new opera, a new drama, and the return of the Schiller Theater to the list of playhouses which are open for the season will be the new features in local dramatics promised for next week. "Athenia; or, A False Prophet," is the name of the new opera, Leonard Wales, a resident of Chicago, and John O'Keefe, a New York newspaper man, are its authors, and McVicker's, next Monday night, will be the place and time of its production. The opera has been in rehearsal for fully one month under the direction of C. D. Marius, and a satisfactory "first night" is expected for it. The Columbia will have the new drama, which will be "Reilley and the 400," written by Edward Harrigan and played by his company. Its first presentation will be next Sunday evening. The engagement will be somewhat in the nature of an experiment, as it is well known that Mr. Harrigan's truthfully drawn pictures of metropolitan lower life have never been as well received in Chicago as their merits would seem to demand that they should be. The Schiller will join the ranks of the open playhouses Sunday evening, presenting Hanlon Brothers' "Superba," a piece abounding in tricks and illusions which is neither flesh, fish, nor fowl in the common acceptance of what comes under the head of stage entertainment. Charles H. Hoyt's "A Milk White Flag" will go into its second week at the Grand Opera-House, and "Aladdin Jr." will wax older and possibly better at the Chicago Opera-House.

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At the outlying theaters next week will be another fall opening, two new melodramas, and many revivals of farces and melodramas. The Haymarket will bring out for the first time Frank L. Bixby's sensational piece, "Shaft No. 2," which has for its raison d'être an electric display in which lightning in its natural state kills the villain and lightning as it is used at Sing Sing and other New York penal institutions nearly does away with the hero. "The Temptation of Gold" is the name of an unfamiliar melodrama at Havlin's, which suggests a number of grewsome situations. The Clark Street Theater will awaken after four months' rest, presenting "Fabia Romani" and living pictures. "The Lost Paradise," with William Morris in the leading rôle, transfers to the Lincoln Park Theater. Reed & Collier's time-worn but popular "Hose and Hoss" will come to the Alhambra. Burlesque will go on as usual at the Empire and at Sam T. Jack's Opera-House, and all day variety, with Cora Beckwith still floating as its special feature, will be found at the Casino. The Masonic Temple Roof Garden will continue to give its entertainments.

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Just before Manager Joseph Brooks left McVicker's Theater for New York he made a discovery which will probably greatly assist William H. Crane in his coming revival of "The Merry Wives of Windsor." While rummaging about the theater he came across a dusty bookcase hidden behind a mass of material. He had the stuff removed so as to be able to open the doors of the case and discovered the shelves piled high with printed copies of standard plays, many of which are now out of print and forgotten, old prompt books, and manuscripts. While examining the books he happened upon an old prompt book of "The Merry Wives of Windsor," which was once the property of Hackett, whom many credit as being the best Sir John Falstaff not only of his time but of all time. On many of the pages were marginal notes in Hackett's hand. With the book were old drawings of scenes and characters of the old comedy. Mr. Brooks borrowed the book from Manager McVicker, and many of its suggestions will be used in William H. Crane's coming revival.

* * *

During his short stay in Chicago Charles H. Hoyt has made a number of changes in his farce "A Milk White Flag," which is now running at the Grand Opera-House. Aside from the introduction of new songs and business he has made a peculiar shift in the cast, which will be tried as an experiment next Sunday evening. R. A. Roberts has not been as satisfactory this season as formerly in the rôle of Gen. Harley Burleigh, the regular army General, and Newton Chisnell, who lately joined the company, is not at all suited for the rôle of the spurious corpse, Piggot Luce. To correct this roughness in the cast these two actors will change parts Sunday evening. As both are accustomed to legitimate comedy work the outcome of the experiment will be interesting. At the close of its Chicago run "A Milk White Flag" will go to New York for a long run at Hoyt's Theater, formerly the Madison Square. Mr. and Mrs. Hoyt leave tonight for Buffalo to witness the first production of Mr. Hoyt's latest farce, "A Black Sheep," in that city next Monday night.

* * *

Manager A. M. Palmer has accepted for production Sydney Rosenfeld's new comedy, "His First Campaign," and will present it with a strong cast during the present season. This adds one more play to Mr. Palmer's collection of native dramas, and he certainly has material enough on hand to carry him through the season without making any draught on the foreign market. Mr. Rosenfeld is modest on the subject of his new play, but he says he has written it with a view to pleasing all classes, and hopes for its success.

Signor Perugini, who is Miss Lillian Russell's latest experiment as a husband, says that his brother, Charles F. Chatterton, a prominent theatrical man, will hereafter be identified with the English theaters. Mr. Chatterton left New York as Abbey, Schoeffel, and Grau's representative in the management of "Cinderella." He was offered a position with Mr. Alexander, the London manager, but was unable to accept at that time. Another offer has landed him permanently in London.

At the Metropolitan Conservatory last evening a concert was given by the members of the faculty of that institution in which a program comprising solos and concerted numbers, interspersed with recitations, was presented. Among those assisting were Georgea W. Kelser, Alfred Paulsen, Anton Pederson, Helene Dankes, Louise E. Phillips, Edith H. Brooks, J. B. Corbett, and Mrs. Helen M. Burton.

CURRENT NOTES.

No man who claims to be doing business for God has any right to use a short yardstick.—*Ram's Horn.*

Revenge will make a man walk to places where charity could not coax him in a carriage.—*Milwaukee Journal.*

Never ask a man "What's up?" He may be sensitive and have a pawnticket in his pocket.—*Philadelphia Record.*

Give others justice and if you are able and kind you might do a little more than that for them.—*Galveston News.*

"Which would you rather be, a knave or a fool?" asks Idioticus. "I don't know," replied Cynicus, "What has been your experience?"—*Boston Budget.*

Dinkle—"This bewildering maze the papers write of, I wonder what it means?" Lenkle—"Bewildering maize? Something about corn juice, I suppose."—*Buffalo Courier.*

"Everybody speaks of him as a rising young man," said the young woman. "Yes," replied the young man, "you see, he never loses a chance to get up and give a lady a seat in a horse car."—*Washington Star.*

"See, Mary, are not these flowers beautiful?" "'Deed and they are, miss! Many a time have I seen jist like 'em in bunnits! Ain't it wonderful how nat'ral the Lord can make things!"—*Harlem Life.*

Mrs. Mulgrew—"Are ye goin' to sind your Tommy back to school this week?" Mrs. O'Haley—"No, indade; me ambition is to make an alderman of him phwhin he grows up, an' if he got too much eddication he'd be spoiled for the position intoirely."—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

Sought a Better Source.

Cleveland *Plaindealer* (Dem.): There is a lot of talk about President Cleveland having been guilty of plagiarism in his letter criticising the Senate tariff bill. We defy any one to prove, though, that he plagiarized anything from Democratic platforms.

NEWS FROM ABROAD.

NICARAGUA TO ANSWER FOR SEIZING AN AMERICAN SHIP.

Consular Agent Seat at Bluefields Gives the State Department at Washington a Basis for Sharp Questions of the Cheeky Isthmian Republic—The Lagoons Odorous with Bodies of Prisoners Executed in the Mosquito Reservation—Corean King Stands with Japan.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The United States has another cause for complaint against Nicaragua. According to a report received at the State Department from Consular Agent Seat at Bluefields an American merchant vessel was seized by the Nicaraguan authorities and used to convey the prisoners captured at that place to Colon for transportation to Managua. The vessel was the property of two men, who, Mr. Seat says, claim to be Americans, although their names would indicate them to be of foreign parentage. The owners say without their consent the ship was forcibly seized by the Nicaraguan authorities, the prisoners were put on board and taken away. They submit a request for indemnity. The State Department will ask the Nicaraguan Government for an explanation. Since the receipt of this dispatch the opinion of the officials of the department has considerably modified with relation to the press dispatches announcing that the Nicaraguan Government had seized the Bluefields Banana company's steamer Mascotte for alleged complicity in the recent Mosquito rebellion. This vessel, it is stated, carried an American flag and was an American ship. The department is anxiously waiting for a report from its representatives in Nicaragua on this subject and when it is received both it and the case already spoken of will be thoroughly investigated. Department officials are becoming tired of the continued insults of the Nicaraguans and an upheaval may come some day which will surprise the authorities of that Isthmian republic. News has reached the department that the two American citizens who were banished from Nicaragua have located in Costa Rica. The department now will be able to prosecute more vigorously the demand that a fair public trial be granted the American citizens. Their presence might be necessary should the department continue to press its demand, as it undoubtedly will unless the two men themselves should refuse to return to Managua to undergo trial.

COLON, Sept. 6.—It is reported here that the Nicaraguans are preparing an expedition to be sent to Bocas del Toro to demand of the Republic of Colombia the surrender of the ringleaders of the fight of July 5. The Nicaraguan authorities at Bluefields continue to make arrests. Two British warships are momentarily expected at Bluefields.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Sept. 6.—[Copyright, 1894, by the Press Publishing Company, New York World.]—President Zelaya denies stories of ill treatment of prisoners and natives at Bluefields, but reports from the Mosquito Coast say the lagoons in some places are rendered noisome by the decomposing bodies of prisoners who have been shot and cast into the water. The government will not admit the wholesale seizure of property belonging to Americans on the coast.

BLUEFIELDS, Nicaragua, Aug. 31.—[Via New Orleans, La., Sept. 6.]—Madriz issued a decree guaranteeing to all inhabitants, natives and foreigners, their constitutional privileges and full force to all titles acquired under the former laws. It also orders that Sept. 18 elections shall be held in Bluefields, Pearl, The Lagoons, and Corn Island for the formation of municipalities. Bluefields will be made the port of entry of the territory. Every one is waiting anxiously for the return of the Columbia and Mohawk from Port Limon, where they are now awaiting definite instructions from their countries. Minister Madriz has given orders to confiscate the boat belonging to the Bluefields Banana company. Unless a man is a property-holder or has 500 sols he will not be allowed to vote at the elections. The government of the Mosquito territory will be controlled by Spaniards.

KING OF COREA RENOUNCES CHINA.

He Repudiates the Ming Family and Comes Out Solidly for Japan.

YOKOHAMA, Japan, Aug. 24.—[Special Correspondence by Steamship Peru.]—It was only by a brave stroke that Japan found out how well disposed to its cause in the war with China is the King of Corea. The Ming family, to which the Queen belongs, for a long time has impressed its views upon the world as the views of Corea. This family is completely under the thumb of the Chinese. Hence all the stories that the Coreans were opposed to Japan. It was believed by the Mikado that the King had been misrepresented by arrogant advisers and watched his chance for an interview. This was afforded when the Chinese Minister at the Corean court deserted his post. The King's father, a deposed regent, sent a message to the Japanese envoy now was his chance. The envoy at once insisted upon meeting the monarch personally and under conditions that should enable him to speak his mind without restraint. Being denied this privilege by royal advisers, he determined to present himself with an armed escort and sent for a detachment from the Japanese forces outside the city. As this small guard passed by the palace on the way to the envoy's residence it was fired upon by Corean soldiers in the service of the Mings. These shots settled the fate of the ministry. The native troops were dispersed with scarcely a struggle, and an hour later the representative of Japan was in amicable conversation with the sovereign, who did not hesitate to declare he had been under coercion ever since the beginning of the imbroglio with China and that he was far from feeling the hostility toward Japan which his government had publicly attributed to him. In token of his sincerity he had already rid himself of his late council and summoned the Tai Won Kun (his father) to assist him in forming a new administration. Before the day was over a Cabinet made up of radical opponents of the Ming faction had been installed, with the Tai Won Kun as Prime Minister, and a committee of seventeen to reorganize the administrative system and reform the national laws upon a basis recommended by Japan. Such activity and energy had never before been witnessed since the foundations of the Corean monarchy were laid. As soon as the outgoing Cabinet had left the palace, and without waiting to consult his new council, the King called together the commanders of the few troops remaining at his disposal and ordered them instantly to join the Japanese army on the way to attack the Chinese at Asan. He was not instigated to do this by anybody. No one expected it of him and no one was more surprised than the Japanese representative when he heard of it. This effectually destroyed the old story that the King had nothing but hatred for the Japanese and would resist to the utmost any attempt of Japan to establish its influence in the peninsula. Since the day that he came in contact with the envoy he has shown every disposition to coöperate, so far as he was able, with the movements for Corea's regeneration. When the Japanese army returned victorious to Seoul, bringing with them the captured arms and standards, he sent a deputy to welcome and congratulate them. He has appointed a commissioner to visit Japan and thank the Emperor for the promise of peace and a stable government to his country, and he has formally renounced the suzerainty of China and proclaimed his intention to assert his independence and equality in all future dealings with that nation. Unless Japan fails utterly in the war the vassalage of the past will never be renewed. Japan feels deeply the imputation in Secretary Gresham's message through the United States Minister in Tokio that they are levying war on a weak and defenseless nation, but expresses the hope that Americans generally comprehend that their war is with China and is waged on behalf of and not against the Coreans.

PUBLIC REWARDS FOR FAKE VICTORIES.

China's Old Trick to Cause a Rush for War Service by Recruits.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The recent action of the Chinese Government in publicly rewarding its soldiers for their alleged victory over the Japanese some days ago is looked upon by officials here, familiar with affairs in the Orient, as a good piece of diplomacy. The course of the Chinese is similar to that followed during the war with the French. No matter whether they obtained the victory over the French or not, they would widely circulate all over the jurisdiction papers announcing the utter defeat of the French and commending their officers for their gallantry. By this means, it is said, China stimulates the courage of its citizens.

IRISH FACTIONS DEEPER IN THE ROW.

Parliamentary Party May Witness Violent Convulsions Soon.

DUBLIN, Sept. 6.—The *Evening Echo* tonight says the anti-Parnell section of the Irish Parliamentary party regard the disclosures of the £100 Gladstone checks to the Irish Parliamentary fund as the most serious since Parnell's death. It is understood Mr. McCarthy, leader of the anti-Parnellites, will embrace the first opportunity to retire from the leadership, and this has been urged by several of his colleagues. If McCarthy retires there will be a fight for the leadership. Timothy Healy has set his mind upon getting it and is prepared to start a new Dublin newspaper, with money supplied by a wealthy friend, to push his claims. It is doubted whether the Parnellites will benefit by the changes, as the McCarthyites threaten to make public certain financial negotiations on the part of the Parnellites which will show that both factions are in the same boat.

MONTREAL, Que., Sept. 6.—Archbishop Cleary has issued a pastoral to be read in the churches of the Archdiocese of Kingston, setting forth the claims of the Irish Parliamentary party and asking for a collection in every church on one of the Sundays in this month for the cause.

HENRY D. LLOYD ADVISES A UNION.

He Tells the Trade Congress the World's Wageworkers Should Unite.

NORWICH, Eng., Sept. 6.—At today's session of the Trades Union Congress, Henry D. Lloyd of Chicago, the representative of the American Federation of Labor, delivered to the delegates a message of good wishes from 800,000 American laborers, who, he said, believed the time was ripe for the world's wageworkers to unite. A keen fight is proceeding over the election of Secretary for the ensuing year. The socialists are confident of electing Tom Mann and the moderates are hopeful of reëlecting Commoner Fenwick. A section of the delegates supports Sam Woods.

ONLY LIKE THE VANDERBILT LIVERIES

Story That Nellie Neustretter's Servants Had Identical Patterns Denied.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

PARIS, Sept. 6.—[Copyright, 1894, by the Press Publishing Company, New York World.]—The story that William K. Vanderbilt gave Nellie Neustretter liveries exactly the same as those worn by his wife's servants is not true. While the liveries of the woman's servants were similar to the Vanderbilt liveries, they were not identical, and, indeed, had been worn by the famous Nellie's carriage servants before she met Vanderbilt. There is now every prospect that a formal reconciliation will be effected between husband and wife.

LOOKS AS IF EZETA WILL GO FREE.

Col. Clocho Released for Lack of Evidence—Other Refugees Testify.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 6.—Judge Morrow today discharged Col. Clocho, one of the San Salvadorean refugees, on the ground that the evidence adduced did not warrant his being held. The other defendants testified that all the transactions complained of were of a political character, and that the alleged crimes charged were not committed as officers and soldiers of the government's army while fighting a revolutionary force.

CHOLERA VICTIMS BY THE THOUSAND.

Terrible Mortality from the Scourge in Galicia and Bukowina.

VIENNA, Sept. 6.—The Central Sanitary Council announces that since the beginning of the cholera epidemic there have been 5,367 cases of the disease and 2,700 deaths in Galicia, and 519 cases and 300 deaths in Bukowina.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 6.—From Maestricht three cases of cholera were reported today. At Dordrecht another death from the disease has occurred and at Kapella there has been one fresh case.

Bishop of Urgel Repudiates France.

PERPIGNAN, France, Sept. 6.—The Bishop of Urgel has issued a pastoral letter claiming he is sole ruler of Andorra, and that he will no longer admit the suzerainty of France. Andorra is a neutral country with the name of a republic, situated on the south slope of the Pyrenees, between the French Department of Ariego and the Spanish Province of Lorida. Up to the present Andorra has been subject to the suzerainty of France and of the Bishop of Urgel. The independence of the little state dates back to the time of Charlemagne in 790.

British Warship on a Reef.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Sept. 6.—The British warship Ringarooma, eight guns, a twin-screw cruiser of 2,575 tons and 4,000 horse-power, detailed for service in Australian waters, is ashore on a reef off Mallicollo Island, New Hebrides. The British warships Dart, Lizard, and Wallaroo and the French cruisers Scorff and Loyaute have started to release the warship. It is believed the officers and crew of the Ringarooma are safe.

William Is King by Divine Right.

BERLIN, Sept. 6.—Emperor William, at the unveiling of the monument to his grandfather, Emperor William I., at Konigsburg Tuesday last, said: "It was on this spot that King William openly stated before his subjects that he held his crown from God. This is also my own deepest conviction and has ever served me as a guide in all my actions."

Armistice Between China and Japan.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 6.—The Japanese have occupied some islands in Society Bay, to the north of Port Arthur. An armistice between China and Japan is imminent.

Cable Brevities.

AUSTRIAN ARMY MANEUVERS CEASE.

The Austrian army maneuvers closed at Landskrom yesterday. Emperor Francis Joseph was present.

ADMIRAL INGLEFIELD DEAD.

Admiral Sir Edward A. Inglefield, who has been on the retired list of British naval officers since 1885, is dead.

EIGHT-HOUR DAY FOR AUSTRALIAN MINERS.

The Colonial Legislature of New South Wales has agreed to make compulsory the observance of eight hours as a day's work for miners.

LOIE FULLER WON'T TELL.

Loie Fuller, the dancer, in Amsterdam, asked whether she would affirm or deny the report of her engagement to Senator Cantor of New York, replied: "The Senator is in New York, and he will attend to the matter." But he only smiled when asked about it.

Contractors Sue for Their Money.

PORTLAND, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Bracy Bros., McNair & Co., railroad builders of Chicago, today filed with the Recorder of this county a lien for $37,654 against the C., U. C. and C. railroad for work done and material furnished. This is a new line building from Union to Huntington and the contractors have fifteen miles of the grading and bridges built ready for the iron.

Big Circus in Trouble.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—United States Marshal Brinton sent a deputy to Monticello, Piatt County, tonight to take possession of Forepaugh's circus on a judgment for $7,000 rendered by Judge Jenkins in the United States Circuit Court at Chicago in a suit for damages for personal injuries.

RAIN FOR THE "COPS."

LITERARY POLICEMEN GO TO A PICNIC AND GET DRENCHED.

They Go to Gardner's Park, Expecting a High, Dry Time, but the Inclement Weather Changes All the Plans—Book-Learned "Coppers" Only Are Allowed to Belong to the Policemen's Social and Literary "Club," Under the Auspices of Which the Outing Was Taken.

Chicago's policemen went to Gardner's Park yesterday to enjoy a picnic given by the Policemen's Social and Literary club. With the customary secrecy of the department the fact had been withheld from the knowledge of Prof. Moore of the Weather Bureau, and by this oversight the pleasure seekers were obliged to take their outing in one of the heaviest rains of the season. Fully 1,000 men and 2,000 other persons stood about the grove and received the full benefit of the drenching rain.

The Policemen's Literary club is a select organization. No one is admitted to its membership who has not at least twelve years' service to his credit. Despite this drawback the membership is larger than of any other similar society in the world. The officers are now talking of putting further restrictions on the uninitiated. The fact that a man has been on the force for twelve years will not admit him in the future. Hereafter, every new member will be obliged to recite several pages of Ovid, Cicero, Xenophon, Racine, and a few of the English authors, including Swinburne.

Two train loads, each containing fifteen cars of literary talent, left the Illinois Central depot at Randolph street at 11:15 a. m. and 1:45 p. m. The first train carried the advance guard and arrived on the grounds before the heavy rain-storm. They amused themselves as best they could. A few of them shot at targets—and hit them to the surprise and admiration of their friends.

Chief Brennan There.

Chief Brennan shut up his desk for the afternoon, and tucking a volume of Herodotus under his arm, hastened to the Illinois Central depot. He found his officers equipped even better than he supposed. Detective Storen of the Central was sitting in one of the seats closely perusing a copy of Homer. His comrade, Detective Bailey, was reading Molière. Volumes of Browning, Shakspeare, Voltaire, Cicero, Schiller and Goethe could be seen in all parts of the train, each held by an interested reader. There were women and children on the train, but they did not disturb the literary occupation of the Policemen's Social and Literary club bound for its field day and grand excursion.

Before the train arrived at Gardner's Park it commenced to rain. The majority of the officers did not mind the rain. They made a rush to the grove and with double time soon reached a place of shelter. Three or four hundred others, however, remained on the platform. Many of these had brought their families or future wives, and for them a half mile dash in a rainstorm was too much. However, the "literary fellers" knew better than to swear. Chief Brennan smiled, and his officers followed suit. For more than an hour they stood there on the platform braving the elements. When the rain ceased for a few minutes there was a rush to the grounds, which were dotted by pools. No sooner had the crowd arrived when the rain began anew. It was a blow to the Arrangement committee which had prepared a list of races which had to be abandoned. The blue-coated bookworms were to pass on literary achievements in foot races of 250 and 100 yards and the prizes varied from a brand new winter uniform to two boxes of cigars.

Games Are Off.

Members of Capt. Kane's literary bureau had boasted they would whip Capt. Dollard's "Bellamys" at a tug of war. The dispute was to be settled yesterday, but everything had to be called off. There was, however, one consolation for the officers. In one part of the grounds a bar had been erected and there a brew of Milwaukee beer was dispensed at five cents a glass. The glasses were small and had a fair proportion of foam, but that did not deter a large patronage. The bar was a square affair and conducted on the same principles. It was open on four sides. There were no side doors, and all the policemen who wanted to drink lined up in front. Citizens who never in their lives saw a policeman in a barroom would have enjoyed the manner in which the officers answered roll-call on the four sides of the bar and demolished the supply.

While the bartenders were busy another crowd tried to get something to eat in the restaurant, where the water was leaking through the roof. The drippings filled the clam chowder plates and fell on the cold pork chops and ham sandwiches alike.

Those who were neither thirsty nor hungry spent several hours listening to speeches. James M. Graham, State's Attorney of Sangamon County, told them of the Chicago policeman's bravery and the fact that Chicago ought to be as proud of its police force as the police force is of Chicago. He told them, too, policemen of lesser cities were getting more money, and that the Chicago police ought not to be second in this respect. Ald. Madden said every member of the City Council knew that every member of the department who did his duty earned his pay well, and those who did not do their duty did not earn and deserved no pay. Frank Lawler addressed the assemblage and then everybody went home.

INTERNATIONAL CHESS CONTEST.

Results of the Fifth and Sixth Rounds—Brilliant Play Is Seen.

LEIPSIC, Sept. 6.—Play in the international chess tournament under the auspices of the German Chess Association was resumed today, when the fifth and sixth rounds were contested. The games resulted as follows:

Fifth round—Mieses and Mason played a four knights game, which stood adjourned after four hours' play. Walbrodt beat Suechling in a Scotch gambit, opened by the latter, after twenty-nine moves. Seuffert beat Weydlich in a French defense, adopted by the latter, after thirty-six moves. Tarrasch beat Scheve in a queen's gambit, declined, after twenty-nine moves. Janowsky beat Teichmann in a French defense after thirty-one moves. Blackburne and Zinke drew a French defense after thirty-three moves. Berger beat Baird in a Ruy Lopez (3 P. Q. R. 3) after forty moves. Schiffers and Schlechter drew a Ruy Lopez (3 P. Q. R. 3) after twenty-eight moves. Marco and Lipke drew a Ruy Lopez (3 P. Q. R. 3) after twenty-nine moves.

Suechling was beaten in the opening, Scheve and Teichmann in the middle, and Baird in the ending of their respective games. Weydlich lost by a blunder, while Marco ought to have won his game with Lipke but for careless play.

Sixth round—Schlechter and Marco drew a four knights game after twenty-eight moves. Berger and Schiffers drew a Dutch opening after forty-one moves. Teichmann beat Blackburne in a three knights games after forty moves. Janowsky beat Scheve in a king's gambit, declined, after thirty-three moves. Walbrodt beat Seuffert in a Vienna game after forty-one moves.

The games Mason vs. Lipke (Giuoco piano), Zinke vs. Baird (four knights opening), and Meises vs. Suehling (Vienna game) stood adjourned at 8 o'clock. Berger ought to have won his game against Schiffers, but drew through negligence in play. Tiechmann won brilliantly by the sacrifice of some pawns, while Scheve and Seuffert lost through bad play in the opening and middle respectively.

GETTING READY FOR THE VETERANS.

Pittsburg Is Expecting 100,000 of the Old Boys in Blue.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 6.—The prevailing idea here now is to prepare a fitting reception for the veterans who are coming to attend the twenty-eighth national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. Applications for quarters are pouring into the office of the local Executive Council from all parts of the country. A few old soldiers have arrived, bringing their wives and children. In addition to the veterans and their relatives, an enormous crowd of visitors is expected and the vanguard has already reached here. The first of veterans' organizations to reach here is scheduled to arrive Saturday. The naval veterans will arrive that day and will be quartered in boats on the Monongahela River. Sunday the railroads have arranged to bring in 20,000 more and by Monday evening nearly 100,000 veterans will be here. The finishing touches are being placed on the mammoth buildings of Westinghouse, in which a reception will be given Wednesday evening to the delegates.

MARION, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The fifth annual encampment of the Williamson County Soldier and Sailor Association went into a three days' encampment at Carterville today. The weather is fine.

IMPERSONATES A CHICAGO OFFICER.

Capt. H. F. Schuettler's Name Used by an Impostor in Pittsburg, Pa.

Capt. H. F. Schuettler of the Chicago police force has been greatly annoyed of late by some man impersonating him in Pittsburg. A telegram from that city last night says:

About two weeks ago a stranger arrived in Pittsburg from Chicago and said he was Capt. H. F. Schuettler of the Thirteenth Police Precinct. He spent money freely and said he was about to claim a fortune of $20,000, which had been left to him by a relative. The news traveled to Chicago and the real Capt. Schuettler heard of it. He wrote to the Pittsburg paper that published the story and asked a reporter to investigate the matter. The reporter worked on the case until today, when he found the bogus Captain in the Alleghany County Jail. The man had secured employment as a collector for a distillery, and it is claimed failed to turn in some of the money he collected. Capt. Schuettler says he will prosecute his double. The latter's name is Erberhart Schottler.

When asked about the matter last night Capt. Schuettler said: "The first I knew of this impostor's conduct was when a friend of mine brought me the paper a few days ago that contained an extended interview with this chap. In this he said his name was Capt. H. F. Schuettler, that he had recently quit the police force here; left Chicago and was going to settle down there because his life had been threatened. He is evidently some fellow pretty well posted on the work I have been doing for several years, as he gave a fairly good account of it. I at once wrote to the paper that published the interview and sent them the clipping, saying if the man was obtaining money on my name I would prosecute him if I had to go on to Pittsburg to do it. I am glad he has been arrested. I never knew any such person as Erberhart Schottler and I don't believe that is the fellow's right name. I should say his last name is Erberhart and he attaches the Schottler to it in order to carry out the semblance it bears to my name."

CRIME SUPPRESSORS IN SESSION.

Reports Are Heard and Charges Made Against President Clarke.

An adjourned meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Crime was held in the Commerce club-rooms yesterday afternoon. The meeting was called to receive the reports of the Chairmen of the committees. There were only two reports ready, those of Secretary Carr on the opium evil and of Miss Sickels on the protection of defenseless women and children. Mass-meetings are to be called to consider the remedying of the evils disclosed by the reports. The Society for the Prevention of Vice has not been harmonious since Miss Sickels, and Mr. Carr, and A. H. Ford were charged with an unauthorized use of the society's name when Mrs. Mary A. Ahrens was prosecuted for the alleged taking of a rug from a Mrs. Richley. There was an attempt at a former special meeting of the society to force Secretary Carr and Miss Sickels to resign. They declined, and yesterday formal charges were preferred by Miss Sickels, Mr. Carr, and Mr. Ford against President Clarke. The charges accuse him of calling a meeting irregularly, of allowing people not authorized to be present at the meeting, and some of the clauses of the charges say the Rev. Mr. Clarke condones crime instead of trying to prevent it. All the charges are in the same vein, and were referred to the Society for the Investigation of Charities.

WILL FIGHT THE WHISKY SCHEDULE

Either Whisky Trust or Independent Distillers to Contest Payments.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—That the increased tax on whisky will be hotly contested through the courts of the country is now more apparent than at any time since the passage of the tariff law. John Beggs, Vice-President of the whisky trust, said it was certain the tax would be opposed, but whether it would be by the distillery company or other interested parties he was not prepared to say. Distillers considered the increased tax illegal on goods already in bond, but Mr. Beggs did not believe in discussing this question in advance. He thought it was proper to wait until it had been fully decided. He expects President Greenhut home from his Eastern trip this week, and one of the first questions to be considered by him is an early meeting of the Board of Directors of the Distillery company. This meeting is expected to be a highly important one. It is the first in three months, and recent events will come in for a lively discussion. A policy for the future will also be outlined. John Stevens, the attorney for the company, was asked concerning the proposed resistance. He said no one had consulted him as attorney for the company, and no one had made any inquiries regarding the question. Under these circumstances he was unable at this time to make a statement.

RAINFALL HEAVIEST OF THE YEAR.

Recent Storms Have Been the Most Severe—Depth of the Fall.

The precipitation during the recent rainstorms has been the greatest of the year, measuring 5.22 inches. The total precipitation up to Sept. 2 was 15.50 inches, and up to date 20.72 inches. The normal rainfall for Chicago is from 30 to 32 inches. If the present wet weather keeps up much longer the rainfall for the year will be up to the average. For the twelve hours ending at 7 o'clock last night the rainfall was .99 inches, the greatest rainfall for any twenty-four hours being 3.36 inches, ending 7 o'clock Tuesday morning. Yesterday La Crosse was the center of the rainstorm, there being recorded 1.80 inches. The rain belt extended from Cheyenne, Wyo., to Toledo, O. The storm was mild, moving from west to east, and is not yet over. The forecast for today indicates showers throughout the Northwest generally. The temperature will remain about the same and the people of Chicago will have to suffer another day of intense humidity. The temperature yesterday was 72° and the humidity 96°.

REFUSES TO PAY A VETERAN SALARY

Suit Against the Controller of New York by Secretary of State.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 6.—Secretary of State John Palmer this afternoon made application to the Supreme Court for a writ of mandamus to compel Controller Robert to pay the salary of William H. Ewell of Rochester, appointed a clerk in the office of the Secretary of State in June. Ewell is a veteran. Palmer appointed him under the veterans' exemption act of last winter which provides that the head of any department may appoint an honorably discharged veteran without any civil service examination when the salary does not exceed $4 per day. Roberts has refused to pay his salary until he produces a certificate from the Adjutant-General showing he was honorably discharged and the Civil Service Commission's notification that he is eligible under the law. This, Secretary of State Palmer refuses to allow. The law gives him the power to appoint and he does not intend to have that power interfered with. Ewell has received no salary since his appointment.

COMMITTEE WILL ISSUE A CIRCULAR

Stockholders of Peoria, Decatur and Evansville Trying to Prevent a Default.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Attorney John S. Stevens, solicitor for the Peoria, Decatur and Evansville railroad, says there are three committees interested in the reorganization of the road. The third committee, which has just got to work, represents some of the seconds and the stockholders. They are preparing a circular which will soon be issued. The default on the interest on the second mortgage bonds becomes effective in January and steps to foreclose and reorganize the road are expected early in the winter. The stockholders are trying to prevent foreclosure under the first mortgage by keeping the interest paid up and preventing a default.

Taking Evidence in Economite Suits.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 6.—Testimony in the equity suit brought against John S. Duss and other trustees of the Economite Society by Christian Schwartz of West Virginia, Antony Koterba Vaid Strohaker, and Allen Shale of Ohio, and G. L. Shale of South Dakota was heard yesterday noon before Examiner Gamble in the United States Circuit Court rooms. The taking of testimony is likely to last several weeks.

Hard Times.

Lists of dividends of leading London banks for 1888 and 1893 show a common reduction at the end of the decade of about one-third.

RYAN WILL AID THEM

TRADES COUNCIL TO STAND BY THE CORNICEMAKERS' STRIKE.

A General Lockout Is Expected if the Employers Do Not Give In—They Threaten to Employ Non-Union Men, Which Is the Serious Point in the Controversy—Pullman Strike Formally Declared Off—General News from the Labor World.

"The Building Trades Council will stand by the cornicemakers," said J. J. Ryan, President of the Building Trades Council, last night. He had been asked what position the building trades would take in the fight which is now on between the journeymen metal workers and the Cornicemaking Manufacturers' Association.

The differences between the employers and employés have already resulted in one strike and a general lockout is expected. The employers threaten to employ none but non-union men. As the by-laws of the trades unions forbid members working on buildings with non-union men the fight, unless it is settled soon, is bound to spread to all the trades engaged in construction of buildings. How far the fight will be carried no one can predict, but it is the opinion of labor leaders that the cornice makers will come out victorious.

The trouble between the Manufacturers' Association and the Amalgamated Order of Sheet Metal Workers dates back a month or more. The old union rate was 35 cents an hour and the Manufacturers' Association wanted this reduced to 30 cents an hour. It also wanted the agreement with the union which provided for sympathetic strikes annulled. The cornicemakers held a meeting Wednesday night, at which Representatives Prexman and Voightman were present by invitation. Business agents of the union, Watson and Chester, argued in favor of making the concessions, but were not successful, for the union men rejected the propositions referred to. The Manufacturers' Association then made a last attempt at settlement and gave the union men until noon yesterday to comply with its offer. It was refused.

The principal establishments affected are: Frank Voightman, No. 129 North Franklin street; James A. Miller, No. 129 Clinton street; A. J. Welin, G. Burk, Perkinson & Brown, E. Griffith, George M. Gross, A. W. Cooper, J. C. McFarland, Kniseley Bros., Kniseley & Yieldham, and others.

There are about forty manufacturers directly interested. The beginning of the trouble was the strike on Contractor Rheinhardt's building which he is erecting at Forty-third street and Champlain avenue. Rheinhardt refused to pay union wages and the men were called off. Then the Manufacturers' Association came to his aid with the result as stated. President Ryan said last night the building trades would fight the employers one by one and that the Council would give every assistance to the cornicemakers it can.

PULLMAN STRIKE DECLARED OFF.

Delegates from Ten A. R. U. Lodges Take This Action.

The Pullman strike was formally declared at an end yesterday afternoon. Delegates from ten out of the eighteen local unions of the American Railway Union at Pullman met at the Kensington Turner Hall, and by a vote of seven to three decided they were no longer strikers.

Col. Turner of the First Regiment, I. N. G., issued a general order yesterday in which, after complimenting his men for the cheerfulness, alacrity, and other soldierly qualities they displayed in the Pana campaign and afterwards during the Pullman troubles, he announces that the regularly weekly drills will be resumed Monday, Sept. 17. The board to examine into the qualifications of enlisted men for appointment as non-commissioned officers will meet at 4 o'clock Sept. 24.

James Hunt and James Van Sickle, carpenters, were held to the Criminal Court yesterday on charges of malicious mischief. The complainant was William A. Hynes, who charged the men with defacing the hardwood finishings in the flats being built by the complainant at Nos. 3641-43 State street. Mr. Hynes believe the damage was done because he hires non-union men.

THEY CELEBRATE WATERMELON DAY

Irrigation Congress Delegates Visit Rock Ford and Enjoy Themselves.

ROCK FORD, Colo., Sept. 6.—The delegates to the Denver Irrigation Congress arrived here early today and are joining heartily with thousands of other visitors in the annual watermelon day celebration. They will inspect the irrigation works of the Arkansas Valley and return to Denver tonight.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 6.—The views entertained by Secretary J. Sterling Morton of the Agricultural Department regarding the purposes of irrigation conventions and the propriety of representatives of his bureau taking part in them, which he so plainly expressed to the Irrigation Congress' meeting in Denver, are not of recent origin. In a letter to Edward Chase of Brigham City, Utah, the President of the congress, written March 3, Secretary Morton said:

> The farmers complain now of overproduction, and why they should petition the government to make appropriations to fertilize arid lands with water and beget still greater production I am at a loss to determine. Really, the farmer who asks the government for an appropriation with which to irrigate arid and subarid regions petitions the government to tax him so as to create more competitors for him in the markets of the world.

KILLED BY A BOLT OF LIGHTNING.

Workman at Lemont Struck Down and a Companion Injured.

John Drozdzia and a man whose name is not known were struck by lightning in the rainstorm yesterday afternoon. The men were working north of Lemont, near the Drainage Police Station. Drozdzia was killed instantly. His companion's face was badly burned and discolored and he was rendered unconscious by the shock. He will probably recover. Drozdzia was 35 years old and leaves a widow and two children. He was a Galician and had lived in Lemont for four years.

SOCIETY MAN ENLISTS IN THE ARMY.

Ill-Spent Fortune and a Love Affair Send Him to the Ranks.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 6.—H. Morris Johnston, a young society man of Baltimore, has enlisted in the United States cavalry. Mr. Johnston is 27 years old and has been prominently known in Baltimore society. He received a comfortable competency from his father, but it is understood that all this has been spent. This fact and a love affair with a young Baltimore society lady are understood to be the causes of his enlistment.

SCOTCH VALLEY HAS NOT SUNK.

No Such Town and No New Hole in the Face of the Earth.

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 6.—The story sent out from Lofty, Pa., to the effect that the mining town of Scotch Valley had sunk out of sight is untrue. There is no Scotch Valley mine in this region.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

Four thousand descendants of Davy Crockett are holding a reunion at Humboldt, Tenn.

Thieves took $500 and $15,000 in bonds from State Treasurer Worth of Raleigh, N. C.

Robert Hensel and Michael Barrett, Chicago burglars, have been held for trial in Pittsburg, Pa.

The first clearance for the season of Galveston (Tex.) cotton was made. The lot was 6,100 bales.

Spence Holder of Danton, Tex., who was indicted twenty-three years ago for murder, has given himself up.

A proposition for the formation of an independent labor party was defeated yesterday in the Trades Congress at Ottawa, Ont.

Eight thousand five hundred barrels of whisky have been reported at Cincinnati to be taken out of bond on payment of the new tax.

Stephen Giles, 60 years old, of Kirkmansville, Ky., married a 16-year-old girl. A crowd of young men gave them a "charivari." Giles shot into the crowd and one man will die.

The latest investigations by the United States and Canadian Governments show the Royal Baking Powder superior to all others in purity and leavening strength.

Statements by other manufacturers to the contrary have been declared by the official authorities falsifications of the official reports.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

PRODS FOR THE LAZY.

[Continued from first page.]

Much garbage rots in the open air. The compost heaps in the rear of the many barns have not been removed this summer. Some of the piles are ten feet high. The people claim that it is useless to make complaint to the City Hall officials as no attention is paid to complaints from that section.

Complaints by the Hundred.

Complaints to the Civic Federation officials already are numbered by the hundreds. Yesterday was the first day after the federation announced it would receive and investigate them. The worst case found yesterday was a garbage box at No. 420 Blue Island avenue. Four residents sent a letter, in which it was stated that the garbage box had not been cleaned since October, 1893. Two tons of garbage was found piled about the box.

At No. 304 Sacramento avenue is another bad case. The residents have been paying the scavenger 25 cents a box to remove garbage. Lately he struck and refused to take it for less than 35 cents. The boxes have not been cleaned for several weeks.

The alleys between Blue Island avenue and the river near Twelfth street are among the worst in the city. The residents say that the city scavenger and the city inspector never visit this section.

At the headquarters of the Civic Federation Secretary Easley said that it was not the intention of the society to make the complete report public at this time. He said Mayor Hopkins and Supt. Schofield had promised a reform, and now that the matter had been called to their attention he was convinced prompt measures would be taken to force the contractors to live up to their agreement. It was hinted that the investigation of the inspectors had brought to light some startling facts in the relations between the contractors and inspectors, but of this Mr. Easley would say nothing. He said the work of the federation's inspectors was scarcely half completed.

Last Sunday the Mayor visited the Twenty-ninth Ward alleys, where the condition is no worse than in a dozen other parts of the city. When he returned he sent for the Sanitary committee of the federation. Lyman J. Gage and R. M. Easley responded. The Mayor expressed himself as surprised and disgusted and said he was ready to aid the federation in every way in his power. The Mayor said the city is paying three men $1,350 each a year as "district inspectors" on the North, South, and West Sides. He said he would see that these officials attended to business.

TRAGEDY OF A WATERMELON PATCH

Three Persons Killed by Poison and the Poisoner Murdered for Revenge.

MAGNOLIA, Ark., Sept. 6.—Near Dykesville, La., just across the Arkansas State line, Clinton Thompson, a farmer, has a fine melon crop. Raids by boys became so frequent the old man put poison in some of the finest melons and awaited the results. This morning his son Felix, George Bridges, a neighbor's son, and a man named Jacob Muir were found dead in the patch. The neighbor whose son was among the victims was the first to discover the dead bodies and called Thompson out to show him the corpses. When Bridges learned that Thompson had poisoned the melons and caused the death of his son he drew his revolver and shot him dead.

Western Theological Seminary.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 5.—[Special.]—The fall term of Western Theological Seminary opened here yesterday with three instead of two professors. The new professor, H. E. Dosker, D. D., will be installed early in October.

Minister Denby Will Not Retire.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 6.—Charles Denby, United States Minister to China, has arrived from the East en route to Pekin and will sail Saturday. Asked as to the truth of a rumor that he would retire in favor of his son he said: "I do not intend to retire. There is no foundation for such a report. My son will shortly leave Pekin to return to America. He comes home to be married."

Full Life-Saving Crew.

For the first time in over a year and a half the full life-saving crew reported for duty at the life-saving station at the mouth of the river at 6 o'clock last night. They are under the charge of Capt. Frank Fountain, who distinguished himself in the May storm. The crew will remain at the station permanently.

Fatal Accident on the Lehigh.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 6.—A serious collision occurred today on the Lehigh Valley railroad near this city. One engine was demolished and many cars were wrecked and piled up on the tracks. Frank Gorman of this city was thrown under the cars and crushed to death. Fireman Miley Read was seriously injured.

Quickest Passage to the St. Lawrence.

MONTREAL, Que., Sept. 6.—The Dominion Line steamer Labrador passed Heath Point at 10 o'clock this morning and is due at Quebec by noon tomorrow, and in Montreal Saturday morning. It left Liverpool last Thursday evening and Moville Friday evening. This is the best passage on record to the St. Lawrence.

For a Temperance Day.

The committee on arrangements for a non-sectarian Temperance day celebration in Chicago has announced that the celebration will take place Oct. 10 in the Auditorium. The speakers will be Bishop Watterson, Frances E. Willard, and John G. Wooley, with the Rev. Dr. Henson and Bishop Kane as alternates.

Crushed to Death by a Beam.

Charles McNeezer, 15 years old, who lived at No. 1626 Shurtleff avenue, was working at the plant of the Chicago bridge works yesterday afternoon at Washington Heights when a heavy beam fell upon him and he was crushed to death. His body was taken to his home.

Michigan Democrats Organize for Campaign.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The Democratic State Central committee organized for the campaign tonight with the selection of ex-Lieut.-Gov. John Strong of Monroe as Chairman, Frank H. Hosford of Detroit Secretary, and Samuel L. Smith of Detroit Treasurer.

Gov. Mellette Is Honored at Muncie.

MUNCIE, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Gov. Mellette of South Dakota was given a grand reception in Muncie tonight at the home of F. W. Heath. Mr. Mellette formerly resided in Muncie, and was editor of the Muncie *Times*.

Liberty Bell Trip Postponed.

George S. Knapp, manager of the Columbian Liberty Bell, says the contemplated trip of the bell to Pittsburg has been postponed, owing to the impossibility of getting the bell ready in time because of the weather.

RALLY GELS A CHILL.

[Continued from first page.]

in the hall during Mr. MacVeagh's speech. Senator Palmer came next and led off by taking a fall out of Billy Mason. He advocated a joint debate from county to county between Senator Cullom and Mr. MacVeagh and hoped it would occur. He had done his best for tariff reform. They had done all they could in this respect and had accomplished immense results in this direction. Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Mills wanted a perfect bill. He was satisfied with what he could get. They had grunted a good deal unnecessarily, so he thought. [Laughter.] He was willing the bill should be attacked. It defended itself and in a short time the public would realize the fact that much had been accomplished to relieve the burdens of the people. He spoke of the sugar schedule. The Democrats had no strength to pass it, he said; that was all. If the party would give him a colleague of his way of thinking there would be free sugar. [Cheers.] He favored an aggressive campaign this year. The tariff fight was not wholly won and it should continue until complete success was obtained. He spoke of the necessity of electing a Democratic Congress, less the present gain be lost. Mr. MacVeagh's methods were to summon the boys, who would be the hope of the Democratic party and the country. He wanted to see Illinois represented in the Senate by one other Democratic Senator, and desired all to labor to that end.

Gov. Altgeld then introduced Mr. Springer, who spoke half an hour or so on tariff reform, what Congress had done, and the reason it had not done more.

TENNESSEE LYNCHERS PUT IN JAIL.

Six Men Indicted by the Grand Jury and Arrested for Murder.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 6.—The grand jury this morning returned indictments for murder in the first degree against W. S. Richardson, J. D. Laxton, and E. T. Atkinson, in connection with the lynching of the six negro prisoners near Millington Friday night. There are six counts in each bill. Richardson is the officer who had the prisoners in charge and Atkinson was the driver of the wagon in which they were being transferred from Kerrville to Millington when the lynching occurred. They were arrested tonight, with Ed. Smith, a farmer living near Kerrville, and Michael Strickfadden and James Sissely.

THREE ATTEMPTS AT BURGLARY.

Thieves Enter John Rubens' House, but Are Frightened Away.

John Rubens, No. 5638 Wright street, reported to the Englewood police last night that burglars entered his house three times before 12 o'clock. Each time, however, they were discovered and frightened away by Mr. Rubens and the last time he fired three shots in their direction. An attempt was also made during the night to enter the house of S. M. Moonshine, No. 559 Sixty-fifth street.

Cleveland Cuts a Sorry Figure.

Philadelphia *Telegraph*: Mr. Cleveland assures the country that this new tariff law is utterly unworthy of his respect and confidence. He indicts it as the ally of the enemies of the people. He kicks it out of the White House in a rage, and then completes this roaring farce by indulging in some of his regulation platitudes about the rights and wrongs of his "fellow-countrymen." It is no wonder leading Democratic journals today are absolutely silent as to Mr. Cleveland's last performance in the ring. He has thrown himself down from the high pedestal upon which he was wont to stand for the admiration of mankind. He had not the courage to veto the tariff bill. Yet he must share responsibility for this measure and all that the country suffers under it. His bungling attempt to wash his hands only excites the contempt of honest men everywhere, and by his own action he compels Democratic voters to repudiate him when they sustain their own candidates at the polls. Verily, Grover Cleveland today cuts a sorry figure before the American people.

Enough for a Lifetime.

Troy *Times*: The public breathes a sigh of relief on the adjournment of this Congress and the temporary suspension of its pernicious activity. Never has a Congress stopped work with more expressions of thankfulness over its ending, and never have the statesmen representing the responsible majority gone home more poorly equipped to meet the judgment of their constituents. For the first time in a generation the country has experienced a government Democratic in all its departments, and the general agreement is that one year of it is enough for a lifetime.

It Really Looks Like Thomas!

Lincoln (Neb.) *Journal*: THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE has printed a picture of Tom Majors that really looks like him. The moral of this is that no matter how handsome the face it can be faithfully reproduced if the job is given to a conscientious artist. Mr. Majors is one of the few men permitted to remain on earth who can look in the glass without feeling ashamed.

Reunion of Southern Illinois Veterans.

CARTERVILLE, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The fifth annual reunion of the Williamson County Soldiers' and Sailors' Association convened here yesterday. Veterans from all sections of Southern Illinois have been gathering all day.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

BEAT PHOEBE WILKES

ALAR DEFEATS THE ILLINOIS MARE IN THE FIFTH HEAT.

Phoebe Was First After a Desperate Finish, but Was Set Back for Her Breaks—Miss Kate Defeats the Two-Year-Olds in a Four-Heat Fight—Mascot Captures an Easy Pacing Race—King Harry and Tony Medium the Other Fleetwood Winners.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Four contests for the trotters, one for the pacers, and a special against time were all quickly disposed of today. The best thing was the deciding heat of 2:11 trot between Phœbe Wilkes and Alar. Before the fifth Alar sold at 5 to 3 over the field. The New York mare won the race, though she did not finish first, Phœbe Wilkes having made three breaks in the mile, the last one just at the finish, when she had cutfooted the favorite through the stretch. The battle between the mares in the last quarter was exciting, both Goldsmith and McHenry using all their skill.

The 2-year-old trotters had a battle of four heats and Miss Kate won her first victory. Whalebone was an even money favorite before the first heat, but Sable Nut secured this with such a long lead that he was well backed at 2 to 1 for the race. After leading to the third quarter in the second heat Sable Nut made a break and Miss Kate came home five lengths ahead of him. This made the California filly a favorite, but Whalebone drew up in the third heat and beat her by a nose. The fourth heat found Miss Kate the fastest of the trio and Whalebone lost his stride in a last effort to redeem his credit.

There was a moderate field for the 2:27 trot and King Harry, who was sold as a choice at 10 to 2, had no trouble in defeating his slower opponents off-hand.

The free-for-all pace proved to be the easiest sort of a victory for Mascot, the 2 to 1 favorite. He won all the heats away off and in the last two stepped along to try and secure the extra $1,000 offered if the track record, Nancy Hanks 2:06¾, was lowered. Mascot failed.

An extra event for trotters under saddle went to Tony Medium in straight heats, Mount Vernon, who finished ahead in the second, being set back for a series of breaks.

During the afternoon the black pacer Jocco, in an effort to lower the best record to road wagon, which he himself holds, did the mile in 2:16, which is just what he had previously scored. Soon after his trial Jocco changed owners, A. E. Perrin of Buffalo, selling the pacer to E. De Cernea, who purchased Psyche yesterday.

The meeting ends tomorrow with five races, including the 2:16, 2:22, and 2:35 classes for trotters, the 2:19 pace, and the free-for-all stake for pairs.

In the last will be Azote and Answer, named by Monroe Salisbury; Billy A. and Dodgeville as substituted for Lord Clinton and Miss Lida; Allorita and Shandon Bells, named by P. J. Kauffman of Terre Haute.

Summary of the Races.

2:11 class, trotting, purse $2,000:
Alar, br. m., by Alcantara—Myra, by Knickerbocker (Goldsmith)....1 4 1 2 1
Phœbe Wilkes, br. m., by Hambletonian Wilkes (McHenry)....4 1 2 1 2
J. M. D., b. g. (Golden)....2 3 3 3 3
Cobwebs, ch. g. (Trimble)....3 2 4 4 4
Aunt Delilah, b. m. (Stewart)....dis
Time—2:11¼; 2:13; 2:11¼; 2:11¼; 2:13¼.

Two years, trotting, progression, purse $2,000:
Miss Kate, b. f., by Direct—Fanny K., by Redwood (McHenry)....2 1 2 1
Whalebone, bl. c., by Sable Wilkes (Goldsmith)....3 3 1 2
Sable Nut, b. c., by Sable Wilkes (Smith)....1 2 3 3
Upland, b. c. (McDonald)....dis
Russell T., b. c. (Gibbs)....dis
Director's Son, b. c. (Snow)....dis
Time—2:25; 2:26¼; 2:26¼; 2:26.

2:27 class, trotting, purse $1,500:
King Harry, b. g., by Red King—Beulah S., by Sweepstakes (Payne)....1 1 1
Belle Grand, ch. m. (Whelpley)....2 2 3
Sidney Smith, b. h. (Brush)....6 6 2
Jessie Clark, br. m. (McDonald)....3 4 4
Perrette, ch. m. (Settle)....4 5 5
Gee Whizz, br. g. (Hendricksen)....5 3 6
McIver, br. h. (Gibbs)....7 7 7
Time—2:25; 2:25; 2:22.

Free-for-all, pacing, purse $1,500:
Mascot, b. g., by Deceive—Miss Delmore, breeding unknown (Turner)....1 1 1
Guy, g. h. (R. E. Curry)....2 2 2
Will Kerr, b. g. (Shank)....3 3 3
Time—2:09; 2:07½; 2:07¼.

Free-for-all, trotting, to saddle, purse $500:
Tony Medium, b. m., by Shennan Medium—Jessie B., by Knickerbocker (Payne)....1 1
Mount Vernon, b. h. (Daly)....2 2
Frank H., b. g. (Jackson)....3 3
Time—2:27¼; 2:28¾.

JUDGES SCENT A JOB AND NIP IT.

Harry Omer's Driver Set Down and the Next One Goes Out and Wins.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The Newburg races were finished today with the exception of the 2:24 pacing race, which goes over until tomorrow with a heat to the credit of Green Wilkes and another to Lillie B. In the 2:29 pacing race the judges found it necessary to take out McMillan, who was driving Harry Omer, and substitute Reidy before the horse won the race. Attendance was fair and betting excellent. The summaries:

2:29 class, pacing, purse $300:
Harry Omer, gr. g., by St. Omer (McMillan and Reidy)....1 1 2 3 3 1
Lady, rn. m. (Spencer)....3 2 1 1 2 2
Pilot Wilkes, b. h. (Frank Shank)....2 3 3 2 1 3
Time—2:29; 2:26¾; 2:26¾; 2:26¾; 2:27¼; 2:25¼.

2:24 class, trotting, purse $300:
Muttalite, b. m., by Nutbourne (Nagle)....1 1 1
Palo Chief, b. h. (Frank Shank)....2 2 2
El Horr, b. h. (Reidy)....3 2 3
Sandos, ch. g. (Fancher)....4 5 4
East End, b. g. (Fenn)....5 4 5
Time—2:29¼; 2:26¾; 2:27¼.

2:25 class, trotting, purse $300:
Hugo, b. g., by Hope So (Day)....1 1 1
Jessie D., ch. m. (Moore)....2 2 3
Loafer F., b. g. (Spencer)....5 3 2
Minuetto, b. h. (Guiett)....3 5 6
Brewster F., b. g. (Frank Shank)....4 6 4
L. M. Wing, b. h. (King)....6 4 5
Time—2:23¼; 2:22½; 2:23¾.

GRAY JACK MAKES A TRACK RECORD.

Goes Over the Norwalk, O., Course in 2:16¾ in the Free-for-All.

NORWALK, O., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Ten thousand people witnessed the best races ever seen in this city. The track record was broken by Gray Jack in the free-for-all, time 2:16¾. The track was fast and the weather perfect. The summaries:

3:00 class, trotting, purse $200:
Daisy B....1 1 2 3 1
Comet....5 2 1 1 3
Kingdom....2 5 3 2 2
Recollection....4 3 6 6 5
Belle Wheeler....3 6 5 5 6
Lady Hester....6 4 4 4 4
Elyria Prince....dis
Time—2:33½; no time; 2:35¼; 2:37¾; 2:38¾.

Free-for-all, trotting, purse $300:
Gray Jack....1 1 1
Kittie Bayard....2 2 2
Florida Monarch....3 3 3
Time—2:17¼; 2:18½; 2:16¾.

2:40 class, trotting, purse $200:
Ben H....1 1 1
Carter Harrison....2 2 2
Charley H....3 3 3
Aleen Aroon....4 4 5
Convoy H....5 5 4
Time—2:28½; 2:29; 2:30½.

THREE EVENTS AT FOSTORIA.

Sister Lou, Prince M., and Mollie McAuley Winners Before 10,000 People.

FOSTORIA, O., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Ten thousand people attended the races here today. The summary:

3:00 class, trotting:
Sister Lou....5 1 1 1
Keno....1 8 8 7
Emmet B....4 2 2 2
Robert Mantell....2 4 3 4
Prince H....3 3 4 3
Sallie Foster....8 6 5 5
Bonnie....6 5 6 8
Indiana Princess....7 7 7 6
Time—2:33; 2:30; 2:32; 2:32.

2:35 class, pacing:
Prince M....1 1 1
Bell Vera....2 2 8
Belle T....6 6 2
Denver....4 3 3
Citto....3 7 4
Belle Bayard....9 4 5
R. and H....8 5 6
Legal B....5 8 7
Time—2:29; 2:32; 2:35.

Free-for-all, pacing:
Mollie McAuley....1 1 1
Rex Preston....2 3 3
Raven T....3 2 4
Tom Exom....4 4 2
Time—2:23; 2:27; 2:28.

CHEERFUL ALCY'S GREAT FEAT.

Draws Charles Bennett's 235 Pounds to Victory in Fast Time at That.

WINDSOR, Ont., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Under the most favorable conditions the racegoers saw [illegible] heats this afternoon. After Babette had cleaned up the unfinished pace by beating the favorite, Gertie B., and Johnnie Golddust had defeated the favorite, Pabst, in the trot left over from yesterday came two unimportant stakes. The 2:24 pace was the feature of the day and Trixy Hal, the favorite, was unable to negotiate with Cheerful Alcy, the latter winning in three straight heats. C. H. Bennett of Jackson, Mich., owns and drives Cheerful Alcy and as he weighs 235 pounds the mile in 2:15¼ is the fastest ever made under the circumstances. The 2:19 trot was hot while it lasted, but the dead heat should have been given to Huron Boy, who won it by a neck. The summaries:

2:16 class, pacing, purse $500:
Babette, b. m., by Sir John—Nettie Rose, by Winfield Scott (Green)....1 2 6 1 1
Groter, B., b. m., by Clinton's Fulton, dam by George Wilkes Jr. (Lambert)..5 1 1 2 2
Maud R., cr. m. (Beaver)....2 3 5 5 7
Dolce, b. m. (Henning)....6 4 2 4 6
Duke F., ch. g. (H. Smith)....3 6 3 3 3
Jack the Ripper, blk. h. (Fox)....4 5 4 6 4
Cæsar, b. g. (Carr)....7 7 7 7 5
Time—2:21; 2:15¾; 2:16¼; 2:18; 2:16¾.

2:24 class, trotting, purse $500:
Johnnie Golddust, br. g., by Thompson's Golddust (Rombaugh)....1 1 1
Wilkes Chief, ch. h. (Flynn)....2 2 6
George L. Napoleon, b. h. (Stanley)....13 6 2
Stroghoff, g. h. (Fox)....3 3 3
Prince Henry, blk. h. (Ravello)....7 9 4
Polly Stanton, ch. m. (Brown)....10 4 7
Harry N., b. g. (Williams)....5 5 11
Letitia, b. m. (Keating)....6 8 5
Bohornoon Boy, b. g. (Wagnes)....12 7 9
Jessie Hood, b. m. (Dayo)....11 12 8
Fielder, br. h. (McLaughlin)....8 11 12
Pabst, b. g. (Lewis)....9 10 10
Miss Kirkman, b. m. (Abeel)....4 dr
Time—2:22; 2:19¾; 2:20¼.

Yearlings, trotting, stake $200:
Aberdeen Clay, b. c., by Clay (Henning)....2 1 1
Dorothea S., blk. f. (Sinclair)....1 2 2
Mollie H., br. f. (Hahn)....2 3 4
Goldcure, b. c. (Cornwell)....4 4 3
Time—1:30; 1:27¼; 1:27¼.

2-year-old trotting, stake $250:
May Hunter, b.f., by Chatham Boy (Pierce) walkover
Time—3:35.

2:24 class, pacing, purse $500:
Cheerful Alcy, ch. g., by Alcy Wilkes—May Wilkes, by Young Wilkes (Bennett)....1 1 1
Trixey Hall, b. h. (Mellen)....2 2 5
Quaker K., ch. h. (Hudson)....10 3 2
Dolly W., br. m. (Barnes)....5 4 3
Dixie Van, b. h. (McFarlane)....3 5 4
Mollie F., ro. m. (Dwyer)....4 7 8
Nettie Y., b. m. (Clegg)....6 6 7
Little Fred, ch. h. (St. Louis)....11 8 6
Hamlet, b. g. (Rattenbury)....9 9 9
Demand, b. g. (Henning)....8 10 dr
Carrie N., br. m. (Alexander)....7 dr
Time—2:17¾; 2:15¼; 2:16.

2:19 class, trotting, purse $500:
Forest Boy, ch. g., by Forest Mambrino (Brown)1 0 5
Vrowsky, b. h., by Red Wilkes (Stinson)....4 4 1
Huron Boy, ch. h., by Pasacas (Rocke)....2 0 2
Chios, g. m. (Metcalfe)....3 3 3
Bassona, b. h. (Penman)....5 5 4
Time—2:17¾; 2:16¼; 2:19.

LADY FEARNAUGHT'S LONG RACE.

Wins After Eight Heats—Nelson's Good Son Morrill a Winner.

LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The surprise of the day came in the 2:24 class, pacing, Ned Rawlings or Ned H. being put down for winner. The summaries:

2:40 class, trotting:
Kalula, b. m., by Constellation (Lemson)....1 1 1
Pembroke, br. h. (Wheeldon)....2 2 2
China Boy, bl. g. (Reynolds)....4 3 3
Riley, b. h. (Foster)....3 4 4
Belle Parlin, b. m. (Jenkins)....5 dr
Time—2:29¼; 2:30½; 2:28¾.

2:24 class, pacing:
Morrill, ch. h., by Nelson (Morrill)....1 1 1
Otto, b. g. (Berry)....2 3 2
Cyler, ch. h. (Libby)....4 2 4
Cashier, g. h. (Ingraham)....3 4 3
Ned Rawlings, b. g. (Woodbury)....dis.
Ned H., b. g. (Edwards)....dis.
Time—2:24¼; 2:25¾; 2:25½.

2:50 stake, pacing:
Lady Fearnaught, br. m., by Straight Flush (Chaplin)....3 2 2 1 2 1 2 1
Blondey, ch. m. (Ulmer)....7 6 5 2 1 2 1 2
Gene Ayer, b. g. (Hayden)....1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Fred M., bl. g. (Marston)....2 1 1 dis
Chestnut, ch. g. (Russell)....5 7 4 dis
Little Actor, b. g. (Dustin)....4 4 dis
Bay Fearnaught, b. h. (Gould)....8 5 dis
Julia, b. m. (Farnum)....9 8 dr
Black Medium, bl. h. (Snow)....6 dis
Time—2:28¾; 2:26¼; 2:31; 2:37½; 2:36; 2:39¾; 2:43¾; 2:39¾.

4-year-olds, trotting:
Nicholl, br. h., by Guardsman (Hayden)....1 1 1
Nicholls, blk. h. (Farrington)....3 2 2
Loola, br. f. (Foster)....2 4 4
Louzer, b. m. (Hutchins)....5 3 3
Slippery Tom, blk. h. (Fitzsimmons)....4 9 5
Narcus, b. g. (Noyes)....7 6 5
St. Patrick, ch. g. (Woodman)....10 7 dis
Victor Wilkes, b. h. (Hill)....8 8 dis
Baby Wilkes, b. h. (Milliken)....9 dis
Milton C., b. g. (McAloon)....6 dr
Time—2:31¼; 2:29¼; 2:30.

4-year-olds, pacing:
Byrl C., br. m., by Victor Patchen (Farrington)....1 1 1
Von Hilern, b. h. (Shattuck)....5 2 2
Abbie Wilkes, b. m. (Walker)....2 3 3
Goldfinch, ch. h. (Gowell)....4 5 4
Jessie Shaw, b. m. (Fitzsimmons)....3 4 dis
Time—2:35¼; 2:31¼; 2:32¼.

2:25 class, trotting (unfinished):
Black Nathan, bl. h., by Robinson D. (Russell)....1 2 2
Elgin, b. g., by Lothair J.. (Wheeldon)....5 5 1
Combine, g. m. (Haley)....2 3 3
Grenadier, b. g. (Briggs)....7 2 4
Haroldson, br. h. (Marshal)....4 6 5
Tom King, b. h. (Spear)....6 4 6
Royal Wilkes, br. h. (Hayden)....3 7 dis
Time—2:27¾; 2:25¼; 3:24¼; 2:24¾.

WALDO J. AND GAZELLE.

Each Wins an Excellent Race at the California State Fair.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The State fair opened today. The attendance was excellent. Over 600 horses are on the ground. Aria won the Occidental Stake in a walk. Waldo J., a gray gelding from Santa Paula, paced the fastest California mile in a race of the year. He went to the half in 1:04 and ambled in. Gazelle, a 3-year-old, trotted in 2:16½, defeating Vina Belle, a prohibitive favorite in the early heats.

Occidental Stake, trotting, 3-year-olds, purse $600:
Aria, b. f., by Bernal—Ashby, by Gen. Benton (Maben)....1 1 1
Silver Note, ch. c., by Silver Bow, by Singleton (Williams)....2 2 2
Time—2:27½; 2:29; 2:31½.

2:15 class, pacing, purse $1,000:
Waldo J., g. g., by Bob Mason, dam by A. W. Richmond (Mack)....1 1 1
Lady H., b. m., by Sidney, by Deisur (Shaner).2 2 2
Tom Ryder, b. g., by Alex Button, by Black Ralph (Bigelow)....3 3 3
Eric, b. g., by Richards Elector (Gray)....6 5 4
Vidette, b. m., by Alex Button (Bigelow)....5 6 5
Powona, b. h., by Alston (Holcomb)....7 7 8
Fred Mason, b. g., by Bob Mason (Lafferty)....4 4 ds
Time—2:14; 2:13¼; 2:15¾.

2:22 class, trotting, purse $1,000:
Vina Belle, b. m., by Nephew—Flushing Belle, by Dictator (Maben)....2 2 1 1 1
Gazelle, bl. f., by Gossiper, by Booth (Durfee)....1 1 2 2 2
Lustre, b. h., by Fallis (Gray)....3 3 4 4
Rex, b. g., by Anteo (Dwain)....5 5 3 3
Mamie Griffin, bl. f., by Blackbird (Sullivan)....4 4 5 5
Time—2:16½; 2:19; 2:17; 2:25½; 2:21.

SEVEN HORSES GET THE RED FLAG.

Two of Them Heat Winners, and an Outsider Wins the Race.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Long contested events were the features of the racing at Capital Park today. The summary:

3:00 class, pacing, purse $100:
Daniel C., b. g., by Daniel Boone (Scannell)....3 2 1 1 1
Wilkes Smuggler, gr. g. (Martin)....6 7 4 2 2
H. H., ro. h. (Woodrow)....7 5 5 ds
Roanoke, ro. g. (Giles)....4 4 6 ds
Mollie Stark, blk. m. (Locke)....1 3 7 3 ds
David R., b. g. (Miller)....2 1 2 ds
Click, b. m. (Leonard)....5 6 3 ds
G. M. D., bl. g. (Harlow)....8 8 ds
Daisy C., b. m. (Tallant)....9 ds
Time—2:36¼; 2:31½; 2:33¼; 2:31½; 2:30.

2:26 class, trotting, purse $200:
Adra Belle, gr. m., by Almont Boy (Sargent)....4 3 1 2 1 2 1
Walter Mac, ch. h. (Howard)....2 2 3 1 2 1 2
Speedwell, gr. g. (Trout)....3 4 2 3 3 ro
Shuck Wilson, ro. g. (Gardner)....5 5 5 5 4 ro
New Flower, b. h. (Belanger)....1 1 4 4 dis
Time—2:23¼; 2:24¼; 2:25; 2:26¼; 2:23; 2:24; 2:25½.

2:28 class, pacing, purse $300:
Juno, ch. m., by Swivier (Yapp)....3 5 1 1 1
Longshot, gr. h. (Smith)....1 1 3 4 3
Capt. Turney, b. g. (Titler)....2 2 2 2 4
Elmer E., b. g. (Sargent)....5 3 4 3 2
George H., br. g. (Trout)....4 4 5 dr
Time—2:26½; 2:25¼; 2:27; 2:28¼; 2:29½.

GOOD CROWD DESPITE THE WEATHER.

Broadwell and Bush Returned as Winners in La Grange, Ind., Races.

LA GRANGE, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Heavy rains caused the track to be heavy, but the attendance was good. The summary:

2:35 class, pacing, purse $400, (concluded):
New Era, ch. g., by Hambletonian Wilkes (Warner)....1 1 1
Broadwell....2 2 8
New Dominion....8 6 2
Silvermaker....3 5 4
Little Joe....4 4 5
Harry Clay....5 3 6
Georgie....9 7 3
Frank Taylor....dis.
Time—2:24¼; 2:25¾; 2:25¼.

Free for all trotting, purse $500:
Bush, b. m. by Alcyone (Wilson)....1 1 1
Latitude....2 2 2
Belle Casset....3 3 3
Nominee....4 4 4
Jalisco....5 5 dr
Time—2:21; 2:20½; 2:23¾.

2:25 pace, purse $500 (unfinished):
New Era....2 1 2
Quaker Boy....1 2 4
Tony H....3 3 1
Kaiser Wilkes....4 4 3
Silver Bar....dis.
Time—2:26; 2:26½; 2:28¾.

DRIVER GRIMES FATALLY INJURED.

Guerita's Stumble at Crawfordsville Causes a Sad Accident.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Nearly 25,000 people saw an awful accident on the Crawfordsville race track. It will undoubtedly result in the death of one of the best known horsemen in the country, George Grimes of Terre Haute. It was in the second heat of the free-for-all pacing race and just at the east end of the amphitheater that Grimes' mare Guerita passed Minnie R. and took the pole only to stumble and fall in a heap, throwing Grimes under the sulky. In a second more Minnie R. was in the wreck and a confused heap of men, horses, and sulkies lay on the track. All escaped without serious injury but Grimes. He was taken out a mass of blood and dirt and cared for. His breast bone was broken, skull fractured in two places, and a terrible gash cut on his neck at the base of the brain, where Minnie R. stepped on him. He is now in a dying condition. The race summaries:

Free for all, pacing, purse $500:
Forest Wilkes, b. h. (McHaffie)....1 1 1
Red Belle, ch. h., by Red Wilkes (Rochhill)....2 2 2
Minnie R., b. m., by Rescue (C. R. Scott)....4 3 3
Guerita, ch. m. (Grimes)....3 dr
Time—2:17¼; 2:25¼; 2:18¾.

2:28 class, trotting, purse $350:
Quee Allen, br. h., by Champion Medium (Gett)....1 1 1
Little Billy, ch. h. (G. Wilcox)....2 2 3
Kaffir, br. h., by Alcasiar (Gerry)....3 3 4
Seulu Girl, b. m., by Western Boy (Cleve)....4 4 2
Time—2:28; 2:30; 2:21.

Mile heats, running, purse $250—San Francisco (Baldwin) won, Oro Andrian second, McGodrich third, Warwhoop fourth. Time, 1:45, 1:50.

BURLINGTON, VT., NEW TRACK RECORD

Sylvester K., in the 2:19 Class, Gives a Good Account of Himself.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The track record was lowered today from 2:19 to 2:17¾, and 10,000 people saw the races. The summaries:

Van Ness House Stakes, 3-year-olds, trotting:
Molde, br. f. (Webb)....1 1
Sheba, b. f. (Brownell)....2 2
White Wings, ch. f. (Porter)....3 3
Franklin Starr, b. g. (Cuts)....4 4
Time—2:29; 2:28¾.

2:24 class, trotting and pacing, purse $400:
C. H. K., ch. g. (Train)....1 1 1
Duex (Monegon)....2 2 2
Jed Davis, ch. h. (Brownell)....3 4 3
Woodbury Thorn, b. g. (Utton)....4 3 4
Time—2:24¼; 2:26½; 2:28

2:30 class, trotting and pacing, purse $300:
Race John, blk. g. (Cuitz)....1 1 1
Col. Cromtie, b. h. (Emerson)....2 3 2
Maggie H., b. m. (Winch)....3 2 3
Fanchion, br. m. (Garries)....5 4 4
U. Tell, b. g. (Landon)....4 5 5
Ben H., b. h. (Hutton)....6 dr
Time—2:27¼; 2:28; 2:28.

2:19 class, trotting, purse $500:
Sylvester K., b. g. (Stone)....1 1 1
Mack, b. h. (Bentley)....2 3 2
B. F. Solon, br. h. (Utton)....3 2 3
Time—2:21¼; 2:24¾; 2:17¾.

Hotel Burlington Stakes, 2-year-olds, trotting:
Ben Gillig, ch. c. (Forest)....1 1
Listen, ch. f. (Weller)....2 2
Nancy Drake (Holmes)....3 3
Time—2:47; 2:51¼.

WORCESTER TRACK RECORD IS LOWERED

Jack and Gil Curry Each Go the Route in 2:12½, Jack Winning.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 6.—The great event of the day was the racing, which was of the best order. In the free-for-all a new mile record was established for the track—2:12½. The summary:

Four-year-olds, trotting, purse $400 (concluded):
Nemoline, blk. m., by Jersey Wilkes (Baggs)..1 1 1
William Albert, b. h., by Albert W. (Jones)....2 2 2
Emogene, blk. m., by Imans (Rockwood)....3 3 3
Alcidalia, b. m. (Battay)....6 6 5
Elsie Wilkes, g. m., by Thorne Wilkes (Carpenter)....5 4 4
Zerbrino, b. h., by Woodbrino (Carpenter)....4 5 6
Time—2:24¼; 2:23¼; 2:21¼.

Three-year-olds, trotting, purse $500:
Nancy Rice, b. m., by Alcantara (Conley)....2 3 1 1 1
Hilda S., b. f., by Stambould (Carpenter)....1 1 2 3 3
Blackstone Brino, blk. g., by Woodbrino (Marsh)....3 2 4 2 2
Slivia, ch. f., by Edgemark (Brady)....5 4 3 4 4
Tom Cat, b. g., by Gen. Wilkes (Savage).4 dis.
Trouble, by Gov. Benton (Warren)....dis.
Time—2:27¼; 2:30¼; 2:30¼; 2:30¼; 2:29¾.

Free-for-all, trotting and pacing, purse $500:
Jack, b. g., by Harkway (O'Neil)....3 1 1 1
Gil Curry, g. g. (Brock)....1 3 5 2
Crawford, b. h., by Favorite (Stratton)....2 2 4 3
Alcyo, b. h., by Alcyone (Bass)....5 4 2 5
Blizzard, b. g., by Sandy Smart (Smart)....4 5 3 4
Time—2:12½; 2:12½; 2:15; 2:12½.

E. HART WINS A SEVEN-HEAT RACE.

2:20 and 2:35 Class Events Hotly Contested at Morrison, Ill.

MORRISON, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The county fair was attended today by 9,000 people. The races were good. The summary:

2:35 class, trotting, purse $250:
E. Hart, b. h., by La Crosse (Scott).2 1 1 3 3 3 1
Singmaster, b. h., by McGregor Boy (Adams)....1 2 2 2 5 1 2
Gotha, br. g., by Mambrino Wilkes (Gleason)....4 3 4 1 1 2 3
Mabel F., ch. m., by Frank Blind (Flower)....8 7 6 4 2 4 dr
Harry Orell, b. h., by Combat (Potzer)....6 [illegible] 3 6 4 dr
Vita, ch. m., by Autocrat Jr. (Pipher)3 5 7 8 7 dr
Kit Treadwell, br. m., by Badger (Brown)....5 6 5 5 dr
Allie S., gr. m., by Star of the West (Martin)....7 8 8 7 8 dr
Time—2:37¼; 2:33¾; 2:37½; 2:35¼; 2:36; 2:36; 2:37.

2:20 class, pacing, purse $250:
Storm Cliffe, b. h., by Wycliffe (Bowles)....1 1 1
Blue Bell, ch. h., by Blueskin (Brubaker)....2 2 2
Susie Wonder, b. m., by Wonder (McCormick)3 3 3
Time—2:34¼; 2:31; 2:33¾.

LAYS UP TWO HEATS AND THEN WINS.

Mad River's Driver Does the Old Trick That So Often Proves Successful.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Seven thousand people attended the fair today. The summaries:

3:00 class, trotting, purse $100:
Mad River (Bell)....2 4 1 1 1
Al Cooper....1 1 4 3 3
Graddy....3 2 2 2 2
Broderick....4 3 3 4 dr
Advance....6 dis
King Lear....7 dis
Blanch T....dis
Plantation....5 dis
Time—2:29½; 2:28¾; 2:31; 2:29¾; 2:35.

2:30 class, pacing, purse $100:
Manilla Girl....1 1 1
Frank Rottler....4 2 2
Exchange Boy....5 3 3
Moral....2 5 dr
Baronal....3 4 dr
Time—2:27½; 2:24¾; 2:25¾.

3:00 class, pacing, purse $100:
Kitty M....1 1 1
Crockett....2 2 2
Abbie Ade....dis
Time—2:25¾; 2:43; 2:27.

FAVORITES UNCHECKED BY THE RAIN.

Joe D., Margaret, and Elk Tom Won in Fond du Lac Harness Races.

FOND DU LAC, Wis., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Rain interfered with the attendance and time in the races today, but favorites won in each event. G. W. Howe made Margaret fight for the money in the 3-year-old stakes. Tim Kane was second choice in the 2:18 trot, but behaved badly. The summary:

2:30 class, pacing, purse $300:
Joe D., ch. g. (Russell)....1 1 1
Little Joe, blk. g. (Vroman)....4 2 2
Marion Mills, b. m. (Garrity)....3 3 3
Tavonia, ch. m. (Carnathan)....2 dis
Paul Clifford, b. h. (Thomas)....dis
Time—2:23¾; 2:26¾; 2:29.

2:40 class, trotting, 3-year-olds, purse $800:
Margaret, br. f., by Capoul (Sells)....1 1 1
G. W. Howe, b. c. (Garrity)....2 2 2
Time—2:46¾; 2:23¾; 2:35¾.

2:18 class, trotting and pacing, purse $300:
Elk Tom, blk. g., by Bay Tom Jr. (Thomas)....1 1 1
Prince H., b. g. (Spencer)....2 2 4
J. F. R., ch. g. (Swansborough)....4 3 2
Harry Brown, b. g. (Sweet)....3 4 3
Tim Kane, br. h. (Niles)....5 5 5
Time—2:22; 2:20¾; 2:25¼.

THREE RACES DONE IN STRAIGHT HEATS.

Bashawmont, Uncle Ned, and Black Cross Win in Donnellson Races.

FORT MADISON, Ia., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The Donnellson races were attended by 3,500 people. The summaries:

Free-for-all, trotting:
Bashawmont....1 1 1
Richard W....2 2 3
Iona Farsee....3 3 2
Frank P. Porter....4 4 4
Time—2:29½; 2:35; 2:34.

3:00 class, trotting:
Uncle Ned....1 1 1
Egmont Girl....2 2 4
Banto R....4 3 2
Harry Nelson....3 5 3
Belle Foss....5 4 5
Little Mac....6 6 6
Time—2:45¼; 2:45; 2:47.

2:40 class, pacing:
Black Cross....1 1 1
Gray Bush....2 2 4
Farseek....4 4 2
Sarva Jo....3 3 3
Arthur B....5 6 6
Uno....6 5 7
Surprise....7 7 5
Barney Anderson....8 8 8
Time—2:31¼; 2:33; 2:32.

Nebraska Breeders' Association Races.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The races of the Nebraska State Breeders' Association were well attended. The weather was fine and track moderately fast. The summary:

Two-year-olds, 3:00 class, trotting, purse $500:
Pat L., b. h., by Republican (Lash)....1 1
Cappie Woodline, b. m. (Robinson)....2 2
Will See, ch. m. (Williams)....3 3
North Star, b. g. (North)....4 4
W. A. Paxton, br. h. (Mosely)....5 5
Time—2:35; 2:33¾.

Three-year-olds, 2:50 class, trotting, purse $500:
Zellatier, b. m., by Pellatier (Tilden)....1 1 1
Areys, ch. h. (Armstrong)....2 5 3
Bob Wilkes, ch. h. (Robinson)....7 4 2
George Bancroft, br. h. (Ely)....8 2 4
Lady Arlington, r. m. (Wakinson)....3 3 5
Crestonian, ch. h. (Beardsley)....4 7 6
Kate Leonard, ch. m. (Williams)....5 6 7
Woodallah, g. c. (Jones)....6 dis
Time—2:39¾; 2:40; 2:39¾.

To beat track record of 2:16¾, purse $500:
Fred R., b. g. (Monson.) Time, 2:16½.

Voyager and Lady Campbell at Monticello.

MONTICELLO, Ia., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Six thousand people visited the races at the Jones County fair today. The track was slow, and because of rain the free-for-all trot and the mile running race were unfinished. The summary:

2:40 class, trotting:
Voyager....1 1 1
Countess Eve....2 2 2
Brown George....3 3 4
Billy Wormwood....4 5 3
North Mount....5 4 5
Time—2:36; 2:33; 2:33.

3:00 class, pacing:
Lady Campbell....1 1 1
Molly W....2 2 2
Bronco Sam....3 3 3
Time—2:32; 2:33; 2:32.

Free for all trotting and pacing, unfinished—Bronice won the first heat, Lucy May second, Hugh G. third. Time, 2:24.

Annie C. Wins at Paris, Ill.

PARIS, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—But one race was decided today on a heavy track. The summary:

2:30 class, pacing, purse $250:
Annie C., b. m., by Commander (Eastborn)....1 1 1
Minnie Barb, b. m., by Mambrino Logan (Williams)....2 2 2
Prince Alexander, br. h. (Servis)....3 3 3
Time—2:32; 2:29½; 2:28¾.

ROBERT J. IN 2:02 1-2.

HE ALSO AVERAGES 2:03 2-3 FOR THREE MILES IN A RACE.

Joe Patchen Forces Him to Break All Records in Harness for the Miles, the Average, the Quarters, and Everything Else—Alix, Through Casting a Shoe, Fails to Beat 2:04, but Shows Her Remarkable Ability—Albatross Paces a Half Mile in :59¾.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—More than 10,000 people were out at the driving park today to see the match between the great pacers, Robert J. and Joe Patchen, and also to see "Sweet Little Alix" attempt to beat 2:04. The day was especially a good one for a record-breaking effort, while the track was in excellent condition. Many of the best horsemen conceded Robert J. the race, but not for a moment did they think the big black son of Patchen Wilkes able to drive the little Buffalo gelding out to a world's record in three successive heats. Not only did Robert J. beat his own time record made at Fort Wayne last week, but eclipsed that along with all others in the second heat today.

The time of the three heats won by Robert J. were 2:03¾, 2:02½, and 2:04¾.

The official time of the second horse is kept by the timers. Joe Patchen's time for the three heats is 2:04, 2:03¾, and 2:05.

The average time of Robert J.'s three heats is 2:03⅔, which alone is faster than any heat ever trotted or paced in a contest before today. In fact it is a complexly record-breaking feat, being the fastest first heat, the fastest second heat, the fastest third heat, the fastest average three heats.

The last half of the first mile was run in 1:01¼, the last quarter being in 29 seconds, the fastest official quarter ever recorded. The last half of the second mile was in just one minute, the fastest half ever recorded in an actual contest.

Two Great Pacers Come Out.

It was about 4 p. m. when Joe Patchen, with Jack Curry up, and Robert J., with Ed Geers up, appeared on the track. The noted horses as well as the drivers were applauded as they drove past the grand stand, and it is needless to say pandemonium reigned when each heat was finished and the time announced.

First heat—The pacers took the word coming at a merry clip, but as they sped away Robert J. broke when not more than fifty yards from the wire. Geers took the little gelding to the outside of the track and set him going, but Joe Patchen was down to the quarter in 31¼ seconds about five open lengths ahead of the Robert horse. The black fellow sped on at a record-breaking gait and reached the half in 1:02½, while Geers was gradually gaining, and by the time the three-quarters was reached had his nose near Patchen's wheel. As they rounded into the stretch Geers permitted Robert J. to gain inch by inch until near the wire, where the little gelding poked his nose in front. The finish was so close that it would be impossible to give the horses other than the same time.

Second heat—Curry sent the black horse away at a merry clip, with Robert J. close by, which positions the horses maintained until the head of the stretch, where Geers allowed the little gelding to step along and passed Patchen near the distance and finished going strong and in a way that indicated that he is the coming two-minute pacer. Time, 2:02½.

Third heat, the final heat, like the preceding ones, was a great one, as Robert J. passed under the wire going good and strong about a neck in advance of Joe Patchen.

Alix Fails but Gets a New Mark.

Alix in her special to beat 2:04 failed, but lowered her previous a half second by going the mile in 2:04¾. The little queen was never better than she was today, and but for an unavoidable accident in the first attempt would have certainly accomplished the feat. In her first attempt she went away at a terrific gait and was at the quarter in 31 seconds and at the half in 1:01¼; and three-quarters in 1:32¾, and going good and strong. A thousand voices were heard that she would easily break the record, but coming down the homestretch she made a break near the distance and Mr. McDowell pulled her up and drove in front of the grand stand and called the attention of the judges that Alix had cast a shoe on the first turn.

McDowell was not satisfied with the trial and announced his willingness to make another attempt. In the second trial she went down to the quarter in 30¾ seconds, to the half in 1:02, to the three-quarters in 1:33, and finished the mile in 2:04¾.

Albatross, the big chestnut gelding, broke the saddle record for a half mile by going the distance in 59¾ seconds. The big pacer was ridden by Miss Edna Harris, who is only 12 years old.

Flying Jib will go against the record Saturday. Mr. McDowell, his driver, says he is in the pink of condition and great time is looked for from him.

The races which made up the balance of the program were high class, especially the 3-year-old stake that was won by the little Iowa mare Ethel A., who clearly showed that she is capable of covering a mile in better than 2:10. The summaries:

Match race, purse $5,000:
Robert J., b. g., by Hartford (Geers)....1 1 1
Joe Patchen, blk. h., by Patchen Wilkes (J. Curry)....2 2 2

TIME.

Heat.	1 qr.	2 qr.	3 qr.	4 qr.	Mile.
First	31¼	31¼	31½	29¾	2:03¾
Second	31¼	31¾	29	32	2:02½
Third	30¾	30½	32	31½	2:04¾

Special to beat 2:04:
Time, 2:04....1
Alix, b. m., by Patronage—Atalanta (McDowell)....2

TIME.

Heat.	1 qr.	2 qr.	3 qr.	4 qr.	Mile.
First	30¾	31¼	31	31¾	2:04¾

2:18 class, trotting, stake $1,000:
Dollie Wilkes, g. m., by Red Wilkes (Vanevera)....8 3 1 4 6 1 1
Brown Dick, br. g., by St. Cloud (Kirkburg)....1 5 5 6 1 2 2
Miss Nelson, b. m., by Norfolke (Curtis)....4 1 6 1 4 dis
Baron Moore, br. h., by Baron Wilkes (Jefferson)....7 7 3 2 2 ro
Commodore Porter, b. h., by Nutwood (C. Fuller)....3 2 4 5 3 ro
Kitchell's Red Wilkes, by Red Wilkes (Kitchell)....5 6 2 3 5 ro
Ben Wallace, b. g., by Hamenger (Kline)....6 4 dis
Silent Brook, br. h., by Darknight (Beachy)....2 dr
Time—2:13¾; 2:13¾; 2:14¼; 2:12¾; 2:13¾; 2:17½; 2:34.

2:35 class, pacing, stake for 3-year-olds, value $1,000:
Ethel A., gr. m., by Adrian Wilkes (Conley)....1 1 1
Sidmont, b. h., by Sideney (Saunders)....2 2 7
Antidote, br. h., by Anteros (Agner)....8 5 2
Brennan, gr. h., by Gambitta Wilkes (Rea)....3 3 5
Brookfield, br. c., by Redfield (Walker)....6 4 3
Sallie Bronson, blk. f., by Gambitta Wilkes (Bush)....5 7 4
Harry B., gr. h., by Happy Day (Yeager)....4 8 8
Quiz, br. m., Rob Hood (Smith)....7 6 6
Time—2:10½; 2:12¾; 2:13¾c.

2:22 class, pacing, purse $600:
Tommy Brown, b. g., by Scott's Hamorino (Blackwell)....10 3 4 1 1 1
Laurel, b. m., by Brown Hal (Siler)....1 1 2 3 6 3
Syrena, b. m., by Sphinx (F. Starr)....3 9 1 2 3 2
Julia R., b. m., by Tasco (Copeland)....5 2 3 4 5 ro
Hustler Russell, b. h., by Lord Russell (Yeager)....2 7 5 5 4 ro
Hylie T., b. m., by Royal Pilot (Bryan)....8 10 9 6 2 ro
Nellie G., b. m., by Montgomery (Walker)....9 5 7 7 dis
Robert B., b. g., by Anderson Wilkes (Berry)....4 4 6 8 dr
Prince Edict, b. c., by Edict (Tippen)....7 8 8 9 dr
Monte Cristo, b. h., by Little Wonder (Starr)....6 6 dr
Bay Baron, b. h., by Baron Wilkes (J. Curry)....dis
Time—2:10¼; 2:14; 2:14¾; 2:16¾; 2:14½; 2:17¼.

SEVEN HEATS TO GET THE WINNER.

Tommy B. and Medley Have Close Finishes at the Ohio State Fair.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Twenty-five thousand people witnessed the third day's racing at the State Fair grounds today. The finishes were close, especially in the 2:40 pace and the 2:25 pace unfinished from yesterday. Track dusty, weather hot. The summaries:

2:25 class, pacing, purse $500:
Tommy B., b. g. (Vincent)....4 6 3 2 1 1 1
York Wilkes, b. g. (Bell)....3 5 4 1 2 2 2
Clifton Boy, b. h. (Tallman)....1 4 1 4 dr
William V., blk. h. (Purdum)....7 2 2 3 3 dr
Baby Boy, b. g. (Galbraith)....3 7 5 dis
Suitor Jr., blk. h. (Davis)....2 1 7 dr
Time—2:26¼; 2:26¾; 2:26½; 2:26¼; 2:38; 2:37; 2:20¾.

2:28 class, trotting, purse $500:
Grandly, blk. h. (Honaker)....1 1 1
Belle Hyler, b. m. (Howell)....2 2 2
Starling, br. h. (Thomas)....3 3 3
Fanny S., ch. m. (Wood)....4 4 4
Time—2:26; 2:23¾; 2:24¾.

2:40 class, pacing, purse $500:
Medley, b. h. (Marshall)....2 1 1
Ellen C., blk. m. (McKaig)....1 4 4
Box Elder, b. h. (Curry)....5 3 2
George K., b. h. (Thomas)....3 6 5
Willie B., blk. h. (Bailey)....7 2 3
Hidenway, ch. g. (Ramsey)....4 dis.
St. Frances, blk. h. (Bell)....6 dis.
Time—2:25¾; 2:23½; 2:23¾.

Shemdallah's Long Race at Rochester.

ROCHESTER, Minn., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Roy Adrian slipped and fell in scoring for the last heat of the pacing race today. The track was slippery and heavy and attendance large. The summary:

2:35 class, trotting, purse $500:
Shemdallah, b. h., Hamdallah (Henman)....7 1 3 2 1 1
Jersey Belle, blk. m., Jersey Wilkes (W. Wilson)....4 3 1 1 3 3
La Crosse Jr., b. h., La Crosse (Loomis)....1 2 2 5 4 2
Winnie Winsome, br m. (Kathum)....2 4 4 3 2 ro
Blackfield, blk. h. (Morton)....3 6 5 4 5 ro
Monitor, b. h. (Millet)....5 8 7 6 6 ro
Betsy C., b. m. (Sullivan)....8 7 8 dr
Waverly, ch. g. (Phelps)....6 5 6 dr
Time—2:28¾; 2:32¼; 2:29½; 2:32¼; 2:28¼; 2:30½.

2:30 class, trotting, purse $500:
Al B., blk. g., Simmons (Campbell)....2 1 1 1
Alice, b. m., Colonna (Millet)....1 2 2 2
Time—2:26¼; 2:28¾; 2:31½; 2:34¾.

2:35 class, pacing, purse $500; unfinished:
Joe B., br. g., Legal Tender (Chapman)....1 1
Wilkeseater, br. m. (Emery)....2 2
Roy Adrian, br. h. (Duncan)....3 3
Time—2:24¼; 2:23¾.

Maryland Breeders' Harness Races.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 6.—The annual meeting of the Trotting Horse Breeders' Association of Maryland and the District of Columbia was inaugurated at Pimlico this afternoon. The track was fast and the attendance fair. The summaries:

3-year-olds, trotting, purse $500.
Mechanicsville, b. c. (Lang)....1 1 1
Curio....3 2 2
Dan M....2 3 3
Time—2:55; 2:34; 2:28 1-5.

2:30 class, trotting, purse, $500.
Louis Victor, c. g. (De Garmenda)....2 1 1 1
Antonia....1 2 2 4
Princess Orloff....3 3 3 2
Josie S....4 4 4 3
Time—2:26¾; 2:25¼; 2:27½; 2:26.

2:23 class, trotting, purse, $500.
Cruito, b. n. (De Garmenda)....1 2 1 1
Myrtie Twig....2 1 2 2
Time—2:26½; 2:25¾; 2:25; 2:24½.

Slow Harness Events at Columbia City.

COLUMBIA CITY, Ind., Sept. 5—[Special.]—The Columbia City Driving club races this afternoon had good weather and fair track. The summaries:

2-year-olds, trotting, purse $200:
Sam Brahm, b. h. by Sam Patch (J. Brahm.)....1 1
Edgar, b. h. (E. Rollins)....2 2
Onford, b. h. (S. Lore)....3 3
Time—2:52½; 2:43.

2:35 class trotting, purse $200:
Richbrown, b. h., by Defiance (Silick)....1 1 1
James D., b. g. (Edwards)....3 2 2
Mattie Mosher, b. m. (W. Cole)....2 dis
Florence, ch. m. (Ensign)....4 dis
Time—2:30¾; 2:29¼; 2:27½.

3:00 class trotting, purse $200:
Deronda, b. m., by Strathmore (King.)....1 1 1
Factor, b. h. (Edwards)....2 2 3
Stonehill, br. h. (Allen)....3 3 2
Annie Wonder, br. m. (Stephens)....dis
Currency, b. g. (Wood)....dis
Time—2:30¼; 2:32½; 2:32¾.

Two Days' Races Crowded Into One.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The Tippecanoe County Fair was today attended by 2,000 people. The track was heavy and two days' racing was crowded into one afternoon. The summary:

2:50 class, trotting, purse $250:
Chestnut, ch. g., by Norsman....2 1 1
Fanny Pickels....1 2 2
J. L., gr. g., by Jim Wilson....3 3 3
Time—2:39½; 2:41; 2:37.

2:15 class, pacing, purse $200:
Alice Crittenden, b. m., by Crittenden....1 1 1
Brinoda, b. m., by Membrino Doris....2 2 2
Tom Edison, b. h., by Artemus....3 dis
Time—2:21½; 2:26¼; 2:23¾.

3:00 class, purse $75:
J. Girl, gr. m., by Cradle....1 1 1
McMeekin, b. g., by Emerson Wilkes....2 2 2
Kittie Van, s. m., by Penny Packer....3 3 3
Time—2:45¾; 2:35¼; 2:36¾.

Barney G. and Token Capture Purses.

PAINESVILLE, O., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—There was the largest attendance ever seen in the Lake County fair grounds. The track was in excellent condition. The summaries:

2:45 class, pacing, purse $125:
Barney G., b g....3 1 2 1 1
Prim Wallace, b. m....2 2 1 2 3
Lady Cummings, b. m....1 3 3 3 4
Marlow H., b. h....4 4 4 4 2
Time—2:29½; 2:30¼; 2:27¾; 2:32¾.

2:35 class, trotting, purse $150 (unfinished):
Lady Conneaut, b. m....1 1 3 3
Thomas S. Harrison, b. h....2 2 1 2
Zambul, b. h....3 3 2 1
Satanita, br. h....4 dr.
Time—:30¼; :31¼; :31; :32¼.

3:00 class, trotting, purse $100. Taken by Dr. Kerr in three straight heats, Corrien second, Pell Ore third, Fairbanks fourth. Best time, 2:59.

Favora and Patience Win at Meadville.

MEADVILLE, Pa., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Twenty-five thousand people attended the State Fair today. The weather was perfect and the Kite track was never in finer condition. The summary:

2:30 class, trotting, purse $400:
Favora, blk. f., by St. Bel (Marvin)....3 1 1 1
Grateful, g. g. (Achuff)....1 2 4 3
Maud R., b. m. (Rupert)....2 4 2 4
Buckskin Joe, d. g. (Cole)....4 3 3 2
Time—2:30½; 2:27¾; 2:29¼; 2:25.

2:30 class, trotting, purse $500:
Patience, ch. m., by Hull—J. D. Heard (Heard).1 1 1
Franklin, b. g. (Manville)....2 3 2
Belltown, b. h. (Marvin)....4 2 4
Atlantic Jr., br. g. (Gelvin)....3 4 3
Time—2:23¾; 2:19¾; 2:20¾.

Beulah C. and Nettie B. at Des Moines.

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The track at the State Fair was heavy today, rain falling up to 1 o'clock. The races began late and only two were finished before darkness. The summaries:

2:45 class, trotting, 3-year-olds, purse $500:
Beulah C., ch. m., by Badger Clay....1 1 1
Harry Potter, br. h., by Frank Porter....2 2 3
Ali Baba, by Vance....3 3 2
Time—2:59¾; 2:50½; 2:48¾.

2:25 class, trotting, purse $400:
Nettie B., br. h., by Hodson....1 3 1 1
Strategist, ch. h., by Grand Sentinel....2 1 3 2
Lord Caffray, b. h., by Charles Caffray....5 2 2 3
Border Wilkes, b. h., by Jay Bird....3 4 4 4
Blue Wood, b. h., by Tom Kirkwood....4 6 6 dr
Time—2:39; 2:37½; 2:33¾; 2:34½.

Slow Time on a Heavy Track.

KNOXVILLE, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—At the Knox County Fair today the track was heavy. The summary:

2:38 class, trotting, purse $100:
Wilkes Worthington, by Gambetta Wilkes....1 1 1
Tom Boyd, by Clay's Abdallah....2 2 2
Max Smuggler, by Glenmore....dis
Time—2:59½; 2:45½; 2:38.

Free-for-all pacing, purse $100:
Fox, by Blackbird....1 1 1 2
Blinkey Morgan, by Smuggler....2 2 2 1
J. G., by Tribune....dis
Dick Wilkes, by Billy Wilkes....dis
Time—2:23¾; 2:26½; 2:32.

Strathboy Wins in 2:28 Class at Kokomo.

KOKOMO, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The first day's races at the Howard County Fair were on a muddy track. The summary:

2:28 class, trotting, purse $250:
Strathboy, b. h....4 1 1 1
Brad, b. g....1 2 2 2
Lady Anderson, b. m....3 3 3 3
Jolly Wilkes, br. h....2 4 4 4
Lietwood, br. h....5 5 5 5
Time—2:32; 2:30; 2:30; 2:32.

Pacing Champion Goes at Galesburg.

GALESBURG, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—C. W. Williams closed today with C. J. Hamlin of Buffalo a contract for the appearance here during fair week of Robert J., 2:02½. The pacer is to go an exhibition mile to beat his record, so much to be given for each second of reduction. Hamlin also sends the trotter Fantasy, 2:07.

HARNESS RACES ON MINOR TRACKS.

Trotters and Pacers Go in Many Places—Some Stopped by Rain.

FAIRBURY, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The races were again spoiled by a downpour of rain. In spite of the threatening weather over 3,000 enthusiasts were out to enjoy the sport. An exhibition trot between Johnnie Lee and Prince Rowland, 2-year-olds, was won by the latter in 3:15½. The other race was the 3:00 class trotting and pacing race, which was won by Commandant, Satan second, and Red Buck third. Best time, 3:00.

PETERSBURG, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Rain here all the week has interfered with the attendance and races at the Menard County Fair. The summary: 3:00 class, trotting, purse $100—Maud Onward won. 2:45 class, pacing or trotting, purse $100—Redmont P. won.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Races here this afternoon, as follows:

3:00 class, pace—Sir Edwin won, Miller Boy second, Eva third, Vamoose fourth. Time, 2:18; 2:17¾; 2:25; 2:27.

Free for all pace—John Carpenter won, Dandy O. second, Gold Medal third. Time, 2:17¼; 2:22; 2:22.

PARIS, Ky., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—This was the third day of the fair and trotting meeting here, but only one race was decided, the time being given to other sports. In this the good mare Margaret C. won after a hard fight with Hurricane. Hurricane second, Kate Ethan third, Granette fourth. Time, 2:25¼; 2:29; 2:26; 2:27¼.

WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Twenty thousand people saw the State Fair races. Dazie Deene's good race in the 2:22 class pacing was the feature of the day. The summaries:

2:32 class, trotting—Ollie K. won, Ban Wilkes second, Pilot W. third, Barney Wilkes fourth. Best time, 2:26¼.

2:22 class, pacing—Dazie Deene won, McBride second, J. R. L. third, Rahleta fourth. Best time, 2:17¼.

SALEM, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—In the free-for-all race Madge D. won. Time, 2:26. Little Wonder second, Hustler third.

Alma won the 2:40 trot. Time, 2:40.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The races today attracted nearly 20,000 people. The local track record for trotting was broken by Celerity, owned by John M. Matthews of Newcastle, who won the first heat in the 2:27 class in 2:19. Summit Chief second, King Cardinal third. The 2:21 class, trotting, was won by Smuggler Wilkes, Berwick Boy second, Tom Thorn third. Best time, 2:22¼. The 2:23 class, pacing, was unfinished at dark, Soubrette, Bokhara, and Charlie C. each having two heats. Best time, 2:23½.

Aerial Journeying.

The longest ballon voyage was made in France in 1883. The distance traveled was 1,200 miles.

PLAY OFF MANY SETS.

TENNIS PLAYERS IN SARATOGA MAKE GOOD USE OF THE DAY.

A Good Crowd Sees Many Good Matches, and Finals Will Be Finished in Some Instances Today—Records Still Go at Springfield, and Julian P. Bliss Again Takes the Honor for the Paced Mile—General Sporting News from Other Points.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The Saratoga Athletic club lawn tennis tournament was continued today. The attendance far exceeded that of yesterday and there was some fine playing. The results of the day are as follows:

Ladies' singles, second round—Miss Ide of Troy beat Miss Annie Ritchie of Saratoga, 6—4, 0—6, 7—5. Miss Ritchie of Saratoga beat Miss Ingham of Saratoga, 6—3, 6—3.

Ladies' singles, consolation, preliminary round—Miss M. James of Saratoga beat Miss Ide of Troy, 7—5, 6—1.

First round—Miss F. Ritchie of Saratoga beat Miss Tappen of Troy, 6—2, 6—4.

Mixed doubles, first round—C. Hobart of New York and Miss F. Ritchie beat H. Cluett of Troy and Miss Ingham 8—6, 6—3. Miss Ide of Troy and A. G. Ely of Crawfordsville beat Mrs. Dorlan and W. H. Cluett of Troy 6—3, 6—2. Miss Annie Ritchie and A. H. Ide of Troy beat Miss McGraw and T. C. McGraw of Poughkeepsie 6—0, 6—1.

Second round—Miss F. Ritchie and C. Hobart of New York beat Miss Annie Ritchie and A. H. Ide 6—4, 6—1.

Gentlemen's doubles consolation, preliminary round—R. G. Perkins of Boston and W. Campbell of Schenectady beat L. McH. Howe and R. Craighead of Saratoga 6—2, 6—2. Perkins and Campbell beat H. Bixby and H. P. Smith of New York 6—1, 6—2. H. Cluett and Ide beat S. J. Grant and W. C. Grant of New York by default.

Gentlemen's singles consolation, preliminary round—G. S. Smith of Ballston Spa beat W. C. Grant 6—4, 7—5. Ely beat L. J. Grant 6—0, 6—3.

Gentlemen's singles, first round—S. J. Smith of Ballston Spa beat H. H. Hovey of New York by default.

Second round—S. J. Smith beat Craighead 6—1, 6—4. Perkins beat Ely 8—6, 6—8, 9—7.

Third round—L. E. Ware of Newport beat S. J. Smith 6—3, 6—2. H. Cluett beat Perkins 6—3, 6—4.

C. R. Budlong of New Haven beat S. D. Reed of Newport 6—0, 6—2. Bixby beat Ide 6—0, 7—5.

Semi-final round—Ware beat Cluett 6—3, 6—2. Bixby beat Budlong 8—6, 6—2.

Gentlemen's doubles, second round—Hobart and Bixby beat C. M. Marsh and F. G. Ritchie of Saratoga 6—1, 6—1. Reed and Ware beat Ely and H. Cluett 6—1, 6—4.

HAMILTON, Ont., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The courts are now in the best of condition and it is expected the matches will run without interruption to the end. The summary:

Ladies' singles—Miss Gillespie of Hamilton beat Miss Howard 6—1, 4—6, 6—4. Mrs. Whitehead beat Miss Alexander 6—2, 6—8.

Mixed doubles—C. M. Pope and Mrs. Whitehead beat M. Glassco and Miss Alexander 6—3, 7—5.

Bliss Rides a Wonderful Mile.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—J. P. Bliss went on Hampden Park today the fastest mile ever made on a bicycle, making the record for the paced mile, flying start, of 1:52 3-5 and incidentally lowering the three-quarter record to 1:23. He was paced by three tandem teams, Githens and Lumsden, Cooper and Silvie, and Arnold and Warren. The old records for the distances were 1:53 4-5 for the mile, and 1:24 1-5 for the three-quarters, made at Waltham, July 28, by H. C. Tyler.

John T. Buker's Fine Shooting Score.

FREEPORT, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The diamond badge shoot, which has been a fixture for years among the marksmen of Northwestern Illinois and Southern Wisconsin, occurred here this afternoon. John T. Buker of Rockford won, breaking 49 clay pigeons out of a possible 50, the best score in the history of the badge.

Telegraphic Notes of Sport.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—H. B. Hewett of Portland, Ore., made twenty-three and a half miles in a handicap bicycle road race this afternoon in 1:12:30, which breaks the coast record.

COWES, Isle of Wight, Sept. 6.—Secretary Grant of the Royal Yacht squadron today informed the Associated Press correspondent that he has heard reports that a syndicate was being formed in order to challenge for the America's Cup, but, he added, neither Lord Lonsdale nor Lord Dunraven had mentioned the matter to him.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 9.—Forecast for Thursday:

Indiana and Illinois, showers are probable, cooler by Saturday morning, south winds.

Lower and Upper Michigan and Wisconsin, showers, southeast winds.

Place of observation.	Height of barometer.	Thermometer.	Maxim'm temperature.	Direction of wind.	State of weather.	Precipitation 24 hours.
Abilene	29.68	90	96	S.	Clear.	
Bismarck, N. D.	29.72	64	88	N. W.	Rain.	Trace
Boston, Mass.	30.08	72	78	S. W.	Clear.	
Buffalo, N. Y.	30.06	70	80	N. E.	Cl'udy	
Cairo, Ill.	29.98	84	90	S. E.	Clear.	
Charleston, S.C.	30.04	78	88	S. W.	Cl'udy	Trace
Cheyenne, Wyo	29.74	58	78	N.	Cl'udy	.06
Chicago	29.88	[illegible]	72	E.	Fair.	.98
Cincinnati, O.	29.94	88	90	E.	Clear.	
Cleveland, O.	30.00	72	72	N. E.	Clear.	
Davenport, Ia.	29.78	78	84	E.	Cl'udy	Trace
Denver, Colo.	29.90	80	82	E.	Clear.	
Des Moines, Ia.	29.74	74	78	E.	Clear.	.36
Detroit, Mich.	30.02	70	74	E.	Clear.	
Dodge City, Kas	29.62	[illegible]	94	S.	Clear.	
Duluth, Minn.	29.68	[illegible]	70	N. E.	Clear.	
El Paso, Tex.	29.80	[illegible]	[illegible]	S. W.	Fair.	
Erie, Pa.	30.02	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. E.	Fair.	
Galveston, Tex.	29.88	[illegible]	[illegible]	S.	Fair.	
Grand Haven	29.94	[illegible]	[illegible]	S. E.	Cl'udy	.01
Green Bay, Wis.	29.86	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. E.	Cl'udy	
Helena, Mont.	30.10	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. W.	Rain.	.54
Huron, S. D.	29.68	[illegible]	[illegible]	S. E.	Clear.	
Indianapolis	29.90	[illegible]	[illegible]	E.	Fair.	
Jacksonville	30.02	[illegible]	[illegible]	S. W.	Fair.	.20
Kansas City, Mo	29.72	[illegible]	[illegible]	S. E.	Clear.	
Knoxville	29.96	[illegible]	[illegible]	Calm.	Clear.	
La Crosse, Wis.	29.82	[illegible]	70	Calm.	Rain.	1.80
Little Rock, Ark	29.84	[illegible]	90	S.	Clear.	
Louisville, Ky.	29.90	[illegible]	94	S. E.	Clear.	
Marquette, Mich	29.96	[illegible]	76	S. E.	Cl'udy	
Memphis, Tenn.	29.88	[illegible]	90	S. E.	Fair.	
Miles City	29.74	[illegible]	72	N.	Cl'udy	Trace
Milwaukee	29.86	[illegible]	68	E.	Rain.	.02
Minnedosa						
Montreal	30.04	66	74	W.	Clear.	
Moorhead	29.74	78	88	S. E.	Clear.	
New Orleans, La	29.84	82	88	S. E.	Cl'udy	
New York City	30.08	70	74	N. E.	Clear.	Trace
Omaha	29.72	78	82	E.	Clear.	Trace
Oswego, N. Y.	30.08	70	72	E.	Clear.	
Palestine	29.84	[illegible]	94	S. W.	Clear.	
Pierre, S. D.	29.62	[illegible]	86	S. E.	Fair.	
Pittsburg	30.00	78	[illegible]	N. E.	Fair.	
Port Huron	30.04	72	78	E.	Cl'udy	
Pueblo	29.64	82	86	S. W.	Clear.	
Rapid City	29.66	78	84	W.	Cl'udy	
St. Louis	29.86	82	92	S. E.	Clear.	
St. Paul	29.82	74	84	E.	Cl'udy	
Salt Lake City	30.02	48	58	N. W.	Rain.	.58
Santa Fe	29.86	70	72	N. W.	Clear.	
Sioux City	29.68	72	86	S.	Clear.	
Springfield, Ill.	29.84	80	86	S.	Clear.	.02
Springfield, Mo.	29.82	80	88	S. E.	Clear.	
Toledo	30.02	68	72	E.	Cl'udy	Trace

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature yesterday as observed by Manasse, optician, TRIBUNE Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 69 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 69; 10 a. m., 70; 11 a. m., 72; 12 m., 73; 1 p. m., 73; 3 p. m., 73; 6 p. m., 70. Barometer, 8 a. m., 29.55; 6 p. m., 29.36.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Arrived—Norwegian, from Glasgow.
HAMBURG—Arrived—Prussia, from New York.
BREMEN—Arrived—Aller, from New York.
QUEENSTOWN—Arrived—Britannic, from New York.
SOUTHAMPTON—Arrived—Normannia, from New York.
LONDON—Arrived—Euskar, from Philadelphia; Mohawk, from New York.
BELFAST—Arrived—Lord Charlemont, from Baltimore.
LIVERPOOL—Arrived—Ohio, from Philadelphia.
ROTTERDAM—Arrived—Werkendam, from Rotterdam.
NEW YORK—Arrived—Germanic, from Liverpool.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., SEPT. 6.—[SPECIAL.]—The Secretary of State today licensed the incorporation of the following new companies:

The International Oil Refining and Development company, Chicago; capital stock, $5,000,000; incorporators, J. M. Wiley, H. K. Joyce, and A. L. Wiley.

Laidley Trading company, Chicago; capital stock, $10,000; incorporators, Woodland L. Todd, Louis J. Pierson, and Howard S. Gemill.

Van Derpool Coal company, Chicago; capital stock, $25,000; incorporators, E. Lee France, B. R. Hutchcraft, and Thomas P. Ritchey.

Bedard & Morency Mill company, Oak Park; capital stock, $40,000; incorporators, S. Chase, Antoine J. Bedard, and Henry H. Baldwin.

Ottman company, Chicago; capital stock, $15,000; manufacture and deal in plates for printing and general printing and publishing; incorporators, William Ottman, Lyman H. Partridge, and Timothy J. Sullivan.

The Wood Vulcanizing Company of the United States, Chicago; capital stock, $500,000; incorporators, William C. Gartside, J. M. Gartside, and W. A. Barnes.

Parsons & Pattison Chemical company, Chicago; capital stock, $8,000; incorporators, J. H. Parsons, G. N. Morgan, and M. F. Cure.

Granger Mineral Concentrating company, Chicago; capital stock, $500,000; incorporators, Elmer P. Granger, John C. F. Roper, and Oliver H. Brooks.

American Listing company, Chicago; capital stock, $10,000; general listing agency and publishing business; incorporators, Charles A. Street, Charles H. Hall, and Peter Ackerman.

The Vaughn Manufacturing, Odell, certified to a sale of corporation to Lewis Speltz of David City, Neb.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the persons living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

Names.	Age.
William Jeschka—Marie Stockmar	29—20
William Eddy, Annie Hendrickson	[illegible]
John Bailey, Margurite Johnson	[illegible]
Edward Simons, Bertha Wan	[illegible]
Thomas Sutton, Elizabeth Hense	[illegible]
Otto Kandler, Minnie Staat	[illegible]
Jozef Jeriorsky, Francisca Kuczenska	[illegible]
Charles Lund, Amanda Berquist	[illegible]
Michael Hynes, Jane Anstro	[illegible]
Bronislan Wisiniewski, Stanislowa Pacanowska	[illegible]
Eric Trebesch, Louise Weber	[illegible]
Dennis Hanafin, Mary Darlington	[illegible]
Anderson Blair, Annie Burrell	[illegible]
August Schmeda, Olga Peters	[illegible]
Soren Christiansen, Annie Peterson	[illegible]
Herman Bahn, Minnie Scuubert	[illegible]
Henry Sweeney, Eula Bennett	[illegible]
Charles Pearson, Pongta Carlson	[illegible]
John Long, Mary Kirby	[illegible]
John Miladinovich, Gustie Resniak	[illegible]
Axel Freedheim, Ellen Gustafson	[illegible]
Charles Kamba, Mary Jarolinek	[illegible]
Karl Holtz, Mina Kolmar	[illegible]
Stephen Bielby, Lena Schaler	[illegible]
Charles Nissen, Mary Minke	[illegible]
Martin Trofius, Mary Mathisen	[illegible]
Israel Perlman, Annie Katz	[illegible]
Thomas McDiarmid, Helen McDonald	[illegible]
Herman Brynildsen, Larsine Larsen	[illegible]
John Whitford, Calistus Walsh	[illegible]
Herman Weisenbach, Lizzie Huner	[illegible]
Frank White, Sophie Maleski	[illegible]
James McKenzie, Mary Vocel	[illegible]
Philip Kleitz, Ethelyn Tucker	[illegible]
Joseph Noll, Eva Schneider	[illegible]
Vulcan Hicha, Petrolina Press	[illegible]
Luigi Sarno, Maria Milione	[illegible]

DEATHS.

BAER—Nathan, the beloved son of Louis and Bertha Baer, aged 20 years 2 months. Funeral at 9 a. m., Friday, from 289 W. Division-st. Bay City, Mich., papers please copy.

HINCKLEY—The funeral services of the late Samuel T. Hinckley will be held at the First Presbyterian Church, corner of Indiana-av. and 21st-st., at 12 o'clock noon, Friday, Sept. 7. Interment at Waukegan, Ill.

RYERSON—At Auburn, Me., Sept. 3, Lucius F. Ryerson of Roxbury, Mass., brother of Mrs. C. H. Remick, aged 35 years.

REA—Sept. 6, William F. Rea, aged 26 years 11 months. Funeral Saturday, Sept. 8, at 1 p. m., from parents' residence, 17 Charles-pl., by carriages to Graceland.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE SCOTTISH ASSEMBLY WILL HOLD a "jubilee reception" Friday evening, Sept. 7, in Thompson's Hall, 255 State-st. A program of unusual interest has been arranged for this occasion. All the leading Scottish Americans of the city are expected to be present.

THE COLUMBIA—Monroe and Dearborn-sts.
IN OLD KENTUCKY. Matinee Saturday. THIS WEEK ONLY
Next Monday—EDWARD HARRIGAN. Seats ready.

THE COLUMBIA—Extra.
A TWENTIETH CENTURY PLAY. Sunday Night, SEPT. 16,
FIRST MATINEE WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 19.
EDDIE FOY AND AMERICAN TRAVESTY COMPANY
In John D. Gilbert's Operatic Travesty,
Off the Earth.
Louise Montague, Sadie MacDonald, Alice Evans, Kate Uart, Madeline Morando, Helen Douglas, Lola Hawthorne, Lillian Hawthorne, Hallen Mostyn, Joseph Doner, Ali and Beni, and 100 others.
SEATS ON SALE THURSDAY, SEPT. 13.

CHICAGO RACING ASSOCIATION (HAWTHORNE TRACK)
Summer and Fall Meeting, 1894.
FOURTH WEEK—Sept. 3 to Sept. 8—INCLUSIVE.
Five (5) or More Races Each Day, Rain or Shine.
BOOKING ON FOREIGN RACES.
Special race trains to track in 25 minutes. Illinois Central trains leave Randolph-st. depot at 9:45 a. m., 12:01 p. m., 12:25 p. m., 1:00 p. m., 1:40 p. m., and 2:00 p. m., stopping at Van Buren-st. station, Wabash-av. and 16th-st., 22d-st., Halsted-st., and at Ashland-av. Regular train leaving 16th-st. depot at 8:30 a. m. stops within two blocks of track. Returning trains at 4:40 p. m. and after the races. Last train at 6:40 p. m. C., B. & Q. trains leave Union Depot at 12:15 p. m., 1:05 p. m., 1:35 p. m., and 2:10 p. m., stopping at all stations. Returning trains at 12:45 p. m. and after the races.
Fare for the Round Trip (both roads)....25c.
Admission to Grounds and Grand Stand 75c.
RACING BEGINS AT 2 O'CLOCK.
MUSIC BY SECOND REGIMENT BAND.
ELLIS BROOKS, Director.

GOODRICH LINE.
MILWAUKEE $1 AND RETURN EVERY DAY
On the GOODRICH LINE.
Fast Twin Screw Steel Steamship "VIRGINIA"
Leave CHICAGO at 9 a. m. SHARP on week days and at 9:30 a. m. on Sundays; arrive in Milwaukee at 2 p. m. Returning, leave Milwaukee at 5 p. m. sharp every day, arriving in Chicago at 10 p. m. Staterooms and meals at moderate rates. Baggage checked and wheels free.
Office and Docks Foot of Michigan-av.

McVICKER'S THEATER.
LAST 3 TIMES Augustus Thomas' Comedy of Today, NEW BLOOD.
TONIGHT, Saturday Matinee and Night. The Play of the year.
SEPT. 10th Seats Now on Sale. O'KEEFE & WALES' COMIC OPERA CO.
ATHENIA A Satire on the United States Senate.
First production Monday Evening.

EXCURSIONS.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT:
TO MILWAUKEE DAILY, Whaleback Christopher Columbus.
Sunday 10 a. m. Monday, Thursday, Friday, 9:30 a. m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Saturday (for accommodation half holiday), 1:30 p. m. FARE—Round trip $1.00. PIER FOOT OF RANDOLPH-ST.

CHICAGO OPERA-HOUSE.
MR. D. HENDERSON....Sole Mgr.
TONIGHT, 119th TIME. THE SPECTACULAR TRIUMPH, ALADDIN JR. ONLY FUN IN TOWN.
School Children's Matinee Saturday.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
HARRY L. HAMLIN....Manager.
MUSIC, COSTUMES, ENTIRELY NEW. HOYT'S Latest Musical Comedy, A Milk White Flag
Every Night. Mats. Wed. and Sat.

THE HAYMARKET—Will J. Davis.
West Madison and Halsted-sts.
BLUE JEANS AND THE HANDSOME NEW THEATER ARE TOPICS OF THE HOUR. Matinee Saturday.
Next Sunday—"SHAFT NO. TWO."

HAVLIN'S.
Tel. South 127. Comedians up to date—WARD and VOKES (Percy and Harold)—in Chas. E. Blaney's best comedy, A Run on the Bank.
Next Sunday—TEMPTATION OF MONEY.

THE SCHILLER—THOS. W. PRIOR, Mgr.
SEATS NOW ON SALE. One Week Only—Sunday, Sept. 9.
Hanlon's New Superba
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

THE LINCOLN N. Clark and Division-sts.
ANOTHER GREAT SUCCESS.
FROHMAN'S PLAYERS IN "JANE"
Ladies' and Children's Matinee Saturday.
Sunday Night—Wm. Morris in "The Lost Paradise."

COTTAGE GROVE-AV. & 63D-ST.
SHOOT THE CHUTES
CHICAGO'S GREATEST ATTRACTION.
Every day, including Sunday, 2 to 10:30 p. m.
Music and Refreshments.
Admission, including ride, 25c. Additional [illegible]

MASONIC TEMPLE ROOF GARDEN.
Observatory and Scenic Theaters Open from 10 a. m. to 11 p. m.
First Appearance of the [illegible] AMMONS CLARISE [illegible] In their wonderful musical [illegible]. Fifth and last week of [illegible] in operatic selections. [illegible] Electric Scenic Theater. [illegible] concert every evening. [illegible] Mats. Saturday and Sunday [illegible]

...AGE LICENSES.

...e Hendrickson ... 28—23
...rite Johnson ... 48—48
...rtha Wan ... 24—21
...zabeth Hense ... 24—21
...ie Staat ... 22—18
...rancisca Kaczenska ... 30—20
...nda Berquist ... 24—22
...ne Austro ... 24—23
...rski, Stanislowa Pacanowska ... 33—28
...nise Weber ... 25—20
...ary Darlington ... 25—20
...nnie Burrell ... 41—21
...lga Peters ... 21—21
..., Annie Peterson ... 43—30
...nnie Schubert ... 21—21
...nla Bennett ... 30—21
...onata Carlson ... 30—21
...Kirby ... 25—24
..., Gustie Resniak ... 34—28
...n Gustafson ... 27—23
...ary Jarolinek ... 27—19
...olmar ... 21—19
...na Schaler ... 23—18
...ry Minke ... 23—18
...ry Mathisen ... 26—20
...nie Katz ... 45—45
...d, Helen McDonald ... 25—19
...n, Larsine Larsen ... 24—25
...listus Walsh ... 49—50
...h, Lizzie Huner ... 26—27
...ie Maleski ... 24—22
...Mary Vocel ... 24—22
...lyn Tucker ... 35—22
...Schneider ... 21—20
...rolina Press ... 49—34
... Milione ... 24—19

DEATHS.

... the beloved son of Louis and ... 20 years 2 months. Funeral at 9 ... 289 W. Division-st. Bay City, ...e copy.

...e funeral services of the late ...y will be held at the First Presby... ...ner of Indiana-av. and 21st-st., ... Friday, Sept. 7. Interment at ...

...uburn, Me., Sept. 3, Lucius E. ...ury, Mass., brother of Mrs. C. H. ...ears.

...William F. Rea, aged 26 years 11 ... Saturday, Sept. 8, at 1 p. m., from ...17 Charles-pl., by carriages to ...

...OUNCEMENTS.

...TTISH ASSEMBLY WILL HOLD ...reception" Friday evening, Sept. ...Hall, 255 State-st. A program of ...as been arranged for this occasion. ...ottish Americans of the city are ...esent.

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...COLUMBIA—Extra. Sunday Night, SEPT. 16, ...NEE WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 19. ...FOY AND AMERICAN TRAVESTY COMPANY ...Gilbert's Operatic Travesty, ...he Earth. ...Sadie MacDonald, Alice Evans, ...line Morando, Helen Douglas, Lola ...an Hawthorne, Hallen Mostyn, Jo... ...nd Beni, and 100 others. ...SALE THURSDAY, SEPT. 13.

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GOODRICH LINE. ...WAUKEE $1 ...ND RETURN ...VERY DAY ...GOODRICH LINE ...ew ...amship "VIRGINIA" ...CAGO at 9 a. m. SHARP on week ...0 a. m. on Sundays; arrive in Milwau... ...Returning, leave Milwaukee at 5 p. m., ...y, arriving in Chicago at 10 p. m. ...meals at moderate rates. Baggage ...hecks free. ...l Docks Foot of Michigan-av.

...HOKER'S THEATER. Augustus Thomas' Comedy of Today. NEW BLOOD. ...urday ...ght. The Play of the year ...Seats Now on Sale. O'KEEFE & WALES' | 10th ...IC OPERA CO. ...NIA A Satire on the United States Senate. ...First production Monday Evening.

...EXCURSIONS. ...AL ANNOUNCEMENT: ...UKEE ...Y, Whaleback Christopher Columbus. ...m. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, ...9:30 a. m. Saturday (for accom... ...oliday), 1:30 p. m. FARE—Round ...FOOT OF RANDOLPH-ST.

...AGO OPERA-HOUSE. ...Sole Mgr. ...RSON... THE SPECTACULAR TRIUMPH, ...ALADDIN ...R. ONLY FUN IN TOWN. ...ildren's Matinee Saturday.

...ND OPERA-HOUSE. ...MLIN ... Manager. HOYT'S Latest Musical Comedy, A Milk White Flag ...Every Night. Mats. Wed. and Sat.

...MARKET—Will J. Davis. ...Madison and Halsted-sts. ...AND THE HANDSOME NEW THEATER ARE TOPICS OF THE HOUR. Matinee Saturday. ..."SHAFT NO. TWO."

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...ILLER—THOS. W. PRIOR, Mgr. ...e Week Only—Sunday, Sept. 9. ...anlon's New Superba ...Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

...OLN | N. Clark and Division-sts. | Telephone North 354. ...HER GREAT SUCCESS. ...S IN "JANE" ...Children's Matinee Saturday. ...m. Morris in "The Lost Paradise."

...GROVE-AV. & 63D-ST. THE CHUTES. ...GREATEST ATTRACTION. ...ncluding Sunday, 2 to 10:30 p. m. ...e and Refreshments. ...ding rits, 25c. Additional rides 10c.

...TEMPLE ROOF GARDEN. ...First Appearance of the Famous ...AMMONS CLARISE TRIO, ...their wonderful musical specialties. ...th and last week of Eckert & Berg ...operatic selections. The Beautiful ...ctric Scenic Theaters. Grand Con... ...every evening. Admission... ...ts. Saturday and Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

FICKLE AS THE WIND.

CHAIRMAN MIDGLEY TELLS OF VARIATIONS IN RAILWAY RATES.

He Informs the Master in the Louisville and Nashville Hearing That Multitudinous Influences Go to Make Up Freight Tariffs—Transcontinental Lines Unable as Yet to Reach an Agreement—Scalpers to Get a Haul Out of G. A. R. Business—Railroad Notes.

Depositions are still being taken in this city before a master in chancery on behalf of the appeal of the Louisville and Nashville and other Southern roads from the decision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission ordering them to stop discriminating in the matter of rates against Western cities. The Southern roads explain their action by claiming that circumstances and conditions differ as between the Eastern and Western lines and also that on business from the East water competition had to be met. The Inter-State Commission, after thoroughly investigating the matter, ruled that no good cause existed for the discrimination and ordered the rates from the West to be equalized from the East. The case will be reviewed by Judge Taft in October when the depositions and evidence taken by the master in chancery will be submitted to the court.

Among the railroad officials examined yesterday were Chairman Midgley of the Western Freight Association and Commissioner Blanchard of the Central Traffic Association. In his deposition Mr. Midgley advanced many new theories as regards rates via different routes under similar circumstances. The average receipts to the mile of a given road, its estimated cost a ton to the mile, or the total number of tons carried do not, in his opinion, constitute a standard by means of which the reasonableness of a schedule of charges for the transportation of freight over such railroad can invariably be determined or even be fairly approximated. The conditions that surround the traffic tributary to railroads throughout the West, South, or other sparsely settled portions of the country, are seldom alike or nearly so during two consecutive years; hence the results ascertained from one year's operations seldom would be of service as a basis for the future. Mr. Midgley maintains the only safe and legitimate way is to charge for the transportation of freight what the several commodities can be reasonably made to pay. A reasonable rate is one for the establishment of which a good and justifiable reason can be given. It may not cost much if any more to the ton to carry certain valuable kinds of freight one mile than to render like service for a coarser kind of freight, but if little or no difference in charge were to be made the necessary result would be the establishment of a schedule that would be prohibitory as to the coarser articles. His belief is that the rate at which the bulk of the surplus products of the United States, such as grain, cotton, lumber, iron ore, etc., are carried is below the average cost to the ton a mile, while on the other hand the rate charged for dry goods, cloths, silks, and other articles usually rated first-class is certainly above the average rate a ton to the mile; and the distribution of the charges for transportation in that way promotes and makes possible the vast commerce of the country.

Common carriers in any given section are, in Mr. Midgley's opinion, justified in establishing such rates for the transportation of freight as will foster local industries and facilitate and make possible the exchange of commodities between communities. Such basis of charges must usually be arrived at in one section without regard to the conditions that govern in another portion of the same country. Each schedule should be surrounded by its own surroundings. Averages based on past transactions are not a safe criterion to arrive at future deductions, because there is no assurance that the factors so used will accord with subsequent results. Average or percentage relations are predicted on fixed, presumed, and uniform conditions that in reality do not exist.

The fact is, Mr. Midgley says, the uncontrollable forces of competition determine the schedules of railroad companies and prevent the continued exaction of unreasonable or excessive rates. Such competition is sharpest between rival carriers by rail and between the latter and carriers by water. Railroad companies, like individuals, are jealous and distrustful one of another and those feelings are known to shippers and advantage thereof is taken. As a rule, therefore, schedules of rates are established without a due regard to all the considerations enumerated above and no mathematical formula for their determination can, with any degree of justice to the communities served or to the carriers employed, be formulated.

OPPOSED TO RAILROAD POOLS.

They Afford Encouragement to a Horde of Visionary Schemers.

Regarding the article in THE TRIBUNE of last Saturday giving the opinions of prominent railway managers and business-men upon the question, "Why rates are cut?" H. H. Ziegler of this city writes:

While the answers of Messrs. Miller, Chappell, and McDoel fairly represent the consensus of thinking managers on the essential need of stability and the evils of over-stimulation and competition attendant on the construction of lines beyond immediate business requirements, etc., yet the deductions drawn looking toward a realization of desired results, are open to question, and of doubtful efficacy, if not directly productive of results other than those aimed at. While commending the suggestion that new construction should be authorized and permitted only on a showing of real need to community or country, of such construction, I beg to submit that any form of pooling, either of gross money or by division and the apportioning of freight by percentage allotment of amount carried, is not only of doubtful legality and efficiency in conserving the interests of bond and stock holders, but is demonstrable as a misapplied effort and makeshift, of such inherent defects, in principle and operation, as to nullify the end sought, in that it affords direct encouragement to the horde of visionary schemers and promoters, ever ready and waiting an opportunity to further their interest and fortunes by the foisteing of schemes and corporations on the community, aided by their legislative tools. Without the artificial stimulus and business afforded by the apportionment of traffic through the pooling system, new construction would depend solely on need and merit of the enterprise. On a rigid application by the managers of the idea of "every tub standing on its own bottom" capitalists and investors would be very chary of listening to the siren tones of the schemers and promoters aforesaid and of giving them aid and encouragement towards the levying of commercial and financial blackmail on legitimate existing corporations by the floating and creation of new lines, based largely on the proportion of support or business to be extorted or wrung from the other lines through their existing pools, and without which basis of business or support such enterprises would be judged by the cold standard of facts, needs, and merits. Sufficient evidence of the truth of this manipulation exists in past records, and to this fact the community has been and is compelled to carry needless lines at its cost and to the detriment of original occupants of the field. Let managers operate and develop their lines on the legitimate basis of their respective construction and physical condition and requirements of territory covered, rather than the theoretical, expensive, and cumbersome rules and principles of traffic and pooling associations tending to subvert individuality of operation.

DIFFERENTIAL RATES DISCUSSED.

Transcontinental Lines Unable to Reach an Agreement.

The meeting of the Transcontinental associations at the Great Northern Hotel yesterday was devoid of any tangible results. Nearly the entire day was consumed in discussing the demands of various roads for differential passenger rates to North Pacific coast points. While some of the roads are willing to make reasonable concessions, yet the outlook for the adoption of new agreements and the formation of a transcontinental association is no nearer a settlement than at the end of last week's session. In the first place, the Union Pacific demands a differential rate from the Missouri River to North Pacific coast points if such differential is granted to the Great Northern and Oregon Railway and Navigation company. The Santa Fe is bitterly opposed to any differential, and especially to one from the Missouri River. But, most of all, the Santa Fé demands a settlement of its contention with the Southern Pacific as regards passenger rates between Los Angeles and San Francisco before it will consent to become a member of a new transcontinental association.

Brokers Will Do the Business.

It is believed the violation of the agreement, as to tickets and rates for the encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Pittsburg, will have the effect of throwing much of the business into the hands of the scalpers. Several of the roads, it is alleged, have made direct deals with the scalpers. Both Eastern and Western roads, it is claimed, are parties to the deal, and in consequence, general demoralization in regular rates is feared. The sale of tickets for the Grand Army encampment will begin next Saturday. The ironclad signature form of tickets has been abandoned, and they are practically without restrictions in regard to return limitations, being good any day up to the final limit, Sept. 26. Ticket brokers, it is claimed, have been furnished with large blocks of return portions, the going portion having been torn off. These tickets will be on the market until the end of this month and prevent the sale of tickets during that period at regular rates.

Railway Notes.

Next Sunday the Illinois Central will run a cheap excursion from Havana, Rantoul, and intermediate points to Chicago. The maximum fare will be $2.

The Sandusky, Milan and Norwalk electric railway has perfected arrangements to extend its line west from Norwalk, O., to Monroeville and Sandusky. The road is to be running in two months.

Directors of the Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City and the St. Paul Trustee company, adjuncts of the Chicago Great Western, reelected present boards and officers at annual meetings in Dubuque, Ia., yesterday.

N. S. Lincoln, Chief Engineer of the Wabash railroad, has resigned. His place is to be filled by E. C. Rice. The dropping out of Lincoln is somewhat of a surprise to many as he has been with the company for some time.

E. B. Whitcomb has been appointed Passenger Traffic Manager of the Detroit and Cleveland Steam Navigation company, with headquarters at Detroit. A. A. Shantz retains the position of General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Bissell Wilson has been appointed District Passenger Agent of the Missouri Pacific and St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern railways, with headquarters at No. 199 South Clark street, Chicago, Ill., vice J. E. Ennis, transferred to the Land Department.

WHERE SNEEZERS ENJOY LIFE.

Western Hay-Fever Association Meets in Bay View, Mich.

BAY VIEW, Mich., Sept. 5.—[Special Correspondence.]—The twelfth annual meeting of the Western Hay-Fever Association, now in session at this place, was held today and officers for the ensuing year elected as follows: President, Alexander Cooper, Greenville, Mich.; Secretary, Lon Richards, Van Wert, O.; Treasurer, J. W. Scott, Petoskey, Mich. Fourteen Vice-Presidents from every part of the United States can fill out vacancies. Forty new members joined. They determined on a more definite, compact organization than heretofore in order to secure, for one thing, half-fare rates for the season to and from Bay View. From Kansas, Texas, New Jersey, and remoter States the "jolly exiles," as they are styled, have flocked into this Northern asylum. For nearly a score of years this region has been sought by the few fortunate who had discovered its healing charm for this hateful and persistent malady. But not until the present season have they had permanent headquarters and a temporary home while in exile from their own. There are 200,000 of these sufferers in the United States, who try scores of quack doctors, hogsheads of patent medicines, deaden themselves in chloroform, cocaine, and other drugs, crucify themselves in one way or another, yet on a certain day of the month, in August, a day definite with each one, their dread Nemesis appears to hector them mercilessly until frost comes to give relief. Well, the President of the association, Mr. Cooper of Greenville, Mich., wants it heralded far and wide that the hated autocrat, the h. f. fiend, respects this one spot of the country at least, and the 800 members of the association here gathered seem eager to echo an amen to his statements by their presence at least. They are a decidedly jolly lot. Occasionally a rosy-hued nose, a tell-tale cough, a wheeze or a sneeze betrays their identity, especially if they have delayed their coming, but in the main you would certainly think their whole aim, in their gatherings at least, is to have bumpers of fun and kill time, which is the precise truth. Once a week, or oftener, they meet for entertainment (for every hay-feverite claims to be intellectual) for "experience meetin's," story telling, or varied exercise. These meetings will be regularly held as long as there are enough here to enjoy them. Each victim must remain until Herr Frost shall appear in his or her home. His icy breath alone can destroy the "pesky bacillus" germ of the disease.

SILVER QUESTION IS HIS PARTY.

Senator Jones of Nevada Explains Some Discrepancies About His Letter.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Between what Senator Jones of Nevada wrote to Chairman Strothers of the Nevada State Republican committee and what the Senator says in regard to his published letter, which was taken to mean that he had changed his political coat, there is a difference. The champion of free coinage seemed to be much nettled by the criticisms his letter had evoked.

"I do not understand," he remarked, "why it is stated I have left the Republican party. I do not say so in my letter. I simply announce the present attitude of the Republican party on the silver question does not suit my views and that therefore I will not act with them. I consider the free coinage of gold and silver on a proper basis as inseparable with national prosperity."

"Did you write the letter to Chairman Strothers voluntarily, Senator?" the reporter asked.

"No, sir," was the reply, "I wrote in answer to a demand from Mr. Strothers to define my political views."

"Why was such a demand made of you by your State committee?"

Senator Jones did not answer this question. But he went on: "It took a brave man to do what I have done. But I know I am right, and I will stick to it. I will not vote with any party that will not make the issue of more money its most important question of policy."

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

[NOTE—THE TRIBUNE will not notice anonymous communications, nor decide bets. No manuscripts returned unless proper postage accompanies same. No manuscript will be saved till called or written for.]

Objects of the Theosophical Society.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—The Theosophical Society has more than one object. The first is "to form the nucleus of a universal brotherhood of humanity without distinction of race, creed, caste, or color." The second is "to promote the study of Aryan and other Eastern literatures, religions, and sciences," and demonstrate the importance of that study. The third is "to investigate unexplained laws of nature and the psychical powers latent in man." The second of these objects—the study of Oriental writings—is for the purpose of widening our knowledge of the literature and thought of a people from whom have come the most spiritual teachings of all time. For, looking back through the centuries, we find India the mother of all that civilization that bloomed as far back as our records extend. We are led by the study of comparative religions to perceive there must have been a primeval religion which has differentiated slowly into the modern sects of all religions, degenerate scions of a noble tree. As to Karma and forgiveness, Karma is the law of cause and effect, and what can a law know of forgiveness? A man reaps what he sows in the physical world and does not expect a crop of wheat should he sow thistles; the same law applies on the higher levels of the mental and soul world. It is this fixity of a law which cannot be cajoled or swerved that makes it just. Anyone who dislikes the crop he receives from his bad sowing is at liberty to plant a better one for the next harvest. It is only by such experience that we learn. A law is to keep people from straying into false ways, and it is only those who come into violent contact with it that feel its iron strength. Karma seeks always to balance and perfect character. If a man has a fault he thinks and acts as the fault urges; thus he brings upon himself the results of the fault in suffering, which should teach him to cease creating such causes. The earth is but a school for the development of the soul, and all mistakes it has to remedy, taught by painful experience. Pain is the alarm that notifies us we are going in the wrong direction, and if we are wise we will stop and inquire what is the danger that threatens us. Karma brings to us the result of ignorant as well as wise action, and so gives us knowledge how to direct our course. J. C. W. asks: "Is not most crime committed without a realizing sense of its wrongfulness?" Yes, undoubtedly; but where is the ignorant man to learn that wisdom which will make him a safe member of society? Only by experiencing the effects of the causes he has set in motion. The way the child learns to walk is by experiencing the pain of tumbles, and the too solicitous parent, by trying to prevent falls, takes away from his child the salutary lesson nature is trying to teach. Man must learn all the lessons life can teach him in its various forms, and Karma is the kind teacher who patiently shows him that to gain a desirable effect he must furnish the proper cause.

KARMA.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

INSURANCE AFFAIRS.

PROTEST FROM LEXINGTON, KY., ON THE NEW TARIFF.

President of the Local Board There Is Sure the New Figures Put Into Operation Cannot Be Enforced—Declaration That if Protest Is Not Heeded Business Will Be Ruined—Annual Meeting of the Fire Underwriters' Association of the Northwest—For Fire Investigation.

Another protest comes up from the South against insurance rates. This time it is from Lexington, Ky., and the President of the local Board of Underwriters there is sure the new tariff ordered put into operation there by the companies cannot be enforced. This information was received in Chicago from the Lexington board yesterday, and did not meet with favor from the managers to whom it was addressed. It is a standing complaint of companies that rates in the South have been too low for years, but every effort to raise them meets with a protest. The schedule prepared for Lexington has been made mandatory by Local Board Commission No. 1, and it seems probable the protest will not be heeded. The local board claims the tariff shows such a radical increase over the one under which the agents are now working that it will be impossible to enforce it, and the President says the agents believe an attempt to enforce it will drive a greater portion of the best business of Lexington to the non-board offices and the Eastern brokers. The remainder of the protest is as follows:

Our city has of late years been exceedingly profitable to the insurance companies. We are well equipped with a first-class waterworks system, with an abundant supply of water, fire department, and telegraph fire alarm. Fire hydrants are well and numerously distributed over our city, and the service is regarded as first-class in every respect. No disastrous fires have occurred since the present waterworks system was adopted, though very many dangerous ones have been squelched in their infancy. With all these favorable conditions, and with such exceedingly strong non-board opposition, we do not believe it possible to persuade our patrons that so radical an increase in tariff is just. We recognize the right of companies to make any tariff which they may see fit, but we firmly believe the adoption of the new tariff would result in disaster to what is now a good paying business.

We therefore ask that the companies make a thorough investigation of this tariff, and allow our local board to revise it and correct the many inconsistencies where the advance is apparently arbitrary. The tariff appears adapted to cities of modern construction and works a hardship in older towns where the technicalities in building have not been strictly observed. The height and arrearage, when properly considered, largely offset the many little deficiencies. If given time, our people will correct many deficiencies, but to enforce the tariff immediately will call forth their indignation, and result in their united action to protect themselves from what they consider so unjust an advance.

WANT LAWS FOR FIRE INVESTIGATION.

Insurance Commissioners Pass Several Important Resolutions.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 6.—At the convention of Insurance Commissioners of the United States at Alexandria Bay today the Committee on Laws made a report, which was adopted, recommending the enactment in each State of stringent laws for the investigation of the causes of all fires and providing for the removal of all inflammable matter from buildings and for the prompt and vigorous prosecution of all incendiaries. A resolution was adopted inviting the National Board of Fire Underwriters and national assessment associations and national organizations of fraternal societies to appoint one member from each organization to read a paper before the next convention on a subject bearing on State supervision and agreeing with Mr. Mansfield of Connecticut that the expenses of life insurance companies are excessive and urging that the only relief lies in such legislation, either direct or general, as will check the competition of the three largest companies. The Commissioners took a moonlight excursion among the islands tonight.

NORTHWESTERN ASSOCIATION MEETING.

Program for the Fire Underwriters' Session Sept. 26 and 27.

The Fire Underwriters' Association of the Northwest will hold its twenty-fifth annual meeting at the Grand Pacific Hotel Sept. 26 and 27. W. J. Littlejohn of the North British and Mercantile will deliver the annual address. Papers will be read by H. C. Stockdell of Atlanta, Ga., general agent of the Phenix of New York, George R. Sanderson of Des Moines, J. H. Lenehan of Chicago, George C. Main of Madison, Wis., Charles E. Carroll of St. Louis, Robert L. Raynolds of Omaha, C. C. Hine of New York, Charles E. Dosser of Columbus, O., H. T. Tarney of Denver, and M. A. Fyke of Kansas City.

"WILDCAT" CONCERN COLLAPSES.

Anchor Insurance Company Goes to the Wall—President Missing.

WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The Anchor Insurance company, a "wildcat" concern, located in this city collapsed today, judgments for several thousand dollars being entered against it. T. E. Merwin, the President and principal promoter of the company, is missing, as is also $40,000 in premiums which the company is supposed to have collected. The bulk of the company's business was written in Massachusetts, Illinois, and Ohio.

S. A. REED GETS A NEW POSITION.

He Is Elected Manager of the New York Tariff Association.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The New York Tariff Association held a meeting today and elected S. A. Reed of Chicago Manager of the association. The position of Manager has long been vacant by the resignation of ex-Manager Whiting. Mr. Reed was formerly with the Commonwealth here, but is now special agent for the Continental at Chicago. Insurance circles here are pleased with the choice, as Mr. Reed is considered well fitted for the office.

But They Were Paid the $1,400.

Some odd things happen in connection with the fire insurance business, and one of these occurred yesterday when a local office paid out $1,400 on a risk which had been partially destroyed. The husband was unable to write his own name on the receipt, and the wife, with her daughter, brought the policy to the office to secure the money. She announced that her husband was unable to write his name, but that he had given her power of attorney. This was looked up and found to be correct, and then the agent asked the wife to sign. At that the daughter stepped forward and took the pen. "Why, your mother must sign this," said the agent. "Yes, but mother can't write," the girl replied. So the mother made her mark with the power of attorney, and the daughter did the writing.

Their Names Not of Record.

Inquiry was made yesterday concerning two alleged foreign companies which bear names suspiciously similar to reputable concerns. These two unknown newcomers are the Scottish Alliance Insurance company, limited, of Glasgow, Scotland, and the Commercial Fire Insurance Company of Scotland, limited, with its head office in Edinburg. The names of these two concerns do not appear in insurance records, and the inference is they are not doing business in this country. At least if they are they have not been examined recently by State authorities.

Forest Fires Destroy Policies.

A new phase of the forest fires in Wisconsin and Minnesota was commented on yesterday in the insurance circles. It is to the effect that many thousands of dollars' worth of insurance, both fire and life, will never be collected. The reports from the burnt districts show that entire families have been destroyed, and with the burning of the homes has followed the destruction of all evidence that insurance policies were carried. To what extent companies will be gainers by the misfortunes of policy holders can only be conjectured, but insurance men declare the amounts must be large.

Has Discharged the Solicitor.

The indignation over the use of the *Record* to injure the business of a member of the Underwriters' Association has not subsided. It developed yesterday that the offender who used the private information in the organ of the association to gain a temporary advantage was not an insurance agent, but a solicitor. The agent himself disclaims all knowledge of the acts of the solicitor, whom he has since discharged. Nevertheless the affair has caused distrust, and another occurrence would render valueless the *Record*.

Metropolitan Life Agents Meet.

Western agents of the Metropolitan Life met at the Auditorium yesterday and conferred with George H. Gaston, Vice-President of the company. Those present represented Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, and Iowa and they were called together to give reports as to the condition of business in their respective locations and to receive instructions from the company.

THREE MEN HANGED FOR MURDER.

One at Pittsburg, One at Jersey City, and One at Mount Holly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 6.—Noel Maison was hanged here today for the murder of Mrs. Sophia Raes. The murder occured at the mining hamlet of Calamity, Sept. 24, 1893.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Sept. 6.—Bernhard Altenberger was hanged today for the murder of Katie Rupp, May 13. They lived in Rome, N. Y. Altenberger brought the girl here under promise he would marry her. He took her to the outskirts of the city, where he shot her and then rifled her pockets.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., Sept. 6.—Wesley Warner was hanged here today for the murder of Lizzie Peak, Sept. 13, 1892.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Around the Lakes.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 6.—Report had it today that the negotiations to bring the floating elevators into the elevator pool are off. It is said that there is small prospects of combining all the elevator interest here this season. This insures the continuance of low rates for the transfer of grain from lake vessels.

Freights and Charters.

CHICAGO.—At least two boats were placed for corn to Buffalo yesterday at 1⅜ cents. The Kingston wheat rate advanced from 2½ to 2¾ cents. The demand for boats was healthy and the grain movement showed strong evidence of continuing in force. Charters—To Buffalo—Yakima, Georger, Parnell, corn; City of Venice, corn and wheat. To Kingston—Josephine, wheat. To Oswego—T. L. Parker, corn. To Midland—C. P. Minch, corn at 1¼ cents. The Elphicke takes barley, Milwaukee to Buffalo, at 1¼ cents.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Coal freights still dull. Charters—Rome, Clyde, Livingstone, Chicago; Egan, Milwaukee, 50 cents; Tampa, Superior; Dyer, Gladstone, 30 cents. Ore—Wilson, Manitowoc, Escanaba to Buffalo, 45 and 55 cents. Canal freights unchanged.

CLEVELAND, O.—Coal continues to pile up at all the shipping ports, and although railroads are pushing the coal men for the cars held by them they have not as yet paid the 50 cents asked for freight to the head of Lake Superior. Vesselmen are as firm as ever in their stand and some of them are anxious to have the fight prolonged, as they claim that it will mean still higher rates next month. The fight on the part of the shippers is not so much to stop the advance as to break the organization of the vesselmen and brokers. Other rates are unchanged and there is no change in the ore freight situation. Charters—Ore—D. M. Wilson, Manitowoc, Escanaba to Ohio ports, 45. Coal—Coffinberry, Huron to Green Bay, 50; Paige, Huron to Escanaba, 40; Duncan, Toledo to Milwaukee; Maryland, Cleveland to Gladstone, 40.

Vessel Movements.

HURON, O.—Cleared—America, Duluth, coal.

MANITOWOC, WIS.—Arrived—Wilson, Manitowoc.

EAST TAWAS, MICH.—Arrived—Monticello, Alma, Champion.

CHEBOYGAN, MICH.—Cleared—Tempest, Coyne, Knapp, Tonwanda.

PORT COLBORNE, ONT.—Up—Myles, Cleveland. Down—Tyman, Ohio.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Arrived—Nahant, Shores, Porter, Thomas, Sheldon.

ALPENA, MICH.—Arrived—Fletcher and consorts. Sailed—Voges, Ashtabula.

ASHTABULA, O.—Cleared—Coal: Wolf, Gladstone; Oscoda, King, Corning, Lake Linden.

GREEN BAY, WIS.—Arrived—Agnes, Smith, Ed Smith. Cleared—Oregon, Edwards, Vorand, Sam Marshall.

LORAINE, O.—Arrived—Mary Everett, Sam Mitchell. Cleared—Coal: Reddington, Fayette Brown, Duluth.

ESCANABA, MICH.—Arrived—Herschel. Cleared—Corsican, Schlesinger, Davidson, Colonial, Young, Lake Erie ports; Merrimac, Massachusetts, Chicago.

ERIE, PA.—Arrived—Messenger, Ionia, Wissahickon. Cleared—Orr, Owen, Chicago, coal; Sagamore, Pathfinder, Two Harbors; Veronica, Amboy, Marquette.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Selwyn Eddy, Majestic, Paris, Stafford and tow, Tampa, Lora, Rome, Livingstone, Egan. Cleared—Coal—Caledonia, Gilbert, Duluth.

SOUTH CHICAGO, ILL.—Arrived—Plankinton, Specular, Magnetic, Narragansett. Cleared—Laura Miller, Holland; I. J. Boyce, Port Huron; H. H. Brown, Two Harbors.

CLEVELAND, O.—Cleared—Coal—Drake, Milwaukee; Craig, Fort William. Light—A. L. Hopkins, Ashland; William Chisholm, Marquette; Our Son, City of Cleveland, Duluth.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—C. B. Lockwood, Zapotec. Cleared—Westside, Fort, Doud, Schuette, Buffalo. Coal—Bielman, Sonsmith, Christie, Milwaukee. Light—Carpenter and barges, Emerson.

STURGEON BAY, WIS.—Down—Soper, 2:30 a. m.; Mills, 6; Sawyer, 7:30; Olga, 8; Clara, 11; Mason, 2:30 p. m. Up—Goodman, Davis, 10:30 last night; Butcher Boy, 7:30 a. m.; Otis, Judd, 2 p. m.; Mott, 3.

MARQUETTE, MICH.—Arrived—Fay, Bradley, Monohansett, Grampian, Dundee, Newaygo, Chocotah. Cleared—Flint, Toledo; Inter Ocean, Ashtabula; Winslow, Fairport; Continental, Holland, Cleveland.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR.—Arrived—Vulcan, Wilson and consorts, Servia, Gladstone and consort, Shenandoah, Moravia. Cleared—Grecian, Mitchell, Oades, Redwing, Norma, Neosho, Eiffa, Mere, Halleran, Wright and consorts, Alva, ore; Bannockburn, Selkirk, Winnipeg, wheat, Montreal; Pope, Lewiston, wheat, Buffalo; San Diego, Madagascar, Ashland.

MACKINAW CITY, MICH.—Up—Glidden and consorts, 10:30 last night; Sheriffs and consort, 3:30 a. m.; Andaste, 4:15; Tice and consort, Leland and consort, Wells, 5; Owego, 6:30; Fryer, Edward Smith and consort, 8:30; Collins, Manitou, 2 p. m.; Hill, 3; Armour, 3:30. Down—Helena, 11 a. m.; Griffin, 11:20; Corsica, Rust, 3:30 p. m.; Moore, 3:40.

Up—Syracuse, Alaska, 6; Manhattan, 7:50. Wind, southeast, fresh, clear.

SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH.—Up—Waverly consort, 11 last night; Rose consorts, 1 a. m.; Folsom consorts, 2; Pratt consort, 9; Frontenac, 10; Pease consort, Vega, noon; Fisk, Republic, 1 p. m.; Codorus, 2; Hesper consort, 3; North Wind, 4; Alcoua consort, 5; White Star consort, 6. Down—Spinner consorts, midnight; Hadley, 1 a. m.; Corona, 3; Mariposa, 5; Saxon, 6; Glengarry consorts, 9; Foster, 10; Two Parkers, 11; Wotan consort, noon; G. W. Morley consort 2 p. m.

Up—Griffin, 9:30.

PORT HURON, MICH.—Down—Manola, 11:40 a. m.; Portage, 3:30 p. m.; Vanderbilt, Saginaw consort, 5; James Pickands, P. S. Marsh, Senator, George Williams consort, Clarion, 5:15. Up—Mark Hopkins consort, Cuba, 10 last night; Syracuse, 11; Hoyt consorts, 11:15; Nahant, midnight; Castalia, 12:30 a. m.; Shrigley consort, 1:30; Colwell consorts, 3:30; Northwest, 1:15 p. m.; Wetmore consorts, 1:30; Maritana, 3:30; Maruba, 4; Schuylkill, 4:30; Masaba, 5. Arrived—Spry, Johnson, Maxwell.

DETROIT, MICH.—Up—Lackawanna, 12:50 a. m.; Manchester, 9:40; Uganda, 10:20; Marquette, 10:30; Iroquois, J. C. Lockwood, 11:15; Montcalm, 12:20 p. m.; Centurion, 12:40; Ketchum, Becker, Aberdeen, 1:20; St. Louis, Champion, Ogarita, 1:40; Vail, Baltic, 2; Columbia, 2:10; Saranac, 3:40; Vance, 4; Christie, Sonsmith, 5:20; Down—Langell, Aranac, 11 last night; New York, 11:15; Colgate and consorts, 12:50 a. m.; Japan, 3:40; Thompson, DeLos DeWolf, 9:30; Seneca, 10:10; Samuel Mitchell, Roman, 10:20; Niagara, 10:30; Commodore, 10:40; Marina, 10:50; Gogebic, Biwabik, Hackett, Brown, 11:10; Iron Chief, Iron Cliff, 11:30; Outhwaite, Barr, 11:50; Two Wallaces (arrived), noon; Nyanza, 1:20 p. m.; Manola, 4:15.

Up—America, 6:10; Bielman, 6:30; Iron Age, Iron City, 7; Fayette Brown, 7:30; Pontiac, 7:40; City of Cleveland and consort, 8:50. Down—Portage, 7; Campbell, Breck, 7:30.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Lumber—B. Barnes, M. Slauson, Escanaba; W. B. Ogden, Transfer, Allegheny, Ontonagon; R. Simmons, Butters, L. Behm, Muskegon; J. Mee, Winnie Wing, Manistee; Driver, Ludington; Dunbar, Grand Traverse; G. Knapp, Frankfort; Unadilla, Fayette, Duluth; W. Rudolph, Menominee; J. D. Marshall, Lake Linden; A. M. Gill, East Jordan; Guido, Pierport; Ella Ellinwood, Montague; A. Laura, Grants Harbor; Pentland, Washburn, M. C. Neff, Menominee; Ottawa, Manistee; Sturges, Ayer, Alpena. Stone—A. P. Minch, Portage Entry; P. B. Locke, Red Park. Ice—H. A. Richmond, Little Sturgeon. Merchandise—Conemaugh, Erie; Wyoming, Tuscarora, Jewett, Buffalo. Coal—City of Berlin, Buffalo.

Cleared—E. A. Shores, Milwaukee; J. L. Boyce, Port Huron; Topeka, Iron State, Mohawk, E. P. Wilbur, Sandusky, Juniata, Buffalo; Pueblo, Ogdensburg. Merchandise—Lehigh, Buffalo. Light—C. J. Magill, Seaman, S. K. Martin, Marinette, Apprentice Boy, Arendal, Markham, K. E. Howard, R. C. Wente, Manistee; Roanoke, Traverse City; R. Simmons, Muskegon; Guido, Pierport; William Rudolph, Toreb Lake; G. M. Filer, Advance; A. M. Gill, East Jordan; Ella Ellinwood, Montague; N. Mason, Alpena; M. F. Butters, Ludington; P. B. Locke, Duluth; G. Dunbar, Big Traverse; L. Behm, Muskegon; G. Knapp, Carrier, Frankfort; Driver, Cheboygan; Four Brothers, Jacksonport; J. D. Marshall, Oscoda.

New Japanese Consul for 'Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 6.—General surprise has been created in the Japanese colony by the arrival on the steamer Belgic of S. Koya, a Japanese of prominence in his own country, who comes to succeed Sutemi Chinda as Japanese Consul at this port. It was not known that a change was contemplated, and the cause is a mystery.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Business in the Probate Court.

The will of Henry Schieding, late of the Town of Palatine, was admitted to probate yesterday. Henrette Schieding was appointed executrix. The testator left a personal estate of $50,000 and real estate worth $20,000 to his widow and six children. Letters of administration were granted to Willey S. McCrea, as administrator of the estate of his mother, Coralinn I. McCrea, who left property valued at $125,000. The heirs are Willey S. McCrea, Charles M. McCrea, and Samuel H. McCrea.

Court Notes.

Herbert E. Smith, a scale manufacturer at No. 77 North Clinton street, assigned in the County Court yesterday to George B. Kerr. Assets are placed at $10,000 and liabilities, $14,000.

George A. Fisher has filed a bill in the Circuit Court for a dissolution of the grain commission partnership existing between him and William H. Epply and Kate L. Epply, his wife. He charges his partners with financial peculiarities.

William Kuhlmann asked the Circuit Court yesterday to appoint a receiver for the printing business at No. 302 East North avenue, in which he and John Starzl are partners. They publish the *Volk Zeitung* and have a job printing trade. Kuhlmann says Starzl has appropriated the partnership funds.

Harry G. Savage was appointed receiver for the Devil's Lake Granite company by Judge Blanke yesterday on a bill filed by Eugene Smith, a stockholder. The company owns fifty-seven acres of land in Sauk County, Wis., and has a large quantity of tools and working materials. Its liabilities are said to be $10,000, but the court is told its assets probably will pay its debts.

Superior and Circuit Courts—Judgments.

JUDGE BLANKE—14,171—Rosenwald & Weil vs. A. Z. Olson & Co.; on deflt., $354.75.—14,149—Fred J. Degenhard vs. Vogt & Sweeney Brewing Co.; on deflt., $244.—13,932—John Pollock vs. V. J. Bauer; on deflt., $353.06.—13,581—Kopperl & Co. vs. Potomac Apartment company; on deflt., $325.—9,645—Harris Stern vs. F. E. Roberts Foundry Co.; same, $1,005.—12,341—New York Standard Watch Co. vs. James M. Heath; same, $451.—14,158—Anna C. Cheney vs. John W. Moore and James H. Moore; same, $525.—14,082—Mathias Helberg vs. Louis Busch; same, $872.—14,161—H. L. Bollwan Jr. vs. Walter E. Carr; same, $1,359.—14,165—Richard Schultz for use of James J. Barbour vs. S. M. Chase, garnishee; on answer, $96 and sat.—10,006—Ira C. Ketcham and William S. Rothschild vs. Nelson, Mattor & Co.; on deflt., $461.—14,077—Widdicomb Mantel Co. vs. Charles D. Snapp; same, $261.—14,224—Illinois Glass Co. vs. Elizabeth Strickland; same, $1,103.—13,920—Fleischman, Adams & Co. vs. R. Lorenzini; same, $232.—13,161—William Skinner Mfg. Co. vs. John H. Altman; same, $131.—Pabst Brewing Co. vs. John Grey; same, $386.—14,143—Henry Sandmeyer vs. James Wadsworth; same, $545 and sat.—13,413—Steele Wedeles Co. vs. Joseph Marski and Regina Marski; same, $415.—13,809—Gustave A. Mueller vs. John V. O'Conner; same, $384.—13,758—Scanlan, Gipson & Co. vs. Charles R. Hooker & Co.; Same vs. Wm. C. Schreiber, $545.—14,012—O. W. Mellon vs. J. E. Harper; same, $11,344.—14,037—Fuller & Fuller Co. vs. Joseph Rosenthal; same, $333.—12,859—John Sweeney vs. James B. Hogan; same, $388.—13,788—Walter J. Harne vs. Josiah E. Kimball; same, $264.—13,631—Northwestern Brewing Co. vs Richard Euler; same, $1,338.—14,114—Helen E. Brown vs. F. W. McKenzie and M. J. Merchant; same, $5,262.—13,611—The Finance Co. of Pennsylvania vs. John Spain & Co.; same, $343.—14,058—Pabst Brewing Co. vs. Rudolph Hankel; same, $2,585.—13,749—Buda Foundry and Mfg. Co. vs. Columbian Celebration Co.; same, $9,378.—14,024—Simon Israel & Co. vs. Harris Rosenthal; same, $648.—14,025—Same vs. I. Jonas & Co., same, $536.—13,922—Franklin MacVeagh & Co. vs. Arthur J. Kyle; same, $559.—13,757—Burley & Co. vs. Calumet Assn.; same, $3,949.—13,781—Franklin MacVeagh & Co. vs. William C. Delaney. Same; $395.—13,840—Same vs. James W. Brockway and Edward B. McKey. Same, $825.—14,123—E. B. Millar & Co. vs. Mary Kirk. Same, $590.—14,124—Franklin MacVeagh & Co. vs. Same. Same, $741.—14,016—Hinkleman, Jackson & Co. vs. Curtis A. Leigh; same, $496.—14,071—William Tansig and E. Wedeles vs. Henry Brinkman; same, $287.—14,173—H. Buchholz and C. W. Jockman, for use of Janesville Carriage Works, vs. John C. Smith; same, $882.69.—14,187—Filter Mfg. Co. vs. William J. Mayer; same, $879.—13,953—Sherman and Flavin vs. Daniel Bogle Jr.; same, $131.—11,443—Delafield, McGorem & Co. vs. Helen Lutzenkirchen and Frank Lutzenkirchen; same, $302.

JUDGE TUTHILL—W. A. Latemer, rec. for First Natl. Bank of Sedalia, Mo., vs. Cyrus Newkirk; on deflt., $11,150.

Superior and Circuit Courts—Decrees.

JUDGE TUTHILL—10,549—Charles W. Brega et al. vs. Franklin P. Wilson et al.; dec. sale.—4,743—George A. Turnbull vs. Frederick Freutel; final decree.—10,542—James Barrell et al. vs. Franklin P. Wilson et al.; dec. sale.

JUDGE BLANKE—Columbian Exhibiters' Bazaar Co. vs. Arthur E. Hotchkins et al.; dec. sale.—3,340—Gordon vs. Atlas Loan Co.; final decree.—160,344—Marguerite E. Weigle vs. Frederick T. Weigle; divorce.

Court Calls for Today.

JUDGE TUTHILL—Emergency business.
JUDGE BLANKE—Emergency business.
JUDGE SEARS—Condemnation suits.
JUDGE DUNNE—18,050, 11,576.
JUDGE GIBBONS—(Criminal Court, Branch No. 3)—Nos. 628, 600, 1,028, 653, 348, 1,182, 795.
JUDGE ADAMS—(Branch No. 4)—Nos. 591, 973, 1,160, 1,329, 966, 1,031, 1,124, 1,039, 1,040.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED THURSDAY, Sept. 6, 1894:

Rokeby-st., s w cor Nellie, e f, 30x120, Aug. 24 (G. B. Carpenter to J. M. McMahon)	$ 2,500
Sangamon-st., 141 s of 63d, w f, 25x125, May 19 (O. B. Green to L. C. White)	1,000
Lincoln-av., 206 s e of Roscoe-st., s w f, 25x114, July 19 (M. Triggs to J. Triggs)	1,450
Kensington-av., 325 w of Howard, s f, 25x160, Aug. 7 (L. Kinst to P. Doerr)	1,200
Halsted-st., 80 n of 93d, e f, 200x125, Oct. '72 (C. & C. C. & D. Co. to A. G. Clark)	1,400
78th-st., 173 e of Bond-av., n w f, 32½x162, May 14 (W. H. Mooney to W. E. Angier)	1,460
South Chicago-av., 300 n w of Greenwood, n e f, 50x125, Aug 15 (E. G. Cornell to J. L. Osborne)	2,500
South Chicago-av., 158 n w of Greenwood, n e f, 66x125, Aug. 18 (Schmidt Bros. Co. to same)	4,290
Union-st., 324 s of 72d, w f, 25x154, Sept 1 (S. R. Fugate to C. Carr)	3,600
48th-st., 249 w of Union, n f, 24x125, Sept. 1 (D. Hurley to J. H. Williamson)	1,350
Emerald-av., 99 s of 51st-st., e f, 25x125, Aug. 11 (M. in C. to Garden C. Foresters' B. and L. Assn)	3,624
Premises No. 3817 Vincennes-av., w f, 21 95⁄100x18 32⁄100, Aug. 29 (L. M. Paine to D. H. Wheeler)	7,500
Wilson-st., 250 e of Jefferson, s f, 25x110, Sept. 4 (A. Welch to L. Chimberoff)	6,075
Cicero-ct., 150 s of Van Buren-st., w f, 24x102, Sept. 5 (C. F. S. Kindley to C. Freyer)	1,500
Congress-st., 275 e of 41st, n f, 25x125, Aug. 19, 1893 (E. M. Smith to J. C. Wilken)	1,000
Madison-st., 226 w of 40th, n f, 25x121, June 16 (D. S. Place to H. E. Filer)	35,000
Ohio-st., 27 e of Ashland-av., s f, 25x125, Aug. 30 (B. M. Thomas to C. W. Bullard)	8,500
Pleasant-pl., 356 e of Western-av., n f, 24x100, Sept. 1 (M. Tucker to A. S. Kennyday)	2,500
Rockwell-st., n w cor Wabansia-av., e f, 45½x125, Sept. 5 (L. Nielson to M. Beathin)	2,000
Hancock-av., 171 n of North, w f, 25x175, Aug. 18 (A. Silinski to H. Benze)	2,000
Southport-av., 296 s of Diversey-st., w f, 25x120, Sept. 4 (F. Kachier to A. Manthei)	4,100
Robey-st., 142 n of Sulzer, e f, 50x173, Aug. 24 (J. C. Lyman to M. Weish)	2,450
Selvin-av., 200 n of Montrose-blvd., w f, 25x157, Sept. 4 (I. B. Mahoffey to S. J. Parker)	1,550
Fullerton-av., 150 e of Ballou-st., n f, 25x125, Aug. 24 (S. A. Miller to H. McCormick)	1,000
Norwood-av., s w cor Sheridan-st., n f, 50x123, Aug. 16 (A. J. Vahn to H. C. Niemann)	1,200
Michigan-av., 150 s of 82d-st., e f, 50x161, with other property, Sept. 3 (E. Doocy to R. T. Hicks)	3,000
Clybourn-av., 557 n w of Division-st., n e f, 25x120, Sept. 5 (S. Miller to J. H. Haussner)	4,000
State-st., n w cor Cloud-ct., s f, 152x98, leasehold inst., June 23 (B. J. Scannell to J. A. McShane)	5,000
Seminary-av., 325 s of Roscoe-st., w f, 50x124, Sept. 4 (C. L. W. Nenenfeldt to L. Q. Stare)	10,000
Wallace-st., 50 s of Roscoe, e f, 75x127, Sept. 4 (B. Ullrich to F. Ullrich)	2,100
California-av., 66 n of Bismarck-st., w f, 50x104, Sept. 5 (F. Proehle to A. Gerhardy)	4,600
112th-pl., 25 e of Armour-av., n f, 25x125, Sept. 4 (J. H. Boswinkle to R. Boswinkle)	1,600
Jefferson-av., 47 s of 100th-st., w f, 50x125, Aug. 30 (C. E. Seymour to J. A. Hall)	2,000
Same ppty, Aug. 31 (J. A. Hall to J. N. Seymour)	2,000
Rhodes-av., s e cor 67th-st., w f, 98x124, Sept. 1 (J. A. Murray to F. C. Mathews)	15,000
Ingleside-av., 263 s of 57th-st., e f, 24x115, Feb. 1 (G. W. Elder to R. S. Elder)	2,500
Lundy's lane, 382 s of 33d-st., e f, 24x125, May 22, 1888 (S. E. Gross to J. Paeth)	1,000
W. 18th-st., 74 e of Leavitt, s f, 24x125, Sept. 1 (J. Safarik to J. Vojta)	3,200
Brown-st., 289 s of Taylor, e f, 25x100, Sept. 1 (A. Lowis to A. Asherman)	7,000
Huron-st., 76 w of Jan Huss-av., s f, 25x125, Sept. 3 (A. E. Knox to G. W. Burchard Jr.)	1,800
Halsted-st., 92 s of Willow, e f, 23x124, Sept. 5 (E. C. Busse to R. Heller)	3,500
Courtland-st., 75 e of Hancock-av., s f, 25x137, Aug. 29 (T. Lamoreux to F. Hubal)	2,000
Perry-av., 114 n of Nellie, e f, 25x123, Aug. 31 (O. Charles to C. Zimmerman)	1,100
Robey-st., 387 n of Nellie-av., e f, 25x120, July 27 (C. Buckingham to M. Schuhr)	1,500
115th-st., 225 e of Howard-st., n f, 25x210, Sept. 5 (O. R. Hillstrom to C. E. Hillstrom)	3,400
Fulton-st., 25 w of Francisco-av., n f, 25x150, Sept. 5 (D. Donni to W. H. Arthur)	5,000
Hinman-st., 228 w of Western-av., s f, 25x126, Sept. 4 (E. Buhrke to A. Koenig)	1,825
Ellis-ct., 59 w of Rhodes-av., s f, 74 2-16x55, March 31 (H. G. Probasco to H. A. Probasco)	5,000
State-st., 180 n of Harmon-ct., w f, 20x138⅓, Sept. 4 (M. J. Palmer to E. Schoenhofen)	32,500
Seminary-av., 72 n of Roscoe-st., w f, 36x124, Sept. 6 (J. J. Binz to J. E. Bosler)	5,000
Marshfield-av., 79 s of York-st., w f, 18x125, Sept. 1 (T. C. H. Wegeforth to W. H. Reedy)	5,000
Vincennes-av., s w cor. 68th-st., e f, 106 8-10x132 7-10, Sept. — (est of P. Schoenhofen to M. J. Palmer)	14,500
Escanaba-av., 155 s of 89th-st., e f, 25x138⅓, June 25 (W. Kuhrt to C. Wegner)	2,000
Same property, July 13 (C. Wegner to F. Kuhrt)	2,500
Muskegon-av., n e cor 90th-st., w f, 30x138⅓, Sept. 1 (W. Duever to H. Gerland)	2,500
Same property, Sept. 3 (H. Gerland to E. Duever)	2,700
Hegewisch-av., 325 s of 80th-st., e f, 25x124, Aug. 23 (J. Tharp to G. W. Gurney)	1,100
Lexington-av., n e cor 55th-st., w f, 100x115, July 20 (G. E. Porter to C. W. Johnson)	50,000

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED BY the Building Department yesterday:

Bowman Dairy company, 1-story and basement brick milk house, 943-945 Adams-st.	$10,000
John Jones, 2-story and basement frame store and flats, 1158 51st-st.	2,500
F. P. Carr, 2-story and basement frame dwelling, 419 75th-st.	2,000
R. T. Ward, 3-story and basement brick store and flats, 1489 Harrison-st.	9,000
W. A. Bowman, two 1-story and basement frame cottages, 3722-6 Kedzie-av.	2,000
P. Welter, 3-story and basement brick store and flats, 540 W. North-av.	3,800
Katie Connors, 3-story and basement brick flats, 600 Drummond-st.	3,500
C. Iverson, 2-story and basement brick flats, 34 Richmond-st.	3,500

TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

BRANCH OFFICES OF "THE TRIBUNE" MAY be found at the drug stores named below. Advertisements will be accepted and charged for at office rates at any of these places:

SOUTH DIVISION.	
ARCHER AVENUE—	
Cor. 22d-st.	H. E. MAURER.
2904	JULIUS CUNRADI.
3815	CHAS. CUNRADI.
COTTAGE GROVE AVENUE—	
2614	O. E. KREYSSLER.
Cor. 31st	J. H. HOGEY.
Cor. 33d	N. H. FRANK.
Cor. 35th	T. E. MARSHALL.
Cor. 37th	T. H. PATTERSON.
Cor. Oakwood	RAUSCH BROS.
4134	L. H. BLOOD.
Cor. 43d	C. S. ALLEN.
5040	SORROW & KERNTOPF.
Cor. 63d	CURTI & McRAE.
HALSTED STREET—	
2603	A. J. KETTERING.
Cor. 19th	F. J. HONDLE & CO.
Cor. 36th	F. NEUBERTS.
4205	KATZENBERG CO.
45th-st.	BOULEVARD PHAR.
Cor. 69th	RELIABLE DR'G STORE.
STATE STREET—	
Cor. Harrison	HARRISON PHARMACY.
2200	W. M. BELL.
2727	STANDARD PHAR.
Cor. 31st	W. K. FORSYTH.
3160	H. J. FLANNERY.
3801	L. H. WARNER & CO.
4259	A. C. MUSSELWHITE.
4700	JOHN I. BELL.
Cor. 51st	B. F. TERHUNE.
Cor. 59th	F. F. KENNEDY.
INDIANA AVENUE—	
Cor. 31st	E. VON HERMANN.
Cor. 35th	T. H. McINNERNY.
Cor. 39th	M. N. PORTER & CO.
Cor. 43d	FRANK SIDDALL.
LAKE AVENUE—	
Cor. 50th	W. BODEMAN.
TWENTY-SECOND STREET—	
128	J. & R. SIMMS.
THIRTY-FIRST STREET—	
Cor. Wentworth	R. P. BRAUN.
Cor. Calumet avenue	WELLSBORO PHAR.
THIRTY-FIFTH STREET—	
188	G. A. GRAVES & CO.
WABASH AVENUE—	
Cor. 14th	E. J. PAINTER.
Cor. 16th	O. F. FISCHER.
Cor. 18th	E. A. HOLROYD.
Cor. 35th	E. C. JONES.
THIRTY-NINTH STREET—	
210	C. G. MUEHLMAN.
FORTY-FIRST STREET—	
460	L. W. SCHWAR.
FORTY-THIRD STREET—	
Cor. Lake	O. F. SCHMIDT.
Cor. Grand boulevard	C. N. GOODNOW.
405	A. S. COOK.
FORTY-SEVENTH STREET—	
Cor. Evans	C. S. TERRELL & CO.
Cor. Dearborn	WM. STORCK.
FIFTY-THIRD STREET—	
108	F. G. SECORD.
GARFIELD BOULEVARD—	
Cor. Wright street	MORRISON BROS.
FIFTY-FIFTH STREET—	
Cor. Madison	J. & W. B. HOLLAND.
560	R. R. BOWEN.
FIFTY-SIXTH STREET—	
Cor. Jefferson	JACKSON PARK PHAR.
SIXTY-SECOND STREET—	
Cor. Oglesby avenue	TEL. OPER'TR HOTEL VENDOME.
SIXTY-THIRD STREET—	
Cor. Stony Island avenue	F. J. AMPHLETT.
Cor. Woodlawn avenue	JAMES & DEWEY.
SIXTY-FOURTH STREET—	
Cor. Grace avenue	B. M. WHITE.
STONY ISLAND AVENUE—	
7004	M. A. CURTIS.
DEARBORN STREET—	
Cor. 35th	McKENZIE BROS.
WENTWORTH AVENUE—	
3201	H. J. MUELLER.
4642	J. A. KAERWER.
5103	A. E. ZUBER.
WALLACE STREET—	
Cor. 32d	R. H. WHEELER.
Cor. 37th	BINZ & HESS.
WEST DIVISION.	
WESTERN AVENUE—	
Cor. Adams	ADAMS-ST. PHARMACY.
CHICAGO AVENUE—	
468	WM. H. BIERMAN.
867	HENRY SCHMITT.
DIVISION STREET—	
Cor. Robey	PAUL HEINEMANN.
INDIANA STREET—	
Cor. Ashland	F. EITERMAN.
ASHLAND AVENUE—	
502	WM. STORCK.
BLUE ISLAND AVENUE—	
171	L. WOLTERSDORF.
Cor. 14th	C. J. KASBAUM.
LAKE STREET—	
Cor. Paulina	R. T. SILLS.
771	A. S. STODDARD.
1014	W. W. THUMSER.
1299	HENSEL BROS.
Cor. Homan	F. E. McKENZIE.
2081	M. H. WATSON.
MADISON STREET—	
Cor. Halsted	J. G. FORCE.
278	DELL & CO.
384	PASSAIC PHARMACY.
572	F. A. THAYER.
795	J. W. CRAIN.
826	K. McLENNON.
1001	C. D. STONE.
1049	J. A. JOHNSTON.
Cor. Sacramento	E. E. FOSTER.
Cor. Homan	KOTZ & MOORE.
1971	M. H. WATSON.
MILWAUKEE AVENUE—	
232	FORD'S PHARMACY.
465	HENRY SCHROEDER.
875	R. W. R. MEINUNG.
1218	MOYER BROS.
Cor. Oakley	F. J. BERGER.
OGDEN AVENUE—	
149	FRANK GRAMMER.
296	W. A. BRABROOK.
360	F. L. MULLER.
475	F. J. KNOWLES.
987	FARRAR'S PHAR.
TWELFTH STREET—	
Cor. Loomis	BLETTNER'S PHAR.
Cor. Ogden avenue	R. JENTZACH.
Cor. California avenue	R. JENTZACH.
422	T. H. BEHRENS.
Cor. Hoyne avenue	ASBURY PHARMACY.
WEST EIGHTEENTH STREET—	
372	V. L. BLAHNIK.
Cor. Throop	L. KVITEK.
WEST TWENTY-FIRST STREET—	
900	E. H. WOLTERSDORF.
VAN BUREN STREET—	
329	M. D. SULLIVAN.
Cor. Center	J. M. SCOTT & CO.
Cor. Laflin	THOS. LONERGAN.
Cor. Robey	C. E. BUTTON.
Cor. California avenue	JNO. RITTER.
Cor. Francisco	F. H. KELLETT.
HALSTED STREET—	
260	JNO. P. LEE.
527	J. G. STAHL.
HARRISON STREET—	
395	P. F. SCHAEFER & CO.
750	F. E. FISKE.
Cor. Oakley	G. A. GOETSCH.
CENTER AVENUE—	
631	E. FISCHEL.
NORTH DIVISION.	
CHICAGO AVENUE—	
80	R. H. HANKE.
138	JOHN F. COLEMAN.
NORTH HALSTED STREET—	
1748	ROGERS PHARMACY.
NORTH AVENUE—	
161	C. E. KREZEMENSKI.
228	SCHROLL'S PHARMACY.
Cor. Cleveland	A. M. REIS.
CLYBOURN AVENUE—	
Cor. Fullerton	H. F. KRUEGER.
CLARK STREET—	
Cor. Ohio	H. J. BATE.
Cor. Chestnut	WHITE BROS.
Cor. Division	E. WEBBER.
Cor. Goethe	R. E. RHODE.
Cor. North avenue	HENRY GOETZ.
Cor Center	C. B. OLDS.
Cor. Webster	FRANK SCHRAGE.
Cor. Halsted	BAKER & MASON.
BELMONT AVENUE—	
1301	W. T. KLENZE.
RUSH STREET—	
Cor. Ohio	C. A. STOBER & CO.
Cor. Bellevue place	C. V. KLOCK.
OAK STREET—	
Cor. Townsend	A. J. WESSMAN.
WEBSTER AVENUE—	
80	RIPKE PHARMACY.
WELLS STREET—	
Cor. Ontario	J. A. THOMAS.
Cor. Oak	R. G. DORRANCE & CO.
Cor. Schiller	E. ZOBEL.
Cor. Division	F. H. AHLBORN.
Cor. Eugenie	DINET & DELFOSSE.
ASHLAND AVENUE—	
Cor. Addison	R. L. BROWN.
Cor. Graceland	HIGH SCHOOL PHAR. (Schroeder & Van Nice.)
STATE STREET—	
Cor. Chestnut	A. MARTEN.
292	C. W. SILVER.
LINCOLN AVENUE—	
224	HENRY SCHALLER.
Cor. Wrightwood	H. W. WEIHE.
Cor. Belden	F. R. LEONARD.
622	MAX SCHULZ.
702	A. HVIDD.
1152	BECKER BROS.
LARRABEE STREET—	
Cor. Center	HERMAN FEY.
SHEFFIELD AVENUE—	
845	A. N. BOE.
EVANSTON AVENUE—	
259	SHERIDAN D'YE PHAR.
SUBURBAN.	
AUSTIN	W. O. CLINE.
OAK PARK—Oak Park Ave. Station	L. BROWN.
ENGLEWOOD—63d and Stewart-av.	OPERA HOUS PHAR.
66th and Wentworth	H. J. HOUGHSTON.
69th and Stewart-av.	E. G. BINZ.
SOUTH ENGLEWOOD—Cor. Vincennes-av. and Rock Island tracks	L. E. PENBERTHY.
RAVENSWOOD	A. E. BIERSTEDT.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—WANTED—THE ADDRESS OF CARSON Shoemaker, champion long distance bicycle rider of the Pacific coast, who is believed to be seriously sick in Chicago; rides a Rambler wheel and generally carries with him a young wildcat. Send information to J. P. SHOEMAKER, Palmer House.

PERSONAL—B.: I AM SORRY I EVER ADVISED you on that matter. Be brave and try and get well. EVER THE SAME.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—HAVE SOMETHING TO SHOW for your cents. The pennies you waste every day. A special lot of DIAMONDS, $25 to $100. You can buy one 15c to 50c a day. GEO. E. MARSHALL, Importer, 103 State-st., Columbus Memorial Building.

PERSONAL—GENT OF 35, OF GOOD HABITS and fair address, who has over a thousand cash and personal property of more value, wishes to meet lady of 20 to 25 who has cash or property of her own, who would be willing to live and engage in business in Cal.; prefer lady with a mother or entirely alone; references exchanged. Address V P 44, Tribune.

PERSONAL—A. L. WILLARD, M. D., PHYSICIAN and surgeon, 235 State-st., makes a specialty of diseases of the feet; instant and painless relief from corns, bunions, and ingrowing nails; satisfaction guaranteed or no charge for service. Hours 9 to 5.

PERSONAL—DECORATIVE PLANTS, PALMS, etc., at VAUGHN'S Seed Store, 88 State-st.

PERSONAL—ANTI-NICOTINE PIPE; SMOKES dry. Mfd. by Anti-Nicotine Pipe Co., Ottawa, Ill.

PICTURES, STAMPS, COINS, ETC.

STEVENS & CO., 69 DEARBORN-ST., BUY AND sell old money and stamps; coin catalogue 10c.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—EYE GLASSES; GOLD BRIDGE; liberal reward. 1513 Masonic Temple.

LOST—BETWEEN THE OFFICE OF BLAKELY Printing Co., 186 Monroe-st., and 31st-st., on a street car or Illinois Central station or cars, a package containing a black seal toilet case and toilet contents; the finder will receive its value on returning it to above address.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS office or bill clerk, assistant bookkeeper, correspondent, or telegraph operator; quick and accurate at figures; good city references. Address G 541, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN AS bookkeeper: is an A1 accountant of six years' experience, and a fine penman; reliable and energetic; references from former employers. Address L F 178, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, or general office work by man of experience and good reference. Address G 784, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ADVERTISER, WHO IS a good bookkeeper, desires a change; would accept $15 per week; A1 references. Address G 510, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—GENTLEMAN LOCATED in Boston wants New England agency for reliable house. R. W. WRIGHT, 705 Western Union Building, Chicago.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED GROCERY clerk; speaks Swedish; first-class reference. Address G 507, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer desires evening employment; small compensation. Address G 561, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SERVICES OF COMPETENT accountant can be had, while waiting good position, on very reasonable terms. G 561, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—MAN, 28; EXPERIENCED in office work and general business; good address. Reference A1; any salary. Address L G 24, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS OFFICE ASSISTANT. young man of 19; good knowledge bookkeeping; first-class references. Address G 577, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER OR OFFICE assistant; two years' experience; references; moderate salary. Address G 528, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BILL CLERK OR OFFICE man; any salary; references. G 527, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—SEVERAL SMALL SETS of books to keep by expert. G 591, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—OF TRUST, SALESMAN or office man; will travel; best references. Address L G 30, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN WITH several years' experience as a draftsman with an expert mechanical draftsman. Address G 516, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED architect of high order desires employment; would be extremely useful to good contractor. Address G 580, Tribune office.

House Servants.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MARRIED COUPLE wants work: man understands care of horses and can drive, butler or houseman; wife is good cook and laundress, at present with first-class family in city; good references; want big wages and will earn them. Address G 530, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WILL GIVE $10 TO ANY person securing me situation as head waiter in club-house or butler in private residence; A1 references. Address L G 8, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN; strictly sober and industrious; careful driver; can give very best of city references. Address G 566, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG SWEDISH man as coachman; strictly sober and have good city references. Address A. PETERSON, 3649 Emerald-av., city.

SITUATION WANTED—AS FIRST-CLASS coachman by young Scotchman; thoroughly understands the care of fine rigs and horses; also housework; first-class ref. Address G 596, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MARRIED MAN AS coachman; private family; best city references; years with present employer. G 582, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman; has worked for best families in city; best references. Address G 515, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; GERMAN; single; careful driver; good city references. Address G 26, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY young single man; careful driver and good horseman; 3 years with last employer. G 557, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE AS cook and butler; also will do general work in private family. J. H., 35 Pine-st.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER; ACCURATE and correct; Remington operator or S. F.; from the East; age 20. Address L G 6, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN STENOGRAPHER; experienced in railroad and insurance work; Remington. Address G 537, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 24 years of age (speaks German and English), in real estate office in renting department; I have had three years' experience. Best of reference and bond. Address G 574, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MARRIED GERMAN who understands care of engine, as janitor in an apartment house; best references. Address L G 21, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A STRONG YOUNG man; can do most all kinds of work; good city references. Address G 514, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS JANITOR or porter; understands steam-heating; references. Address F. RAPSON, 492 Milwaukee-av.

SITUATION WANTED—MORNING AND EVENING, in private family, attending to school, by young Japanese. Best reference. G 504, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—MAN AND WIFE, NO children, as janitor; experienced. References. Address G 521, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY AS cashier or assistant bookkeeper; best city reference. Address L G 12, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL HOUSEWORK, Canadian girl, good experience and good references; any part of city or suburbs; wages, $3 to $4. Call 147 N. Clark, or telephone 958 North. MATHEWS.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED CONFINEMENT nurse wants engagements; will care for any sickness. No objections to housework. References. $15 a week. Address L G 20, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SEWING AND CHAMBER work or second work by experienced girl in nice American family only; South Side preferred. Address L G 10, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY EXPERIENCED in housekeeping, cooking, or governess; city references. Address L G 11, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SWEDISH GIRL FOR general house or second work; best references; North Side preferred. D. A. P., 514 N. Clark-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT NORWEGIAN-American girl as maid or housekeeper; no objection to country. G 564, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEWORK, NEAT Irish girl; good cook; laundress; city or country 220 Ontario-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GOOD, THOROUGHLY competent girl for general housework; good cook and laundress. 3748 Armour-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SWEDISH WIDOW, with child, for general housework in small family. Call 436 31st-st.

SITUATION WANTED—RESPECTABLE GERMAN cook. Apply Working Girl's Home, 1344 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GOOD GERMAN girl (cook) in private family. G. JANSSEN, 844 Milwaukee-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AMERICAN GIRL; cook and laundress. 4446 Cottage Grove, up stairs.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AMERICAN GIRL for housework. 4446 Cottage Grove, up stairs.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SWEDISH GIRL; general housework. 255 43d-st.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GOOD SWEDISH girl to do family sewing by day or week; is good dressmaker. Call at 174 Nebraska-av.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER, or any position of trust, by widow unincumbered; hotel or private home; references. Address L G 9, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COACHMAN; UNDERSTANDS the proper care of first-class horses and carriages and a gentleman's country or city home; with references. Address G 588, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER; WILL call for one hour's dictation every day, transcribe and return same; satisfaction guaranteed, for $5 per week. 511 New York Life Bldg.

SITUATION WANTED—BY THOROUGHLY COMPETENT lady stenographer and typewritist; intelligent; educated; wages not less than $15 per week. Address L G 25, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY STENOGRAPHER; 5 years' experience; Remington machine; references. Address G 517, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—LADY STENOGRAPHER; law preferred; best of references; $15. Address G 531, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER; two years' experience; references; furnish machine if necessary. Address L G 27, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GOVERNESS OR companion by refined young lady; knows five languages; can also teach music and fancy work; highest references; necessary experience. Address G 900, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AUSTRIAN LADY, FINE sewer, good English and German reader, thorough musician, wishes engagement a few hours daily. Address L G 28, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT by young refined lady understanding thoroughly five languages. Address G 908, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GERMAN LADY who can teach German, French, and English. Best of references. Address L G 22, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER—BY A WHOLESALE LIQUOR house a first-class, competent d-e. bookkeeper; one acquainted with line preferred. Best of reference required; also bond. State salary expected. Address G 550, Tribune office.

CLERK—BILL, FIRST-CLASS, RAPID, RELIABLE in book work, one using typewriter preferred. Address, giving particulars, experience, etc., G 593, Tribune office.

MAN—ELDERLY MAN FOR INSIDE POSITION, must be active and furnish substantial city references from good parties. Address G 589, Tribune.

PENMAN—AN EXCELLENT PENMAN, MALE or female, with some knowledge of bookkeeping. Address G 573, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

YOUNG MAN—FOR OFFICE WORK AND STENOGRAPHY; salary $50 per month. Address, at once, G 597, Tribune office.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

PROFITABLE EMPLOYMENT GIVEN YOUNG men wishing to solicit insurance during leisure hours. Apply to JNO. C. SCHMIDT, Room 72 Major Block, La Salle and Madison.

SALESMAN—AN INTELLIGENT GENTLEMAN as salesman for a leading Eastern house; previous experience not essential; good terms and permanency for worker; references. Apply to H. C. LOGAN, Room 70, 245 State-st.

SALESMAN—FOR IOWA AND WISCONSIN; sell grocery specialties, spices, baking powder, for established manufacturer; to insure personal interview give full particulars of your experience and reference. Address L G 7, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING; BY ONE OF THE largest anthracite coal companies; must be acquainted with the trade in northern Illinois and Iowa. Address C B 371, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—FOR EACH WARD AND SUBURB of Chicago; salesmen making $16 to $20 per day. Inquire 9 to 12, 2 to 4. F. R. SHEETS, 606 Stock Exchange Bldg., La Salle and Washington-sts., Chicago.

SALESMEN—SEVERAL PARTIES TO SELL AN article of merit; quick seller and large profits; good side line. Call or address 74 Market-st., Room 200.

SOLICITORS—FOR BUILDING AND LOAN stock; territory in Iowa; references required. Address Box 1444, Le Mars, Ia.

SOLICITORS—TO CANVAS EXCELLENT IMprovement. Room 38, 126 E. Washington-st.

TRAVELING SALESMEN—WHO CALL ON FURniture, carpet, and dry goods trade to carry an excellent side line; good commission; small sample free. The Adjustable Shade Hanger Mfg. Co., South Bend, Ind.

Trades.

CUTTER—MERCHANT TAILORING. 187 CLARK.

FIRST-CLASS WATCHMAKER AND SALESman. 203 State-st.

MACHINISTS AND TOOLMAKERS! KEEP away from Toledo, O. There is trouble there.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN WHO CAN make himself useful in store. Give experience, references, and salary. Address G 586, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

ARTIST—CRAYON, RAPID WORKER, TO GO out of city. Apply to F. LATOUR, Hotel Dearborn, 400 State, this forenoon.

CHEMIST—MUST BE THOROUGH ANALYST; state references, experience, and salary desired. Address B V 496, Tribune office.

HOUSEWORK—YOUNG MAN FOR HOUSEWORK and to make himself generally useful in private family; South Side. Address G 535, Tribune office.

MAN—A FIRST-CLASS MAN THOROUGHLY acquainted with packing-house product; must be good correspondent; none other need apply; state age, experience, and salary desired. Address G 547, Tribune office.

MAN—THOROUGHLY CONVERSANT WITH the printing business, competent to make estimates, and of good address; to the right man a permanent position is offered with a large concern. Address L G 15, Tribune office.

MAN—AT ONCE; BRING REFERENCES AS TO intelligence and honesty; $18 per week. F. M. STUART, 56 Fifth-av., Room 518.

MAN—FOR GENERAL OUTDOOR WORK; SALary arranged on interview; country fellow preferred. Room 204, 59 Dearborn-st.

MAN—STRONG, IN LIQUOR STORE, WITH city references. 66 Hastings.

PURCHASING AGENT—SMART, CAPABLE young married man; experienced, and with some knowledge of stenography; give former employers, age, and salary desired. Address G 579, Tribune.

WANT EMPLOYMENT?—CALL TODAY; TEN vacancies. Room 41, 325 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER—AND STENOGRAPHER—LADY; $6 and board. 185 Dearborn, R. 31.

CASHIER—EXPERIENCED; AGE 25; $7. 269 Dearborn-st., Room 204.

SALESLADIES—EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY; $10 to $18 per week. 611. 56 5th-av.

YOUNG WOMAN—IN A WHOLESALE HOUSE to learn office business; must write well and commence at $3 a week. Address G 598, Tribune office.

Domestics.

GIRL—NEAT, WITH REFERENCES, FOR SECond work and some care to 2 children 7 and 9 years of age. 4415 Drexel-blvd.

GIRL—GOOD, STRONG, GERMAN; AT 161 Center-st. P. L. SCHELLENBERG.

HOUSEWORK—IN OAK PARK, A COMPETENT, experienced girl for general housework, without washing; good reference required. Apply Friday between 2 and 4 p. m. Room 107, 161 La Salle-st.

HOUSEWORK—A COMPETENT SWEDISH OR German girl for general housework. Apply 4532 Oakenwald-av.

HOUSEWORK—GERMAN OR NORWEGIAN girl for housework; private family; wages, $5. 1462 Michigan-av.

HOUSEWORK, $4.50; FAMILY 3. CALL IN store, 147 N. Clark, MATHEWS.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL; GENERAL; 2 IN FAMIly. 4000 Vincennes-av.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY—MUST BE RAPID and accurate; position in large office out on South Side; good salary to competent party; state age, experience, references, and salary desired. Address G 549, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—A YOUNG LADY STENOGrapher who is familiar with office work making out bills and general clerical work; give reference; good wages to proper party; steady position. Address L G 13, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY; MUST BE EXPERIenced; willing to assist on books; state salary desired; also references. Address G 663, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY; VERY RAPID; South Side. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 31.

YOUNG LADY—TO ACT AS CASHIER, BOOKkeeper, and stenographer in real estate office. Address G 556, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

BRIGHT, ENERGETIC PEOPLE WHO WANT pleasant employment and good pay for good work, please call on Home Culture Association, 225 Dearborn-st., Room 639.

NURSE—COMPETENT NURSE; WOULD LIKE A kindergartener to teach French or German. 4558 Lake-av.

WOMEN—TO CROCHET; CAN TAKE WORK home to do. 209 State-st., Room 21.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH ABOUT $4,000 TO $5,000 cash in a well established dyeing and cleaning business; has thrown off a net profit from $6,000 to $7,000 per year; a dyer preferred. Address G 595, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH A FEW HUNDRED dollars to help manufacture and place on the market a new nickel-in-the-slot machine. Address G 544, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $2,000 TO INVEST; big chance to make money. G 569, Tribune.

WANTED—PARTNER—REAL ESTATE; THREE years established; good renting list; only $200 needed. Address G 548, Tribune office.

$400 BUYS HALF INTEREST IN FIRST-CLASS established real estate and broker's office; no fake; real estate security given if desired. Address L G 32, Tribune office.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.

THE FALL IS THE TIME TO RIDE—
HARDEN YOURSELF FOR THE WINTER.

There is still a chance to get a good wheel at our factory; second-hand or shop worn. See our 1894 patterns. Highest award World's Fair. Goods guaranteed for one year. KENWOOD MANUFACTURING CO., 253-255 S. Canal-st. Two blocks south of Union Depot.

RAMBLER BICYCLES. 85 MADISON-ST. GORMULLY & JEFFERY MFG. CO.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Catholic Press Company will be held on Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1894, at 3 o'clock p. m. in the Holy Name School Hall, corner Cass-st. and Chicago-av., Chicago, for the election of directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. M. J. FITZSIMMONS, Sept. 1, 1894. Secy.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

DR. STEWARD TREATS DISEASES OF MANkind successfully at 113 Adams-st., Room 8; 9 to 7.

MADISON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, DR. BIGelow, Manager—Established 1860; successful specialists in all chronic, blood, skin, and nervous diseases; pure medicines, electricity, skill, and experience insure cures; NO FEE UNLESS CURED; advice free. All diseases of women successfully treated. Call or write Lakeside Building, southwest corner Adams and Clark-sts.

OCULISTS.

OCULISTS—THE CHICAGO OPTICAL INSTItute furnishes the services of a medical man and oculist to test and examine the eyes and prescribe glasses. The spectacles and eye-glasses are supplied at the regular established prices; no extra charge is made for the oculist's services. Consultation free. CHICAGO OPTICAL INSTITUTE, 182 State-st. Opposite Palmer House, south of Fair.

ACCOUNTANTS.

A. C. HUTCHISON, EXPERT ACCOUNTANT. Room 80 Dexter Building.

BOOKS WRITTEN UP, OPENED, CLOSED, OR EXamined; reasonable; confidential. L G 2, Tribune.

C. W. HAWLEY, 514 CHAMBER OF COM.—REF. North. Trust Co., Corn Ex. Bank, Chi. Edison Co.

INSTRUCTION.

BOOKKEEPING TAUGHT IN 20 LESSONS BY expert bookkeeper; terms $25. G 558, Tribune.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO GIVE PIANO lessons. Address G 565, Tribune office.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—NO. 3 CALIGRAPH AND CABINET, or exchange for cash register. CAVE, 3829 State-st.

FOR SALE—NO. 2 REMINGTON TYPEWRITER; or would rent. Address G 766, Tribune office.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

J. B. WILSON, 389 STATE-ST.—12 FINELY FINished cabinets and an elegant 11x14 portrait, $2; open Sundays; copying and enlarging a specialty.

CLOTHING.

A. S., 502 N. WELLS-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast off clothing; orders by mail promptly attended to.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

57 22D-ST., BETWEEN PRAIRIE AND CALUMET—Alcove and other rooms, with board; reasonable.

270 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY-FURNISHED rooms; excellent board; lake front; reference.

1702 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS AND BOARD. Apply after Sept. 10, MRS. HUNTINGTON.

1843 MICHIGAN-AV.—PLEASANT FRONT rooms; excellent board; prices moderate.

2942 PRAIRIE-AV.—BOARD, LARGE ROOM gas, bath, furnace heat; $5 weekly.

2949 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS, WITH BOARD; day board, $3.50 to $4.

4553 WABASH-AV.—FAMILY AND SINGLE rooms with board, $5 and $6.

PRAIRIE-AV. AND 30TH-ST.—ELEGANT ACcommodations, with fine board, to first-class parties. Reference exchanged. Address B Z 343, Tribune office.

North Side.

148 DEARBORN-AV.—"THE MENTONE," FURnished rooms, with board, at reasonable rates.

262 ONTARIO-ST.—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED alcove and other rooms with or without board.

275 E. HURON—BOARD, WITH NEWLY FURnished rooms, single, double, or en suite; every convenience.

371 SUPERIOR-ST.—PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH good home table; refined family; choice locality; references.

401 N. STATE-ST.—ROOMS WITH BOARD; references exchanged.

435 LA SALLE-AV.—EXCELLENT BOARD WITH rooms; walking distance; terms reasonable.

443 DEARBORN-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM, with board; also other rooms; reasonable; steam heat, hot and cold water.

487 AND 489 LA SALLE-AV.—ROOMS WITH board; steam heat; also day board.

West Side.

477 WASHINGTON-BLVD., NEAR UNION PARK—Pleasant double and single rooms; homelike.

BOARDING AND FRONT ROOM, FOR TWO GENtlemen; $5 per week; vicinity Adams and Oakley; private family. Address F 959, Tribune office.

Hotels.

ALHAMBRA HOTEL, 1928 STATE, ALCOVE rooms; private baths; $1.50 week up; rooms and board in restaurant, $5 up.

"CUT RATES." "CUT RATES"—THE CENtral, 250 State-st.; room and board $1 a day; $4.50 a week up; rooms 50c a day, $1.50 a week up.

HOTEL DEARBORN, 384-404 STATE-ST.—200 A1 rooms, 50c up; ½ price other first-class hotels; cut rates to G. A. R.

Summer Resorts.

GO TO "THE EDISON," EDISON PARK, FOR the season; superior board $6; new and select. Address DR. BECK, Siegel & Cooper's.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—PARTY OF THREE, TWO LADIES AND one gentleman, want room and board in nice quiet family on West Side south of Madison. Address G 594, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM (TWO MEALS PER DAY) by young man, with private family living east of Wells-st.; $20 per month. Address G 583, Tribune.

BOARD—AND ROOM—BY YOUNG LADY, NEAR limits; convenient to cable cars. G 534, Tribune.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—ROOMS—STAMFORD HOTEL, 1254 Michigan-blvd.; strictly first-class; new fireproof building; large outside rooms; supplied with electric light; hot and cold water; European, $20 to $40 per month; American, $10 per week up; cuisine 2d to none for the price in the city; our table d'hote dinners served with wine from 5 to 8 p. m. for 50c are unexcelled. BISHOP & PHILPOT, Props.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOM; best location in city, for $7 a month, in private house, lately decorated throughout. Call at 2252 Wabash-av., near 23d.

TO RENT—2300 WABASH, FLAT E, FURNISHED front rooms; steam, bath, large closets; reasonable.

TO RENT—ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOMS; Jewish gentlemen preferred; reasonable. 3305 Forest-av.

TO RENT—2236 MICHIGAN-AV., NICELY FURnished; all outside rooms.

TO RENT—2130 MICHIGAN-AV., EXTRA LARGE light rooms; one single room; well furnished.

TO RENT—1905 MICHIGAN-AV.—FRENCH FAMily; two rooms furnished; one or two gentlemen.

West Side.

TO RENT—20 OGDEN-AV., NEWLY FURNISHED room, with use of parlor and piano.

TO RENT—3 FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING rooms; gas; $3. 286 Clairmont-av.

North Side.

TO RENT—THE RUGIA, COR. DEARBORN-AV. and Goethe-st.; high-class private house; electric light, running filtered ice water, hot water system of heating, porcelain bath tubs; rooms en suite and single; excellent service.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED LARGE front room; modern; private family. 363 E. Superior-st.

TO RENT—360 ONTARIO-ST.—PLEASANT SINgle room; walking distance; gentlemen.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

SMALL FAMILY OF ADULTS WILL RENT their furnished house to small family grown people, no boarders, and remain and board and divide expenses; house spacious, attractive, convenient, and easily accessible on boulevard, South Side. Address G 526, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE—IN KENwood; new; in choice neighborhood; will rent furnished complete till May 1; only responsible and experienced housekeeper with references will be entertained. Address L G 29, Tribune office.

FOR RENT—MICHIGAN-AV., NEAR 14TH-ST.—West front 14-room modern house, completely furnished, with piano, from Oct. 1 to May 1; rent $125. Address G 928, Tribune office.

TO RENT—A FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE OF 10 rooms, with carpets and partly furnished, on Lake Park-av., between 32d and 33d-sts. Address L G 4, Tribune office.

TO RENT—3837 CALUMET-AV., THE ONLY one of those modern attractive 8-room and bath pressed bricks; a bargain if taken soon.

TO RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE; $40; FURNISHED complete for housekeeping; immediate possession; call Saturday. 3809 Lake-av.

TO RENT—CHOICE, MODERN HOUSE OF 8 rooms, 138 E. 50th-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—1371 TO 1383 CENTRAL PARKblvd., all modern; price $25 and $30; four blocks north of Kedzie-av. station "L" road. C. C. FOUKE, Mgr., 901, 108 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—HANDSOME HOUSE, JACKSONblvd. and Lincoln; all modern; 10 rooms; rent, $50. STEWART, 1010 Ashland Block.

North Side.

TO RENT—46 BELLEVUE-PL., CHEAP TO good tenant. SCHMID, 601, 167 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY SMALL FAMILY, for few months, 6 or 7 room furnished house or flat, desirable location, close in. G 540, Tribune.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—THE VERMONT, 51ST-ST. BLVD. and Cottage Grove-av. Elegant apartments of eight and nine rooms, with elevator service, steam heat, gas logs, gas ranges, sideboards, hot and cold water, and steam laundry. Prices till May 1, 1895, from $50 to $65 per month. Agent on premises.

TO RENT—FLATS IN THE NEW STONE AND brick building on Butler-st., bet. 27th and 28th-sts., of 5 and 6 rooms, with all modern improvements; janitor service free; prices $12, $15, and $18 per month. Apply to J. C. MASON, 2714 Butler-st., 2d floor, or JACOB WEIL & CO., Room 208, 56 5th-av.

TO RENT—THE "RAINIER," Cor. Cottage Grove-av. and 33d-st. Apartments for housekeeping, from 4 to 8 rooms, including steam heat, hot water, electric light, elevator, telephone service, and every modern convenience; also rooms, furnished and unfurnished, including hotel service. Excellent cafe in connection. Low rates to responsible parties. Office, 55 33d-st.

TO RENT—4, 5, AND 7 ROOM FLATS AND BATH, in first-class building, passenger elevator, steam heat, gas ranges, refrigerators, gas fixtures, shades, screens, curtain-bars and rings, janitor service, steam laundry, and drying-rooms; $18, $20, $25, $26, $28, $30, and $35. Office, 3105 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—THE ESMOND, 25TH-ST., BETWEEN Michigan and Wabash-avs.; the coziest 5-room apartments in the city; janitor, steam, hot water, etc., $35 to $40. BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—NEW APARTMENTS NEAR L ROAD. 5829 Indiana-av., 7 rooms, newly papered. Steam heat, gas ranges, baths, janitor. Low rents. DRAPER & KRAMER, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—MODERN FLATS—333 43D-ST.—Steam heat, gas ranges, hot water, etc.; 5 or 6 large rooms; reasonable rent. Apply to the agent or janitor on the premises or 4247 St. Lawrence-av.

TO RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES ALL OVER the city; send or call for printed list issued weekly. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—TWO VERY CHOICE 7-ROOM FLATS. 4509 Lake-av.

TO RENT—NEW 3 AND 5 ROOM FLATS AT 485½ 46th-st., near Champlain-av.

North Side.

TO RENT—PLEASANT FLAT, 4 ROOMS, FIRST floor, rear, modern, $12. 64 Wendell-st.
Modern flat of 5 rooms, second floor, 35 Baxter-st., near Clark and Noble, $12. STEWART, 1010 Ashland Block.

TO RENT—THE CLAREMONT, COR. DEMINGct. and Clark-st., near Lincoln Park, only one left, elegant 6-room apartment; steam heat, hot water, janitor service; facing 50-foot lawn. Apply to janitor or C. F. PERRY & CO., 1784 Wrightwood-av., cor. N. Clark-st.

TO RENT—LIGHT 6-ROOM FLATS, 384-386 N. Clark-st.; no heat. Also 6 and 7 room steam-heated flats, 34-38 Maple-st. Janitor on premises. H. HAMMOND, 41 River-st.

TO RENT—460 DEARBORN-AV.—FIRST FLOOR and basement; 10 outside rooms; steam-heat. HALL, DRESSER & CO., The Temple, 184 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—"THE GARIBALDI," 59 TO 63 WALton-place, corner Rush, 3, 5, and 6 rooms; steam heat; all conveniences; $22 to $40. FESSENDEN & HIGH, 83 Washington-st.

TO RENT—IN THE BELDEN, 295 BELDEN-AV.—Handsome 7-room corner flat with every modern appointment.

TO RENT—5, 6, AND 7 ROOM FLATS, MODERN, heat, elevators, gas ranges, janitor, etc.; also 6 room furnished. 18 Bellevue-pl.

TO RENT—2 SEVEN-ROOM FLATS; LOCATED over drug store; suitable for dentist and physician. Inquire 1616 Melrose-st.

TO RENT—FINE 8-ROOM APARTMENT, "SEville," La Salle-av. and Locust-st.; hot water; steam heat; all modern improvements.

TO RENT—FLATS.

North Side.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 7-ROOM AND BATH flats; new, modern, steam heated; choice neighborhood, between Fullerton-av. and Frederick-st.; 2 blocks Lincoln Park; $35; open. 856 and 858 Larrabee-st.

TO RENT—CHOICE 4, 6, 8-ROOM FLATS, NEW block, cor. Clark and Belmont-av., $14 to $20.

West Side.

TO RENT—WEST SIDE—CHOICE 4 AND 7-ROOM flats and houses cheap. GEO. E. STANFORD, 430 Rookery.

TO RENT—PLEASANT 4-ROOM MODERN FLAT, second floor, 279 Ogden-av., $18. STEWART, 1010 Ashland Block.

TO RENT—INVESTIGATE THIS AT ONCE, MODern 6-room flat; $11. 232 Artesian-av.

TO RENT—7-ROOM FLAT; $18 TO GOOD TENant. 757 S. Kedzie-av.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—STEAM-HEATED FLAT, 6 or 7 rooms, West Side, between Ashland and Western-avs., north from Madison; rent not over $30. Address G 578, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A NICELY-FURNISHED flat of 3 or 4 rooms for light housekeeping by refined couple; price must be moderate and in good residence district. Address G 545, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT, SIX or seven rooms; steam heat, South Side; state terms and particulars. G 519, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

FOR RENT—STORE—46 EAST ADAMS-ST., near State, at low price. KEEBLER & CO., 218 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—GOOD RETAIL STORE IN RAND-McNally Building. Apply to RAND, McNALLY & CO., 166 Adams-st.

TO RENT—BASEMENT, 88 STATE-ST. VAUGHAN'S seed store.

North Side.

TO RENT—STORES, 382 AND 386 NORTH Clark-st. H. HAMMOND, 41 River-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—OFFICES AND LARGE ROOMS FOR mercantile agents in the Garden City Block, n. w. cor. Randolph-st. and Fifth-av.; large size offices, suitable for publishers or mercantile agents who carry samples or small stocks; rent cheap. Apply to JACOB WEIL & CO., Room 208 Garden City Block.

TO RENT—OFFICES, ALSO LARGE ROOMS suitable for light business, schools, etc.; steam heat, elevator; rent extremely low; Eureka Block, 155 to 159 W. Madison-st. E. D. ELLIS, Room 4.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN 28 MODERN BUILDings. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM, 420 CHAMBER OF COMmerce; large room; outside light; vault; $10.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO RENT—STORES, HOUSES, AND flats, and rents to collect. D. P. KINSELLA & BRO., 108 La Salle-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BEFORE YOU INVEST IN ANY BUSINESS call and see my list of genuine bargains. A. SCHACHNER, Business Exchange, Room 338 Unity Bldg., 79 Dearborn-st.

CASH FOR BOOTS AND SHOES OR ANY OTHER merchandise. Address H. HOMES, 134 Market-st.

EXCHANGE HOTEL FOR SALE OR TRADE; 25 boarders; bar, stock, and fixtures. 157 Plymouth-place.

FOR SALE—TRANSIT HOTEL, SOUTH SIDE, 16 rooms; newly papered and everything in good order; central location; very cheap. Address G 538, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—PLUMBING SHOP IN SUBURBAN town; only shop in place; $25,000 worth of business a year; $5,000 of fall trade with shop. Address G 572, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AN OLD ESTABLISHED MANUfacturing and mercantile business. Address L F 156, Tribune office.

PATENT TELEPHONE INDICATOR COMPANY, 224 Michigan avenue, Chicago, offer an elegant opportunity to investors in all cities having two hundred or more telephones to enter into a permanent and lucrative business; $1,000 to $5,000 required. Address I. R. BURNS, Pres.

PATENT—GOOD STAPLE STATIONER'S ARTIcle. Wanted, mfr. on royalty basis or will give promoter fourth interest. Address G 587, Tribune.

RESTAURANT FOR SALE—BEST LOCATION; easy terms; a bargain. G 593, Tribune office.

THOROUGH BUSINESS-MAN WITH $6,000 proving undoubted ability can secure sale control of a manufacturing department in the largest jobbing house in its line in the country; reliable persons of unquestioned standing and integrity only need reply; splendid opportunity for young man to enter business. Address L G 31, Tribune office.

TO RENT—A MUSLIN UNDERWEAR AND CORset department in one of the largest drygoods houses of Chicago. Address L G 3, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED FINANCIAL manager to take the treasurership of one of the oldest and most prosperous manufacturing concerns in Chicago, having a paid-up capital of over $400,000. The applicant must have first-class references and must be able to invest $20,000 as a minimum in the treasury stock of the company devoted exclusively to the enlargement of the plant. Address G 584, Tribune office.

WANTED—A MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS THE business, with capital, to open book store; none within radius of 20 miles. Address S. A. CLARK, Warren, Ill.

WANTED—TO BUY FOR CASH—A STOCK OF crockery, glassware, tinware, etc. Address L G 23, Tribune office.

45 PER CENT NET PROFITS WEEKLY WITH $150 or more capital; prospectus, itemized statistics free. BENSON & DWYER, 834 Broadway, New York.

$200—½ INTEREST ELEGANTLY FURNISHED cafe; 250-room hotel; running order. Inquire for Frees, Tower Hotel, 65th-st. and Stony Island-av.

$200 PARTNER WANTED—FOR LUCRATIVE inside business; experience unnecessary. Address G 562, Tribune office.

$400 BUYS ½ INTEREST IN A MANUFACTURing business that is as staple as sugar; investigate. KEYES & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

$1,000 BUYS ½ INTERETS IN A WHOLEsale cigar and brokerage business; this will net you $2,500 a year. KEYES & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

$5,000 BUYS HALF INTEREST IN ONE OF the best-paying coffee houses in the city; only live energetic partner wanted. Address G 554, Tribune office.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

HANDSOME BAY FAST PACING MARE; pace better than 2:30; sound and gentle; or exchange for light brougham. CAVE, 3829 State-st.

STUDEBAKER BROS. M'F'G. CO.

202-207 Michigan-av.

CARRIAGE AND HARNESS BUILDERS

Are now offering unusual BARGAINS to purchasers of Victorias, Cabriolets, Mail Phaetons, Spiders, Park Wagons, and Two-wheelers.

A large variety of second-hand carriages always on hand.

WILL SELL AT A BARGAIN A FINE FAMily surrey and harness, used but very little; only selling as we have lost our horse. Call at barn in rear of house 582 Washington-blvd.; ask for Andy, the groom.

STORAGE.

CHICAGO STORAGE WAREHOUSE—STORAGE of all kinds, packing, shipping, moving. Telephone Harrison 467. CHAS. P. SHERWOOD, Prop. 294-300 Franklin-st.

FIDELITY STORAGE WAREHOUSE—LIGHT, dry, and well-ventilated; storage taken very low; private compartments; packing, shipping, and expressing. 80, 82, and 84 E. 12th-st.

ORIENTAL STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 399 TO 405 W. Madison-st.—Driest, cleanest, and best ventilated; private rooms; moving and packing a specialty. Tel. 4026. THE E. JENNINGS CO., Props.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND PIANOS—Largest, oldest, and safest in the city. Moving and packing furniture a specialty. West Side—156, 158, and 160 W. Monroe-st. Tel. 4579 Main. South Side—350 and 352 Wabash-av. Tel. 1543 Main. GEORGE PARRY.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

SPOT CASH PAID FOR FURNITURE OF World's Fair hotels and exhibits of all kinds and furniture of private residences. T. P., 21 Park-av.

STOVES—CLOSING OUT A LOT OF SAMPLE stoves and ranges at special low prices. RETTERER, 85 Wabash-av., 2d floor.

WANTED—TO BUY—A SECOND-HAND GARland kitchen range; state condition and price. Address G 599, Tribune office.

LEASEHOLDS TO SELL & WANTED.

LEASE AND FURNITURE OF 10 ROOM HOUSE, South Side, walking distance; everything new; this is a bargain; look at it. Address G 539, Tribune.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

A FORTUNE TELLER—HAND READING AND Astrology—The young MME. E. MOZART, just arrived from Europe, tells past, present, and future in four different ways; tells to lady or gent in hand who the future husband or wife will be; also brings back husband and lover in so many days; ladies in trouble call; give good luck charms free; advice on speculation; tips on horse racing. 1835 Wabash-av., between 18th and 20th-sts. Hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Open every day, including Sundays. I have the only luck stone in America.

MRS. STARR, CLAIRVOYANT, 3261 COTTAGE Grove-av.; satisfied patrons my best advertisement.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

CASH PAID FOR DIAMONDS, OLD GOLD watches. J. M. BREDT & CO., 609 Columbus Bldg 103 State-st. Diamonds and watches at wholesale.

CLAPP & COWL, JEWELERS, 68 WASHINGTONst., pay full value in cash for diamonds, old gold, and silver.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT; HIGHEST cash price paid. Refinery, 253 W. Madison-st.

BARTER AND EXCHANGE.

WANTED—GAITED SADDLE HORSE IN EXchange for Columbia bicycle. G 560, Tribune.

PATENT ATTORNEYS.

PATENTS, CAVEATS, ETC., OBTAINED; SALE of rights negotiated; inventions introduced. Patented Specialties Introducing and Brokerage Co., Room 715, 36 Clark-st., Chicago.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IMPROVED AND VACANT RESIdence and business property in all parts of the city. A. SCHACHNER, Rooms 338 and 339 Unity Bldg., 79 Dearborn-st.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—3613, 3615, 3617, 3619 Ellis-av., 3-story subcellar Bedford stone fronts; copper bays, stone steps, iron railing, plate glass doors and windows. Parlor floor in cabinet finished oak throughout; sideboards, consoles, china closets, butler's pantries and mantels especially designed in hardwoods, gas logs and ranges.
Laundry with stone tubs, gas dryers, clothes chute, servant's bath and closet, store room and furnace room.
10 rooms, with every convenience in the perfect equipment of a house.
One vacant, other rented at $1,000 per year.
We offer special inducement both as to price and terms; genuine bargains. Consult owner or A. H. STACK, 175 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—REVENUE PAYING PROPERTY. Value $135,000. Gross revenue $21,000. Net revenue $17,000. Terms easy. Will trade for part good clear unimproved city property. S. H. KERFOOT & CO., 97 Clark-st., Reaper Block.

FOR SALE—BY C. W. MILLS, R. 705, 112 Dearborn-st. 322 Bowen-av., new 11-room house; bath, butler's pantry, sideboard, consols, lavatory each chamber, electric lights, gas, oak finish, hardwood floors; price $11,000; open for inspection.

FOR SALE—STOP RENT AND BUY A 9-ROOM house on 64th-st.; very best construction; $2,350; $50 cash and $20 per month, with 6 per cent interest. JOHN F. EBERHART, 161 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—4718 AND 4720 CHAMPLAIN-AV., 2-story brown-stone front house, 8 rooms, hardwood finish, tile bathrooms, etc.; price $8,000; easy term. GEO. O. GORDON, 4742 Champlain-av.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN—$117.50 A foot, 49th-st., near Grand-blvd., 50x125 feet. DRAPER & KRAMER, 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—HALSTED-ST. CORNER AT $100 per foot, worth $200. W. J. A. MALSBERGER, 5600 Halsted-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LIST OF KENWOOD AND Hyde Park lots; never will be cheaper. B. A. ULRICH SONS, 90 Washington-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—9-FLAT BUILDING, CHOICE neighborhood, Belden-av. and Fremont; all rented; at present low rentals pays 9½ per cent; can be made to yield 12½ per cent over all expenses. J. A. PIATT, 99 Washington-st., Room 15.

FOR SALE—SHEFFIELD-AV., BETWEEN GRACE and Nellie, 100x120. Want offer. J. A. PIATT, 99 Washington-st., Room 15.

FOR SALE—RAVENSWOOD—New houses, $2,000 to $3,600; $300 to $500 cash. LLOYD & CO., 94 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FOR $900 CASH—VACANT LOT, 50 ft. front, in Victor-st., Lake View. ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—125 FEET ON HERMITAGE-AV., near Harrison-st., convenient to two stations on Metropolitan L road; will divide and give a bargain. JASON R. PRINDLE, R. 28, 132 La Salle-st.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT MORTON PARK—SIX-ROOM frame house, $2,100; lot 50x125; $50 down, $23 per month, including interest.
7-room house, $2,200; lot 50x125; $100 down, $25 per month, including interest.
6-room house, with bath; lot 50x125; stone foundation, $3,000.
These houses have water, electric lights, sidewalks, and good shade trees. Free tickets at office. For further particulars call or write WILLIAM W. WEARE, owner, 218 La Salle-st., Room 220.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—In Glencoe; three houses of from seven to ten rooms, well located, and the seven-room house well furnished, at better figures than can be found elsewhere. C. E. BROWNE, Owner, J. K. CALHOUN, Agent, American Exchange Nat' Bank.

FOR SALE—$45 WILL LET ME OUT OF A tight place; this is one-tenth of $450, which amount I will take this week for a beautiful suburban residence lot which cost me $625 in May, '93; remaining $405 may be paid in $10 monthly payments. Address L F 170, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK—SPECIAL BARGAINS in houses; $5,000, $6,000, $6,500, $8,000, $11,000; choice lots $25 to $100. WEAGE & TUCKER, 1110 Tacoma Bldg.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—EXCEEDINGLY FERTILE FARM, 440 acres, suitable for stock, grain, or hay, Iroquois Co., Ill., 72 miles away; 2 hours' ride. Go look at the crops now on the land and ascertain what this and adjoining farms are worth, and will sell for half that figure for cash. Improvements thrown in. JOHN WAIN, 303 Tacoma Building.

FOR SALE—620 ACRES FINE TIMBER AND open land in Reynolds County, Missouri. Must sell; want money; make offer; highest offer takes; warrantee deed; abstract. Address A., Box 1411, Joliet, Ill.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN—2,000 ACRES OF fine timber land, white oak, white ash, bird's-eye maple, and black walnut, on railroad; only $5 per acre. Address G 524, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MISSOURI FARM, 160 ACRES; easily worth $2,500; $800 takes it if bought right away. Address G 563, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—EXTENSIVE FARMING LANDS, cheap; excellent for colonizing. G 589, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—HAVE CLIENT WHO WILL PURchase a bargain in improved or vacant business corner, South Side, east of State-st.; will go as high as $75,000, possibly more. MARK T. LEONARD, 805 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE TO SELL. WE have good inquiry for real estate; no charge unless sale is made. D. P. KINSELLA & BRO., 108 La Salle-st.

WANTED—WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF THE care and management of central business and North Shore property. D. M. ERSKINE JR. & CO., 709 Chamber of Commerce.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—$2,000 BANK STOCK, SOLVENT bank, for Chicago property. G 570, Tribune.

FOR EXCHANGE—CLEAR REAL ESTATE FOR stock of drugs. Address L G 16, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—MODERN BRICK, FINE HOME, $3,000 equity, 4205 St. Lawrence-av., for Orange Co., California, acres. MUSSENDEN, 167 Dearborn.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

A SPECIAL FUND OF MONEY TO LOAN ON IMproved Chicago real estate at lowest market rates. Will be divided in amounts to suit. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & BRO., Estab. 1879. Major Block, 149 La Salle-st.

ALBERT WAHL, 706 CHAMBER OF COMMERCE Bldg., makes loans on city improved real estate at 5, 5½, and 6 per cent.

APPLICATIONS FOR BUILDING AND OTHER loans of any amount wanted; current rates. RICE & CREIGHTON, 119 Dearborn-st.

ANY SUM OF MONEY TO LOAN. BUILDING loans. OLIVER & SCOTT, 97 Washington-st.

BEFORE BORROWING, IF YOU HAVE CHOICE inside improved property, please call. HOMER I. DRAY, 140 Dearborn-st., Suite 91.

D. S. PLACE & CO., 145 LA SALLE-ST., LOAN money on improved and choice vacant real estate from $500 up at 6 and 7 per cent.

D. M. ERSKINE JR. & CO., 709 CHAMBER OF Commerce, loan money on city and North Shore property.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 88 LA SALLE-ST., LOAN money on improved Chicago real estate at lowest current rates. No delay. We pass upon security.

FOR SALE—FEW CHOICE SECOND MORTgages; inside improved; maker well-known business man; will discount to net 9 or 10 per cent. Address L C 171, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$1,000 SECOND MORTGAGE ON good Chicago improved for $750. MARK T. LEONARD.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS, 83 and 85 Dearborn-st. LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

IF YOU HAVE A MORTGAGE OR TRUST DEED you want to sell or if you want to borrow money on real estate come and see me. EDWIN F. GETCHELL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

LOANS IN SUMS TO SUIT AT 6 PER CENT; privilege of prepayment. HOLTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE. R. PRINDIVILLE, Room 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5, 5½, AND 6 PER CENT on improved Chicago real estate; building loans. LOEB & GATZERT, 125 La Salle-st.

MONEY WITHOUT COMMISSION—A LARGE amount to loan at 6 per cent. Also 5 and 5½ per cent money. Building loans at current rates. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON IMPROVED CHICAGO real estate at lowest current rates. KOZMINSKI & CO., 164 Randolph-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE. WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn.

PETERSON & BAY, BANKERS, S. W. COR. LA Salle and Randolph-sts., loan money on Chicago real estate at lowest rates of interest. No delay.

ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., MORTGAGE BANKERS 70 Dearborn-st., loan money on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; also building loans made.

TO LOAN—$500 TO $10,000 ON CITY OR GOOD suburban real estate; will make desirable building loans. COOPER & BURHANS, 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—THREE LOANS, $800 EACH, ON three new houses; value $2,250 each; 5 years; located at Cheltenham. Address G 567, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO BORROW—$1,000 TO $15,000 ON real estate; will pay 7 per cent. Call Room 320 Calumet Building.

WANTED—$8,500 ON UNIMPROVED ACRES east of Calumet Lake worth $30,000. Address G 581, Tribune office.

5 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN IN AMOUNTS OF $50,000 and over; 5½ per cent in amounts from $10,000 to $50,000. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, Mortgage Broker, 102 Washington-st.

$1,000, $1,500, $2,000, $3,000, $5,000, ETC., TO loan. CUNNINGHAM, 122 La Salle-st.

$3,750,000 TO LEND. APPLY AFTER 6 P. M. E. R. REYNOLDS, The Renfost, 52d and Cottage Grove-av.

FINANCIAL.

ADVANCES— LOANS— SHIELDS & BRO., 95 Clark-st., Room 9. Any amounts loaned on notes, mortgages, furniture, warehouse receipts, endowment policies, and other securities at lowest rates.

ANY SUM LOANED ON MERCHANDISE, FURNIture, notes, and other collaterals. W. N. ALLEY, 115 Dearborn-st. Room 23.

FINANCIAL.

ABOUT MONEY—

DO YOU NEED ANY?

We make loans of any size, large or small, on household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, and warehouse receipts at very low rates, for any length of time desired. Any part of the loan can be paid at any time, thus reducing the interest as fast as the loan is paid. If you need a loan please call on us.

CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
86 LA SALLE-ST. (MAIN FLOOR), FIRST FLOOR ABOVE THE STREET. INCORPORATED.
OR
185 WEST MADISON-ST. NORTHWEST CORNER HALSTED, ROOM 205.

ALL PEOPLE IN NEED OF MONEY WILL DO WELL TO CALL AT THE OFFICE OF
FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
14 WASHINGTON-ST., FIRST FLOOR, ROOM 1 BETWEEN CLARK AND DEARBORN.
351 63D-ST., CORNER YALE, ENGLEWOOD
AND 9215 COMMERCIAL-AV., (ROOM 1 COLUMBIA BLOCK) SOUTH CHICAGO.
LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL.

AS TO MONEY—DO YOU WANT ANY? I LOAN on easy terms on furniture, pianos, on your note secured by diamonds, watches, etc. I loan money for the interest and do not want your goods or property, so you need have no fear of losing them. Payments arranged on monthly installment plan or to suit your convenience. Business done quietly, without publicity. ALPHEUS M. SMITH, Investment Banker, Room 716 Chamber of Commerce, corner of Washington and La Salle-sts.

BORROW MONEY—Where your collaterals are safe. We charge lower rate of interest than any other collateral loan bank in the city. Large loans to private parties at a special low rate of interest. Any amount of money to loan on diamonds, watches, and jewelry. H. BAUMAN & CO., 159 South Clark-st.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED; loans on same negotiated. WELLIVER & CO., Drexel Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

LOANS ON LIFE POLICIES, ENDOWMENTS, and tontines; same bought and sold. 200, 167 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON YOUR NOTE, SECURED BY WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND JEWELRY OF ALL KINDS; PAWN SHOP PUBLICITY AVOIDED BY CALLING ON US. GEO. W. FORSYTH, 128 LA SALLE-ST., ROOM 1.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS WHO can increase their business advantageously by selling goods on time can arrange with the undersigned to cash all shipments immediately made on reasonable terms. Interviews solicited. D. H. TOLMAN, 124 Washington-st.

MONEY LOANED TO HONEST PEOPLE ON furniture, pianos, warehouse receipts, without removal. ZEIVER, 119 Dearborn, Room 53.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT; HIGHEST cash price paid for broken, unused, or out-of-style jewelry, silverware, etc. Victory Chemical Co., refiners, 103 State-st., Room 601.

WE HAVE FOR SALE $20,000 10-YEAR 6 PER cent gold bonds, latest issue, of electric r. r.; guaranteed net earnings show 20 per cent. H. C. BUNN & CO., 407 Chamber of Commerce.

BUILDINGS TO SELL AND WANTED.

WANTED—TO BUY COTTAGE OR DOUBLE flat to move; must be west of Michigan-av. and south of 39th-st. FRANK TIMMIS, 97 Clark-st., Room 36.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

ADAM SCHAAF—
MANUFACTURER OF PIANOFORTES.
Factory, 398 and 400 W. Monroe-st.
Salesrooms, corner W. Madison and Morgan-sts.

Great reduction in price of new and second-hand upright pianos; easy terms of payment to suit customers; every piano is in good condition and warranted to be as represented.

Three Vose & Son's large size upright cabinet grand walnut case pianos, 7⅓ octaves, price each....$150
Two Jacob Bros., 7⅓ octaves, uprights, walnut cases, nearly new; price each....145
One Smith & Barnes' full-size cabinet grand, walnut case, 7⅓ octaves; price....125
One Decker & Son, 7⅓ octaves, rosewood case, 4 ft. 7 in. high; price....160
One Chickering upright piano, 7 octaves, plain rosewood case, fret panels; price....110
One Adam Schaaf upright piano, cabinet grand, walnut case, 7⅓ octaves; price....185
One SCHAAF, style "J," walnut case, full iron frame, 7⅓ octaves; price....150
One Vose & Son, cabinet grand....160
One C. A. Smith & Co., large upright; price....110
One Chickering upright....185
One W. W. Kimball upright....115
One Chase large upright....130
Two Decker & Son cabinet grand pianos, upright, 7⅓ octaves, rosewood cases; price each....165
One Gilbert upright; price....50
Two walnut case uprights, 7⅓ octaves; price each....115
Three rosewood uprights, carved panels, 7⅓ octaves; price each....125

Square pianos at $15, $25, $35, $40, $50, and $65 each, all makes; some are old styles; good for practicing purposes; some are very good, suitable for large rooms, halls, etc.

These instruments were all taken in exchange for the new scale Adam Schaaf pianos.

200 new pianos to rent at low rates.
One year's rental allowed if purchased.

Pianos tuned, repaired, stored, and exchanged.

ADAM SCHAAF,
276 W. Madison-st., corner Morgan.

LYON & HEALY OFFER EVERY NEW piano not of regular styles, every slightly used piano, and every second-hand piano in their salesrooms

FAR BELOW USUAL PRICES.

$125 Werner Upright.
$135 New England Upright.
$165 Smith & Barnes Upright.
$250 Weber Upright.
$200 Ludwig Upright.
$150 Engel Upright.
$75 Vienna Grand.
$175 Fischer Upright.
$175 Washburn Upright.
$200 Estey Upright.
$400 Steinway Grand.
$125 Vose & Son Upright.
$300 Knabe Upright.
$375 Steinway Upright.
$400 Knabe Upright.
$50 Peters-Webb Square.
$65 Chickering Square.
$75 Great Union Square.
$275 Hazelton Upright.
$275 Hallet & Davis Upright.
$225 Jewett Upright.
$100 Behning Square.
$175 Connor Upright.
$150 Fischer Upright. 7 oct.
$125 Decker Bros.' Square
$150 Knabe Square; fine.
And many others.

These instruments must be sold at once in order to make room for our new fall stock. Out of town purchasers should write without delay for our list giving full particulars. No advance in price when easy payments are desired. A decided advantage in early selection.

A new Upright Piano, full size, latest style, all improvements, now first offered at $160. This special price is made with the view of quickly introducing this very desirable instrument. It is fully guaranteed and should be seen by every purchaser wishing to invest but a limited sum. An appropriate cover and modern stool are included with every piano sold at retail.

LYON & HEALY,
Corner Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

N. B.—We sell SHEET MUSIC at half price.

UPRIGHT PIANOS VERY LOW.
2 Kimballs....$90—$110
Lyon & Healy....100
Vose....145
Krell....160
Lindeman....185
Chickering....195
Wheelock....200
Knabe....290
2 Webers....$325—360
And many others.

CASH OR TIME.

These instruments are all in fine order, some of them showing no trace of wear. In the lot are walnut, mahogany, and oak casings.
PIANOS RENTED, TUNED, AND MOVED.
Manufacturers Piano Co., 248 Wabash-av.

EMERSON PIANO CO.,
ESTABLISHED NEARLY 50 YEARS.

During the past few months we have had a number of EMERSON PIANOS returned to us by parties who were unable to pay for them. Purchasers will be given the benefit of all money paid, and can secure practically a new piano at a GREAT BARGAIN. Call and examine them.

These pianos are in perfect order and fully warranted. Sold on easy payments if desired. If rented will allow rent to apply on purchase.
JOHN W. NORTHROP, Manager.
EMERSON PIANO CO., 218 Wabash-av.

PIANOS TO RENT—
$10 for three months' rental of 7⅓ octave upright piano; largest stock in city to select from. Pianos exchanged, tuned, repaired, and stored.
NEW ENGLAND PIANO CO.,
262-264 Wabash-av.
200 Tremont-st., Boston, Mass.
98 5th-av., New York.
26, 28, and 30 O'Farrell-st., San Francisco, Cal.
Factories—Boston, Mass.

PIANOS. THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.
PIANOS. The lowest prices, on easy terms.
PIANOS. Second-hand, from $40 up.
ORGANS. The Estey that leads the world.
ORGANS. Second-hand, from $15 up.
RENTING. Pianos from $2 per month up.
RENTING. Organs from $1 per month up.
The amount paid to apply if purchased.
Old instruments taken in exchange. Tuning, etc.
ESTEY & CAMP, 233 State-st., 49-53 Jackson-st.

THE WONDERFUL WEBER TONE
is found only in
THE WEBER PIANOS.
Manufacturers Piano Co., 248 Wabash-av.

SQUARE PIANOS WANTED
In exchange for uprights or grands.
We will pay 25 per cent more for these from this date until further notice.
ESTEY & CAMP, The Leading House,
233 State-st., 49-53 Jackson-st.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN PIANOS—
On easy terms.
Prices $75 to $300.
Terms $5 to $10 a month.
CHASE BROTHERS PIANO CO.,
219-221 Wabash-av.

WHEN YOU WISH TO BUY OR RENT A good piano visit the extensive ware-rooms of
LYON, POTTER & CO.,
174 Wabash-av.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS THAT HAVE BEEN rented—
Special prices. Easy terms.
CHASE BROTHERS PIANO CO.,
219-221 Wabash-av.

LARGE LINE OF PIANOS FOR RENT AT summer prices—
Rent may apply on purchase.
CHASE BROTHERS PIANO CO.,
219-221 Wabash-av.

SOHMER BABY GRAND, SLIGHTLY used; elegant tone; mahogany case; late design; at a great bargain. THOMPSON, 261 Wabash.

ROOFING.

WE WILL REPAIR YOUR OLD GRAVEL ROOFS promptly and tell you cost of repairs free. The Ford Roofing Co., 172 Washington-st., cor. Fifth-av.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

BANK SAFE, MODERN, ALMOST NEW cheap; also second-hand fireproof safes. Call or write 87 5th-av.

FOR SALE—LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GOOD second-hand safes; low prices. 52 Wabash-av.

SECOND-HAND SAFES BOUGHT AND SOLD. WALTER L. SCOTT, 55 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND SAFES; LOWEST prices ever offered. W. S. DIX, 49 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GOOD 2,000-LB. FIRE-PROOF safe; cheap. Chicago Piling Co., 137 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—ROLL-TOP OAK DESK AND CHAIR; cheap. R. 4, 10 State-st.

WANTED—ROLL-TOP DESK; MUST BE CHEAP. Address G 571, Tribune office.

UNDERTAKING.

POSTLEWAIT—310 OGDEN-AV. High-class undertaking; all divisions of the city and suburbs. Telephone West 209.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MIMEOGRAPH COPYING AT CUT PRICES. Telephone main 594. R. 814, 171 La Salle-st.

VAUGHAN'S CHICAGO PARKS GRASS SEED the best and cleanest; used at World's Fair. VAUGHAN'S Seed Store, 88 State.

WANTED—PARTY WHO UNDERSTANDS CARE of plats to take charge of about 15 oleander plants over the winter; state terms. Address L F 172, Tribune office.

WANTED—MEDICAL DIPLOMA; GIVE PRICE wanted. Address G 525, Tribune office.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON
FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS.
I. cabin, $70; II. cabin, $45 and $50.
ROUND TRIP $95 and $100.
To Southampton (London), BREMEN.

Elbe....Sat., Sept. 8, noon	Havel, Tues., Sept. 18, 9 am
Lahn, Tues., Sept. 11, 7 am	Ems..Sat., Sept. 22, 11 am
Trave, Sat., Sept. 15, 9 am	Aller, Tues., Sept. 25, 1 pm

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
NEW YORK—GIBRALTAR—GENOA.

Werra....Sept. 15, 10 a m	Fulda....Oct. 6, 10 am
Kaiser....Sept. 22, noon	

Cabin rates from $60 upward.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO., General Western Agents, 80 Fifth-av., Chicago.

GERMAN MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO. | HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.

Fast steamers between New York and * Azores, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, and Genoa.
Aug. Victoria, Oct. 16, 6:30 a. m., for Naples, Genoa.
Werra, Oct. 20, 10 a. m., for Genoa.
Kaiser Wm. II., Oct. 27, 2 p. m., for Naples, Genoa.
Furst Bismarck, Nov. 3, 10 a. m., for Genoa.
Fulda, Nov. 10, 2 p. m., for Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Aug. Victoria, Nov. 17, 10 a. m., for Genoa.
Werra, Nov. 24, 2 p. m., for Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Kaiser Wm. II., Dec. 1, 10 a. m., for Genoa.
F. Bismarck, Dec. 8, 1:30 p. m., for Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Fulda, Dec. 15, 10 a. m., for Genoa.
All steamers stop at Gibraltar.
Return tickets available for the steamers of either line from Naples, Genoa, Gibraltar, Hamburg, Bremen, London, and Southampton. Direct connection from Genoa, Naples, to Egypt by N. G. Lloyd S. S. Co.'s Imp. Mail Strs.

North German Lloyd, Oelrichs & Co., Gen. Agts., 2 Bowling Green, N. Y. H. Claussenius & Co., 80 Fifth-av.	Hamburg-American Line, 37 Broadway, N. Y. 125 La Salle-st. Chicago.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
Express Steamer Service.
New York, Southampton (London, Paris), Hamburg—Magnificent new twin screw steamers of 13—16,000 h. p. This line holds the record for fastest time to London and the Continent.

Normannia....Aug. 30	Furst Bismarck...Oct. 4
Furst Bismarck....Sept. 6	Columbia....Oct. 11
Columbia....Sept. 13	Normannia....Oct. 25
Augusta Victoria..Sept. 20	Columbia....Nov. 8
Normannia....Sept. 27	Normannia....Nov. 22

Hamburg-American Line. Gen. Passage office: 125 La Salle-st., Chicago.

AMERICAN LINE.
NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON.
Shortest and most convenient Route to London. Pier to Pier—No transfer by tender. No tidal delays

Berlin....Sept. 12, 11 am	Paris....Sept. 26, 11 am
New York..Sept. 19, 11 am	Berlin....Oct. 3, 11 am

PHILADELPHIA TO QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.
Southw'rk Sept. 8, 4:30 pm | Indiana....Sept. 15, 10 am
Exceptionally good second cabin accommodations.

RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK TO ANTWERP.
Short and direct route to the Continent.
Friesland...Sept. 12, 3 pm | West'n'ld, Sept. 26, 2:30 pm
Rhynland....Sept. 19, 8 am | Noordland, Oct. 3, 8:30 am
PHILADELPHIA TO ANTWERP
Every alternate Saturday.
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY,
32 Clark-st., Chicago.

THE OLD RELIABLE CUNARD MAIL LINE.
Established 1840.
"CAMPANIA" and "LUCANIA."
The New Twin Screw Steamships, 620 feet long, 12,950 tons, 30,000 horse-power, positively the largest, fastest, and most magnificent in the world.
"UMBRIA" and "ETRURIA."
520 feet long, 8,500 tons, 14,500 horse-power, and others comprising an incomparable fleet of fast Express passenger steamers.
ALL RECORDS BROKEN. 5 DS., 8 HRS., 38 MIN.
The character, record, and general reputation of this line for SAFETY, COMFORT, and SPEED (having never lost a passenger during the 53 years of its existence) needs no comment.
F. G. WHITING, Mgr. West. Dept. 131 Randolph-st.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE—PARIS.
EVERY SATURDAY.
Company's entire fleet composed of large, fast express steamers, which make the voyage regularly in one week; no crossing of Channel, no tedious delay at seaport. MAURICE M. KOZMINSKI, General Western Agent. 166 Randolph-st.

ANCHOR LINE U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIPS—SAloon, second-class, and steerage rates on lowest terms; New York, Londonderry, Glasgow. Liverpool, Belfast, and all continental points.
City of Rome....Sept. 8 | Furnessia....Sept. 22
Ethiopia....Sept. 15 | Anchoria....Sept. 29
Drafts for any amount issued at lowest rates.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 176-178 Jackson-st.

ROYAL NETHERLANDS AND U. S. MAIL LINE for France and Germany—Sailing every Saturday and Thursday between New York and Rotterdam or Amsterdam, via Boulogne sur Mer. For full information about rates, sailings, etc., apply to General Western Passenger Agency, 86 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

"GAZES' TOURS AND EXCURSIONS," VIA lake, river, ocean, and rail, to all summer and winter resorts in this country and Europe. Call or send for program. Low rates to and from Europe Africa, Australia, and South America. 204 S. Clark.

Lake Navigation.

GOODRICH STEAMERS—
Twice daily for Milwaukee, 9 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Daily exc. Sat. for Ludington and Manistee, 9 a. m.
Daily for Racine, Milwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Kewaunee, Ahnapee, Sturgeon Bay, and Menominee at 7 p. m.
For Grand Haven, Muskegon, Grand Rapids, etc. daily at 7:30 p. m.
For Green Bay, Wednesday at Saturday at 7 p. m.
For Escanaba, Manistique, and Bay Ports, Sat. 7 p. m.
Office and docks foot of Michigan-av.

WHALEBACK STEAMSHIP COLUMBUS—TO Milwaukee daily; Sunday at 10 a. m.; Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, 9:30 a. m.; Saturday (for accommodation half-holiday), 1:30 p. m. Fare round trip, $1. Pier foot of Randolph-st.

FOR ST. JOSEPH, BENTON HARBOR, GRAND Rapids, Detroit, Ottawa Beach, Niles, all Michigan and Indiana points, steamers "City of Chicago" and "Chicora" leave daily 9:30 a. m. and 11:30 p. m.; Saturday extra 2 p. m. Dock and office foot Wabash-av., 48 River-st. J. H. GRAHAM, President.

FOR SOUTH HAVEN—WILLIAMS LINE—LEAVE O'Connor's dock, foot of Michigan-st., daily, except Sunday, 11:30 p. m. Special trip Saturday, 2 p. m. Leave South Haven daily, except Saturday, 9 p. m. Saturday, 9 a. m.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL R'Y City ticket office, 207 Clark-st. Telephone No. 2190 Main. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams and Madison-sts.

	Depart.	Arrive.
La Crosse, Winona, St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 8:30 am	* 7:00 am
	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
	*10:30 pm	† 9:40 pm
Council Bluffs, Omaha and Sioux City	* 6:15 pm	¶ 7:15 am
	†10:35 pm	* 9:40 am
Dubuque	‡ 6:15 pm	¶ 9:40 am
do	‡10:35 pm	¶ 7:15 am
Cedar Rapids and Dubuque	† 1:00 pm	† 2:00 pm
Cedar Rapids and Kansas City	‡10:35 pm	¶ 7:15 am
Northern Iowa, Southern Minnesota, and Central Dakota	‡ 6:15 pm	¶ 7:15 am
	‡ 8:00 pm	¶ 7:00 am
	‡10:35 pm	¶ 9:40 am
Green Bay, Northern Wisconsin and Mich. Peninsula	†11:30 am	* 7:00 am
	* 8:00 pm	† 9:40 pm

Milwaukee, leave, *8:30 a. m., †11:30 a. m., ‡3:00 p. m., *6:30 p. m., *8:00 p. m., *10:30 p. m. Arrive, *7:00 a. m., *9:30 a. m., †11:30 a. m., †1:00 p. m., ‡3:15 p. m., *6:15 p. m., *9:40 p. m.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Daily except Saturday. ¶Daily except Monday.

ATCHISON TOPEKA AND SANTA FE R. R.—
SANTA FE ROUTE.
Trains leave Dearborn Station, cor. Dearborn and Polk-sts. Ticket office 212 Clark, cor. Adams.

†Daily *Except Sunday	Leave.	Arrive.
Galesburg and Ft. Madison Ex.	* 8:30 am	* 5:50 pm
Streator, Pekin and Peoria Ex.	* 2:00 pm	* 1:20 pm
Colorado and Utah Express	† 5:00 pm	† 9:15 am
Fort Worth and Galveston Ex.	† 5:00 pm	† 1:37 pm
Joliet and Streator Express	* 5:45 pm	†10:12 am
California Limited	† 9:30 pm	† 1:37 pm
El Paso and Mexico Express	† 5:00 pm	† 7:00 am
Kansas City Fast Mail	† 9:30 pm	† 1:37 pm
Joliet Express	*11:32 pm	* 8:45 am
Kansas City Express	† 3:00 am	† 7:00 am

CHICAGO & ALTON.—UNION PASSENGER STAtion, Canal-st., between Madison and Adams-sts. Ticket office 195 South Clark-st.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday	Leave.	Arrive.
Pacific Vestibuled Express	† 2:00 pm	1:15 pm
Kansas City & Denver Limited	* 6:00 pm	9:45 am
Kansas City, Colorado & Utah	*11:30 pm	8:00 am
St. Louis Limited	*11:00 am	4:55 pm
St. Louis Palace Express	* 9:10 pm	7:30 am
Springfield & St. Louis Day Ex.	* 8:30 am	7:00 pm
Springfield & St. Louis Night Ex	*11:30 pm	7:30 am
Joliet and Dwight Accom.	* 5:00 pm	† 8:45 am

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY. CO.—GRAND Central Station, Fifth-av. and Harrison-st. City office, Clark and Jackson-sts. (Phenix Bldg.)

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
†St. Paul and Minneapolis	7:25 am	11:20 pm
†Iowa and Kansas Express	7:25 am	12:20 pm
*Sycamore and Byron	3:10 pm	10:20 am
†St Charles and Sycamore	5:35 pm	7:50 am
*St. Paul and Minneapolis	6:00 pm	9:10 am
*Des M., St. Joe and Kansas City	6:00 pm	9:10 am

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES—*Da. xEx. Sat. †Ex. Sun.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul, Minneapolis and West	* 6:05 pm	* 7:00 am
	*11:30 pm	* 9:50 am
Ashland and Duluth	* 6:05 pm	* 9:50 am
Ashland and Iron towns	x11:30 pm	* 9:15 pm
Chip. Falls and Eau Claire Ex.	† 8:30 am	* 9:15 pm
Waukesha Special	† 5:00 pm	† 9:15 am
Stevens Point Local	† 1:25 pm	† 2:15 pm
Burlington Passenger	† 3:45 pm	†10:00 am

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.
WESTERN.
Continued.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY—Ticket offices, 206 and 208 Clark-st., Oakley-av. Station, and depot corner Wells and Kinzie-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Omaha, Des Moines, Denver, Sioux City, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Portland	* 6:25 pm	[illegible]
	*10:30 pm	[illegible]
	*10:40 pm	[illegible]
Black Hills and Deadwood	* 6:25 pm	[illegible]
Clinton and Cedar Rapids	†12:30 pm	[illegible]
Duluth and the Superiors	* 6:30 pm	[illegible]
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, and the Northwest	† 8:15 am	[illegible]
	* 6:30 pm	[illegible]
	*10:15 pm	[illegible]
Winona, Minn., and So. Dakota	§ 6:59 pm	[illegible]
Iowa and the Dakotas	† 6:25 pm	[illegible]
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenan, Green Bay, Menominee	†11:20 am	[illegible]
	* 8:00 pm	[illegible]
Oshkosh, Appleton, F. Howard	* 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood and Rhinelander	† 3:00 am	[illegible]
	* 5:00 pm	[illegible]
Marquette & Lake Superior	† 3:00 am	[illegible]
	* 8:00 pm	[illegible]

Milwaukee & Racine—Leave, †3:00 a. m., †7:00 a. m., *8:30 a. m., †11:30 a. m., †2:00 p. m., *3:00 p. m., [illegible] p. m., *8:00 p. m., *11:00 p. m.; arrive, *7:35 a. m., [illegible] a. m., *10:05 a. m., *11:30 a. m., *1:15 p. m., †4:00 p. m., *6:15 p. m., *9:30 p. m.
Waukesha—Lv., †7:00 a. m., *8:30 a. m., *3:00 p. m., 5:00 p. m.; ar., *10:05 a. m., †1:15 p. m., [illegible] *6:15 p. m., *9:30 p. m.
Rockford and Freeport—Lv. †7:00 a. m., †10:[illegible] a. m., †4:15 p. m., †11:30 p. m. Ar.—†10:30 a. m., [illegible] p. m., †5:55 p. m., †11:10 p. m.
*Daily. †Ex. Sun. ¶Ex. Mon. §Ex. Sat. [illegible]

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th st. and Park row. Trains for the south can also be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., and Hyde Park Stations. Tickets at city office, 194 S. Clark-st., and at Auditorium Hotel.

	Leave.	Arrive.
N. Orleans Limited & Memphis	* 1:35 pm	[illegible]
St. Louis Diamond Special	* 9:00 pm	[illegible]
St. Louis Day Train	† 8:30 am	[illegible]
Springfield and Decatur	* 9:00 pm	[illegible]
New Orleans Fast Mail	* 3:00 am	[illegible]
Chicago and Cairo	† 8:30 am	[illegible]
Bloomington Passenger	† 8:30 am	[illegible]
Chicago & New Orleans Exp.	* 8:00 pm	[illegible]
Gilman and Kankakee	* 4:10 pm	[illegible]
Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux City & Sioux Falls Fast Line	* 2:00 pm	[illegible]
Rockf'd, Dubuque, Sioux City	a11:35 pm	[illegible]
Rockford Passenger	* 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Rockford and Freeport	† 5:00 pm	[illegible]
Rockford and Freeport Ex.	† 8:30 am	[illegible]
Dubuque & Rockford Express		† 7:30 pm

aOn Saturday night runs to Dubuque only. *Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE, C. B. AND Q. RAILroad.—Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark street and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Galesburg and Streator	† 8:00 am	[illegible]
Rockford and Forreston	† 8:30 am	[illegible]
Local Points, Illinois and Iowa	*11:35 am	[illegible]
Rockford, Sterling, Mendota	† 4:30 pm	[illegible]
Streator and Ottawa	† 4:30 pm	[illegible]
Omaha, C. Bluffs & Neb. points	* 6:32 pm	[illegible]
Deadwood and the Black Hills	* 6:32 pm	[illegible]
Kas. Cy., St. Joe & Leavenw'th	* 6:10 pm	[illegible]
All points in Texas	* 6:10 pm	[illegible]
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 6:25 pm	[illegible]
St. Paul and Minneapolis	*11:20 pm	[illegible]
Kas. Cy., St. Joe & Leavenw'th	*10:30 pm	[illegible]
Omaha, Lincoln and Denver	*10:30 pm	[illegible]

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PAC. RY.—PASSENger Station, Van Buren-st., one block south Board of Trade. City ticket office, 104 Clark-st.

Trains	Leave.	Arrive.
Fast Mail to Des Moines	* 3:00 am	[illegible]
Illinois, Iowa, and Peoria Ex.	*10:35 am	[illegible]
Leavenworth and Kansas City	* 3:30 pm	[illegible]
Minneapolis, St. P. & Sioux Falls	* 3:30 pm	[illegible]
Joliet Accommodation	* 4:05 pm	[illegible]
Peru Accommodation	† 4:50 pm	[illegible]
St. Jo. Atchison & Kansas City, Denver, Colo. Spgs. & Pueblo	* 6:00 pm	[illegible]
Fort Worth and Texas Express	* 6:00 pm	[illegible]
Denver, Colo. Spgs. & Pueblo via Omaha & Lincoln (Big Five) Vestibuled	*10:00 pm	[illegible]
Omaha and St. Paul Night Ex.	‡10:10 pm	[illegible]
Peoria and Denver Night Ex.	‡10:10 pm	[illegible]

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. [illegible] ●Returns daily as local from Des Moines.

CHICAGO AND WEST MICHIGAN RY. SCENIC LINE TO MICHIGAN RESORTS. Through trains to Grand Rapids, Muskegon, Traverse City, Charlevoix, Petoskey, Bay View.

12th-st. Station, Lake-Front.	Leave.	Arrive.
Week days Parlor Car	8:15 am	[illegible]
Week days Buffet Sleeper	5:00 pm	[illegible]
Daily Sleeper and Parlor Car	11:45 pm	[illegible]

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 230 Clark-st., Auditorium Annex and Passenger Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Terre Haute and Evansville	† 8:00 am	[illegible]
Danville & Ind. Mineral Spr'gs	†12:55 pm	[illegible]
Chicago and Nashville Limited	* 4:30 pm	[illegible]
Terre Haute and Evansville	*11:23 pm	[illegible]

EASTERN.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, NEW YORK CENTRAL and Boston and Albany railroads—"The Niagara Falls Route." Trains leave new Central Station at Lake-Front, foot of Park row, 22d-st., 39th-st., and Hyde Park. City Ticket Office, 67 Clark-st.

Aug. 12, 1894.	Leave Chicago.	Arrive Chicago.
Mail and Express	† 6:50 am	[illegible]
Gr. Rapids Line via Kalamazoo & G. R. & I. R. R.	† 6:50 am	[illegible]
Grand Rapids Line via New Buffalo and C. & W. M. Ry.	† 8:15 am	[illegible]
New York & Boston Special	*10:30 am	[illegible]
North Shore Limited	* 3:30 pm	[illegible]
Fast Eastern Express	* 3:30 pm	[illegible]
Mackinaw Line via Kalamazoo, Gr. Rapids & I. R. R.	† 3:30 pm	[illegible]
Kalamazoo Accommodation	† 4:15 pm	[illegible]
Bay View Line via New Buffalo, Gr. Rapids, & C. & W. M. Ry.	† 5:00 pm	[illegible]
Detroit Night Express	* 9:30 pm	[illegible]
Sag., Bay City & Detroit Line	* 9:30 pm	[illegible]
Atlantic Express	*11:30 pm	[illegible]
Grand Rapids Line via Kalamazoo and G. R. and I. R. R.	*11:30 pm	[illegible]
Gr. Rapids Solid Train via New Buffalo and C. and W. M. Ry.	*11:45 pm	[illegible]

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Ex. Monday.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINES. CHICAGO UNION PASSENGER STATION, Adams, Canal and Madison streets. TICKET OFFICES at Station, at 248 Clark Street, corner Jackson, and at Auditorium Hotel.

THROUGH TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS:

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. FROM CHICAGO TO	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Mansfield and Pittsburgh	† 7:30 am	[illegible]
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 8:30 am	[illegible]
Dayton and Cincinnati	* 8:30 am	[illegible]
The Keystone Express	*11:00 am	[illegible]
Columbus and the East	*11:00 am	[illegible]
Baltimore and Washington	*11:00 am	[illegible]
Philadelphia and New York	*11:00 am	[illegible]
Mansfield and Pittsburgh	* 3:15 pm	[illegible]
Baltimore and Washington	* 3:15 pm	[illegible]
Philadelphia and New York	* 3:15 pm	[illegible]
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 5:30 pm	[illegible]
Pittsburgh and Washington	* 5:30 pm	[illegible]
Philadelphia and New York	* 5:30 pm	[illegible]
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 8:20 pm	[illegible]
Dayton and Cincinnati	* 8:20 pm	[illegible]
Columbus and the East	* 8:20 pm	[illegible]
Youngstown and New Castle	*11:30 pm	[illegible]
Pittsburgh and the East	*11:30 pm	[illegible]

WABASH RAILROAD—TRAINS LEAVE FROM Dearborn Station, corner Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 201 Clark-st., 221 Michigan-av.

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Mon.	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis & Peoria Limited	*10:50 am	[illegible]
St. Louis & Texas Express	* 8:10 am	[illegible]
Kansas City & Texas Express	† 2:32 pm	[illegible]
St. Louis & Peoria Vestibule Ex	* 9:00 pm	[illegible]
Forest Accommodation	* 4:35 pm	[illegible]
Detroit, New York & Bos. Lim.	* 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Detroit, New York & Boston Ex	*10:30 pm	[illegible]
Toronto & Montreal Express	* 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Toronto & Montreal Local Ex.	*10:30 pm	[illegible]
Chicago & Detroit Local	† 8:32 am	[illegible]

BALTIMORE AND OHIO—DEPOT GRAND CENtral Passenger Station. City office, 193 Clark.

No extra fares are charged on the B. and O. Limited trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Local	† 6:05 am	[illegible]
New York and Washington Vestibuled Express	*10:45 am	[illegible]
New York, Washington, Pittsburg Vestibuled	* 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Walkerton Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	[illegible]
Pittsburg, Cleveland, Wheeling and Columbus Ex.	* 6:45 pm	[illegible]

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE, NEW YORK CENtral & Hudson River, Boston & Albany Railways—Depot, Van Buren-st., opposite Board of Trade Bldg. Ticket offices—66 Clark-st., depot, and 22d-st.

§Daily. *Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Mon.	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago and Buffalo Accom.	* 7:10 am	[illegible]
Fast New York Mail	§ 8:00 am	[illegible]
Chicago and Boston Special	§10:30 am	[illegible]
Toledo Accommodation	* 3:10 pm	[illegible]
Chicago & New York Limited	§ 5:30 pm	[illegible]
New York & Boston Express	§ 8:45 pm	[illegible]
New York Express	*10:45 pm	[illegible]

ERIE LINES (CHICAGO AND ERIE RAILROAD)—Ticket offices 242 Clark-st., Grand Pacific Hotel and Dearborn Station, Polk-st., cor. Fourth-av.

*Daily. †Daily except Sundays.	Leave.	Arrive.
Marion Local	† 7:30 am	[illegible]
New York and Boston	* 2:55 pm	[illegible]
Jamestown and Buffalo	* 2:55 pm	[illegible]
North Judson Accommodation	* 5:15 pm	[illegible]
New York and Boston	* 8:05 pm	[illegible]
Columbus and Norfolk, Va.	* 8:05 pm	[illegible]

NICKEL PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R. Depot, 12th-st. viaduct, cor. Clark-st.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Chi. & Cleveland Mail & Ex.	† 7:35 am	[illegible]
New York and Boston Express	* 2:00 pm	[illegible]
New York and Boston Express	* 9:20 pm	[illegible]

For rates and sleeping car accommodations call on or address Henry Thorne, Ticket Agent, [illegible] Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

MONON ROUTE—LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY and Chicago railway—Depot, Dearborn Station. Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st. Auditorium Hotel.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	10:15 am	[illegible]
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	8:32 pm	[illegible]
Lafayette and Louisville	8:32 pm	[illegible]
Lafayette and Louisville	8:15 am	[illegible]
Lafayette Accommodation	3:33 pm	[illegible]

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, CENTRAL Station, 12th-st. and Park row, and 22d and 39th-sts. Ticket offices at 234 Clark-st. and Auditorium.

All trains daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lafayette and Indianapolis	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cincinnati Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lafayette and Indianapolis	[illegible]	[illegible]

LOSE THE LAS[T]

CHICAGO'S UNLUCKY [...] GAME IN BALT[IMORE]

All the Players Except Da[hlen] Out of Form and the Co[lts] Badly—New York Beats [...] ting Into Second Pla[ce] Wins Two, Louisville a[nd] One Each—Results of [the] Western Circuits—Stand[ing]

New York won a game fro[m ...] terday and was advanced [...] Boston having been easily de[feated ...] ville. New York has won as [...] Baltimore, which is now in t[...] played four more games. [...] change in positions between [...] Boston, yesterday's games d[...] relative standing of the club[s ...] ages to date are as follows:

Clubs.	Played.	Wo[n]
Baltimore	111	75
New York	115	73
Boston	113	66
Philadelphia	113	61
Brooklyn	112	57
Cleveland	110	54
Pittsburg	113	50
Chicago	112	47
Cincinnati	114	[illegible]
St. Louis	114	[illegible]
Washington	114	[illegible]
Louisville	113	[illegible]

There are no games sched[uled ...]

ORIOLES WIN WITH R[...]

Win the Last Game of [...] Played in the Oys[ter ...]

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. [...] There were 4,500 people a[...] see the last championship g[ame ...] on the home grounds, but [...] Orioles hardly gave them [...] money, though Dahlen put [...] short. All three pitchers ha[d ...] being so serious he was tak[en ...] ond inning, after he h[...] and given a base o[n ...] other. Terry was [...] his unsatisfactory show[ing ...] apology in view of the fa[...] successive game in the bo[x ...] work a speedy ball, but the[...] that, and he then tried his [...] success.

The Chicagos were ea[...] the first inning. The Orio[les ...] Keeler singled and scored [...] to right, the latter also cr[...] Brodie's hot grounder, [...] from Parrott. In the seco[nd ...] ers' error gave Deck[er ...] Lange forced him out at s[econd ...] ond, and Irwin, who went [...] the pitcher, followed su[it ...] while Lange scored on a lo[...] Then Parrott sent Irwin ho[me ...] bagger and came home him[self ...] single. Terry also got in [...] left.

After Jennings had been [...] went to first on balls by G[...] gave Hawke, the first bat[...] chance for a three-bagger [...] scored. Dahlen spoiled Hav[...] by a fine throw to the pla[te ...] hit the ball, scored on [...] McGraw hit to left for tw[o ...] far as third on Wilmot[...] spoil Brouthers' run. The[...] singles in the third but [...] Lange's pathetic attem[pt ...] spoiled their chances. Th[...] in the fifth on two singles [...] three more in the seve[nth ...] Terry, Dahlen's bunt, fo[...] wild throw, Wilmot's bu[nt ...] error.

The Orioles meanwhil[e ...] runs in the third on Reitz[...] Jennings' homer—the b[all ...] Hutchison's head—three [...] single, a double, a force b[...] made a poor throw to t[...] more in the sixth on t[...] bunt, and two singles. Th[...] to quit to catch their trai[n ...]

BALTIMO[RE.]

	AB	R	1B	PO	A
Kelley, rf.	4	1	1	2	0
Keeler, lf.	4	1	1	1	0
Br'th's, 1b.	4	2	2	7	1
McG'w, 3b.	3	2	3	1	0
Brodie, cf.	4	1	1	2	0
Reitz, 2b.	3	3	0	3	0
Jen'gs, ss.	3	3	2	2	0
Rob'n's'n, c.	2	1	1	2	0
Hawke, p.	4	1	2	0	3
Totals.	31	14	11	21	1[...]

CHICAG[O.]

	AB	R	1B	PO	A
Terry, rf, p	4	1	2	0	0
Dahlen, ss.	4	1	2	1	6
Wilmot, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Decker, 1b	4	0	1	10	0
Lange, cf.	3	1	1	2	0
Irwin, 3b.	3	2	1	1	1
Parrott, 2b	3	1	2	2	3
Griffith, p.	2	0	0	0	0
Schriver, c	1	0	0	0	1
Hut'n, rf.	2	0	0	0	0
Totals.	30	6	12	18	12

Baltimore [...]
Base hits [...]
Chicago [...]
Base hits [...]
Earned runs—Baltimo[re ...] run—Jennings. Two-bas[e ...] ers (2), McGraw, Decke[r ...] McGraw, Hawke, Sacrif[ice ...] Hawke, Kelly. Double pl[ays ...] ers, Jennings-Reitz-Brout[hers ...] Schriver. Hit by pitched [...] pire—Keefe. Time of gam[e ...]

New York, 6; [...]

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—T[...] they had the game won wh[en ...] in the ninth inning of tod[ay ...] was the first Giant at the b[at ...] right. Meekin came next [...] ing between right and cent[er ...] run. Attendance, 3,500.

Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E
Donovan, rf	0	2	1	0	0
Smith, lf.	0	0	1	0	0
Beckley, 1b.	0	1	9	2	0
Stenzel, cf.	0	1	2	0	0
B'rbauer, 2b	0	1	6	3	0
Weaver, ss.	1	2	1	4	2
Hartman, 3b	1	1	1	3	0
Sugden, c.	1	1	1	1	1
Gumbert, p.	0	0	2	0	0
Totals.	5	9	24	13	3

None out when winning [...]
Pittsburg....0 1 [...]
New York....2 0 [...]
Earned runs—Pittsburg[...] base by errors—Pittsburg[...] on bases—Pittsburg, 9; N[ew York ...] on balls—Off Gumbert, 3; [...] out—By Gumbert, 1; by M[eekin ...] Hartman, Meekin. Three-[...] base hit—Sugden. Stolen b[...] and Davis. Double play[s ...] Beckley; Bierbauer-Beck[ley ...] ball—Burke. Umpire—Mc[...]

Louisville, 15; [...]

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. [...] finish to Boston's home s[...] onels found their batting [...] the balls offered by Hods[on ...] direction. Attendance, 1[...]

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E
Lowe, 2b.	1	1	4	3	1
C'n'gh'm, ss	2	2	0	1	0
Duffy, cf	3	3	4	1	0
McCarthy, lf	1	2	2	0	0
Stivetts, 1b.	1	3	7	1	0
Nash, 3b.	0	0	2	1	2
Bannon, rf.	1	1	1	0	0
Tenney, c.	1	1	3	1	[...]
Ryan, c.	0	2	3	0	0
Hodson, p.	0	0	0	2	[...]
Staley, p.	0	1	1	3	1
Totals.	10	15	27	10	6

Boston....1 0 [...]
Louisville....2 1 [...]
Earned runs—Boston, 8[...] base hits—Lowe, McCa[rthy ...] Lake, Clark, Nicol. Thr[ee ...] Stivetts, Duffy. Stolen [...] Carthy, Lake, Clark, [...] Connaughton-Lowe-Stive[tts ...] Nash, Connaughton, Du[...] Hit by pitched ball—Lu[...] Hodson, Tenney, Lute[nberg ...] Hodson, 1; Staley, 1. T[ime ...] Hurst.

Philadelphia, 14[...]

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Se[pt. ...] the home grounds was wo[n ...] lies winning two games fr[om ...] cinnati. Attendance, 5,0[00 ...]

Philadelphia.	R	B	P	A	E
Hamilton, cf	3	4	5	0	0
Boyle, 1b.	3	4	6	0	0
Cross, 3b.	2	3	3	1	0
Delehanty, lf	1	2	2	0	0
Reilly, lf.	1	1	0	0	0
Thomps'n, rf	1	2	2	0	0
Hallman, 2b	2	3	2	2	0
Clements, c.	1	1	5	0	0
Sullivan, ss.	0	1	1	5	0
Weyhing, p.	0	0	1	0	0
Totals.	14	19	27	9	1

Philadelphia....0 0 [...]
Cincinnati....0 0 [...]
Earned runs—Philadel[phia ...] Two-base hits—Boyle, [...] base hits—Holliday, D[...]

LOSE THE LAST GAME.

CHICAGO'S UNLUCKY FAREWELL GAME IN BALTIMORE.

All the Players Except Dahlen Seem to Be Out of Form and the Colt Pitchers Fare Badly—New York Beats Pittsburg, Getting Into Second Place—Philadelphia Wins Two, Louisville and Washington One Each—Results of Games in the Western Circuits—Standing to Date.

New York won a game from Pittsburg yesterday and was advanced to second place, Boston having been easily defeated by Louisville. New York has won as many games as Baltimore, which is now in the lead, but has played four more games. Beyond the exchange in positions between New York and Boston, yesterday's games did not change the relative standing of the clubs. The percentages to date are as follows:

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Baltimore	111	75	36	.676
New York	115	75	40	.652
Boston	113	73	40	.646
Philadelphia	113	66	47	.584
Brooklyn	112	61	51	.545
Cleveland	110	57	53	.518
Pittsburg	112	54	58	.482
Chicago	113	50	63	.442
Cincinnati	114	47	67	.412
St. Louis	114	46	68	.404
Washington	114	40	74	.351
Louisville	113	33	80	.292

There are no games scheduled for today.

ORIOLES WIN WITH RUNS TO SPARE.

Win the Last Game of the Year to Be Played in the Oyster Town.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—There were 4,500 people at Union Park to see the last championship game of the season on the home grounds, but the Colts and the Orioles hardly gave them the worth of their money, though Dahlen put up a fine game at short. All three pitchers had trouble, Griffith's being so serious he was taken out in the second inning, after he had hit one man and given a base on balls to another. Terry was put in and his unsatisfactory showing had some apology in view of the fact it was his third successive game in the box. Hawke tried to work a speedy ball, but the Colts soon gauged that, and he then tried his sinker with better success.

The Chicagos were easily disposed of in the first inning. The Orioles had better luck, Keeler singled and scored on McGraw's triple to right, the latter also crossing the plate on Brodie's hot grounder, which got away from Parrott. In the second inning Brouthers' error gave Decker a base, but Lange forced him out at second. He stole second, and Irwin, who went to first by grace of the pitcher, followed suit, going to third, while Lange scored on a lot of misfit throws. Then Parrott sent Irwin home on a fine two-bagger and came home himself on Schriver's single. Terry also got in a hit, but both were left.

After Jennings had been hit and Robinson went to first on balls by Griffith's leave Terry gave Hawke, the first batsman to face him, a chance for a three-bagger and two runs were scored. Dahlen spoiled Hawke's chance to score by a fine throw to the plate, but Kelley, who hit the ball, scored on Brouthers' double. McGraw hit to left for two bases and got as far as third on Wilmot's wild attempt to spoil Brouthers' run. The Colts got in three singles in the third but a double play and Lange's pathetic attempt to steal home spoiled their chances. They did get one home in the fifth on two singles and a double, and three more in the seventh on a single by Terry, Dahlen's bunt, followed by Hawke's wild throw, Wilmot's bunt, and McGraw's error.

The Orioles meanwhile had secured two runs in the third on Reitz's base on balls and Jennings' homer—the ball bounding over Hutchison's head—three in the fourth on a single, a double, a force hit, on which Dahlen made a poor throw to the plate, and three more in the sixth on two bases on balls, a bunt, and two singles. The Chicagos then had to quit to catch their train. The score:

BALTIMORE.

	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E	SB	SO	BB	BE	LB
Kelley, rf.	4	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Keeler, lf.	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Br'th's, 1b.	4	2	2	7	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
McG'w, 3b.	3	2	3	1	0	2	3	0	1	0	1
Brodie, cf.	4	1	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Reitz, 2b.	3	2	0	2	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Jen'gs, ss.	3	3	2	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rob's'n,c.	2	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	1
Hawke, p.	4	1	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	31	14	11	21	11	4	7	1	5	1	4

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E	SB	SO	BB	BE	LB
Terry, rf.,p	4	1	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Dahlen, ss.	4	1	2	1	6	1	0	0	0	0	1
Wilmot, lf.	4	1	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Decker, 1b.	4	0	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Lange, cf.	4	1	2	2	0	0	3	0	0	1	1
Irwin, 3b.	3	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
Parrott, 2b	3	1	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
Griffith, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Schriver, c.	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hut'n, rf.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	30	6	12	18	12	5	5	1	1	3	5

Baltimore	2	4	2	3	0	3	*—14
Base hits	2	3	1	2	0	3	*—11
Chicago	0	3	0	0	1	0	2— 6
Base hits	0	3	3	0	3	0	3—12

Earned runs—Baltimore, 6; Chicago, 1. Home run—Jennings. Two-base hits—Parrott, Brouthers (2), McGraw, Decker. Three-base hits—McGraw, Hawke. Sacrifice hits—Keeler (2), Hawke, Kelly. Double plays—Jennings-Brouthers, Jennings-Reitz-Brouthers. Passed ball—Schriver. Hit by pitched ball—Jennings. Umpire—Keefe. Time of game—1:45.

New York, 6; Pittsburg, 5.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—The Pittsburgs thought they had the game won when they took the field in the ninth inning of today's game, but Farrell was the first Giant at the bat and he singled to right. Meekin came next and sent the ball sailing between right and center for a clean home run. Attendance, 3,500. The score:

Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E	New York.	R	B	P	A	E
Donovan, rt	0	2	1	0	0	Burke, lf.	1	0	0	0	0
Smith, lf.	0	0	1	0	0	Tiernan, rf.	0	0	2	0	0
Beckley, 1b.	0	1	9	2	0	Davis, 3b.	1	2	4	3	2
Stenzel, cf.	2	1	2	0	0	Doyle, 1b.	1	1	9	1	1
Bierbauer, 2b.	0	1	6	3	0	Ward, 2b.	0	0	3	2	0
Glasser, ss.	1	2	1	4	2	V'Haltren, cf	1	0	1	1	0
Hartman, 3b	1	1	1	3	0	Fuller, ss.	0	1	3	4	1
Sugden, c.	1	1	1	1	1	Farrell, c.	1	2	6	3	0
Gumbert, p.	0	0	2	0	0	Meekin, p.	1	1	0	1	1
Totals	5	9	24	13	3	Totals	6	7	27	15	5

None out when winning run was made.

Pittsburg	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	0—5
New York	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2—6

Earned runs—Pittsburg, 3; New York, 3. First base by errors—Pittsburg, 2; New York, 2. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 9; New York, 6. First base on balls—Off Gumbert, 3; off Meekin, 4. Struck out—By Gumbert, 1; by Meekin, 3. Home runs—Hartman, Meekin. Three-base hit—Farrell. Two-base hit—Sugden. Stolen bases—Donovan, Burke, and Davis. Double plays—Hartman-Bierbauer-Beckley; Bierbauer-Beckley. Hit by pitched ball—Burke. Umpire—McQuaid. Time—2 hours.

Louisville, 15; Boston, 10.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 6.—There was a grim finish to Boston's home season today. The Colonels found their batting streak and pounded the balls offered by Hodson and Staley in every direction. Attendance, 1,600. The score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E	Louisville.	R	B	P	A	E
Lowe, 2b.	1	1	4	3	1	Brown, cf.	2	3	3	0	0
Tenney, ss	2	2	0	1	0	Clark, lf.	1	3	3	0	0
Duffy, cf.	2	3	4	1	1	Grim, c.	4	4	4	0	0
McCarthy, lf	1	2	2	0	0	Nicol, rf.	2	2	1	0	0
Stivetts, 1b.	1	3	7	1	0	Gilbert, 3b.	1	2	1	1	1
Nash, 3b.	0	0	2	0	1	Lut'nb'rg, 1b	2	1	11	1	1
Bannon, rf.	1	1	1	1	1	Rich'dson, ss	1	1	0	5	0
Ryan, c.	1	3	3	0	0	Lake, 2b	1	3	4	4	0
Connaughton, c.	1	2	3	0	1	Inks, p.	1	2	0	2	0
Hodson, p.	0	0	0	0	0						
Staley, p.	0	1	1	3	1						
Totals	10	15	27	10	6	Totals	15	21	27	13	1

Boston	1	0	2	1	3	0	3	0	0—10
Louisville	2	1	2	0	1	7	0	1	*1—15

Earned runs—Boston, 8; Louisville, 6. Two-base hits—Lowe, McCarthy, Bannon, Grim (2), Lake, Clark, Nicol. Three-base hits—Ryan (2), Stivetts, Duffy. Stolen bases—Stivetts, McCarthy, Lake, Clark, Brown. Double play—Connaughton-Lowe-Stivetts. First on balls—Nash, Connaughton, Duffy, Inks, and Grim. Hit by pitched ball—Lutenberg. Struck out—Hodson, Tenney, Lutenberg. Wild pitches—Hodson, 1; Staley, 1. Time—2:15. Umpire—Hurst.

Philadelphia, 14; Cincinnati, 7.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 6.—The season at the home grounds was wound up today by the Phillies winning two games in succession from Cincinnati. Attendance, 5,000. The score:

Philadelphia.	R	B	P	A	E	Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E
Hamilton, cf	4	4	5	0	0	Latham, 3b.	1	2	1	0	0
Boyle, 1b.	2	3	6	0	0	Hoy, cf.	1	1	3	0	0
Cross, 3b.	2	2	2	1	0	Holliday, lf.	3	3	3	0	0
Delehanty, lf	1	1	5	0	0	McPhee, 2b.	1	2	2	2	1
Thompson, rf.	1	2	0	0	0	Merritt, c.	0	1	5	1	0
Hallman, 2b	1	3	3	1	0	Canavan, rf.	0	0	1	0	0
Buckley, c.	1	1	5	2	0	Comisk'y, 1b	0	1	11	0	0
Sullivan, ss.	2	2	1	5	1	Smith, ss.	0	0	2	5	0
Carsey, p.	0	1	0	0	0	Fisher, p.	1	2	0	2	1
Totals	14	19	27	9	1	Totals	7	12	27	10	2

Philadelphia	0	0	2	1	3	2	1	4	1—14
Cincinnati	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	3— 7

Earned runs—Philadelphia, 10; Cincinnati, 6. Two-base hits—Boyle, Thompson (2). Three-base hits—Holliday, Delehanty. First base on balls—Off Weyhing, 3; off Fisher, 3. Struck out—By Fisher, 3. Passed ball—Merritt. Time—2:20. Umpire—Emslie.

Washington, 12; St. Louis, 2.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 6.—The Senators closed the season's games on the home grounds by an exhibition of good, hard hitting that left the game with the St. Louis Browns never in doubt. Attendance, 2,913. The score:

Washington.	R	B	P	A	E	St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E
Shiebeck, ss.	1	1	1	4	0	Cooley, lf.	0	1	0	0	0
Joyce, 3b.	3	2	1	3	0	Ely, ss.	0	1	2	2	0
Hassam'r, rf	4	2	2	0	0	Miller, c.	0	1	6	2	1
Ward, cf.	2	2	2	0	0	Connor, 1b.	0	1	6	0	2
McGuire, c.	0	2	3	0	0	Quinn, 2b.	0	1	6	0	2
Selbach, lf.	1	3	4	0	0	Shugart, cf.	1	2	0	3	0
C'rtw'g't, 1b.	1	2	9	0	0	Reitz, 3b.	1	1	5	3	0
Radford, 2b	0	0	2	2	2	Hogan, rf.	0	0	1	0	0
Mercer, p.	0	0	2	3	0	Breit'et'n, p	0	1	2	5	0
Totals	12	14	24	11	2	Totals	2	9	24	15	3

Washington	3	0	1	0	1	5	0	2	—12
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	— 2

Earned runs—St. Louis, 1; Washington, 9. Two-base hits—Joyce, Quinn. Three-base hits—Selbach, Ward (2), McGuire. Stolen bases—Cooley, Cartwright, Shiebeck. Sacrifice hits—McGuire, Hassamaer, Ward, Hogan, Breitenstein. First base on balls—Off Breitenstein, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Breitenstein, 2. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9; Washington, 4. Struck out—By Breitenstein, 3; by Mercer, 3. Time, 1:55. Umpire—Betts.

Cleveland, 13; Brooklyn, 2.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Sept. 6.—The season of 1894 came to an inglorious end here this afternoon. Had not McKean and Childs made errors after one out in the eighth inning Sullivan would have shut out the home team without a run or hit. Attendance 1,806. The score:

Brooklyn.	R	B	P	A	E	Cleveland.	R	B	P	A	E
Griffin, cf.	0	0	5	0	2	Childs, 2b.	2	2	2	6	2
Shindle, 3b.	0	0	1	1	0	Burkett, lf.	2	1	1	0	0
Corcoran, ss	1	0	2	4	1	McKean, ss.	2	1	4	3	2
Shoch, rf.	1	0	1	1	2	G. Tebe'u, 1b	1	3	9	0	1
Daly, 2b.	0	1	4	5	0	McGarr, 3b.	0	2	2	0	1
Tredway, lf.	0	0	2	0	0	McAleer, cf.	1	1	4	0	0
L'chance, 1b	0	1	7	0	0	Blake, rf.	2	2	1	0	0
Dailey, c.	0	0	5	1	3	O'Connor, c.	2	2	4	0	0
Lucid, p.	0	0	0	0	1	Sullivan, p.	1	2	0	2	0
*Earle	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals	2	2	27	12	9	Totals	13	16	27	11	6

*Earle batted for Griffin in ninth inning.

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0— 2
Cleveland	0	0	1	2	1	0	2	5	2—13

Earned runs—Cleveland, 2. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 6; Cleveland, 4. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 9; Cleveland, 8. Base on balls—Off Lucid, 4; off Sullivan, 3. Struck out—By Lucid, 4; by Sullivan, 4. Home run—McAleer. Two-base hit—McGarr. Stolen bases—McKean, Blake, O'Connor. Double plays—Childs-McKean-Tebeau; Connor-Daly-La Chance. Hit by pitched ball—Sullivan, 1. Umpire—Lynch. Time—1:59.

Philadelphia, 16; Cincinnati, 2.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 6.—The second game was so easily won as almost to be uninteresting. The score:

Philad'phia.	R	B	P	A	E	Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E
Hamilton, cf	3	2	0	0	0	Latham, 3b.	0	0	1	1	0
Boyle, 1b.	2	2	6	2	0	Hoy, cf.	0	0	5	0	0
Cross, 3b	2	3	4	3	0	Holliday, lf.	0	1	3	2	2
Delehanty, lf	2	0	3	1	0	McPhee, 2b.	0	1	1	3	0
Tho'pson, rf	2	2	1	0	0	Murphy, c.	0	2	1	0	0
Hallman, 2b	1	3	2	2	0	Canavan, rf.	0	0	1	0	0
Grady, c.	0	1	1	1	0	Comisk'y, 1b	1	1	7	0	0
Sullivan, ss.	2	2	4	3	1	Smith, ss.	0	1	2	4	1
Taylor, p.	2	3	0	2	0	Wittrock, p.	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	16	17	21	14	1	Totals	2	7	21	10	3

Philadelphia	4	0	2	1	0	7	2—16
Cincinnati	0	0	0	1	0	0	1— 2

Earned runs—Philadelphia, 10; Cincinnati, 1. Two-base hits—Cross, Hamilton, Hallman, Taylor (2), Smith. Three-base hit—Sullivan. Home runs—Hamilton, Thompson. First on balls—Off Taylor, 4; off Wittrock, 3. Struck out—By Taylor, 1. Double plays—Holliday-Smith, Smith-McPhee-Comiskey, Sullivan-Boyle. Hit by pitcher — Wittrock. Time—1:30. Umpire—Emslie.

BASEBALL GAMES IN WESTERN LEAGUE.

Minneapolis, Kansas City, Sioux City, and Milwaukee Winners Yesterday.

The first three clubs in the list and Milwaukee at the foot of the list were the Western League winners yesterday. The percentages to date are as follows:

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Sioux City	109	66	43	.606
Kansas City	110	64	46	.582
Minneapolis	109	61	48	.560
Toledo	104	54	50	.519
Grand Rapids	111	53	58	.477
Indianapolis	109	50	59	.459
Detroit	108	47	61	.435
Milwaukee	106	38	68	.358

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Sept. 6.—Sioux City and Grand Rapids played an exciting game today. Carroll's and Stewart's home runs were the features, the former's slugging scoring six runs for the visitors. The score:

Sioux City	2	0	2	3	0	3	1	0	1—12
Grand Rapids	2	0	2	0	4	0	1	1	0—10

Batteries—Cunningham and Kraus, Killen and Spier. Hits—Sioux City, 15; Grand Rapids, 11. Errors—Sioux City, 3; Grand Rapids, 0.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 6.—The locals won the game handily today, batting Lu by hard and often. The score:

Minneapolis	1	0	3	1	2	0	5	0	*—12
Toledo	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	4— 9

Batteries—Parvin and Burrell, Luby and McFarland. Hits—Minneapolis, 15; Toledo, 14. Errors—Minneapolis, 2; Toledo, 6.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 6.—The Kansas City Blues had no difficulty in taking the second of the series from Indianapolis today. Darby pitched great ball, the visitors securing not a run or a hit for the first five innings. Attendance, 2,500. The score:

Kansas City	3	0	0	1	0	3	0	2	2—11
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	2	0— 7

Batteries—Darby and Donahue; Phillips and Murphy. Hits—Kansas City, 12; Indianapolis, 5. Errors—Kansas City, 2; Indianapolis, 2.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 6.—Only two hits were secured off Baker. The Wolverines put four pitchers in the box, but it did no good. The score:

Milwaukee	5	1	0	3	2	0	1	1	4—17
Detroit	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1— 2

Batteries—Baker and Boland; Raymond, Borchers, York, Everett, and Jantzen. Hits—Milwaukee, 27; Detroit, 2. Errors—Milwaukee, 1; Detroit, 9.

WESTERN ASSOCIATION BALL GAMES.

Rain and Mud Prevent Half the Games Being Played Yesterday.

Des Moines and St. Joseph and Jacksonville and Rock Island were prevented from playing yesterday on account of rain. Omaha and Peoria were winners of the two games played. The standing to date is as follows:

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Rock Island	109	62	47	.569
Omaha	108	58	50	.537
Lincoln	108	57	51	.528
Peoria	108	57	51	.528
Jacksonville	107	56	51	.523
St. Joseph	108	55	53	.509
Des Moines	109	49	60	.450
Quincy	107	38	69	.358

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 6.—It was an easy victory for Peoria today. The score:

Peoria	4	2	0	0	3	0	3	2	1—15
Quincy	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0— 5

Batteries—Dillon and Armstrong; McGreevy and Boland. Hits—Peoria, 26; Quincy, 13. Errors—Peoria, 3; Quincy, 4.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 6.—The home team got one the best of it in a close contest today. The score:

Omaha	0	0	2	0	3	2	0	0	0—7
Lincoln	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5—6

Batteries—Whitehall and Moran; Barnes and Speer. Hits—Omaha, 13; Lincoln, 10. Errors—Omaha, 3; Lincoln, 5.

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 6.—The Des Moines-St. Joe game was called at the end of the fourth inning on account of rain. The score then stood: Des Moines, 8; St. Joe, 4.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Sept. 6.—Muddy grounds prevented a game of ball between the Rock Island and Jacksonville teams today.

Yesterday's Eastern League Games.

At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 7; Buffalo, 6.
At Springfield—Springfield, 16; Syracuse, 8.
At Providence—Providence, 8; Scranton, 4.

Miscellaneous Baseball Games.

At Decatur, Ill.—Decatur, 8; Bloomington, 2.
At Muscatine, Ia.—Ponca, 7; Muscatine, 5. Eleven innings.
At Vandalia, Ill.—Vandalia, 9; Carlyles, 1.
At Salem, Ind.—Campbellsburg, 13; Salem Seconds, 11. New Albany, 10; Salem, 11.

Hot Games in the Hillsdale Tourney.

HILLSDALE, Mich., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Four games were played today in the baseball tournament, the Cut Worms winning from the Silver Greys, 9 to 4. The winners lost to Montgomery 12 to 14, Montgomery thus winning first money in the third class and Cut Worms second. In the second class Coldwater defeated East Homer 18 to 2. In the first class Battle Creek won from Jackson 16 to 2. Tomorrow Battle Creek and Homer will play for first money in the first class and Hillsdale and Coldwater will contest for the same in the second class, each one of the four having won a game in their class.

C. G. Gibbons Wins a Road Race.

WARREN, O., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—C. G. Gibbons of Oakdale, Pa., won the bicycle handicap road race from Sharon, Pa., to Orangeville and Hartford, O., and return this afternoon. The distance is about twenty miles. Gibbons' time was 1 hour 10 minutes 27 seconds. C. H. Stein of Youngstown, O., won second position prize, and C. A. Wishart of Sharon, Pa., third. A Richie Le Jeat of Erie, Pa., won the time prize in 1 hour 5 minutes and 55 seconds.

Philadelphia Cricket Team's Makeup.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The team selected to represent Philadelphia in the international cricket with Lord Hawke's team has been selected as follows: H. P. Bailey, Merion club; F. H. Bohlen, H. I. Brown, R. D. Brown, E. W. Clark Jr., G. S. Patterson, F. W. Ralston, W. W. Noble, all of the Germantown club; J. Barton King, Tioga Club; J. W. Muir, J. A. Scott, and A. M. Wood, all of the Belmont club.

DIGGS MEETS DEFEAT.

MONTEREY BEATS HIM IN THE MUD AT HAWTHORNE.

Well Played by His Owner, De Bracy's Half Brother Wins a Good Race—Gascon Easily Lands the Handicap—Sull Ross Romps Off with a Purse—Maryland, Monrovia, Vigor, and Leo Take the Other Races—Heavy Storm Causes a Halt in the Sport.

There wasn't much class to yesterday's racing at Hawthorne. The fields were of good size and the horses ran fairly true to form considering the deep mud. As Clifford and Domino were being bet on by the big crowd and the merits of Diggs, Kitty Scott, et al. were being financially discussed between ring and public, the rain fell in torrents from the darkened sky and thunder and lightning nearly

Twenty-second Day. Sept. 6. Hawthorne Summer Meeting. Day Bad. Track Heavy.

0665. First race, purse $400, 3-year-olds and upward, allowances, 7 furlongs. Time, 1:35. Start good. Won easily, second handily. Post 12 minutes. Winner by Macduff—Princess Ann.

Index.	Horses and wts.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
0653	Maryland (3), 106	5^1	4^1	2^1	1^2	1^2	1^3	E. Jones	Elkton Stable	8	6	2
0657	Teeta May (3), 98	4^4	3^1	1^1	3^2	2^1	2^2	Carr	T. P. O'Hara	8	6	2
0641	Full Meas. (3), 108	6	6^5	4^1	4^2	3^1	3^5	Cratty	L. Winder	4	3	1
0653	Damask (3), 103	8	8^h	8^1	6^1	5^2	4^2	Everett	Schoenfeld Stable	20	30	10
0649	D'kstader (3), 103	1^1	1^1	3^2	5^1	4^1	5^4	Leigh	P. Dunne	2½	2	4-5
0453	Rover (6), 117	9	9	9	8^1	8^6	6^1	Morse	H. H. Hartwig	6	7	2½
0651	Deceit (5), 109	3^nk	2^h	5^3	2^1	6^1	7^1	Chorn	W. M. Finch	7	8	3
0570	Blackbird (3), 98	7	7^h	7^h	7^3	7^2	8^15	Cassin	H. C. Rodenbaugh	20	30	10
0584	Ernest L (6), 104	2^h	5^h	6^2	9	9	9	Two-Bits	H. Simons	10	20	8

0666. Second race, purse $700, handicap, all ages, 1 mile. Time, 1:48¼. Start good. Won easily, second handily. Post 2 minutes. Winner by Falsetto—Mollie Wood:

Index.	Horses and wts.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockey.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
(0647)	Gascon (6), 111	2^1	2^1	2^2	1^1	1^2	1^2	Irving	Hankins & Johnson	6-5	8-5	2-5
(0660)	Enthusiast (4), 109	1^h	1^h	1^h	2^1	3^h	2^2	Leigh	P. Dunne	4	3	4-5
(0629)	J. Murphy (4), 110	3^h	4^h	5	3^h	2^1	3^h	Carr	E. Corrigan	2½	5	8-5
(0654)	De Bracy (3), 108	4^nk	3^1	3^1	4^2	4^3	4^10	Coffey	Elkton Stable	2½	4	7-5
	Virge d'Or (4), 103	5	5^1	4^nk	5	5	5	Zubler	Wm. Mulkey	15	40	10

0667. Third race, purse $500, 2-year-olds, allowances, 4½ furlongs. Time, :58¼. Start fair. Won driving, second driving. Post 8 minutes. Winner by Hidalgo—Glen Ellen.

Index.	Horses and wts.	St.	¼	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
0644	Monterey, 111	5	4^2	5	1^h	Coffey	Elkton Stable	8	12	5
(0645)	Diggs, 115	3^1	3^2	4^1	2^5	Irving	Hankins & Johnson	8-5	6-5	2-5
0650	Loretta, 103	1^h	2^1	3^1	3^1	Chorn	Winslow Stable	8	10	4
0650	Kitty Scott, 97	2^1	1^1	1^1	4^2	Berger	E. Corrigan	3	2½	4-5
0645	Rasper, 111	4^1	5^3	2^h	5^1	Newcom	T. Griffin	8	12	5
0662	Leona's Last, 103	7	8	6	6^8	Leigh	G. W. Leihy & Son	10	15	6
0515	MarthaGrif'n, 103	6	6^1	8^1	7^2	Cassin	T. Griffin	8	12	5
(0617)	SallieCalv'rt, 103	8	7^1	7^2	8	A. Isom	Kentucky Stable	15	30	10

0668. Fourth race, purse $500, all ages, selling, 1 1-16 miles. Start good. Won easily, second driving. Post 5 minutes. Winner by Foster—Mattie Long:

Index.	Horses and wts.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
0616	Sull Ross (a), 110	1^nk	1^h	2^1	1^nk	1^1	1^2	Berger	F. Foster	1	7-10	Out.
0640	Mulberry (3), 101	4	4	4	4	4	2^1	Chorn	C. W. Leihy & Son	4	3	3-5
0657	B'ly Sun'd (6), 100	3^1	3^2	3^2	2^h	2^1	3^2	Cassin	Deacon & Bragg	10	12	3
(0655)	Glee Boy (5), 113	2^1	2^2	1^h	3^2	3^nk	4	Carr	B. Schrieber	4	3	3-5

0669. Fifth race, purse $400, 3-year-olds and upward, selling, ¾ of a mile. Time, 1:20¼. Start good. Won handily, second driving. Post 10 minutes. Winner by Strathmore—Leap Frog.

Index.	Horses and wg'ts.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
0657	Monrovia (4), 102	2^1	2^1	1^1	1^1	1^2	Krause	Lakeland Stable	8	5	2
0656	Sp'nd'li'e (5), 105	10	7	3^1	3^1	2^2	Leigh	Chas. Robbins	5	4	8-5
0657	G. Dust (3), 98	1^1	1^h	2^2	2^1	3^h	McCue	P. J. Gilman & Son	6	8	3
0607	Maj. Tom (a), 105	6	9	7^1	5^2	4^2	A. Isom	Kentucky Stable	5	7	2½
0264	B. Billet (5), 105	4^h	8	8^1	8^1	5^1	Soden	Orwell Stable	12	20	10
0636	Nica'agua (3), 98	7	3^h	5^2	7^1	6^1	J. Long	Nicaragua Stable	30	60	20
0656	S. Far'er (5), 105	8	10	9	9	7^3	Shields	J. E. Brown & Co.	10	20	8
0656	Cass (3), 105	11	12	4^h	4^1	8^2	E. Jones	Plack & Arthur	6	8	3
0607	Magic (5), 105	12	11	11	10	9	Chorn	Nashville Stable	15	20	8
0602	Belig'rd (3), 98	5^1	6^1	10	11	10	T. Smith	L. A. Legg	15	20	8
0573	Oscar (4), 102	9	5^2	6^1	6^1	11	Newcom	White-Wilkerson	15	30	10
0598	Coronet (5), 105	14	13	12	12	12	Cole	Genoa Stable	30	50	20
	J. W. Bro'ks (3), 98	13	14	13	13	13	Carr	B. Schreiber	6	3½	8-5
032	Kismet (a), 105	3^h	4^h	14	14	14	Coffey	R. Torrence	15	30	10
0656	Cyrus (3), 101	15	15	15	15	15	Cassin	J. Casey	10	20	8

0670. Sixth race, purse $500, 2-year-olds, allowances, 4½ furlongs. Time, 1:00. Start fair. Won easily, second driving. Post 11 minutes. Winner by Galliard—Active.

Index.	Horses and wgts.	St.	¼	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
0432	Vigor, 106	6	1^2	1^2	1^5	Irving	Covington & Kent	6	8	3
0645	Joe Mack, 106	7	4^1	4^2	2^2	Carr	P. Mack	3	2½	1
0583	Caleb, 109	3^1	6^2	3^1	3^h	Leigh	P. Dunne	8	6	2
0650	Chenoa, 106	1^1	2^h	2^1	4^2	Berger	T. Kiley	6	10	4
0662	Tremor, 106	5	7^1	6^2	5^3	A. Isom	P. Weber	3	3½	6-5
0576	Cinder Sal, 97	8	6^1	5^1	6^2	Cassin	Aldine Stable	10	15	6
0556	Miss Addie, 103	4^nk	3^1	7^1	7^1	McCue	C. McCafferty	10	15	6
0650	Alvaretta, 97	2^1	8^1	8^1	8^1	Chorn	H. C. Rodenbaugh	8	12	5
0650	Black Jack, 105	9	9	9	9	Shields	Columbia Stable	10	25	10

0671. Seventh race, purse $400, 3-year-olds and upward, selling, ¾ mile. Time, 1:20. Start bad. Won easily, second handily. Post 9 minutes. Winner by Tyrant—Cleo.

Index.	Horses and wts.	St.	¼	½	Stch.	Fin.	Jockeys.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
0651	Leo (3), 98	6	5^1	4^8	3^10	1^6	E. Jones	S. G. Reed	5	6	2
0657	Sligo (4), 102	2^h	3^1	3^2	1^2	2^8	Leigh	Winslow Stable	10	20	8
(0657)	Welcome (3), 98	7	6^2	5^3	4^2	3^2	Everett	Schoenfeld Stable	10	15	6
0657	Fr'dd'eL. T. (3), 101	5	9^1	8	6^1	4^2	A. Isom	Buddy Bros.	8	30	10
0655	Empera (4), 102	9	8^h	9	9^2	5^1	Burrell	T. Brenock	6	3½	6-5
*113	Tip (3), 98	4^1	4^h	6^1	5^h	6^h	Chorn	G. W. Poole	15	40	15
(0589)	F. Farmer (3), 101	3^1	1^h	2^1	2^1	7^1	Berger	F. Foster	7	6	2
0655	Mockahi (6), 102	8	7^5	7^1	8	8^10	Two-Bits	H. Simons	10	10	4
0655	Virginian (3), 98	11	11	11	10	9^h	McCue	Palmetto Stable	15	25	10
0530	Carmen (6), 102	10	10^6	10	11	10	Cassin	T. Griffin	10	30	10
0657	Parolee (5), 102	1^1	2^1	1^2	Broke down.		Carr	J. Robbins	4	2	1

*Southern race.

cleared the grand stand. During the storm the 2-year-olds went to the post, but did not get away until it was over. The track was a slough of mud, betting only fair, and the afternoon as dreary as possible.

Starter Chinn did well with five fields, fairly with the sixth, and badly with the last. He might well try to start big fields further back. Two favorites won during the afternoon. They were: Gascon (Irving), 8 to 5; and Sull Ross (Berger), 4 to 5. The other winners were: Maryland (E. Jones), 6 to 1; Monterey (Coffey), 12 to 1; Monrovia (Krause), 5 to 1; Vigor (Irving), 8 to 1; Leo (E. Jones), 6 to 1. Jones and Irving each rode two winners and Frank Van Ness won purses with Maryland and Monterey. He backed both, starting with $50 on Maryland, losing $50 on De Bracy, and getting $200 on Monterey at 10 and 12 to 1. "Lakeland" O'Brien, after some sharp losses, won well on Monrovia.

Monterey Beats Diggs in a Drive.

Monterey's win was the surprise of the afternoon. After De Bracy had been beaten his half brother scored in startling style. He was in the third race, four and one-half furlongs for 2-year-olds, against Diggs, Kitty Scott, and six others. The talent bet on Diggs and Kitty. Mr. Corrigan backed his filly. Fifth into the stretch, where Kitty was clear of Rasper, Loretto, and Diggs, Monterey came on and won by a long head and in a hard drive from Diggs. Loretto beat Kitty Scott for third place.

The mile handicap, second on the card, fell to old Gascon. He was the favorite, yet the ring took liberties with him, and raised his price from 6 to 5 to 2 to 1. He was backed at that. Yet of the others only Enthusiast was well played. The race was always between the Dunne gelding and Gascon, but the latter, holding Enthusiast safe, raced over him in the stretch and won as he chose.

Old Sull Ross, a mudlark of the first class, landed the eight and one-half furlong selling which followed. He was backed from evens to 4 to 5, raced with Glee Boy to the half, and Billy Sunderland to the stretch. Then he came away and won hand ridden only from Mulberry, who came through in the deep going.

The other four races were common.

Maryland, backed well, easily won the opening event, seven furlongs, from Teeta May. Dockstader, the favorite, stopped to nothing on the end.

Monrovia Takes an Easy Race.

Monrovia, backed from 8 to 5 to 1, landed the fifth race, three-quarters, selling, in handy fashion. Spendoline, the early favorite, was second, and Gold Dust just lasted long enough to beat Major Tom for third place. J. W. Brooks, heavily played by Barney Schreiber, got off badly and ran worse.

George Covington's English bred Galliard—Active colt, Vigor, mildly played at 10 to 1, made a show of the poor lot of 2-year-olds in the sixth race at 4½ furlongs. Joe Mack and Caleb carried the money. Off sixth, Vigor went to the front at once and won in a gallop by five lengths from the favorite.

Miss Mackey's Tyrant—Cleo filly, Leo, a youngster of class with a liking for the mud, won the closing race, a three-quarter selling dash. She was always about 6 to 1 in the betting. Empera, the opening favorite at 6 to 5, drifted to 3½ to 1, and Parolee was backed from 4 to 2 to 1. Welcome, who beat Parolee Tuesday under similar conditions, was a 15 to 1 shot. Betting ways are queer ways. Empera was beaten by the flag. Parolee, off in front, broke down on the stretch turn, and Leo, away none too well, wore down the leaders and won in a romp by half a dozen lengths from Sligo.

FRIDAY'S HAWTHORNE ENTRIES.

Six Races Are on the Card and Will Be Run Over a Muddy Track.

First race, purse $400, maiden 2-year-old fillies, allowances, 5½ furlongs:

Index.	Horse, description, and age.	Wt	On	Off
0577	Linnette, b. f., 2	110		5
0615	Flammatrix, ch. f., 2	110		13
0638	Sweetheart, ch. f., 2	106		9
0617	Boon R., b. f., 2	106		5
0617	Effie T., b. f., 2	102		13
0583	Hinda, b. f., 2	102		13
*14	Hary Hill, b. f., 2	102		13
0603	Ida Sauers, ch. f., 2	110		5
0615	Bonnie M., b. f., 2	110		5
*334	Oscula, b. f., 2	106		13
0617	Sue, br. f., 2	106		9
0630	Soonover, ch. f., 2	106		9
0617	Kittie Belle, b. f., 2	102		13

*Southern race.

Second race, purse $700, handicap, all ages, ¾ mile:

Index.	Horse, description, and age.	Wt	On	Off
(0646)	Motor, ch. c., 3	105		11
0661	Rey del Mar, b. c., 4	102		22
0661	Highland, b. m., 6	113		4
0611	Pop Gray, b. c., 3	113		8
0558	Wildwood, br. h., 5	109		12
0661	Willie L., br. h., 6	109		13

Third race, purse $500, non-winners since July 22, allowances, 1 mile 70 yards:

Index.	Horse, description, and age.	Wt	On	Off
(0658)	Argenta, b. g., a	103		16
	Riley, b. h., 6	108		16
(0649)	Willie L., br. h., 6	106		16
0661	Highland, b. m., 6	103		16
*(234)	Clinton, b. c., 4	106		16
0669	Maj. Tom, bl. h., a	106		16
0653	King Bors, b. c., 3	100		16
0651	Vallera, ch. h., 6	108		16

*Southern race.

Fourth race, purse $500, all ages, selling, 1 mile:

Index.	Horse, description, and age.	Wt	On	Off
(0653)	Little Cripple, b. g., 3	97		12
0664	Craft, b. g., 6	107		12
(0649)	Booze, b. g., 3	97		12
0664	Van Zant, b. h., 6	110		12
0660	Eagle Bird, b. c., 4	110		12
0660	Abbess, ch. f., 3	97		12
0661	Rico, b. g., a	107		12
0663	Caprivi, b. g., 2	82		
0664	Eli Kindig, b. h., 6	107		12
0653	Wolsey, b. g., 3	100		9
(0663)	Idyl, b. f., 3	97		12
0669	Bellguard, b. f., 3	97		12

Fifth race, purse $400, 3-year-olds and upward, selling, 7 furlongs:

Index.	Horse, description, and age.	Wt	On	Off
(0665)	Maryland, ch. c., 3	103		13
0671	Mockahi, ch. m., 6	105		14
0654	Young Arion, b. c., 4	112		10
0653	The Kitten, b. f., 3	99		14
0655	Disturbance, b. c., 3	102		14
0655	Dago, blk. h., 5	108		14
(0646)	Motor, ch. c., 3	105		14
(0637)	Delia, ch. f., 3	99		14
*87	Josie D., ch. f., 4	105		14

*Southern race.

Sixth race, purse $400, 3-years-olds and upward, selling, 7 furlongs:

Index.	Horse, description, and age.	Wt	On	Off
0651	Gracie C., b. f., 3	103		10
0639	Repeater, ch. h., 5	108		17
0649	Lawmaker, br. g., 4	105		14
0648	Colonel S., br. c., 4	108		15
030	Jimmie R., br. g., 4	99		20
0660	Fakir, ch. h., a	108		14
0528	Teutonic, br. h., 5	108		14
0656	Tippecanoe, ch. g., a	105		14
0669	Sam Farmer, b. h., 5	108		14
0657	Kirkover, b. g., 6	105		14

HARLEM RACES OF NEXT WEEK.

The Cup Event Conditions—Another Special Sought for Good Horses.

The book for next week's Harlem races was issued yesterday. Its feature is the Harlem Cup, to be run Saturday under the following conditions:

The Harlem Cup, purse $800, of which $200 to second and $100 to third, 3-year-olds and upwards, fifteen pounds below the scale. Non-winners at two miles or over in 1894 beaten once allowed seven pounds, two or more times, twelve pounds. The association to present a silver cup to the winner, and the trainer of the winning horse to receive $100 extra. Two miles and a quarter.

The request for a cup came from C. E. Brossman and Barney Schreiber, respectively the owners of Bessie Bisland and King Mac, showing that the chase for the nimble dollar has not dulled all the sentiment among the owners of the present day.

The cup, which was ordered Wednesday, will be a handsomely engraved trophy of solid silver, standing fourteen inches high. It will be put on exhibition at the judges' stand at the track next week.

Thursday there will be a handicap with $1,000 added at a mile and a sixteenth, and Monday a 2-year-old race at a mile.

An effort was made to arrange a special race with Cash Day as the central figure. The people who control this colt are surely true sportsmen. It is not generally known that this grand youngster has been racing all season on about three-quarters of a hoof on one of his forelegs. When he won the Oakwood Handicap and stood such a grueling drive he was worse than at any time this year. The trouble is the result of a quarter crack. Last Saturday Pat Dunne, who is training the colt, said to Secretary Murphy: "I am taking a desperate chance in starting this colt today, as he is pretty sore and is really too good a colt to take chances with. He was never better in his life and I think he can win without doubt, but it may cost us dear. However, the people are here to see him run, and run he will."

The result of the race is known. Tuesday word was sent back from the stable that the colt had come out of the race sound and that his owner and trainer were ready for anybody and that it did not matter much who the victim was to be.

With this message received Col. M. Lewis Clark, who was at Cincinnati, was telegraphed to and asked to see Jimmy McCormick about Lamplighter. He did so and McCormick said that his horses had been knocked out by standing for eight hours in the sun at Cleveland, and that he had just started to gallop them. He said that if Lamplighter rounded to in time for next week's racing he would telegraph here and the track could have him for any kind of race wanted.

Mr. Corrigan was asked if he would start Ducat in a special sweepstakes at a mile. He said that the horse could not be gotten ready to start this week and that he thought his first start in Chicago should be over his own track.

In the meantime Bob Holloway telegraphed that he is coming West and an invitation was at once sent to him to come to Harlem with Faraday and his other horses. B. J. Johnson also wants a race for Diggs at a mile, and is not averse to taking on Cash Day, so that a special race may be arranged. The Harlem management stands ready to hang up the money. All it wants is the field to run for it.

A telephone has been placed in the patrol judges' stand at the track, connecting with the judges' stand. If it works satisfactorily the coming week one will be placed in the betting ring and a man kept there all the time to report changes to the judges.

CLIFFORD IS OUTRUN.

DOMINO MAKES BRAMBLE'S SON LOOK CHEAP AT SHEEPSHEAD.

The Black Whirlwind Wins the Special Mile Event with Ease in 1:39 2-5—The Western Horse Always Favorite—Grannan Wins $50,000 by His Defeat—Gutta Percha Captures the Great Eastern Handicap—Jack of Spades, Victorious, Hugh Penny, and Dorian Also Win.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Rob Rose's $25,000 prize beauty, Clifford, chased the Keene family's 3-year-old Domino home in the special $5,000 race at Sheepshead Bay today in a manner that made his former admirers feel like taking to the woods. The meeting between the pair can be called a race only by courtesy. Domino went out from a perfect start as pacemaker and without ever being touched by whip or spur led throughout and won eased up by a scant length. Neither horse appeared distressed at the end. The official time hung out was 1:39 2-5 for the race. Private watches ranged all the way from 1:39 4-5 to 1:40¼. It is a pity the race was not a four-cornered one with Henry of Navarre and Dorian in. In such an event the finish for first place between McClelland's good colt and Bookmaker Swatt's long striding son of Sir Modred and Glendora would have probably induced spectators to think they had witnessed a horse race.

The talent, with few exceptions, fell with Clifford. Riley Grannan and Jack Bennett thought Domino would win and Grannan made one of his banner coups. He took the Clifford money and sent it out from the tail end of his box to be exchanged for Domino pasteboards.

He laid Curt Gunn one wager of $5,000 even on Clifford and accommodated quite a number of $1,000 players.

He offered Ike Thompson $10,000 about Domino and Ike took $5,000. Grannan must have won $50,000 over the race.

Of the 15,000 persons who witnessed the meeting of the alleged champions probably seven out of every ten backed Domino. They remembered the black colt from his 2-year-old triumphs and Clifford was to them a stranger.

The big money in the ring kept Clifford at 9 to 10, but the avalanche of tens and twenties did not permit of Domino's price going beyond even money. After the contest sixty of the seventy books on could boast healthy lines of winning ticket-holders.

Domino Easily Defeats Clifford.

The special was run as the fifth race. Taral had the mount on Domino and Simms rode Clifford. Clifford was first to leave the paddock. He appeared a world-beater as he moved majestically down to the judges' stand bearing Rose's country-bedquilt-looking colors. Domino came a minute later, looking equally as fit as Clifford. There was no delay at the post. Domino had drawn the pole, and at the first attempt the pair swept down by Starter Rowe so nicely aligned as to catch the flag. After half a dozen bounds in unison Domino drew away half a length, and the first furlong was left behind in 12 2-5 seconds. Going to the quarter in 24½ seconds Domino was three parts of a length in the lead, with both seemingly only galloping. It was nose and tail all around to the far turn with an occasional glimpse of open daylight flashing between the pair. The half was reeled off in 49 2-5 seconds and it was noted that Domino's head was still high in the air and that Simms was riding Clifford with hands and heels.

"Wait till they strike the stretch!" yelled a Clifford man. Finishing the six furlongs in 1:14 1-5 Simms, as they straightened out for home, went to the whip. He closed up perhaps a quarter of a length on the leader and there hung in the same old nose and tail position. Taral roused himself for an instant at the lower end of the betting ring as though he would make a play for the grand stand, but quickly checking himself he settled back in the saddle and brought Domino home under a gentle pull. Simms, recognizing the fact that he was soundly beaten, refrained from cutting up Clifford. Winner and loser were alike heartily cheered.

The September Stakes was another hollow affair. Dorian and John Cooper frightened out the other six colored on the card and Andrew Cooper added Peter the Great for third money. Dorian and Cooper opening at 4 to 5. Dorian was backed down to 7 to 10, John Cooper receding from even money to 13 to 10. It was 100 to 1 against Peter the Great.

Doggett went out in the van with John Cooper and showed the way from Dorian by from a length to a length and a half for a mile. Then Simms gave Dorian his head and the race was ended. Dorian won, eased up, by half a dozen lengths in the track record time made by Tristan of 2:21 2-5.

Gutta Percha's Great Eastern Handicap.

The Great Eastern Handicap, worth $5,000, the Futurity course, called out a field of thirteen smart 2-year-olds. Opening at 8 to 1, Gutta Percha was backed down to the position of favorite at 3½ to 1. Dolabra and Gotham were equal second choices at 4½ to 1, and Lissak rated next at 8 to 1. After thirty minutes at the post Gutta Percha got away in the lead. Lissak, second at the final furlong, made a bold bid, but the weight told upon him, and while Gutta Percha won by half a length in 1:10, Dolabra 105 pounds, and Silvie 103, passed Lissak in the final strides.

In the opening event at seven furlongs Maid Marian and Beldemere were unable to make Jack of Spades, the 6 to 5 favorite, run a little bit. He cantered in. Victorious, the 13 to 10 choice for the second race, won by a couple of lengths from Peacemaker. Hugh Penny, Tom Skidmore, and Marshall finished necks apart as named in the third at one mile.

The closing race of the meeting at a mile and a quarter on the turf went to The Pepper at 4 to 1, carrying top weight of 134 pounds, by a rush, won by a head on the post.

How the Horses Ran in the Races.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, Sept. 6.—Weather cloudy, track fast.

787. First race, sweepstakes, 3-year-olds and upwards, $15 each, $1,000 added, penalties and allowances, 7 furlongs. Time, 1:28 2-5.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	½	¾	S.	F.
756	J. of Spades, 3, 104 (Griffin)	1	1^1	1^1	1^2	1^1
756	M. Marian, 4, 107 (Lambly)	2	2^h	3	2^1	2^2
(766)	Beldemere, 3, 113 (Simms)	3	3	2^1	3	3

Start good. Won in a walk.
Scratched—Ben Lomond, 104 pounds; Flora Thornton, 101.
Betting—Jack of Spades, 6 to 5; Maid Marian, 13 to 5; Beldemere, 11 to 5.

788. Second race, handicap sweepstakes, 3-year-olds and upward, of $15 each, $1,250 added, 1 1-16 miles. Time, 1:48¾.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	½	¾	S.	F.
(764)	Victorious, 3, 113 (Taral)	2	4	4	1^h	1^2
766	Peacemaker, 3, 104 (Lambly)	1	5	5	2^3	2^3
776	Soundmore, 3, 102 (Reiff)	3	2^h	2^h	3^1	3^1
776	Strathmeath, 3, 102 (Blake)	4	3^1	3^1	4	4
772	Terrapin, 3, 83 (Isom)	5	1^1	1^1	5	5
744	Red Skin, 4, 93 (Keefe)	6	6	6	6	6

Start fair. Won easily.
Scratched—Maid Marian, 100 pounds; Chiswick, 98.
Betting—Victorious, 13 to 10; Peacemaker, 21 to 5; Soundmore, 4½ to 1; Red Skin, 5; Strathmeath, 15; Terrapin, 40.

789. Third race, sweepstakes, 3-year-olds and upwards, of $15 each, $1,000 added, selling, 1 mile. Time, 1:41.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	½	¾	S.	F.
(776)	Hugh Penny, 4, 104 (Reiff)	2	2^2	2^2	2^1	1^n
772	Tom Skidm., 4, 93 (Griffin)	1	3^3	3^3	3^3	2^n
762	Marshall, 4, 103 (Bergen)	6	4	4	4	3^1
775	Chattanooga, 4, 93 (Isom)	4	1^1	1^h	1^h	4
762	Bimbo, 5, 102 (T. Sloane)	3	5	5	5	5
(748)	Illume, 5, 102 (Blake)	7	7	6	6	6
*171	Gallatin, 3, 84 (McClain)	5	6	7	7	7

*Southern race.
Start good. Won driving.
Scratched—Mr. Sass, 99 pounds; Discount, 98; Terrapin, 91.
Betting—Hugh Penny, 6 to 5; Tom Skidmore, 13 to 5; Marshall, 15; Chattanooga, 5; Illume, 20; Gallatin, 40; Bimbo, 50.

790. Fourth race, September Stakes, 3-year-olds, $1,500 added, penalties and allowances, 1⅜ miles. Time, 2:21 2-5.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	½	M.	S.	F.
(750)	Dorian, 108 (Simms)	2	2	2	2	1^6
(771)	John Cooper, 108 (Doggett)	3	1^1	1^1	1^n	2^10
759	Peter the Great, 102 (Jones)	1	3	3	3	3

Start good. Won pulled up.
Scratched—Senator Grady, 122 pounds; Peacemaker, 112; Figaro, Prince Carl, and Longdale, 102 each; Star Actress, 99.
Added starter—Peter the great, 102.
Betting—Dorian, 7 to 10; John Cooper, 13 to 10; Peter the Great, 100.

791. Fifth race, purse $5,000, 1 mile. Time, 1:39 2-5.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	¼	½	S.	F.
(752)	Domino (3), 112 (Taral)	1	1^1	1^1	1^1	1^1
(746)	Clifford (4), 122 (Simms)	2	2	2	2	2

Start good. Won in a canter.
Betting—Domino, even money; Clifford, 9 to 10.

792. Sixth race, Great Eastern Handicap, 2-year-olds, guarantee value $5,000, Futurity course. Time, 1:10.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	¼	½	S.	F.
769	Gutta Percha, 107 (Littlef'd)	1	1^1	1^1	1^1	1^1
(751)	Dolabra, 105 (Hamilton)	2	2^h	2^1	2^1	2^n
	Silvie, 103 (Penn)	5	5	5	5	3
(769)	Lissak, 127 (Doggett)	3	3^h	3^1	3^h	4
778	Waltzer, 125 (Griffin)	7	7	4	4	5
751	Sadie, 102 (Reiff)	6	6	7	6	6
769	Keenan, 117 (Regan)	8	8	6	7	7
769	Lux, 97 (Piggott)	11	11	9	8	8
769	Gotham, 125 (Lambly)	4	4	8	9	9
782	Favora colt, 100 (Banks)	13	13	10	10	10
769	Connoisseur, 120 (Simms)	10	9	11	11	11
769	Monaco, 118 (Midgley)	12	12	12	12	12
769	Sir Galahad, 117 (Taral)	9	10	13	13	13

Start good. Won driving.
Scratched—Salvation, 97 pounds.
Betting—Gutta Percha, 3½ to 1; Dolabra, 4½; Gotham, 4½; Silvie, 10; Keenan, 10; Sir Galahad, 10; Lissak, 8; Connoisseur, 12; Waltzer, 15; Monaco, 15; Sadie, 40; Favora colt, 80; Lux, 200.

793. Seventh race, handicap sweepstakes, 3-year-olds and upward of $20 each, $1,000 added, on turf, 1¼ miles. Time, 2:08 1-5.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	½	¾	S.	F.
740	The Pepper, 5, 134 (Midgley)	6	5	4	4	1^h
773	Gloaming, a, 131 (Ballard)	3	2^1	2^1	2^1	2^1
771	Hyderabad, 3, 119 (Taral)	1	3^2	3^2	3^2	3^4
773	Coquette, 4, 115 (Lambley)	4	1^1	1^1	1^1	4
773	Jodan, 4, 115 (Doggett)	2	8	8	7	5
(773)	H. Alonzo, 5, 122 (Delehan'y)	8	7	6	6	6
646	Star Actress, 3, 116 (Bergen)	7	4	5	5	7
758	Bess McDuff, 5, 112 (Simms)	5	6	7	8	8

Fair start. Won driving.
Scratched—Madrid, 118 pounds; Chief Justice, 112.
Betting—The Pepper and Gloaming, 4 to 1 each; Hyderabad, 2; Coquette, 5; Harry Alonzo and Bess McDuff, 15 each; Star Actress, 20; Jodan, 25.

Friday's Gravesend Entries.

First race, all ages, ¾ mile:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
(756)	Stonenell	122		Declare	104
(762)	Correction	117	782	Lobengula	91
736	Mendicant	105			

Second race, 3-year-olds and upward, selling, 1 1-16 miles:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
(776)	Candelabra	110	779	Miss Dixie	97
789	Chattanooga	100	(398)	Madrid	97
789	Sandowne	100	783	Arab	97
753	Song and Dance	97	783	Clarus	87

Third race, Seashore Stakes, 2-year-olds which have not won a stake race, 5½ furlongs:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
730	Halma	118	786	McKee	108
778	Counter Tenor	118	300	Kennel	108
792	Silvie	115	761	Gorman	111
(763)	Applause	115	730	Salvation	103
(760)	St. Veronica	115	782	Mirage	103

Fourth race, Parkville Stakes, 3 year-olds which have not won a stake, 1 1-16 miles.

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
770	Sir Excess	122	777	Ben Lomond	115
(770)	Patrician	122	773	Lightfoot	112
750	Sir Knight	122	770	Senator Grady	107

Fifth race, 2-year-olds, selling, 5 furlongs:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
782	Lobengula	107	743	Golden Rod	98
782	Nicolini	100		Sammie Wood'rd	98
274	Second Attempt	103	743	Export	95
742	King Gold	100		Reno	95
607	Eondo	98	761	Cockade	95
701	Utica	98			

Sixth race, all ages, heavy weight handicap, ¾ mile:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
(789)	Hugh Penny	120	772	Adelbert	104
	Declare	112	779	Peter the Great	102
775	Ferrier	117	757	Ben Lomond	102
775	Armitage	112	774	Wernberg	100
756	Appomattox	110	708	Ellen	94
773	Assignee	106			

Louisville Pooling on Gravesend.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Tonight's pooling on Friday's Gravesend races was as follows:

First race—Stonenell, $20; Correction, $12; field, $5.
Second race—Candelabra, $15; Arab, $10; Sandowne, $5; field, $8.
Third race—Applause, $15; St. Veronica, $10; Halma, $6; Counter Tenor, $6; field, $5.
Fourth race—Senator Grady, $25; Patrician, $12; Sir Excess, $10; field, $5.
Fifth race—Utica, $15; Golden Rod, $10; Second Attempt, $5; Nicolini, $5; Cockade, $5; field, $4.
Sixth race—Hugh Penny, $20; Ferrier, $15; Armitage, $8; Wernberg, $6; field, $6.

FOUR EAST ST. LOUIS CHOICES.

Bessie Lee, Mollie King, The Midget, Vevay, and Paulette Win.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Four favorites won at East St. Louis today, the other race going to a 6 to 1 chance. The summaries:

First race, ¾ mile—Bessie Lee, 97 pounds (F. Jackson), 6 to 1, won by three lengths; Pestilence, 106 (Hart), 5 to 1, second; Paradise, 100 (Mayberry), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:21.

Second race, handicap, 2-year-olds, 4½ furlongs—Mollie King, 120 pounds (Mayberry), 4 to 5, won by a length; Daddy Reid, 100 (Heinrichs), 6 to 1, second; Flakewood, 100 (Ross), 3 to 1, third. Time, :59½.

Third race, selling, 4½ furlongs—The Midget, 109 pounds (Ross), 2 to 1, won; Minnie S., 109 (Vandusen), 10 to 1, second; La Prentice, 109 (Hinkley), 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:00½.

Fourth race, handicap, 6½ furlongs—Vevay, 106 pounds (Mayberry), 8 to 5, won by a head; Frankie D., 103 (Heinrichs), 5 to 1, second; San Blas, 116 (Camp), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:27.

Fifth race, ¾ mile—Paulette, 107 pounds (Arnold), 7 to 5, won; Hart Wallace, 116 (Mayberry), 2 to 1, second; Alopathy, 107 (Heinrichs), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:19½.

Friday's Madison entries are:

First race, selling, ¾ mile—San Watkins, 114 pounds; Bessie H., 107; Ike S., 107; Orphan Boy (Dan), 110; Royal Flush, 110; Bright Star, 107; Green Bay, 103; Jarquet, 107; Gaberdine, 103; Honest Dollar, 91.

Second race, selling, 5½ furlongs—Love Knot, 91 pounds; Kingdom, 110; Straight Out, 100; Lee S., 107; Waldo, 107; Snarley the Smuggler, 107; Jim Clare, 107; Gladstone, 111; Westover, 101; Van Meter, 107.

Third race, selling, ¾ mile—Grey Baffle, 106 pounds; Dick Deneath, 103; Judge Thurman, 106; Orphan Boy (Lycurgus), 107; Tanglefoot, 106; Willie G., 107; Calanthe, 107; Picadilly, 103; James A. Y., 106; Ed Marks, 103; Irene H., 103.

Fourth race, selling, ¾ mile—Exey Tee, 111 pounds; Hallie, 103; Highwayman, 103; Post Boy, 110; Little Crete, 107; Broncho Bill, 106; Irish Pat, 103; J. B. Freed, 107; Montella, 107; Sister Ione, 107; Queen Enid, 107.

Fifth race, selling, ¾ mile—Tom L., 111 pounds; Ivanhoe, 107; Horace Leland, 107; Heads or Tails, 114; Lemon Blossom, 107; Prince Peyton, 110; Courtney, 105; Larue, 107; Borderer, 104; Moloch, 115.

Coney Island Club Winners.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—[Special.]—At the Coney Island meeting just closed the stable of Gideon & Daly was the only winner of consequence. It won one race—the Futurity with The Butterflies—and scored two seconds, making an aggregate of $49,540. The Keenes gathered in $13,550; Pittsburg Phil, $7,219; O. H. P. Belmont through Brandywine's second in the Futurity and a purse victory, $6,808; Byron McClelland, $6,100; the Morrises, $5,600; J. W. Rogers, $4,960; Laigh & Rose, $4,900; M. F. Dwyer, $4,787; J. Ruppert Jr., $4,087; J. P. Chinn, $3,997; Bleaton Stable, $3,695; McCafferty & Wishard, $3,432; W. Donohue, $2,975; P. Lorillard, $2,960; J. E. Seagram, $2,655; and E. C. Headley, $2,530.

The Jockey club in today's issue of the racing calendar warns all horsemen against taking part in the projected day and night meeting of the Newtown Jockey club. The penalty is disqualification to owners, trainers, and jockeys, and ruling off for persons serving in an official capacity. The Newtown scheme will charge bookmakers $150 a day for the evening and night meetings or $80 a day for either one separate. The meeting begins Saturday.

Tony McCafferty Starts a Stable.

Tony McCafferty has resigned his post as trainer for the Corrigan Stable. Mr. Hueston succeeds him. In addition to Buck McCann, which he bought from Galen Brown, McCafferty has bought from W. Wheeler E. Greenwood, bay colt, 4, by Billy Gilmore—Corinne, a fair kind of a race horse. The McCafferty blue, red sleeves, blue and red cap, will be hereafter frequently seen in local fields. Tony will add to his string as chance affords.

Notes of the Turf.

An attachment writ was taken out of Justice Becker's court yesterday for the race horse Antrim, owned by L. P. Sharkey. The claim against his owner is for feed.

Col. Dan Burns and C. P. Waterhouse, a California breeding and racing firm, has leased part of Theodore Winter's Rancho del Rio, near Sacramento, Cal., as a breeding farm. The firm's sires are Fellowcharm and Take Notice.

Justice George Hotaling yesterday issued attachment writs against J. J. Tompkins and M. Donovan and levied upon three racehorses, La Crescent, Lady Coleridge, and Nora Tompkins. The attachments were made to satisfy claims made by Andrew Geck for feed and Frank Ross and C. E. Howard for work and labor, the amount being $518. The cases will be heard Sept. 21.

YALE ATHLETES ARE CHECKED.

Must Hereafter Choose One Game and Stick to It Alone.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Walter Camp, Bob Cook, and George Adee, the Yale athletic triumvirate of coachers, have agreed upon an important innovation for Yale athletic teams. Hereafter no member of one will be allowed to be a candidate for another athletic organization of the university. This is a reform which the Yale faculty have demanded for several years and which President Eliot of Harvard strongly recommended in his annual report last May. The Yale captains reluctantly consented, fearing that their teams would be weakened, but they have at last been brought into line and Yale athletes will in the future limit their attention to a single sphere of work. This is the result of the exaction requisite for members of college athletic teams in the large universities under the rigid training now undergone by candidates for places. To strike a more even balance between studies, athletics, and health, the new rule will go into effect. The immediate effect of the rule at Yale will be to deprive Yale of two prominent football candidates, possibly three. Captain Armstrong of the crew has notified Captain Hinkey of the eleven that he will select rowing instead of football for his sport, and Armstrong's position as half-back will be filled by another this fall. Harry Holcomb, No. 2 of the crew, has also decided to stick to the crew and let football go by the board. Big Sanford, the runner, oarsman, and football player, is undecided, but will probably accept football. He does not relish the limitation of his ambitious athletic tendencies, for he wants to play something the year around. Murphy of the baseball nine and eleven is also undecided, but he, too, is likely to stick to football.

The fact that the athletic advisers of the Yale team agreed to adopt the new rule and did not wait for the faculty to drive them into the acceptance of it is significant of the Yale athletic system.

HESSIE AND THORPE.

BETWEEN THEM THEY CAPTURE LATONIA'S MAIDEN STAKES.

Ed Corrigan's Repeater Lands Third, Behind Royal Spirit, the Outsider—Clementine Fancies Her Odds, Defeats Rhett Goode, and Shocks Form Players but Not the Racing Officials—Shiloh, Wightman, and Adam Win the Other Races—Friday's Events.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—One of the largest fields that has gone to the post this year was that which lined up before Starter Pettingill for the fourth event today. It was the Maiden Stakes for 2-year-olds, and after thirteen of the twenty-nine named on the card had been drawn and Hessie and Lucy Lee added, eighteen were left. The betting on it was light. Brown Dick's Dominion was installed as favorite, and, considering the size and character of the field, the ring asked the public to accept the short price of 3 to 1. Plenty of takers were found, however, and at post time 2½ to 1 was the best on tap. The Corrigan pair, Repeater and G. B. Morris, and Hessie, one of the added ones, were in demand at about 4 to 1 throughout. After a delay of twenty minutes the big field was dispatched to a fine start. The favorite, off in the first flight, was outfooted from the start and was never dangerous. Royal Spirit, one of the long shots, looked all over a winner to the stretch turn, where Hessie, ridden with excellent judgment by Thorpe, got her and won with something to spare in fast time, all things considered. The stake was worth $2,085 to the winner, a chestnut filly by Hanover—Lida Stanley, owned by W. H. Laudeman. Helen W. fell just after the turning into the stretch, but neither jockey nor filly was hurt.

Clementine showed an improvement over her recent performances that was as surprising as it was sudden. In each of her two previous starts at the meeting she was an overwhelming favorite. Eli made a show of her Monday, but today at a good price she ran away from Rhett Goode, who was half a dozen lengths before Eli. The improvement appears to have been taken as a matter of course by the powers that be. They have, however, under consideration Ham's riding on Dillon J., who made a fighting finish with Red John for the place, several lengths behind Wightman in the third race.

How the Horses Ran in the Races.

LATONIA, Ky., Sept. 6.—Weather clear and hot; track fair.

395. First race, 7 furlongs, selling, 4-year-olds and upward, purse $500. Time, 1:31½.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	¼	½	S.	F.
381	Shiloh, 99 (Donohue)	2	1^h	1^h	1^nk	1^h
372	King Star, 101 (A. Clayton)	6	4^1	3^1	2^2	2^5
383	Miss Perkins, 98 (Garner)	1^h	7	7	4^2	3^2
	Contest, 101 (Ham)	3^nk	2^1	4^1	5	4^5
383	Peabody, 105 (Perkins)	5	5	5	3^1	5
	Too Quick, 106 (J. Fisher)	7	3^2	2^1	6	6
388	Quickstep, 98 (W. Flynn)	4	6	6	7	7
	McCabe, 107 (Peterson)	8	8	8	8	8

Good start. Won ridden out.
Betting—King Star, 2; Peabody, 11 to 5; Too Quick, 6; Shiloh, Miss Perkins, Contest, each 10; Quickstep, 12; McCabe, 100.

396. Second race, 1 mile and 20 yards, selling, 3-year olds and upward, purse $500. Time, 1:45¾.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	¼	½	S.	F.
378	Clementine, 108 (Perkins)	2^nk	1^1	1^2	1^2	1^1
(373)	Rhett Goode, 104 (A. Clayton)	3^nk	3^nk	4^1	3^2	2^5
(378)	Eli, 110 (Freeman)	6	6	6	2^h	3^2
0372	Tippecanoe, 97 (Keith)	5	5	3^1	4^1	4^5
376	Excelsior, 110 (Kennedy)	8	7	5	5	5
383	Two O'Clock, 97 (Ham)	1^nk	2^2	2^1	6	6
366	Crevasse, 102 (Hudson)	7	8	8	7	7
383	Saddle Bags, 104 (Washam)	4	4^1	7	8	8

Good start. Won in a gallop.
Scratched—Ellen Douglas, 105 pounds; W. L. Munson, 110.
Betting—Rhett Goode, 1 to 2; Clementine, 2½; Eli, 15; Two O'Clock, 20; Crevasse, 200; Tippecanoe, Excelsior, each 300; Saddle Bags, 500.

397. Third race, 7 furlongs, selling, purse and conditions same as in first race. Time, 1:30¾.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	¼	½	S.	F.
383	Wightman, 108 (Martin)	2^h	1^h	2^h	1^1	1^7
	Red John, 101 (Garner)	3^1	3^h	3^2	2^h	2^n
	Dillon J., 106 (Ham)	6	6	5	5	3^nk
376	Promenade, 103 (Perkins)	5	4	1^nk	3^1	4^1
(381)	Interior, 110 (Freeman)	4	2^h	4	4	5
0403	Philora, 115 (A. Clayton)	1^h	5	6	6	6

Good start. Won in a canter.
Scratched—Cora Taylor, 103 pounds; Selena D., 106.
Betting—Wightman, 1 to 2; Promenade, 11 to 5; Interior, Philora, each 30; Dillon J., 40; Red John, 60.

398. Fourth race, 5 furlongs, Maiden Stakes, 2-year-olds, non-winners prior to closing of stakes, penalties and allowances. Time, 1:02½.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	¼	½	S.	F.
	Hessie, 107 (Thorpe)	8	5	4^1	2^1	1^2
0549	Royal Spirit, 110 (J. Fl'er)	5^1	1^2	1^2	1^1	2^2
0644	Repeater, 120 (Martin)	2^1	4^h	2^h	3^1	3^h
0366	Blasco, 107 (A. Clayton)	4^nk	3^2	5	5	4^4
0597	Gurgle, 115 (W. Flynn)	10	2^1	3^h	4^1	5^2
	Leaflet, 107 (J. Smith)	12	9	8	6	6
383	Lucy Lee, 107 (Ham)	11	8	6	7	7
(377)	Dominion, 118 (R. Will's)	3^1	7	9	8	8
*604	G. B. Morris, 110 (C. We'r)	18	18	14	11	9
172	Basso, 110 (I. Murphy)	16	17	10	10	10
291	Ringmaster, 107 (Perkins)	6	12	11	12	11
0352	Porthos, 110 (Overton)	9	6	7	9	12
374	Hazema, 107 (E. rod)	17	16	15	14	13
382	Tolocahe, 107 (Washam)	14	15	16	16	14
368	Annie M., 107 (Donohue)	15	14	17	15	15
387	Sant Ilario, 110 (Britton)	13	11	13	13	16
191	Julia Arthur, 107 (Ray)	16	13	18	17	17
301	Helen W., 107 (Mosby)	7	10	12	Fell.	

*Eastern race.
Good start. Won handily.
Scratched—Aimee Goodwin, 107 pounds; Lexington Belle, 107; Grannan, 110; Bertha Cohen, 107; Brady, 110; Galon d'Or, 110; The Preserver, 110; Jane, 107; Curator, 110; Thurman, 110; Lady Buchanan, 107; Mountain Madge, 107; Mercury, 110.
Betting—Dominion, 2½; Corrigan's entry (Repeater and G. B. Morris), 4; Hessie, 4; Julia Arthur, 5; Annie M., 6; Ringmaster, 10; Blasco, 12; Royal Spirit, Lucy Lee, 30; Gurgle, Leaflet, Porthos, 40; Basso, Sant Ilario, 50; Hazema, Helen W., 60; Tolocahe, 100.

399. Fifth race, ¾ mile, 2-year-old colts, penalties and allowances. Time, 1:16½.

Ind.	Horse, wt., and jockey.	St.	¼	½	S.	F.
377	Adam, 102 (Perkins)	4	3^h	3^h	2^h	1^2
0568	Leonard B., 105 (Ham)	1^h	4	4	3^2	2^5
(387)	Simon W., 105 (Thorpe)	2^nk	1^h	1^nk	1^nk	3^4
	Curator, 101 (A. Clayton)	6	6	6	4	4
368	Carlsruhe, 101 (Mosby)	5	5	5	5	5
*(522)	Rossmore, 108 (Brooks)	7	7	7	6	6
374	Buckfly, 105 (J. Hill)	3^1	2^1	2^1	7	7
206	Uncle Henry, 95 (J. Flynn)	8	8	8	8	8

*Eastern race.
Good start. Won easily.
Scratched—Elizbert, 108 pounds.
Betting—Simon W., 9 to 10; Adam, 2½; Leonard B., Curator, Rossmore, each 10; Buckfly, 15; Carlsruhe, 25; Uncle Henry, 100.

Friday's Latonia Entries.

First race, ¾ mile, selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
381	Alto June	97	*309	Dutch Oven	103
106	Kosmoline	99	376	Master Fred	103
329	Tom Elmore	101	381	Adelante	104
(0555)	Elmer F.	101	(0584)	Julius	105
383	Tariff Reform	101	383	Cora Taylor	105
	Venusburg	101	389	Jersey	110

*Eastern race.

Second race, 1 mile, allowances:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
0416	Tremona	99	390	Al Boyer	102
385	Ellen Douglas	99	391	Peytonia	102
0413	The Spook	99		Boliver Buckner	107
341	Cornelia	99	385	Yale '91	107
373	Gameion	102	390	Ely	107
385	Theodore H.	102	371	La Colonia	109
324	Powder	102			

Third race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
	Glen Flower	105	374	Eva L.	110
387	Lady Buchanan	105	0206	May Howard	110
393	Prairie	105	387	Fayette Belle	110
0644	Voladora	105	(235)	Lizzie Keller	110
374	Miss Reynolds	105	0636	Brevity	110
382	Aunt Tabitha	105	(374)	Katherine	110
131	Mercury	108	(0483)	Nobby	110
344	Jim Donlan	108	(384)	Whiff	113
235	Blanche R.	110	375	I. H. Goodnight	113

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
	Ataman	110	385	Pearl Song	102
392	Zophilie	97	371	Strathrol	105
396	Crevasse	105	378	Boro	107
360	Jim Henry	100		Wedgefield	107
*696	George Beck	100	*(707)	The Ironmaster	107

*Eastern race.

Fifth race, 4½ furlongs, maiden 2-year-olds:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
267	Clara Christine	105	338	Marion Forsythe	105
382	Maggie Morris	105		Hindoo's Dream	105
382	Adah Foy	105		Hagar	105
362	Bertha Cohen	105	382	Our Frankie	105
267	Mountain Madge	105	380	Staffa	105
380	Fabia	105	0305	Pleasantry	105
380	Marie Shreve	105	399	Tolocahe	105
	Julia O.	105	245	Miss Florist	105
296	Rebecca	105		Facelita	105
296	Isabel	105	387	Bibe	105
380	Aimee Goodwin	105	367	Chagrin	105

Sixth race, ¾ mile, selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
0557	Lucasta	97		Baby Bill	107
(388)	Miss Lilly	99	126	Fiorella	107
396	Two O'Clock	99	0405	Penniless	108
(284)	Miss Porter	105	383	Billy Bennett	109
(376)	Harry L.	105	389	Say On	113
389	Guilty	105	(389)	Canty C.	119

"Capital" Information.

HORSERACING MAY BE MADE A SOURCE OF INCOME AND WEALTH BY THE PERSISTENT AND SYSTEMATIC BACKING OF LONG-ODDS CHANCES, BUT ABOUT WHICH GOOD INFORMATION IS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY. SAGE & COMPANY WILL DISPATCH BY TELEGRAPH OR HAND OUT AT THEIR LOCAL OFFICE RACING "INSIDE" INFORMATION TO ALL SUBSCRIBERS. THEIR SPECIAL TWO-HORSE LONG-SHOT WIRES ARE THE BEST FOR SYSTEMATIC AND REGULAR FOLLOWERS OF RACING. TERMS $10 FOR SIX DAYS' WIRES ANY ONE MEETING. SEND YOUR ADDRESS FOR FOUR-PAGE EXPLANATORY PROSPECTUS FREE BY MAIL IN PLAIN ENVELOPE. SAGE AND COMPANY, 134 VAN BUREN-ST., ROOM 615. OFFICE HOURS 10 A. M. TO 4 P. M.

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TRACKS IN THE AIR.

ST. CHARLES LINE PROBABLY THE NEXT TO BE ELEVATED.

In Preparing an Ordinance Corporation Counsel Rubens Encounters Trouble at the Crossings—Sewers and Gas and Water Mains Spoil a Plan of Depression—Alley L May Have to Elevate Its Rails Still Higher at Sixteenth Street—Miscellaneous Local News.

An ordinance providing for the elevation of the tracks of the St. Charles Air Line railroad will be presented to the City Council by Corporation Counsel Rubens at the meeting of the Council Sept. 24. Railroad officials and attorneys as well as city officials have looked upon the Air Line tracks near Sixteenth street as a serious impediment, agreeing that track elevation in the southern division of the city was impracticable so long as the Air Line track problem remained unsettled.

Corporation Counsel Rubens has been at work a month preparing the ordinance and it will be examined by the solicitors representing the Air Line before being submitted to the Council. In the preparation of the ordinance one important point to be considered in connection with elevation is the fact that the tracks cross Michigan avenue, State street, and Wabash avenue. This prevented all possibility of track depression on account of sewers, water and gas mains underneath these streets.

Mr. Rubens found another obstacle in crossing on the same level with the Alley Elevated road. Such a crossing would not do, and a depression of the elevated structure beneath the Air Line tracks was considered impossible. The only solution of the problem is the elevation of the Alley road tracks fourteen feet in the clear above the Air Line elevated structure. Mr. Rubens yesterday said:

The Only Feasible Plan.

"This Air Line ordinance will be the second ordinance providing for track elevation that has been submitted. Before any steps were taken I looked the ground over thoroughly and found that the Air Line tracks were operated by four roads, the Illinois Central, Michigan Central, Burlington, and Northwestern. I found they had no right to maintain one of the tracks and that possibly they had no right to maintain either of them. I sent them notice that the city would tear them up and the Michigan Central went into the United States courts and made a motion for an injunction. After a consultation it was agreed to give time to devise a plan for the elevation of both tracks. During the City Council's vacation and the absence of Solicitor Ayer of the Illinois Central I prepared an ordinance, and as Mr. Ayer will return in a few days we will know something more definite in a short time. The ordinance affects a great many interests. While I believe it possible for the Alley Elevated road to put its tracks still higher in the air at Sixteenth street, as was done at the Twelfth street viaduct crossing, the owners of that road may not think so. We all know that it would not do to make a bank elevation across the busy streets and boulevards of the South Side and the question of depression is not to be considered; therefore I think the only solution is a light and strong elevated structure. The same question will have to be met and disposed of when the time comes for elevating the Stock-Yards tracks on Fortieth street. The alley road is over those tracks now and there is also a crossing. One will have to cross above the other. A possible solution there, although one involving a great expense, would be the purchase of a strip of land on one side or the other of the surface steam railway tracks as they now lay so that the route of one or the other roads on Fortieth street could be changed and the elevated structures parallel each other a few blocks. This could be done so as to render only one crossing necessary."

POLICE RAID A DEN OF THIEVES.

Large Quantity of Goods Found—Eight Persons Are Arrested.

The police at the Maxwell Street Station yesterday raided the residence of Mrs. Annie Martin, No. 688 West Fifteenth street, and secured nearly $1,000 worth of stolen goods and also arrested six men and two women, all of whom bear unsavory reputations in police circles. Those arrested were Patrick Kinney, Herman Ruder, Fred Seymour, Fred Stein, John Hogan, Dominic Waters, Mrs. Annie Martin, and Kate Waters. The house has been under police surveillance for two weeks. The murderers of old James Prunty, who was killed by burglars Nov. 4 last year—McNally, Kurth, and Warren—were also arrested in the Martin house the morning following the murder. Nearly a month ago Capt. Barcal of the Maxwell Street Station received information that the house was the place of abode for a number of thieves. The house was watched several nights and bulky looking bundles were seen carried there at all hours of the night and day. Yesterday Capt. Barcal with several officers went to the house and placed all the inmates under arrest. The men and two women were taken to the Maxwell Street Station, and then the officers instituted a careful search of the premises. Goods of nearly every description, including jewelry, clothing, and a various assortment of other articles, were found in every closet and nook in the house. False floors and closets were located and from these places of concealment large quantities of clothing and other goods were taken. All of the goods were taken to the Maxwell Street Station, where they will be held to await owners. The police believe most of the goods found were brought into the Martin house by McNally, Kurth, and Warren during their numerous expeditions of robbery and burglary.

WEDDED TO SANDYS BIRKET FOSTER.

Miss Katherine Hutchinson Marries a Young Englishman.

The marriage of Miss Katherine Hutchinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Hutchinson, to Sandys Birket Foster of London was celebrated last evening at the home of the bride's parents, No. 664 West Adams street. The ceremony took place at 7:30 o'clock and was performed by Prof. Scott. The bride was attended by her sisters, Miss Elizabeth Hutchinson and Miss Jeannette Hutchinson and by Master Garfield Jones and Gwendolen Jones. The ushers were J. Harvey Jones, Robert Malcolm, Montague Pavy of England, James Hutchinson and David Humphrey. The bride wore a white satin dress, trimmed with chiffon and lilies of the valley, and her tulle veil was fastened with the same flowers. She wore ornaments of pearls. The bridemaids were dressed in white dotted muslin gowns trimmed with yellow ribbons and they carried yellow roses. After the ceremony an informal reception was held and a supper served. 150 guests being present. Mr. and Mrs. Foster left for a short trip through Wisconsin. They will reside in England.

WANTS NO AMARAMATHOLOGOSPHUROS.

What This Means Even the Author Confesses He Does Not Know.

Chief Clerk McBride of Attorney Victor Mudge's office was told Wednesday to advertise in THE TRIBUNE for a stenographer and this was the result:

STENOGRAPHER—A1; LEGAL WORK; NO amaramathologosphuros need apply. Call before 9:30 today, 1029 New Stock Exchange.

Attorney Mudge had many callers and a largely increased mail as the result. One man wrote, "I don't know what an 'amaramathologosphuros' is, but whatever it is I am not one, and if I don't get that job I will lick somebody." Callers were equally curious and when a reporter for THE TRIBUNE asked Mr. McBride what the word meant, anyhow, he simply threw up his hands and said: "I don't know." In the meantime the old stenographer, who may or may not be an "amaramathologosphuros," is holding his former job.

SAD STORY OF AN AUSTRIAN SOLDIER.

Officer in the Imperial Army Falls and Is Declared Insane.

The story of the downfall of Anton von Karab, son of an Austrian nobleman, and once an officer in the Imperial army, was told before Judge Donnelly in the Insane Court yesterday. The unfortunate young man was adjudged insane and sent to Jefferson. When Von Karab came to this country twelve years ago he associated with the best Austrian families in Chicago, but since has gradually drifted away from them. Dr. James H. Topinka, who is acquainted with Von Karab's history, gave the following account of his life: "Anton von Karab is the son of Count von Karab, a member of the Cabinet of the Emperor of Austria. While in his native land the young man is said to have led a life so wild that it finally resulted in his being obliged to come to America. Being a musician he sought, by means of his art, to gain a livelihood here. For a time he succeeded better than he had hoped. After a few years of fast living in Chicago the habit of drink is said to have had him strongly in tow. Recently he became despondent and has since developed symptoms of melancholy." Among the few personal effects possessed by the demoralized nobleman he still retains his commission and a number of photographs of himself in uniform.

MANHATTAN IS NOT IN THE DEAL.

If Bigelow's Brewery Consolidation Goes Through, This One Is Out.

If the proposed consolidation of the breweries is finally effected the Manhattan company will not be a member of the combination. Attorney Isaac H. Mayer of the firm of Moran, Kraus & Mayer, solicitors for the Manhattan company, said yesterday: "It is untrue that the Manhattan company contemplates any such action. It is an independent concern, belongs to no combination, and will belong to none. It is satisfied with the profits it has been able to make operating independently, and proposes to continue independent. The report is surprising, for during all the time the movement has been on foot to perfect the combination the Manhattan has been one of those to hold absolutely aloof from any such deal. Arguments and inducements have been wasted upon its officers by Bigelow and others. I know of the movement and know further that Mr. Bigelow had been in a great measure successful, but owing to professional reasons cannot discuss the matter."

PLUCKY WOMAN LOCKS IN A BURGLAR

Mrs. Nichols Helps the Police to Capture a Thieving Negro.

Mrs. F. Nichols, No. 2342 Calumet avenue, was the means of assisting the police in making a good capture yesterday. Just after noon Mrs. Nichols was startled by seeing the form of a man quietly cross the hall and enter a front bedroom. She made no outcry and the burglar evidently thought he had not been discovered, for he immediately proceeded to ransack the bureau drawers. Mrs. Nichols waited until the man had become interested in his work and then quickly closed the door of the room and turned the key from the outside. She then sent a servant girl to notify the Cottage Grove avenue police of her capture, and Sergt. Davis arrested the man. At the station the prisoner, who is a burly negro, gave the name of Frank Jackson. The police claim he is a well known burglar, and say his right name is Lewis Logan.

University Extension Conference.

A conference on the extension of university teaching is to be held Saturday, Sept. 8, beginning at 2:30 p. m., under the general direction of the University Extension Division of the University of Chicago. The central department of the Young Men's Christian Association, No. 153 La Salle street, has granted the use of its assembly hall for this meeting. The subject of the organization of classes for Chicago and the neighboring towns in distinction from the organization of the lecture courses will be especially considered. All interested in giving or receiving instruction in such classes, as well as those interested in the general work of university extension and the public at large are invited to be present. It is expected President Harper will open the conference and a brief report will be rendered of the recent University Extension Congress in London.

Wants Young Shoemaker's Address.

J. P. Shoemaker, uncle of Carson Shoemaker, the long distance bicycle rider of the Pacific coast, is anxious to find his address in Chicago. Young Shoemaker left his home in Riverside, Cal., to visit his uncle at Middleton, Ind. Ten days ago he came to Chicago to visit a bicycle company. Shortly after his arrival he was taken ill and telegraphed his father in California without giving any address. The father telegraphed J. P. Shoemaker and when the latter came to Chicago he was unable to locate his nephew. He is at present stopping at the Palmer House and will be glad to receive any information concerning the whereabouts of his nephew.

Warrants That Resemble Money.

District-Attorney Dixon has received three of the special warrants issued by the State of Mississippi in alleged violation of the Federal laws governing the issuing of currency. They are samples of the warrants which were printed by order of the State Legislature, and were put in circulation as money to the amount of $200,000. They will be used by Mr. Dixon as evidence in prosecuting the printers. The warrants were printed by the St. Louis Bank Note company a branch of the Western Bank Note company. The warrants closely resemble the $5, $10, and $20 bills issued by the Treasury Department at Washington.

Irons Tied to the Feet.

The Coroner was unable yesterday to clear up the mystery of the body taken from the Calumet River near Ninety-second street. To each ankle was tied a flatiron, and the body had evidently been in the water several days. A verdict of suicide was rendered, but identity could not be established. The body is that of a man about middle age, five feet ten inches in height, and well dressed.

He Protects His Son.

Constable Peter Lauer of Justice Hamburgher's court was tried before Justice Everett yesterday on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill Fred Ott. June 28 Ott picked up a little son of Lauer's and threw the child in a watering trough. Constable Lauer fired a shot at him, the ball striking him in the arm. Justice Everett discharged the constable, holding his act, under the circumstances, was justifiable.

Did Dower Shoot Himself?

John H. Dower, a saloonkeeper, was found at Congress and Desplaines streets yesterday suffering from a bullet wound in the temple. He said he had been attacked by robbers. The police found in Dower's pocket a revolver with one chamber discharged and the barrel spattered with blood. They think he tried to commit suicide. He will recover.

For an Old Killing.

Assistant State's-Attorney Bottom is awaiting the return from Europe of Dr. Hektoen, ex-County Physician, in order to place Frank McTeevier on trial on a charge of murder. During a saloon brawl at Western avenue and Forty-fourth street, Jan. 1, 1892, Charles Ainger was stabbed and killed by McTeevier.

Items.

Tony Scharlau was fined $10 by Justice Quinn yesterday for leaving his horses some days without food.

John Gross, No. 3412 Wallace street, an employé of the Illinois Central railroad company, was killed by a freight train near Twenty-fifth street yesterday.

Members of the "S. F." club, comprising the younger set in Evanston society, with a number of reinforcements from other circles, gave a hop at the old Boat Club Home on the Lake shore last evening.

Toy Chee, owner of a laundry, No. 442 State street, was fined $10 by Justice Foster yesterday on charges of using insulting language to police officers who were examining his rooms for evidence of an opium resort.

William Loftus threw a stone at a fat pug dog at Market and Ohio streets Wednesday and quarreled with a policeman who reproved him in the interests of the dog's mistress. Justice Kersten yesterday fined Loftus $5 for abusing the officer.

Charles Dunn, A. D. Guyon, and George Bryant, who were charged with swindling a man out of $300 in a game of cards at the Great Northern Hotel, were dismissed by Justice Bradwell yesterday. The complainant failed to appear.

It is probable the city will do the work of boring and sounding wells for the location of the proposed new Northwest tunnel. The contractors, W. H. Gray & Bro., have been notified to begin work in five days or suffer the city to do so at their expense.

A cable dispatch was received yesterday from Calcutta saying a monster Hindu meeting had been held there, and that Vivekananda, who appeared at the Congress of Religions, had received the thanks of the meeting for his services in this country, and that the American people had been thanked as well for the reception that had been given the representative of the people of the Far East.

Low Excursion Rates to Colorado

And accommodations on sleeping cars running through to Denver without change can be obtained upon application at city ticket office Northwestern line, No. 208 Clark street.

DEBS HIMSELF AGAIN.

EX-DICTATOR APPEARS IN COURT LOOKING BRIGHT AND WELL.

His Presence, However, Appears to Be a Mere Formality, as He Takes No Apparent Interest in the Proceedings, Which Are Dry and Tedious—More Telegrams Offered in Evidence, but Debs' Signature to Them Not Established—Real Work Will Begin Today.

The Debs trial for contempt of court, before Judge Woods of the United States Circuit Court, was resumed yesterday and proved even drier and more uninteresting than on the previous day. Both sessions were devoted to the identification and reading of the Debs telegrams during the strike by Manager Mulford of the Western Union Telegraph company, and the process tested and exhausted the endurance of bench, bar, defendant, and spectator.

As if dreading the ordeal, every one arrived late. Judge Woods, though late, came first, and the attorneys straggled in, one by one, later. Last of all came Debs, looking perfectly healthy and happy, and as if at peace with all the world. He took his seat behind the defendants' counsel, and was the recipient from time to time of gossipy communications and admiring addresses from the other defendants. His manner and appearance were in striking contrast with what they were the day before. His presence seemed to be a matter of taste only, as he paid little attention to the proceedings, and said nothing to his counsel. The other defendants passed the time in much the same indifferent manner.

The identification and reading of the telegrams was done almost entirely by Mr. Mulford, as on the day before. But as he was completely worn out with the drudgery of it, G. L. Crackel, an operator of the Western Union, was sworn and relieved him for a time in the afternoon. Attorney Walker, who lets no opportunity for a joke escape him, said Mr. Mulford had "struck." Between the two witnesses, however, this work was finished yesterday afternoon, when it was estimated the number of telegrams overhauled was something like 200.

Telegrams Are Important.

These telegrams forming the logical basis of the whole charge against the defendants, the introduction of them was of the greatest importance, and yet it was painfully tedious. As the hours dragged along the attorneys and others fell to amusing themselves with drawing caricatures and composing epigrams, which were passed from one to another for inspection. Debs dropped off into a refreshing slumber at one time, and at another Judge Woods wheeled his chair around, turned his back to the court-room, and appeared to be gazing out through the window at the signs on the houses opposite. As for the spectators, though they were evidently driven into the building by the rain and came into the court-room to keep dry, they were not prepared for so much dryness, and numbers of them retired with a yawn, as it seeking for moisture.

The telegrams read yesterday presented a great deal of sameness, and reflected no credit on the mind or head of the man or the men who sent them. Their most striking feature was their monumental mendacity. To the last gasp of the boycott, when every one knew the movement was a failure, Debs and his associates were telegraphing all over the country its triumphant success. The telegrams also abounded in appeals to the angry and baser passions of man. A great movement was in progress, these messages said, to enslave labor and every one dependent on labor. Workingmen were exhorted to rise up and secure the emancipation of their class. They were told to pay no attention to injunctions, to arrests, nor to troops, and then, in connections which suggested irony, they were cautioned to "commit no violence."

Specimen Dispatches.

Nearly all of the telegrams introduced in evidence were printed several weeks ago in THE TRIBUNE, but the following is reproduced as a specimen of the entire lot:

CHICAGO, July 10.—To C. R. Eldredge, Colorado: Do not be frightened by injunctions, arrests, or troops. I have got a house full of them. This is common all over. This fight is now the money power and combined monopoly to annihilate labor and enslave those dependent on labor, backed by injunctions, arrests, and troops. Children and childish men have no part in it. Only strong men and broad minds can emancipate labor. You in Colorado ought to understand what the gold power means, and be willing to resist it, even to starvation. Injunctions and troops cannot operate the roads. There are not scabs enough to fill a tenth of vacancies. There are fifty men quitting to one returning. General situation never better than today. One hundred trades unions will strike for railroad men tomorrow. Will they not help themselves? Newsboys have struck and boycotted subsidized press. Let none return to work until general managers agree in writing to reinstate every man without prejudice, the country over. Good men will win this fight. E. V. DEBS.

While no one doubts Debs' substantial authorship of all the telegrams to which his name is signed the difficulty of making legal proof of his connection with them was not lessened by the proceedings of yesterday. That he gave his personal attention to them all is a physical impossibility. For if he devoted three minutes to each of them he must have spent 450 hours at it, which would be ten hours a day for forty-five days. But in addition to this difficulty only one in the whole 9,000 is in Debs' handwriting. There was an effort yesterday to identify one more as his writing, but it was abandoned.

A few of the telegrams were not sent by Debs, but received by him, and an effort was made yesterday by Mr. Walker to prove the fact, but it was a failure.

People Do Not Always Sign.

Mr. Walker asked Mr. Mulford if his office was not always apprised of a failure to deliver a message. Mr. Mulford said it was, and Mr. Walker chuckled. But when the witness was requested to bring with him today the receipts taken for these telegrams, Mr. Mulford overturned the fancied proof by saying the receipts were not often signed by the person to whom the telegrams were addressed, and would not necessarily furnish proof of the reception of a telegram by the addressee.

In this connection, however, it is well to remember Debs admits in his answer he sent a number of telegrams, though he limits his admission to such as his counsel regarded as harmless. Moreover, it is not certain the counsel for the government and for the Santa Fé have exhausted their proofs on this part of the case. If they get a chance to cross-examine Debs they may be able to lay a foundation for a complete demonstration of his connection with all the telegrams to which his name is appended. The real work will begin this morning.

When the end of the telegrams was reached an effort was made by Assistant District-Attorney Rosenthal to connect Debs with the telegrams by showing how they were paid for. The witness Crackel was recalled for this purpose. He said he usually collected the toll for them. A bill was made out every day against Debs, and witness presented it to Keliher, who paid it. The payment was usually made in cash, though on two occasions a small balance was paid with checks. These checks were signed by E. V. Debs, President, and Sylvester Keliher, Secretary, but witness never saw the signatures written. When this witness was through with his testimony, though the hour of adjournment had not arrived, an adjournment was taken to this morning for want of witnesses. Mr. Walker promised they would be ready this morning.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—W. W. Argo of Sioux City arrived here today to argue a demurrer in the injunction cases against strikers issued by Judge Woolson. Judge Shiras declined to hear arguments today. The government will answer to the motion of defendants by Sept. 14. The number of persons enjoined is forty.

Indian Learning Y. M. C. A. Ways.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The fifth annual conference of the Indiana Secretaries of the Young Men's Christian Association convened here today. Dr. Charles Eastman, full-blooded Sioux Indian, who married the poetess, Elaine Goodale, a few years ago, created a sensation by putting in his appearance at the convention. He had come all the way to Indiana to pick up points on how the Secretaries do their work. Dr. Eastman is Secretary of the association's work among the Indians in the Northwest, where he says there are thirty-five branches with 500 members. The principal address today was by George B. Hodge, Educational Secretary of the International committee.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

In Folded Collars.
"Oconee" E. & W. "Nauvoo.

KNIGHTS DECIDE AGAINST GERMAN.

Pythian Ritual to Be Conducted Only in the English Language.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—The much-mooted German question was decided by the Supreme Lodge of the Knights of Pythias today by a decisive vote against permitting the use of the ritual in other than the English language. The Supreme Chancellor was commended for his action in upholding the law in this matter. John H. Russe of Indiana was the author of a minority report which recommended that lodges which have remained loyal to the Supreme Lodge and were working with rituals in other than the English language when the last ritual was promulgated be furnished with rituals in the language they were previously using for a period of five years, after which they should surrender them and use only the English. Three hours of warm debate were had over the question. The principal speech for the minority was made by Representative Featherstone of Wisconsin, and for the majority by Representative Carter of California. It was argued against the minority proposition that if five years were granted the German lodges they would apply for another extension of time at the end of that period and the whole question would have to be fought over. The lodge has approved the unanimous report recommending that saloonkeepers, bartenders, and professional gamblers be declared ineligible to membership, but not affecting those who have already become members. The Committee on State of the Order recommends that the Supreme Lodge proclaim against the use of the name of Pythianism in connection with side ranks. A request has been telegraphed to the Supreme Lodge to institute a search for B. F. Franks of Belle Plaine, Ia., who came to Washington to attend the encampment and has not returned to his home. His friends wire that one of his children is at the point of death.

DEMAND FOR PLAYING CARD STAMPS

Chicago Will Afford Uncle Sam $30,000 a Year from This Source.

The collection of the tax of two cents a pack on playing cards, imposed by the new tariff law, has been attended with less difficulty than was anticipated by the internal revenue officials. In fact the government has not been able to furnish the stamps as rapidly as the taxpayers have called for them. When the law went into effect Collector Mize estimated the number of packs of cards in the Chicago district at 1,000,000 and sent a requisition to Washington for that number of stamps. Since then he has received 280,000 and these have been sold as fast as received. The revenue from the tax in Chicago will be from $20,000 to $30,000 a year. The section of the new law removing the tax from alcohol used in the arts and for medicinal purposes is causing the Revenue Collector's office a good deal of trouble. The law provides for a return of the tax paid on alcohol when it is shown that the stuff was used in the arts, and applications are received daily from manufacturers and patent medicine men for rebates. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has as yet formulated no regulations for the payment of the rebates or for putting the new law into operation, and the applicants are told to save the stamps from the packages in which they bought their material until the department is heard from.

WESTERN ENGINEERS MAY SECEDE.

Plan to Leave the National Association and Flock by Themselves.

It is probable the Western Society of Engineers will sever its relations with the National Association of Engineering Societies. Had a direct vote been taken on the subject at the monthly meeting held at the Grand Pacific Wednesday night the society would have withdrawn by an overwhelming majority. The final and decisive vote was postponed until Wednesday evening, Sept. 19. The grievance against the national society is that the bulk of the expense of the publication is borne by the Western Society, without any corresponding benefit. The general organization is not of a functional character but one of convenience for the publication of the proceedings of all in a monthly journal. There are seven other societies in the association, whose aggregate membership is less than that of the Chicago society. The members of the latter think the only real benefit of the journal is found in the proceedings of the local society, and that money can be saved by printing and distributing its own proceedings. An added benefit, it was argued last night, would be derived by placing the society on a purely Western basis.

NUMBERED WITH THE DEAD.

Death of Mrs. Anna Ballou Hubbard.

Mrs. Anna Ballou Hubbard, widow of Dr. Theodore Hubbard, both pioneers of Chicago, died Wednesday of pneumonia at her home, No. 3157 Forest avenue. The funeral will be held today and the burial will be at Glen Ellyn. Mrs. Hubbard was born Dec. 29, 1809, at Deerfield, N. Y., and was the daughter of Ebenezer and Mariana Ward Ballou. Nov. 25, 1828, she was married to Dr. Theodore Hubbard and they moved to Chicago May 21, 1836. Mrs. Hubbard was an honorary member of the Chicago Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Vice-President of the Daughters of 1812, a member of the Historic Council, and a member of the Old Settlers' Calumet Society, also of St. Paul's Universalist Church. She leaves a son, Col. A. S. Hubbard of San Francisco, and a daughter, Miss Laura Hubbard of this city.

Col. H. C. Cross.

EMPORIA, Kas., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Col. H. C. Cross of this city died suddenly last night at the Grand Hotel, Mackinac Island, Mich. Col. Cross was one of the wealthiest and best-known men in Kansas, having been President of the First National Bank of this city for over twenty years, President of several minor railroads, and in 1891, with George A. Eddy, who died night before last in Colorado, was appointed receiver of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad, which he placed in a firm financial condition, and was then made President of the same. A peculiar coincidence is that Eddy and Cross both died of heart failure, and the deaths occurred within twenty-four hours of each other.

Col. Charles W. Saladee.

FREEPORT, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Col. Charles W. Saladee died last night from an overdose of morphine, taken, it is supposed, accidentally. He was a Colonel in the Confederate service. He had taken out 200 patents. He invented the indices on playing cards, a process of giving a linen finish to paper collars, and many devices in connection with vehicles. He received several hundred thousand dollars from his inventions, but died poor.

Funeral of James M. Adsit.

The funeral of James M. Adsit took place at 2 o'clock yesterday at the family residence, No. 400 Dearborn avenue. The services were conducted by Prof. Swing. The First Presbyterian Church quartet sang a number of selections. The pallbearers were R. D. Sheppard, J. A. Farwell, A. J. McDuffee, D. M. Fisk, B. B. Botsford, William H. Reid, Byron L. Smith, and A. O. Slaughter.

Henry P. Ayres.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 6.—[Special.]—Henry P. Ayres, one of the leading business-men of this city, dropped dead this afternoon at White Bear Lake, Minn. He was Treasurer of the Dime Savings Bank of this city and was on his way home from a business trip to Dakota. He had been identified with the banking interests of Peoria for nearly twenty years.

Illinois Central Official Dead.

J. W. Seymour died at Colorado Springs Sunday evening. Mr. Seymour was in the employ of the Illinois Central for the last twenty-five years, his last position being that of Superintendent of the Chicago Division. His remains will be brought to this city for interment.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. Augusta Webster, the novelist, is dead in London.

Abraham Bloomhuff died yesterday at Valparaiso, Ind.

The Rev. F. C. C. Kaehler died yesterday at St. Elmo, Ill.

E. H. B. Hall, elder in the M. E. Church, died at Plaquemine, La. He lived in Eureka, Ill.

Mrs. Lewis Clark died yesterday at Beloit, Wis. She had been married sixty-five years to her husband, who survives her.

Charles Hilker died yesterday at Warsaw, Ill. During his life there he was at different times Town Clerk, City Clerk, Police Magistrate, and City Treasurer.

The funeral of the Rev. Robert I. Fleming of Lindell Avenue Methodist Church, St. Louis, Mo., took place Wednesday at Hannibal, Mo. Mr. Fleming was a graduate of Garrett Biblical Institute, Evanston.

Hay Fever Sufferers.

Grand Hotel, Mackinac Island, Mich., will remain open until Sept. 25. Special rates.

RAILROADS MUST PAY

ASSESSMENTS ON RIGHTS OF WAY AND TERMINAL GROUNDS.

Railway Committee of the State Board of Equalization Looking After Railways Whose Receivers Have Been Too Busy to Attend to the Detail of Taxation—Cook County Assessment Will Be Higher—Reducing Assessments on the Property of Individuals.

Chairman Scott of the Railway committee of the State Board of Equalization with his committee came to Chicago yesterday to take evidence regarding the assessment of rights of way and other property belonging to the railways having terminals in Chicago. The two roads the committee is most concerned about are the Atchison, Topeka, and Santa Fé and the Northern Pacific, both of which are now in the hands of receivers, who have been so careless regarding minor matters that they forgot to make any statement to the board at its regular meetings at Springfield as to their holdings of either real or personal property. The Committee on Corporations is expected along in a day or so and the idea is that all of them will be able to make reports to the board at its meeting at Springfield next Tuesday.

Commissioner Allen said yesterday that the action of the State Board in raising the assessment on Cook County real estate $54,000,000 is no cause for alarm. No raise has yet been made on the railroad and personal property in Cook County, and unless some action is taken in this direction by the board the assessment, as it stands, is less than that of last year after equalization. The total amount of the assessment this year for Cook County, including real estate, personal and railroad property, as returned by the assessor, is $20,948,657 and this is, with the $54,000,000 added by the board yesterday, makes the total amount $261,946,657. The total amount of the equalized assessment last year was $271,954,169, so that with the addition of the board as made yesterday the total assessment is still about $10,000,000 less than last year. However, there is the usual addition to the list by the Board of Equalization for railroad and personal property, which, if in proportion to that of last year, will bring the total assessment $18,000,000 higher than it was for 1893.

The County Board Judiciary committee yesterday considered several appeals in assessment matters and will report to the Public Service committee today. Attorney C. P. Johnson appeared representing a number of property owners on Oak street near Clark. The result was the reduction of assessments on the property at Nos. 293, 257, and 291 Oak street from $1,720 each to $970 each. The property is owned by Dunlap Smith, Ernest F. Smith, and Emma K. Sawyer. The petitions of Jacob Burg, Nos. 119-121 West Lake street, George W. Irving, No. 1068 Fulton street, and Edward R. Pay of Cicero were placed on file.

Trinidad Company Gets It.

The contract for paving Flournoy street and Lexington avenue was awarded yesterday to the Trinidad Asphalt Refining company of New York, after a contest of two weeks among that company and the Bermuda company of this city and James A. W. Pine of New York. The contract price as awarded to the Trinidad company is $1.55 a square yard and 65 cents for curbing. This is the lowest price for which similar work was ever contracted. The Trinidad company furnished a bond for $15,000, or 90 per cent of the contract price. The work must be completed before Nov. 1.

J. Slight Loses His Job.

J. Slight, inspector of city water pipe extension, was discharged yesterday by order of Supt. Kowalski and Inspector Blanchfield was given his place. It is claimed that the contractors laying pipe near Ninety-first street and Cottage Grove avenue had failed to comply with specifications. The pipes laid will be torn up and the new inspector is instructed to pay special attention to the district.

Mayor Goes to St. Paul.

Mayor Hopkins left last night for St. Paul and will spend several days in that city. He will visit several Northwestern cities and may go as far East as Buffalo. He will return to Chicago next week.

MAIL SERVICE MEN IN SESSION.

Illinois Laws Compel a Change in the Constitution and By-Laws.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 6.—The National Convention of the Mutual Benefit Association of the railway mail service has changed its constitution and by-laws to conform to the new insurance laws of Illinois, in which State it is incorporated. The provisions for sickness and burial were abandoned under the new law. Chicago was selected as the place for the next year's convention.

THE FAIR

A Public Announcement

IN REGARD TO

SCHOOL BOOKS

Last Sunday we advertised School Books at cut prices, and we have been doing the business ever since. We seem to have hurt somebody badly, as several of the publishers of School Books refuse to sell us BECAUSE WE "CUT PRICES." We do not propose that the school children or their parents shall pay more for their books, and therefore have determined to get these Books. We will have to send East for them, BUT WE WILL GET THEM.

Don't Buy the Following School Books Now from the Book Dealers,

But come to us and leave your order, and inside of seven days we will give you the Books and save you money and teach the publishers that they can not make the public pay more than necessary.

These are the books that the publishers refuse to sell us because we "cut the prices." Note the difference:

	Dealers' Price.	Our Price.
Avery's Nat. Philosophy	$1.15	93c
Joynes-Meissner's German Grammar	1.12	90c
Shepard's Chemistry	1.00	85c
Normal First Music Reader	32	26c
" Second " "	36	30c
" Fourth " "	84	70c
Crawford's Civil Government	40	30c
Riggs In Latinum—Part 1	50	40c
" " " Part 2	50	40c

DO NOT BUY THESE SCHOOL BOOKS NOW, but leave your order with us and save your money.

We have sold a little over $6,000 worth of School Books during the last few days, at an average of 16 per cent less than booksellers' prices. In other words, we have saved to the people of Chicago over $960 on their School Book purchases so far.

You can always save money on Books, Stationery, Dry Goods, Carpets, Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Groceries, Housefurnishing Goods, etc., at

THE FAIR

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.
STATE AND WASHINGTON-STS.

FOR BOYS WE OFFER:

All Wool Suits.
Double-breasted coat and knee pants, in good "rough and tumble" colors, for school and at play $3.50

Combination Suits.
(Double or single breasted coat, two pairs of pants and hat or cap to match), our own exclusive patterns, and the best in the boys' clothing line to be found in Chicago $5.00

Caps.
We've just gotten hold of a big line. We took 'em all—at a price—and, while they are worth 75c each, will close 'em at the same advantage. Made of all-wool goods, satin-lined, Stanley and yachting shapes 35c

Pants.
No end to the variety of odd pants—to match or "become" any suit—worth more money—per pair .... $1.00 and 75c

Some Extraordinary SHOE Values.

We will offer today a most interesting and alluring line of BARGAINS IN SHOES for ladies, boys, and misses. All are regular goods and every pair offered will be worth double our asking price.

Ladies' Kid Boots—$1.25—
Made of fine Vici kid, all styles, selected from our $3.00, $4.00, and $5.00 shoe stock, only a few sizes left, but you'd better try $1.25

Ladies' Laced Oxfords—$1.25—
In fine kids, with patent leather tips, in russet, tan, and chocolate, taken from our $2.00, $2.50, and $3.00 lines $1.25

Lace or Button Boots—$1.65—
A most unusual value, with cloth or kid tops, Piccadilly or the new square toes, patent leather tips, *all sizes* $1.65

Laced Cloth-Top Boots—$2.75—
Very Stylish Cloth-Top Laced Boots, with patent leather tips and lace stay, new square toes, regular $4.00 shoe, all sizes $2.75

Hand-Made Kid Boots—$3.00—
Made of extra fine Vici Kid, extension soles or hand-turned, lowest previous price $4.00, newest and most stylish, all sizes $3.00

Boys' Calf Shoes—$1.25—
The best thing in Shoes for school wear, selected from our $2.00, $3.00, and $4.00 grades, and now offered for $1.25

Boys' and Youths' Calf Laced—$1.50—
Another extra value. We cannot get them lower than $1.50

Children's Spring-Heel—$1.00—
Sizes 6 to 10½—a most extraordinary value. $1.00

Infants' Shoes—50c—
Fine Kid and Patent Leather Laced or Buttoned Boots for infants 50c

Misses' and Children's Laced Boots—
For school wear, at a variety of prices brought to the lowest notch for this September and School-Opening Sale.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

New Shoes . . Season starters.

Today *very* interesting inaugural inducements to start the season *right*—to maintain and emphasize the Mandel shoe supremacy.

New fall styles in walking boots—button and lace—patent tips—kid or cloth tops—superb style—faultless fitting—from America's best shoe builders—many dealers would ask $4.00 and some $5.00—the opening price *here* is 3.00

The latest idea in a fall tan walking boot—button or lace—dainty and durable—easy and elegant—with *all* the style and service of anybody's $5.00 footwear—will be introduced today at 3.00

Today's clearing chances include these:

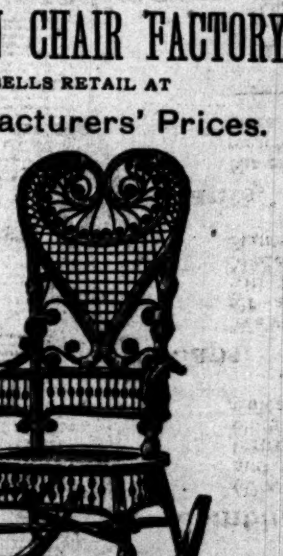
Patent leather Oxfords—splendid shoemaking—a size or two is gone—hence $4.00 and $5.00 sorts go for 2.50

All the white canvas Oxfords—white calf trimmed—wing tips—they were $3.50—today 2.50

Bicycle leggins—all sizes—1.50.

This store will be open *all* day Saturday.

RATTAN CHAIR FACTORY
SELLS RETAIL AT
Manufacturers' Prices.



THIS BEAUTIFUL CHAIR, SHELLACKED AND VARNISHED,
ONLY $6.90.
Retail Price, $10.00.
Others from $2.00 to $15.00.
ILLINOIS RATTAN CO.,
253-255 STATE-ST.

KNOX World-Renowned Hats
Absolutely Correct. Fall Styles Are Ready.
JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO.,
191 to 193 State-st.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING
Should always be used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa.
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

C. JEVNE & Co.
110—112 MADISON ST.
IMPORTERS and GROCERS
OFFER AT
25 cents per pound
Better Teas than can be obtained elsewhere.

COMPARATIVE
TEA TALK.
As good Teas for 50c per pound as we sold at $1.50 per pound twenty five years ago; for we are by age and experience enabled to
TALK TEA,
and offer our patrons the Most Exquisite Pickings of the Flowery Empire or its dapper little opponent (not to forget India and Ceylon) at prices without compare.
SEE OUR TEA EXHIBIT.
The Largest Selection in Chicago.
Teas expressed weekly or monthly to every section of the country.
Two Telephones—Main { 35 / 3568
110 & 112 Madison-st.

FURNITURE
Largest stock of HONEST MADE, Highly Polished Fine and Medium Furniture in Chicago. Upholstery. Best Quality Curled Hair Mattresses, etc. Get prices everywhere, then call on us and be convinced that our prices are LOWEST on FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE.
H. E. SCHOLLE & CO.,
222 Wabash-av., near Jackson-st.